IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO

Civil Action No. 12-cv-01683-PAB-MJW GREGORY TOY,
Plaintiff,

٧.

AMERICAN FAMILY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

Defendant.

MINUTE ORDER

Entered by Magistrate Judge Michael J. Watanabe

It is hereby ORDERED that Plaintiff's Motion to Amend Complaint (docket no.15) is GRANTED finding good cause shown and for these further reasons stated below. The Plaintiff is a granted leave to file his Amended Complaint within ten (10) days from the date of this minute order which adds a claim for bad faith breach of an insurance contract and a prayer for exemplary damages.

Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a)(2), "[t]he court should freely give leave [to amend] when justice so requires." "Refusing leave to amend is generally only justified upon a showing of undue delay, undue prejudice to the opposing party, bad faith or dilatory motive, failure to cure deficiencies by amendments previously allowed, or futility of amendment." Bylin v. Billings, 568 F.3d 1224, 1229 (10th Cir. 2009) (quoting Frank v. U.S. West, Inc., 3 F.3d 1357, 1365 (10th Cir. 1993)).

As to Defendant FDIC's futility argument, Judge Ebel has previously addressed that issue in the case of <u>General Steel Domestic Sales</u>, <u>LLC v. Steel Wise</u>, <u>LLC</u>, 2008 WL 2520423 (D. Colo. 2008). In the <u>General Steel</u> case, Judge Ebel stated, in pertinent part: "... Defendants' futility argument seems to place the cart before the horse. Rather than force a Rule 12(b)(6) motion into a Rule 15(a) opposition brief, the defendants may be better served by waiting to assert Rule 12 motions until the operative [pleading] is in place."

Date: October 29, 2012