Mallett v. Munoz

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO Judge Christine M. Arguello

Civil Action No. 14-cv-02323-CMA-MJW

DAWANE ARTHUR MALLETT,

Plaintiff,

٧.

J. MUNOZ, Correctional Officer,

Defendant.

## ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO AMEND COURT-IMPOSED SANCTIONS

This matter is before the Court on Plaintiff's Motion to Amend Court-Imposed Sanctions Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11(c). (Doc. # 64.)

On May 26, 2015, this Court entered final judgment against Plaintiff and imposed sanctions pursuant to Rule 11. (Doc. ## 59, 60.) The sanctions state that Plaintiff "shall not file in this Court any new civil actions that challenge disciplinary proceedings or attempt to raise claims regarding conditions of confinement, unless represented by a licensed attorney . . . or unless he has obtained permission from the court to proceed *pro se*." (*Id.* at 3) (emphasis added). *See Ketchum v. Crus*, 775 F. Supp. 1399, 1403 (D. Colo. 1991) ("Injunctions are proper where, as here, the litigant's abusive litigation history is properly set forth"); *State of Colo. ex rel. Colo. Judicial Dep't v. Fleming*, 726 F. Supp. 1216, 1221 (D. Colo. 1989).

Plaintiff now moves to amend these sanctions, asking the Court to:

- 1. Order the Federal Bureau of Prisons ("BOP") to authorize Plaintiff "to deposit funds into the court registry";
- 2. Order the BOP to provide Plaintiff with "300 minutes of legal phone calls each week":
- 3. Order the BOP to provide Plaintiff with "3 legal writting [sic] tablets each week, and 1 box of 50 legal envelopes each week'; and
- 4. "[T]ake notice" of Plaintiff's argument as to how the BOP's policies on writing materials, postage, and envelopes are "effectively dening [sic] [him] access to the courts."

(Doc. # 64 at 3–4.) While he styles this a motion to amend the sanctions, Plaintiff is actually challenging the conditions of his confinement. *See Bounds v. Smith*, 430 U.S. 817, 824–25 (1977) ("It is indisputable that indigent inmates must be provided at state expense with paper and pen to draft legal documents . . ., and with stamps to mail them.")

To challenge the conditions of his confinement, Plaintiff must first exhaust all administrative remedies. 42 U.S.C. § 1997e(a); *Cleveland v. Harvanek*, 607 F. App'x 770, 772 (10th Cir. 2015). Only after completing the administrative grievance process may Plaintiff bring suit with respect to prison conditions. *Id.* And in light of the sanctions, Plaintiff may only bring suit if he is represented by a licensed attorney or has permission from the Court to proceed *pro se*. (Doc. # 59 at 3.) Plaintiff may not attempt to circumvent this process by, for example, filing a motion to amend his sanctions.

Because Plaintiff's Motion challenges the conditions of his confinement, Plaintiff's Motion to Amend Court-Imposed Sanctions (Doc. # 64) is DENIED.

DATED: December 14, 2017

BY THE COURT:

CHRISTINE M. ARGUELLO

Christine Magnello

United States District Judge