

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO  
Honorable Marcia S. Krieger

Civil Action No. 10-cv-01673-MSK-KLM

DAVID KHADEM-GHAEINI;  
FRANCISE KHADEM-GHAEINI, individually, and as the Parents and Next Friends of  
MINAE KHADEM, a minor; and  
EMMAH KHADEM, a minor,

Plaintiffs,

v.

CONTINENTAL AIRLINES, INC.,

Defendant.

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**TRIAL PREPARATION ORDER**  
**-CIVIL**

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This Order sets deadlines, imposes requirements that supplement the Scheduling Order and imposes trial preparation requirements.

**A. Applicable Rules**

This proceeding is subject to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Federal Rules of Evidence, the Local Rules of Practice for the United States District Court for the District of Colorado and the MSK Civ. Practice Standards. A copy of the Practice Standards is available from the Clerk's office or can be downloaded from the Court's website at <http://www.cod.uscourts.gov/Home.aspx> under Judicial Officers' Procedures. Parties who are not represented by counsel (*pro se*) are responsible for knowledge of and compliance with all applicable rules and provisions of this Order. References in this Order to "counsel" apply to parties appearing *pro se*.

If a party to this case is incarcerated, it is the responsibility of that party to provide a copy of this Order and all other orders issued in this case to his or her case manager. For purposes of attending a scheduled hearing by telephone, the case manager should contact the Courtroom Deputy Clerk, Patricia Glover at (303)335-2185 at least two business days prior to the hearing to make the necessary arrangements for the inmate to participate.

### **B. Dispositive and Rule 702 Motions**

The deadline for filing Rule 702 motions shall be the same as that for filing of dispositive motions. If the dispositive motion deadline is changed, the Rule 702 deadline automatically changes to match it.

The format for dispositive motions is set out in MSK Civ. Practice Standard V.H, found at <http://www.cod.uscourts.gov/Home.aspx> under Judicial Officers' Procedures. The format for Rule 702 motions is found at <http://www.cod.uscourts.gov/Home.aspx> under Judicial Officers' Procedures. Failure to use the appropriate format may result in a delayed ruling on the motion. If determination of a Rule 702 motion is required for determination of a dispositive motion, please so state in the title of the Rule 702 motion.

### **C. Rule 16 Conference**

Unless otherwise ordered, a Rule 16 Conference will be conducted by the undersigned in Courtroom A901, Alfred A. Arraj U.S. Courthouse, 901 19<sup>th</sup> Street, Denver, Colorado, to commence at **4:00 p.m. on July 26, 2011. Lead counsel who will try the case and the parties (or, in the case of legal entities, the representative of the entity who will attend trial on behalf of the entity) shall attend.** There are several purposes for the Rule 16 Conference: 1) to

set a Final Pretrial Conference and deadline for filing of the proposed final pretrial order<sup>1</sup>; 2) to the extent appropriate, to address pending motions; 3) such other matters as any party considers conducive to the speedy and inexpensive determination of this action; and 4) to advise the parties as to the trial process.

#### **D. Final Pretrial Conference and Trial Setting**

At the time of the Final Pretrial Conference, a trial will be set. The trial may be set as soon as 30 days thereafter. The parties should be prepared to advise the Court as to the minimum number of days needed for trial. A firm trial date will be set at the time of the Final Pretrial Conference. The trial date will be set as close to the Final Pretrial Conference date as possible in light of other matters on the docket. If two or more counsel represent one party, please be prepared to proceed with one counsel if the other has a conflict, or to explain why the available counsel cannot proceed alone.

Jury trials usually begin on Monday afternoons at 1:00 p.m. and bench trials usually begin on Tuesday mornings at 9:00 a.m. With approximately six hours available per trial day, one week jury trials usually allow for 22 hours for presentation of evidence, openings and closings and argument on evidentiary objections and trial motions. (This calculation excludes time for jury selection, charging conference and initial and concluding instructions for the jury.) One week bench trials usually allow for 24 hours for presentation of all evidence, opening and closing statements, objections, and arguments. Absent objections made at the Final Pre-Trial Conference, a chess clock will be used to divide trial time equally between Plaintiff(s) and Defendant(s). Parties can use their time as they choose, and are free to restructure time between

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<sup>1</sup> If dispositive motions are filed (or anticipated) a Final Pretrial Conference may not be set at the Rule 16 Conference. Rather, the Final Pretrial Conference will be set by the order resolving the dispositive motions.

themselves.

Any problems in the trial setting or special needs for witness scheduling should be addressed at the Final Pretrial Conference. Designated witnesses should be available during the entire trial period. Their unavailability may not constitute a basis for delay in or continuance of the trial. Counsel should always have a sufficient number of witnesses available to testify such that recesses or early adjournments of the trial day will not be necessary. If witnesses are not available, lost time may be counted against the party whose case is being presented.

At the time fixed for trial, all parties shall be present and ready to proceed. If any party is absent or unprepared to proceed, judgment may be entered forthwith in favor of the opposing party or the time of unavailability credited against the party's share of the trial time. If both parties are absent or unprepared, the case may be dismissed, and costs, fees or sanctions may be imposed against either or both parties and/or their counsel. Trial counsel must appear and know their availability and that of their critical witnesses.

#### **E. Proposed Final Pretrial Order**

Counsel shall meet and confer sufficiently in advance of the Final Pretrial Conference to jointly prepare a Proposed Final Pretrial Order. The parties shall file the Proposed Final Pretrial Order, proposed jury instructions and proposed voir dire questions at least **7 days before the conference**.

Except as follows, parties should use the format of Appendix G of this Court's Local Civil Rules for the Proposed Pretrial Order, available at the Court's website. *See* <http://www.cod.uscourts.gov/Home.aspx> (Forms).

Please make the following modifications:

**Section 3: Claims and Defenses** – (Parties are encouraged to omit a narrative summary

of the claims, defenses, facts, and legal theories. If a party includes a narrative summary, such summary should not exceed one page in length.)

Separately enumerate each claim and affirmative defense to be tried. For each claim and affirmative defense for which a party has the burden of proof, such party shall designate:

- 1) the party that has the burden of proof;
- 2) the standard of proof;
- 3) if the claim is governed by state law, the state whose law controls the claim; and
- 4) each element that must be proved. For each element, state whether the necessary facts are stipulated. If not, the party with the burden of proof should state the fact(s) it intends to prove to satisfy that element. For each fact, list the witness or exhibit that will establish that fact. An example is attached to this Order. Any claims or affirmative defenses not specifically identified may be deemed waived.

**Section 4: Stipulations** - One of the purposes of a trial is to determine the facts upon which the parties cannot agree. However, it is not necessary to present evidence of facts which are not in dispute. Indeed, it saves the parties time and expense and focuses the trial when parties identify relevant facts that are not disputed.<sup>2</sup> To assist the jury in understanding the opening statement and in considering the evidence, such stipulated facts will be included in a jury instruction given to the jury prior to opening statements.

Please be cognizant of the difference between disputing the existence of a fact and disputing the significance of that fact. For example, a stipulation to the existence of fact (*e.g.* that the sun set at 7:00 p.m. on the day in question) does not prevent the party from arguing as to the significance of that fact (*e.g.* that there was or was not adequate daylight at 7:30 p.m.).

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<sup>2</sup>FED.R.CIV.P. 11(b)(4) provides guidance as to when a matter is in dispute.

**Section 5: Pending motions** – In addition to the information required in Appendix G, identify all motions either party anticipates making prior to trial, including the specific relief to be requested.

**Section 6: Witnesses** – In lieu of the designations required in Appendix G, the parties should attach a single, joint list of all witnesses. The form is found at: <http://www.cod.uscourts.gov/Home.aspx>. Please designate the total time needed for the testimony of each witness (or the time necessary to present deposition testimony). It does not matter what type of examination will be used to elicit the testimony, nor who will call the witness. The time calculation is **solely** to ensure that you have sufficient time to present all evidence at trial - **you will not be limited to the time specified for any witness on the witness list.**

**Section 7: Exhibits** – Exhibits should be listed on a single, joint exhibit list using the form available at <http://www.cod.uscourts.gov/Home.aspx>. Exhibits should be numbered without designation as Plaintiff's or Defendant's exhibits. Parties may use the same exhibit numbers as used in pretrial discovery. The provisions of subsection (b) of Appendix G regarding the filing of objections to exhibits are waived. All objections are reserved for trial.

Hard copies of the exhibits to be used at trial should be put in two notebooks (original for the witness; copy for the Court). Please only put exhibits you are certain to admit in the notebooks; exhibits that you might use ( such as those anticipated for impeachment or rebuttal) can be added to the notebooks during the trial if they are admitted. Exhibit notebooks shall be given to the Courtroom Deputy Clerk on the first day of trial.

#### **F. Modification of Order**

This Order **may not be modified by agreement of the parties.** However, upon timely,

written application, any party may seek modification as may be necessary to meet a *bona fide* emergency, to avoid irreparable injury or harm, or as may otherwise be necessary to do substantial justice. Extensions of time and continuances will not normally be granted for “press of other business” or for circumstances that could reasonably have been anticipated.

**Failure to comply with the provisions of this Order or the applicable procedural rules may result in imposition of sanctions including, but not limited to, vacation of the trial, barring the presentation of evidence, dismissal of claims or defenses, entry of default or awards of fees and costs in accordance with FED.R.CIV.P. 16 and 37.**

DATED this 27<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2010.

**BY THE COURT:**

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Marcia S. Krieger". The signature is written in a cursive style with a distinct dot over the 'i' in "Krieger".

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Marcia S. Krieger  
United States District Judge

## Attachment to Trial Preparation Order

### Example:

#### *Claim 1: Breach of contract under Colorado law*

Plaintiff has burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence

**Elements: (1)-(3) offer, acceptance, consideration**

(a) the parties stipulate that these elements are satisfied

**(4) performance by the plaintiff**

(a) On March 3, 2004, Peter Plaintiff delivered one crate of widgets to Widget Packers, Inc. (Testimony of Peter Plaintiff; Don Defendant; Exhibits 1, 4)

(b) The widgets conformed to the specifications in the contract. (Testimony of Peter Plaintiff; Exhibit 2)

(c) The widgets were delivered on the date set by the contract. (Exhibit 2)

**(5) non-performance by the defendant**

(a) Widget Packers, Inc. failed to remit payment on the terms set by the contract. (Testimony of Barry Bookkeeper; Exhibit 2)

(b) Peter Plaintiff has made several written demands for payment. (Peter Plaintiff; Exhibits 3, 5, 7)

**(6) damages**

(a) Peter Plaintiff has been damaged in the contract amount of \$10,000. (Testimony of Peter Plaintiff; Exhibit 2).

#### *Claim 2: Unjust Enrichment under Colorado law*

Plaintiff has burden of proof on all elements by a preponderance of the evidence

**Elements: (1) Defendant has received a benefit**

(a) On March 3, 2004, Peter Plaintiff delivered one crate of widgets to Widget Packers, Inc. pursuant to a contractual agreement. (Testimony of Peter Plaintiff; Don Defendant; Exhibits 1, 2, 4).

**(2) the benefit is at the Plaintiff's expense**

(a) Widget Packers, Inc. failed to remit payment on the terms set by the contract. (Testimony of Barry Bookkeeper, Exhibit 2)

**(3) justice requires that Defendant reimburse the Plaintiff for the benefit received**

(a) The widgets have a market value of \$15,000. (Testimony of Peter Plaintiff)

(b) Don Defendant is in breach of the contract. (Testimony of Peter Plaintiff)



*Affirmative Defense to Claim 2: Failure to mitigate under Colorado law*

Defendant has burden of proof on all elements by a preponderance of the evidence

**Elements: (1) Plaintiff had a reasonable opportunity to avoid injury**

(a) On March 5, 2004, Don Defendant left a message on Peter Plaintiff's voice mail offering to return the crate of widgets unopened. (Testimony of Don Defendant; Peter Plaintiff)

(b) On March 8, 2004, Don Defendant wrote to Peter Plaintiff, offering to assign the contract for the purchase of widgets to WidgetCo. (Don Defendant; Warren Widget; Exhibit 6)

**(2) Plaintiff unreasonably failed to avail itself of opportunities to avoid injury**

(a) Peter Plaintiff did not respond to the March 5, 2004 message. (Don Defendant)

(b) Peter Plaintiff did not respond to the March 8, 2004 letter. (Don Defendant)