IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO Judge Philip A. Brimmer

Civil Action No. 11-cv-02730-PAB-CBS

EDWARD PETER CONYAC,

Plaintiff.

DR. NOONAN, D.R.D.C., General Practitioner, DEANNE ROMERO, D.R.D.C., Physician Assistant, JESSICA ZAINES, D.R.D.C., Nurse Practitioner. JANE DOE #1, D.R.D.C., Nurse, JANE DOE #2, D.R.D.C., Nurse, and JANE DOE #3. D.R.D.C.. Nurse.

Defendants.

ORDER ACCEPTING MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S RECOMMENDATION

This matter is before the Court on the Recommendation of United States Magistrate Judge Craig B. Shaffer filed on July 29, 2013 [Docket No. 45]. The Recommendation states that objections to the Recommendation must be filed within fourteen days after its service on the parties. See 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C). The Recommendation was served on July 29, 2013. No party has objected to the Recommendation.

In the absence of an objection, the district court may review a magistrate judge's recommendation under any standard it deems appropriate. See Summers v. Utah, 927 F.2d 1165, 1167 (10th Cir. 1991); see also Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140, 150 (1985) ("[i]t does not appear that Congress intended to require district court review of a magistrate's factual or legal conclusions, under a de novo or any other standard, when neither party objects to those findings"). In this matter, the Court has reviewed the

Recommendation to satisfy itself that there is "no clear error on the face of the record." Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b), Advisory Committee Notes. Based on this review, the Court has concluded that the Recommendation is a correct application of the facts and the law. Accordingly, it is

ORDERED as follows:

- 1. The Recommendation of United States Magistrate Judge [Docket No. 45] is ACCEPTED.
- 2. This case is dismissed without prejudice for failure to effect service of process, failure to identify anonymous parties, and failure to prosecute.

DATED August 16, 2013.

BY THE COURT:

s/Philip A. Brimmer
PHILIP A. BRIMMER
United States District Judge

¹This standard of review is something less than a "clearly erroneous or contrary to law" standard of review, Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(a), which in turn is less than a de novo review. Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b).