

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF CONNECTICUT

LLOYD GEORGE MORGAN, JR.,	:	
Plaintiff,	:	
	:	PRISONER
v.	:	CASE NO. 3:12-cv-983 (SRU)
	:	
RAY BERNARD,	:	
Defendant.	:	

INITIAL REVIEW ORDER

The plaintiff, currently incarcerated at the Garner Correctional Institution in Newtown, Connecticut, has filed a complaint *pro se* under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (2000) seeking damages from the defendant in his individual capacity.

Under 28 U.S.C. § 1915A (2000), the court must review prisoner civil complaints and dismiss any portion of the complaint that is frivolous or malicious, that fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, or that seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. *Id.* In reviewing a *pro se* complaint, the court must assume the truth of the allegations, and interpret them liberally to “raise the strongest arguments [they] suggest[.]” *Abbas v. Dixon*, 480 F.3d 636, 639 (2d Cir. 2007). Although detailed allegations are not required, the complaint must include sufficient facts to afford the defendants fair notice of the claims and the grounds upon which they are based and to demonstrate a right to relief. *Bell Atlantic v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 555-56 (2007). Conclusory allegations are not sufficient. *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662, 129 S. Ct. 1937, 1949 (2009). The plaintiff must plead “enough facts to state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face.” *Twombly*, 550 U.S. at 570. But “[a] document filed *pro se* is to be liberally construed and a *pro se* complaint, however inartfully

pleaded, must be held to less stringent standards than formal pleadings drafted by lawyers.”

Boykin v. KeyCorp, 521 F.3d 202, 214 (2d Cir. 2008) (quoting *Erickson v. Pardus*, 551 U.S. 89, 94 (2007)).

Morgan alleges that defendant Bernard issued him a false disciplinary report in retaliation for Morgan complaining to superiors about Bernard’s conduct.¹ The court concludes, at this time, that the complaint should be served on the defendant.

ORDERS

In accordance with the foregoing analysis, the court enters the following orders:

(1) **The Pro Se Prisoner Litigation Office shall** verify the current work address for defendant Bernard with the Department of Correction Office of Legal Affairs and mail a waiver of service of process request packet to him at the confirmed address within **fourteen (14) days** of this Order. The Pro Se Prisoner Litigation Office shall report to the court on the status of that waiver request on the thirty-fifth (35) day after mailing. If the defendant fails to return the waiver request, the Pro Se Prisoner Litigation Office shall make arrangements for in-person service by the U.S. Marshals Service on the defendant in his individual capacity and the defendant shall be required to pay the costs of such service in accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(d).

(2) **The Pro Se Prisoner Litigation Office shall** send written notice to the plaintiff of the status of this action, along with a copy of this Order.

¹The court notes that Morgan falsely states in his complaint that no prior lawsuit or appeal was dismissed as frivolous or malicious or for failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted. See Doc. #1 at 4. In fact, an appeal, *Morgan v. Armstrong*, No. 06-2198-pr, was dismissed as frivolous in 2006.

(3) **The Pro Se Prisoner Litigation Office shall** send a courtesy copy of the Complaint and this Ruling and Order to the Connecticut Attorney General and the Department of Correction Office of Legal Affairs.

(4) **The defendant shall** file his response to the complaint, either an answer or motion to dismiss, within **seventy (70) days** from the date of this order. If he chooses to file an answer, he shall admit or deny the allegations and respond to the cognizable claims recited above. He also may include any and all additional defenses permitted by the Federal Rules.

(5) Discovery, pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 26 through 37, shall be completed within **seven months (210 days)** from the date of this order. Discovery requests need not be filed with the court.

(6) All motions for summary judgment shall be filed within **eight months (240 days)** from the date of this order.

(7) Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 7(a), a nonmoving party must respond to a dispositive motion within twenty-one (21) days of the date the motion was filed. If no response is filed, or the response is not timely, the dispositive motion can be granted absent objection.

SO ORDERED this 13th day of July 2012, at Bridgeport, Connecticut.

/s/ Stefan R. Underhill
Stefan R. Underhill
United States District Judge