Case 1:06-cv-01015-JR

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## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

JUN - 1 2006

NANCY MAYER WHITTINGTON, CLERK

DOW JONES REUTERS BUSINESS INTERACTIVE, LLC d/b/a FACTIVA U.S. Route One at Ridge Road, Bldg. 5 Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852	U.S. DISTRICT COURT ) )
Plaintiff, v.	Civil Action No  Jury Trial Demanded
ABLAISE LTD 40 Queen Anne Street London W1G 9EL, United Kingdom	) ) ) ) CASE NUMBER 1:06CV01015
and	) ) JUDGE: Gladys Kessler
GENERAL INVENTIONS INSTITUTE A, INC., Craigmuir Chambers, P.O. Box 71 Town Road Tortola, British Virgin Islands	DECK TYPE: General Civil  DATE STAMP: 06/01/2006
Defendants.	) _) _)

## **COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY RELIEF**

Plaintiff, Dow Jones Reuters Business Interactive, LLC d/b/a Factiva (hereinafter "Factiva" or "Plaintiff") for its Complaint against Defendants, Ablaise Ltd. ("Ablaise") and General Inventors Institute A, Inc. ("GIIA") (collectively referred to as "Defendants"), alleges as follows:

- 1. This is an action for declaratory judgment and other relief brought under the Federal Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201, 2202.
- 2. Plaintiff Factiva is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, having a principal place of business at U.S. Route One at Ridge Road, Bldg. 5, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852.

- Upon information and belief, Defendant Ablaise is a corporation organized under 3. the laws of England and Wales with a principal place of business at 40 Queen Anne Street, London W1G 9EL, United Kingdom.
- Upon information and belief, Defendant GIIA is a British Virgin Islands 4. corporation with a principal place of business at Craigmuir Chambers, P.O. Box 71, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands.
- 5. Defendants Ablaise and GIIA have held themselves out to be the owners of several patents, including U.S. Patent No. 6,961,737 (hereinafter referred to as the "'737 patent), which is entitled "Serving Signals."
- 6. Defendant Ablaise, through its counsel located in Chicago, Illinois, has sent correspondence to Factiva accusing it of infringing the '737 patent and threatening enforcement of the '737 patent against Factiva. The correspondence specifically accuses Factiva of infringing the '737 patent through the operation of the websites located at global.factiva.com.
- 7. The '737 patent on its face shows an issue date of November 1, 2005, and Ablaise as the assignee of the patent, although Defendants have represented in other proceedings that they both are owners of the '737 patent. Defendants claim that the '737 patent covers technology implemented on the Internet and, more specifically, systems and methods for the dynamic generation of varying formatted web pages using user preferences to personalize the viewed pages.
- 8. Defendants have asserted their alleged patent rights against many other companies in various jurisdictions, which, operate websites of some form, including Lycos, Inc.; CDW Corporation; Citigroup Corporation; Salesforce.com; Shopping.com; E\*Trade Securities; LLC, J&R Electronics; Bank of America Technology and Operations, Inc.; and First Horizon National Corporation, among others.

- 9. On information and belief, Defendants' sole business is the licensing and enforcement of their alleged patent rights. Defendants have taken actions to further their business relating to their alleged patent rights in this State and District. On information and belief, Defendants do not make or sell any products or provide any services beyond their activities relating to their alleged patent portfolio.
- 10. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1337(a) and 1338.
- 11. This Court may declare the rights and other legal relations of the parties in this case under 28 U.S.C. § 2201, and Rule 57, Fed. R. Civ. P., because an actual and justiciable controversy exists concerning the rights of, and legal relations between, Plaintiff and Defendants.
- 12. On information and belief, Defendants Ablaise and GIIA are subject to personal jurisdiction in this forum pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 293. Defendants Ablaise and GIIA, owners of the '737 patent, do not reside in the United States and, upon information and belief, have not filed in the Patent and Trademark Office a written designation stating the name and address of a person residing within the United States on whom may be served process or notice of proceedings affecting the patent rights hereunder. Accordingly, this Court has jurisdiction over Defendants in this action.
- 13. In addition, jurisdiction over Defendants is proper in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(k)(2). The cause of action of the Complaint arises under federal law. On information and belief, Defendants are not subject to the jurisdiction of the courts of general jurisdiction of any particular state. Additionally, Defendants have at least minimum contacts with the United States because among other things, Defendants have obtained patent rights in the United States, granted royalty-bearing licenses to a number of major United States companies under one or more

patents, entered into negotiations with United States companies to license the '737 patent, and initiated litigation against United States companies in various United States District Courts.

- 14. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(d).
- Plaintiff Factiva have no liability for infringement of the '737 patent because, 15. inter alia, Plaintiff Factiva has not infringed any valid and enforceable claim of the '737 patent.
- There is an actual and substantial controversy between Plaintiff and Defendants of 16. sufficient immediacy and reality to warrant the rendering of a declaratory judgment by this Court. Defendants have made a threat to Plaintiff's business by accusing Plaintiff of unlawful actions. Plaintiff is entitled to a judgment declaring its rights as requested herein.

#### **COUNT I**

# DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF NONINFRINGEMENT AND INVALIDITY

- Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-16 as if set forth fully herein. 17.
- Plaintiff has not infringed any valid and enforceable claim of the '737 patent. 18.
- The claims of the '737 patent are invalid for failure to satisfy the requirements of 19. Part II of Title 35 of the United States Code, including, without limitation, the requirements of one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 101, 102, 103 and/or 112.
- The allegations of patent infringement place a cloud over Plaintiff's business, and 20. in particular the operation of the websites located at global.factiva.com, and likely will cause uncertainty among others in the marketplace, leading Plaintiff to lose revenues and/or business opportunities.
- 21. Plaintiff is entitled to a judgment declaring that Plaintiff has not infringed any claim of the '737 patent and that the '737 patent is invalid.

### WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment:

- 1. Declaring that Plaintiff Factiva has not infringed any valid and enforceable claim of the '737 patent;
  - 2. Declaring that the claims of the '737 patent are invalid;
- 3. Declaring that this case is exceptional as against Defendants pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285;
  - Awarding Plaintiff its costs and reasonable attorneys' fees; and 4.
- Granting Plaintiff such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and 5. proper.

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Dated: June 1, 2006

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