

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF CONNECTICUT

SHERI SPEER	:	
Plaintiff,	:	
	:	
v.	:	CASE NO. 3:17-cv-1304-RNC
	:	
SKAATS, et al.	:	
Defendants.	:	

ORDER

On August 2, 2017, Sheri Speer, a debtor in bankruptcy, filed this action against Donna Skaats, Patrick Boatman and Lloyd Langhammer, all counsel for Seaport Capital Partners, LLC ("Seaport"), the largest creditor in the bankruptcy case. Ms. Speer also listed Stuart Cohen as a defendant. Cohen is a broker from Conn & Conn Mortgage Company and an attorney in fact for another creditor, Dr. Michael Teiger. ECF No. 1. Ms. Speer then filed an amended complaint adding defendants Jenna Sternberg, another Seaport Attorney; Margaret Labranche, a State Marshal; and Thomas Boscarino, the Chapter 7 Trustee. ECF No. 10. Boatman and Sternberg filed a motion to dismiss on November 10, 2017. ECF No. 16. Ms. Speer responded on December 4, 2017. ECF No. 23. Finally, on December 28, 2017, Ms. Speer filed a "notice of withdrawal of complaint." ECF No. 26. It is apparent that Ms. Speer meant to file a notice of voluntary dismissal to preserve her ability to "seek redress" at another time. Id. Courts interpret requests by pro se plaintiffs to dismiss actions without prejudice as notices of dismissal, even when they do not

meet formal filing requirements. See DeCraene v. Neuhaus (U.S.A.), Inc., No. 04 Civ. 2876(GEL), 2005 WL 1330761, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. June 3, 2005). The notice of withdrawal filed by Ms. Speer will be treated accordingly.¹

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(a)(1) provides that "the plaintiff may dismiss an action without a court order by filing . . . a notice of dismissal before the opposing party serves either an answer or a motion for summary judgment." Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(a)(1)(A). Exercising the right granted by Rule 41 to dismiss an action requires no approval by the court. Thorp v. Scarne, 599 F.2d 1169, 1176 (2d Cir. 1979). A valid Rule 41 notice of dismissal may be filed even after significant proceedings have taken place. See Wolters Kluwer Fin. Servs., Inc. v. Scivantage, 564 F.3d 110, 114-15 (2d Cir. 2009) (notice filed after court granted TRO and ordered expedited discovery and after parties conducted considerable discovery).

¹ Ms. Speer's "notice" states that "Plaintiff withdraws the original Complaint filed against all Defendants, heretofore terminating this case." ECF No. 26 (emphasis added). One could interpret this language to refer to only the original complaint, ECF No. 1, thus maintaining the case made by her amended complaint, ECF No. 10. The language more strongly implies that she intends to terminate the entire case, however. In support of this view, I note that Ms. Speer makes the same allegations in the original complaint as in her amended complaint, merely adding new defendants in the latter.

