

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO**

Civil Action No. 07-cv-00630-DME-MEH

NETQUOTE INC, a Colorado corporation,

Plaintiff,

v.

BRANDON BYRD, an internet user making use of the IP Addresses 64.136.27.226 and 64.136.26.227, and

MOSTCHOICE.COM, INC., a Georgia corporation,

Defendants.

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**[Proposed] PROTECTIVE ORDER  
RE: DOCUMENTS AND DEPOSITION TRANSCRIPTS**

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Pursuant to Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and for good cause shown, the Court hereby orders that the following procedures are to be employed in this action to prevent disclosure or improper use of confidential information produced in discovery.

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS.

Discovery in this action will involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information which, if disclosed, would cause substantial economic harm to the Parties, who are direct business competitors. This Protective Order is designed to minimize the disclosure of sensitive and confidential commercial and proprietary information. This Protective Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and the protection it

affords extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as confidential.

2. DEFINITIONS.

2.1 Confidential Information: information (regardless of how generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that constitute trade secrets or other confidential research, proprietary information, and sensitive commercial information, including but not limited to interrogatory responses and deposition testimony.

2.2 Designating Party: a Party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential - Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

2.3 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items of information, regardless of the medium generated, stored, or maintained, that are produced or generated in disclosures or in responses to discovery requests in this matter.

2.4 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party.

2.5 Highly Confidential – Attorney’s Eyes Only Information: extremely sensitive “Confidential Information” the disclosure of which to another Party would create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by less restrictive means, including those things

of a proprietary business or technical nature that might be of value to a competitor or potential customer or vendor of the Party, and must be protected from disclosure to the opposing Party.

2.6 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees, and consultants.

2.7 Report: A written statement by an Expert retained by a Party as more fully described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2)(B)(I).

2.8 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations; organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and subcontractors.

2.9 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as either “Confidential” or as “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

### 3. SCOPE.

The protections conferred by this Protective Order cover not only Protected Material, but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, reports or compilations thereof.

### 4. DESIGNATION OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.

Any Person who produces, gives, serves, files, or otherwise provides “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential-Attorney’s Eyes Only” Discovery Material may designate such information as such under the terms of this Protective Order if it meets the definition stated in Paragraphs 2.1 and 2.5. Depositions may be so designated by statement of counsel on the record at the conclusion of the deposition.

4.1 Designation of “Confidential” Material: As a general guideline, information or materials designated as “Confidential” shall be those things that may be produced to the Parties for the purposes of the litigation, but which must be protected against disclosure to third parties. Absent a specific order by this Court, once designated as “Confidential,” such designated information shall be used by the Parties solely in connection with this litigation and not for any other business, competitive, or governmental purpose or function, and such information shall not be disclosed to anyone except as provided hereby.

4.2 Designation of “Highly Confidential – Attorney’s Eyes Only” Material: As a general guideline, information or materials designated as “Highly Confidential-Attorney’s Eyes Only” shall be those things of a proprietary business or technical nature that might be of value to a competitor or potential customer or vendor of the Party holding the proprietary rights thereto, and must be protected from disclosure to the opposing Party.

5. DISCLOSURE OF DESIGNATED MATERIAL.

5.1 Disclosure of Confidential Information – Except as otherwise provided by this Protective Order, information designated as “Confidential,” or copies or extracts therefrom and compilations and summaries thereof, may be disclosed, summarized, described, characterized, or otherwise communicated or made available in whole or in part only to:

- a. Outside counsel of record for a Party in this action, their clerical, paralegal, and other staff, and Professional Vendors they retain;
- b. a Party, if the Party is an individual, and otherwise the officers, directors, or employees of a Party whose assistance is needed by counsel for the purposes of this litigation,

provided that such Parties and persons agree to be bound by this Protective Order by signing a copy of the acknowledgment form attached hereto as Exhibit A;

- c. the Court (in the manner provided by Paragraphs 10 and 11) and Court personnel;
- d. any other person as to whom the producing Party agrees in writing;
- e. court reporters employed in connection with this action;
- f. any Expert, subject to the terms set forth in Paragraph 7.

5.2 Disclosure of “Highly Confidential – Attorney’s Eyes Only” Information –

Except as otherwise provided by this Protective Order, information designated as “Highly Confidential-Attorney’s Eyes Only” shall only be disclosed to the persons in Paragraphs 5.1(a) and 5.1(c) through 5.1(f). Information designated as “Highly Confidential-Attorney’s Eyes Only” shall not be disclosed to persons listed in Paragraph 5.1(b).

6. HANDLING OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.

The Parties shall store all Protected Material, and all copies and/or summaries of the Protected Material, in a safe location so as to prevent its disclosure except pursuant to the terms of this Protective Order.

7. EXPERT REVIEW AND REPORT.

7.1 Any party seeking to have an Expert approved for access to materials designated as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorney’s Eyes Only” shall require that the Expert first execute the Acknowledgement attached as Exhibit A.

7.2 Any Report that discusses, describes, attaches, or discloses in any way the substance of any Confidential Material shall be designated as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential-Attorney’s Eyes Only” depending on the designation of the information disclosed.

8. INADVERTENT DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.

Nothing in this Protective Order shall require production of information which any Party contends is protected from disclosure by the attorney-client privilege or the work product doctrine. If information subject to a claim of attorney-client privilege or work product doctrine is nevertheless inadvertently produced, such production shall in no way prejudice or otherwise constitute a waiver of, or estoppel as to, any claim of privilege or work product doctrine for such information. If any Party has inadvertently produced to the other Party information subject to claim of privilege or work product doctrine, the other Party shall promptly return the information upon discovery of the inadvertent production through the Party’s own review of the material or when a claim of inadvertent production is made. If a Party disagrees with a claim of inadvertent production, the Party returning such information may then move the Court for an Order compelling production of such information, but the motion shall not assert as a ground for production the fact or circumstances of the inadvertent production.

9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.

If any Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material in any circumstance not authorized under this Protective Order, the Party must immediately (a) notify the other Party in writing of the unauthorized disclosure, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized

disclosures were made of all the terms of this Protective Order, and (d) request that such person or persons execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

10. COURT FILINGS.

A Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material without written permission from the opposing Party or pursuant to Court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons. Any Protected Material filed with the Court must be filed under seal and not available for public viewing. Any excerpts of deposition testimony referring to Protected Material must also be filed under seal.

11. USE IN COURT.

In the event any information or material designated as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorney’s Eyes Only” hereunder is used in any Court proceeding in this action or any appeal therefrom, such information or material shall not lose its status as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorney’s Eyes Only” through such use. Further, no Protected Material or other items referring to Protected Material may be submitted, offered, designated or retained in any Court proceeding unless kept under seal. Counsel for the Parties shall confer on such procedures as are necessary to protect the confidentiality of any documents, information and transcripts used in the course of any Court proceedings, and shall incorporate such procedures, as appropriate, in the pretrial order.

12. MODIFICATION.

The provisions of this Protective Order shall govern the use of all Protected Material produced by the Parties. Each of the Parties hereto shall be entitled to seek modification of this Protective Order by application to the Court on notice to the other Parties and/or non-parties hereto for good cause.

13. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF JURISDICTION.

All counsel for the Parties who have access to information or material designated as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorney’s Eyes Only” under this Protective Order acknowledge they are bound by this Order and submit to the jurisdiction of this Court for purposes of enforcing this Order.

14. DURATION.

Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until the Parties agree otherwise in writing or a Court order otherwise directs.

15. DISPOSITION OF PROTECTED MATERIAL FOLLOWING LITIGATION.

Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by a Party, within ten days after either (1) entry of a final judgment in this action and the exhaustion of any and all appeals or the failure to take a timely appeal, or (2) a settlement resolving this action, each receiving Party must destroy all Protected Material received from the other Party, all copies of such material, and all documents revealing the contents of the Protective Material.



16. RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES.

Whenever a Party objects to the treatment of a document or transcript as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorney’s Eyes Only,” it shall in writing so inform the other Party. The Parties shall confer in good faith as to the validity of the designation within ten (10) days. If the Parties are unable to reach an agreement as to the designation, the Party seeking treatment of the materials as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorney’s Eyes Only” may make an appropriate motion to this Court within ten (10) days after conferring with the opposing Party, with confidential portions thereof to be kept under seal, requesting that the identified information be afforded treatment under the provisions of this Protective Order. Until the Court enters an Order changing the designation of the document, it shall be accorded the “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorney’s Eyes Only” treatment. If no motion is filed with the Court after the expiration of the time period specified above for doing so, the Discovery Material shall no longer be deemed “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorney’s Eyes Only.”

DATED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of July, 2007.

BY THE COURT:

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United States Magistrate Judge