## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLORADO Chief Judge Philip A. Brimmer

Civil Action No. 18-cv-00233-PAB-NYW

ROBERT JW McCLELAND,

Plaintiff,

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RICK RAEMISCH, RISHI ARIOLA-TIRELLA, RENAE JORDAN, SUSAN TIONA, DEBORAH BORREGO, JOANNE MCGREW, and DAYNA JOHNSON,

Defendants.

## **ORDER ACCEPTING MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S RECOMMENDATION**

This matter is before the Court on the Recommendation of United States Magistrate Judge Nina Y. Wang filed on September 6, 2019 [Docket No. 148]. The Recommendation states that objections to the Recommendation must be filed within fourteen days after its service on the parties. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C). The Recommendation was served on September 6, 2019. No party has objected to the Recommendation.

In the absence of an objection, the district court may review a magistrate judge's recommendation under any standard it deems appropriate. *See Summers v. Utah*, 927 F.2d 1165, 1167 (10th Cir. 1991); *see also Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 150 (1985) ("[i]t does not appear that Congress intended to require district court review of a

magistrate's factual or legal conclusions, under a *de novo* or any other standard, when neither party objects to those findings"). In this matter, the Court has reviewed the Recommendation to satisfy itself that there is "no clear error on the face of the record."<sup>1</sup> Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b), Advisory Committee Notes. Based on this review, the Court has concluded that the Recommendation is a correct application of the facts and the law. Accordingly, it is

**ORDERED** as follows:

1. The Recommendation of United States Magistrate Judge [Docket No. 148] is accepted.

2. Defendant Rishi Ariola-Tirella is dismissed without prejudice for failure to timely serve pursuant to Rule 4(m) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

DATED October 15, 2019.

BY THE COURT:

s/Philip A. Brimmer PHILIP A. BRIMMER Chief United States District Judge

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This standard of review is something less than a "clearly erroneous or contrary to law" standard of review, Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(a), which in turn is less than a de novo review. Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b).