IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO

Civil Action No. 09-cv-02027-CMA-MJW

LOUIS RANDALL STROTHERS

Plaintiff.

٧.

P.F. CHANG'S CHINA BISTRO, INC., d/b/a P.F. CHANG'S CHINA BISTRO, a Delaware corporation,

Defendant.

PROTECTIVE ORDER (DOCKET NO 12-2)

Upon a showing of good cause in support of the entry of a Protective Order to protect the discovery and dissemination of confidential information or information which will improperly annoy, embarrass, or oppress any party, witness, or person providing discovery in this case, IT ISORDERED:

- 1. This Protective Order shall apply to all documents, materials, and information, including without limitation, documents produced, answers to interrogatories, responses to requests for admission, deposition testimony, and other information disclosed pursuant to the disclosure or discovery duties created by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 2. As used in this Protective Order, "document" is defined as provided in Fed. R. Civ. P. 34(a). A draft or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of this term.

- 3. Information designated "CONFIDENTIAL" shall be information that is confidential and implicates common law and statutory privacy interests of (A) Plaintiff Strothers and (B) Defendant P.F. Changs and its current and former employees. CONFIDENTIAL information shall not be disclosed or used for any purpose except the preparation and trial of this case.
- 4. CONFIDENTIAL documents, materials, and/or information (collectively "CONFIDENTIAL information") shall not, without the consent of the party producing it or further Order of the Court, be disclosed except that such information may be disclosed to:
 - (a) attorneys actively working on this case;
 - (b) persons regularly employed or associated with the attorneys actively working on the case whose assistance is required by said attorneys in the preparation for trial, at trial, or at other proceedings in this case;
 - (c) the parties, including designated representatives for the entity parties;
 - (d) expert witnesses and consultants retained in connection with this proceeding, to the extent such disclosure is necessary for preparation, trial or other proceedings in this case;
 - (e) the Court and its employees ("Court Personnel");
 - (f) stenographic reporters who are engaged in proceedings necessarily incident to the conduct of this action;
 - (g) deponents, witnesses, or potential witnesses; and
 - (h) other persons by written agreement of the parties.

- 5. Documents are designated as CONFIDENTIAL by placing or affixing on them (in a manner that will not interfere with their legibility) the following or other appropriate notice: "CONFIDENTIAL."
- 6. Whenever a deposition involves the disclosure of CONFIDENTIAL information, the deposition or portions thereof shall be designated as CONFIDENTIAL and shall be subject to the provisions of this Protective Order. Such designation shall be made on the record during the deposition whenever possible, but a party may designate portions of depositions as CONFIDENTIAL after transcription, provided written notice of the designation is promptly given to all counsel of record within fifteen (15) days after notice by the court reporter of the completion of the transcript.
- 7. A party may object to the designation of particular CONFIDENTIAL information by giving written notice to the party designating the disputed information. The written notice shall identify the information to which the objection is made. If the parties cannot resolve the objection within ten (10) business days after the time the notice is received, it shall be the obligation of the party designating the information as CONFIDENTIAL to file an appropriate motion requesting that the Court determine whether the disputed information should be subject to the terms of this Protective Order. If such a motion is timely filed, the disputed information shall be treated as CONFIDENTIAL under the terms of this Protective Order until the Court rules on the motion. If the designating party fails to file such a motion within the prescribed time, the disputed information shall lose its designation as CONFIDENTIAL and shall not thereafter be treated as CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with this Protective Order. In connection with a

WAV

motion filed under this provision, the party designating the information as CONFIDENTIAL shall bear the burden of establishing that good cause exists for the disputed information to be treated as CONFIDENTIAL.

8. This Protective Order may be modified by the Court at any time for good cause shown following notice to all parties and an opportunity for them to be heard.

ORDERED this 5 day of November, 2009.

STIPULATED TO AND APPROVED BY:

Diang S. King
Natalie R. Sullivan
King & Greisen, LLP
1670 York St.
Denver, CO 80206
(303) 298-9878 telephone
(303) 298-9879 facsimile
King@kinggreisen.com
Sullivan@kinggreisen.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff

BY THE COURT:

Magistrate Judge Michael J. Watanabe

Jeffrey R. Thurrell Fisher & Phillips, LLP

2050 Main Street, Suite 100

Irvine, CA 92614

(949) 851-2424 telephone

(949) 851-0152 facsimile

ithurrell@laborlawyers.com

Attorney for Defendant