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the required support for his IFP motion. ECF No. 3. The Court gave Petitioner until June 14, 2024 to either pay the \$5.00 filing fee or provide adequate proof of his inability to pay. *See id.* On May 30, 2024, Petitioner filed a "Motion for Reconsideration" of the Court's order denying IFP and dismissing the action. ECF No. 4.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

In his Motion for Reconsideration, Petitioner states he "is 'in forma pauperis' status in front of this Honorable Court in a criminal matter." *Id.* at 1. He also notes that he did not receive a copy of the Court's form IFP application. *Id*.

The Court construes the Motion for Reconsideration under Rule 60(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. *See Elias v. Wolf*, 2020 WL 10790290, at *2 (C.D. Cal. Sept. 17, 2020) ("A motion seeking reconsideration of a denial of leave to file a complaint IFP may be construed as one arising under Rule 60(b)"). Under Rule 60(b), relief from a judgment or order is available for: (1) mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect; (2) newly discovered evidence; (3) fraud, misrepresentation, or misconduct by the opposing party; (4) voiding of the judgment; (5) satisfaction of the judgment; or (6) "any other reason that justifies relief." *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(b). "Motions for relief from judgment pursuant to Rule 60(b) are addressed to the sound discretion of the district court and will not be reversed absent an abuse of discretion." *Casey v. Albertson's Inc.*, 362 F.3d 1254, 1257 (9th Cir. 2004).

Here, Plaintiff has failed to meet any of the requirements of Rule 60(b). As noted in the Court's previous Order, an indigent prisoner may initiate a habeas action without paying the \$5 fee if he submits an IFP application that includes the following: (a) the prisoner's financial declaration and acknowledgement showing an inability to prepay fees and costs, (b) a financial certificate signed by the prisoner and an authorized prison official, and (c) a copy of the prisoner's account statement for the six-month period prior to filing. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a); CivLR 3.2(b), (g). Petitioner has only submitted the affidavit and as such, has failed to meet the requirements set forth in § 1915(a). There is no basis for reconsideration of the denial of Petitioner's IFP motion. Therefore, the motion for

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reconsideration is DENIED. In the interest of justice, however, the Court *sua sponte* GRANTS Petitioner an extension of time to submit a properly supported IFP motion or to pay the \$5.00 filing fee.

CONCLUSION AND ORDER

Based on the above, the Court **DENIES** the motion for reconsideration. ECF No. 4. And while the case remains dismissed, the Court **GRANTS** Petitioner until <u>no later than</u> <u>July 12, 2024</u> to have his case reopened by either submitting a properly supported IFP motion or paying the \$5.00 filing fee. For Petitioner's convenience, the Clerk of Court shall send Petitioner a blank Southern District of California in forma pauperis application which contains the proper affidavit along with a copy of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: June 3, 2024

Hon. Cathy Ann Bencivengo United States District Judge