

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO

Civil Action No. 12-cv-01469-BNB

WILLIAM LEE LORNES THE III, also known as  
WILLIAM LEE LORNES,

Plaintiff,

v.

CARPENDER,

Defendant.

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ORDER OF DISMISSAL

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Plaintiff, William Lee Lornes the III, also known as William Lee Lornes, currently is incarcerated at the Denver Van Cise-Simonet Detention Center. The caption of this order has been corrected to include his alias. Mr. Lornes submitted to the Court *pro se* on June 5, 2012, in a large manilla envelope a number of loose papers, which the Court attempted to organize. The papers were divided into seven lawsuits, one of which is the instant action. In this action, Mr. Lornes submitted a Prisoner Complaint.

The Court reviewed the Prisoner Complaint, and determined it was deficient. Therefore, on June 7, 2012, Magistrate Judge Boyd N. Boland directed Mr. Lornes to cure certain enumerated deficiencies in the case within thirty days if he wished to pursue his claims.

The June 7 order pointed out that Mr. Lornes failed to submit a Prisoner's Motion and Affidavit for Leave to Proceed Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915 and a certified copy of his trust fund account statement for the six-month period immediately preceding this

filing obtained from the appropriate prison official. Subsection (a)(2) of 28 U.S.C. § 1915 requires submission of "a certified copy of the trust fund account statement (or institutional equivalent) for the prisoner for the 6-month period immediately preceding the filing of the complaint . . . obtained from the appropriate official of each prison at which the prisoner is or was confined." The June 7 order and the Prisoner's Motion and Affidavit for Leave to Proceed Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915 note this requirement.

The June 7 order warned Mr. Lornes that, if he failed to cure the designated deficiencies within thirty days, the action would be dismissed without prejudice and without further notice. On July 6, 2012, Mr. Lornes submitted an uncertified copy of his trust fund account statement as of June 21, 2012 (ECF No. 4), and a certified copy of his trust fund account statement as of July 2, 2012 (ECF No. 5). On July 9, 2012, he submitted a certified copy of his trust fund account statement as of July 2, 2012 (ECF No. 6). However, he failed within the time allowed to cure all the designated deficiencies by submitting a Prisoner's Motion and Affidavit for Leave to Proceed Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915. Therefore, the complaint and the action will be dismissed without prejudice for failure to cure all the designated deficiencies as directed within the time allowed.

Finally, the Court certifies pursuant to § 1915(a)(3) that any appeal from this order would not be taken in good faith and therefore *in forma pauperis* status will be denied for the purpose of appeal. See *Coppedge v. United States*, 369 U.S. 438 (1962). If Mr. Lornes files a notice of appeal he must also pay the full \$455 appellate filing fee or file a motion to proceed *in forma pauperis* in the United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit within thirty days in accordance with Fed. R. App. P. 24.

Accordingly, it is

ORDERED that the complaint and the action are dismissed without prejudice pursuant to Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure for the failure of Plaintiff, William Lee Lornes the III, within the time allowed, to cure all the deficiencies designated in the order to cure of June 7, 2012. It is

FURTHER ORDERED that the clerk of the Court is directed to add the alias, William Lee Lornes, to the docketing records for this case. It is

FURTHER ORDERED that leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* on appeal is denied.

DATED at Denver, Colorado, this 19<sup>th</sup> day of July, 2012.

BY THE COURT:

s/Lewis T. Babcock  
LEWIS T. BABCOCK  
Senior Judge, United States District Court