EXHIBIT A

NON-PRIVILEGED COMMUNICATION

JTF-GTMO Habeas Attorney Refusal Communication

			THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	ΣΙΙ.			
Date:	1/21/09	Time:	9:00 A.	И			
From:	(please print)						
To:	HATTOWN ROBULLAN HATTOWN HASSAN	JTF Witness:	(Print name after	delivery to detaince)			
		nglish version	A ing unue after	delivery to detaince)			
DEAR KR. AL WAOY.							
ω_{E}	ARE THE SAME LAWYER	S WHO CAME TO THE	אטע אייטע	TRIED TO SEE YOU AT			
THE BEGINNING OF LAST MONTH, WE ARE SORRY IF YOU FEEL LIKE YOU TO NOT CHANT							
TO HEET WITH US FODAY, WE GOT THE COURT TO PRESSURE THE GOVERNMENT							
TO MAKE SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS TO MEET WITH YOU IN YOUR OWN CAMP SO							
YOU DID NOT HAVE TO BE MOVED TO THE OTHER CAMP FOR THE MEETING.							
WE ASK THAT YOU RECONSIDER SO THAT WE CAN FIND OUT DIRECTLY FROM							
YOU WHAT THE REASON IS THAT YOU DO NOT WANT TO MEET WITH US, WITHOUT							
SEBING YOU AND HEARING FROM YOU DIRECTLY, WE CANNOT TELL WHAT IT							
MEANS THAT YOU DO NOT WANT TO HEET WITH RS.							
YOU SHOULD ALSO KNOW THAT IF YOU DO NOT MEET WITH US, WE ARE							
GOIN	G AMERY TO GO AHEAD AND I	FIGHT YOUR CASE A	5 REST 4)5	CAN WITHOUT YOU			
GOING AMERY TO GO AHEAD AND FIGHT YOUR CASE AS BEST WE CAN WITHOUT YOU. WE HAVE READ THE GOVERNMENT'S EVIDENCE AND THINK WE HAVE SOME							
I DEAS ABOUT HOW TO ELECT YOUR DOOR OF							
YOU TO EXPLAIN WHAT WE ARE THE WOULD LIKE TO HEET WITH							
YOU TO EXPLAIN WHAT WE ARE THINKING OF DOING AND FIND OUT FEANYTHING							
THE CAN TELL US THAT MIGHT HELP US FIGHT YOUR CASE EVEN BETTER ALEA TE							
THERE IS AMETHICAGE SOME REASON YOU DO NOT WANT US TO FIGHT YOUR CASE FOR							
YOU AND EITHER WANT AND A DIFFERENT LAWYER OR DO NOT WANT ANYONE							
TO FIGHT THE CASE FOR YOU, YOU COULD TELL US THAT. WITHOUT YOU							
AND EIGHT VAIR THE AS AS DESCRIPTION DIRECTLY, WE ARE GOING TO GO AHEAD							
AND FIGHT YOUR CASE AS BEST WE CAN WITHOUT YOU MEETING WITH US							
BECAUSE WE ASSUME YOU WOULD LIKE WHATEVER HELP IS AVAILABLE FOR YOU TO GO HOME.							
AGAIN, PLEASE AGREE TO MEET							
AGAIN, PLEASE AGREE TO MEET WITH US AND TELL US WHAT YOUR NOT WANTING TO MEET WITH US MEANS,							
		-					
Do you	u wish to meet with your habea	s attorney?] Yes	II/No			
Detainee Signature:							
GTMO L-F	ORM 4 (SEP 06)						

JTF GTMO SJA NON-PRIVILEGED COMMUNICATION

JTF-GTMO Habeas Attorney Refusal Communication

	Date: C C	Time:	Δ:			
State .	From: 60 5 5 1.15 To: 15N 574 (please print)	JTF Witness:	Print name after delivery to delainen)			
	Trans	slation				
را لهم المحر بط اسبا . بل دغة المحركة	عوده اك حما كمقالمتكم الم التنا - نجسنا باختاع المحكمة بي بان نجيع ملى خونفر اك معكد آخر. اك معرد منام سا عده حن المعرد منام المعرد منا المعرد معالد نعوف بالصد م معرد مقالمتنا لنهم.	عين الوين معرم عا ب ميات فا ه كمنع نقلكم د حرة آخرد عا بلتكم و د بلويكم بان	النف النم مورث المحل كور المحل النم مورث النم حومورون النم حومورون النم مومورون مورم منا بلتنا . درون مورم منا بلتنا . درون ما بلتنا .			
الحکم ۔	al a de a late in the	a Or Jes.	addition 15 1 below			
یم ہے ای	ا عن الحال ل و اذا كان م	/	لفو مؤان دلاعل الحقو			
ميڪم ، آن د عم ل	المن الكورن أي ممه	أ آخيا او	ولكن في طاله و حرازا كويودن مي حي لعميته مطيكه			
- -	2641 af 186 2015		(Yes) (No)			
GTMO L-FORM 4 (SEP 06) THIS PAGE TO BE RETAINED BY JTF S-5						
THIS FASE TO BE KETAINED BY JTF \$-5						

مرد ان نعل ما حرافط و الزي خود ان نسلما مرا عرد منكم ستمرم منعل كل ما با سطاعتنا ان نعل مراكم رنعل صور لا منا نعتقد الراي سرمودن الوي ت عر لزعابلم اكن بلولم -الوها بنكم اكوافقه كفالمه عنا وافيار اعن ما تقددن الوها و عنكم اكوافقه كفالمه عنا وافيار العن ما تقددن و للم عزيل الكراد والم

al s

Hamoud al-Wady Wikipedia by supporting it financially.



From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

(Redirected from Hamoud Abdullah Hamoud Hassan Al Wady)

Hamoud Abdullah Hamoud Hassan Al Wady is a citizen of Yemen, held in extrajudicial detention in the United States Guantanamo Bay Naval Base, in Cuba. [1] Al Wady's Guantanamo detainee ID number is 574. The Department of Defense reports that Al Wady was born on September 5, 1965, in Sana'a, Yemen.

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Combatant Status Review Tribunal

Initially the Bush administration asserted that they could withhold all the protections of the Geneva Conventions to captives from the war on terror. This policy was challenged before the Judicial branch. Critics argued that the USA could not evade its obligation to conduct competent tribunals to determine whether captives are, or are not, entitled to the protections of prisoner of war status.

Subsequently the Department of Defense instituted the Combatant Status Review Tribunal. The Tribunals, however, were not authorized to determine whether the captives were lawful combatants — rather they were merely empowered to make a recommendation as to whether the captive had previously been correctly determined to match the Bush administration's definition of an enemy combatant.

To comply with a Freedom of Information Act request, during the winter and spring of 2005, the Department of Defense released 507 memoranda. Those 507 memoranda each contained the allegations against a single detainee, prepared for their Combatant Status Review



Combatant Status Review
Tribunals were held in a trailer
the size of a large RV. The
captive sat on a plastic garden
chair, with his hands and feet
shackled to a bolt in the floor.

[2][3] Three chairs were reserved for members of the press, but only 37 of the 574 Tribunals were observed.^[4]

Tribunals. The detainee's name and ID numbers were redacted from all but one of the memoranda. However 169 of the memoranda had the detainee's ID hand-written on the top right hand of the first page corner. When the Department of Defense complied with a court order, and released official lists of the detainee's names and ID numbers it was possible to identify who those 169 were written about. Hamoud Abdullah Hamoud Hassan Al Wadv was one of those 169 detainees. [5]

Allegations

- a. The detainee is associated with Taliban and Al Qaida.
 - 1. The detainee traveled to Afghanistan from Yemen via Iran and Syria in early 2001.
 - 2. The detainee was recruited to go to Afghanistan and a religious educator financed his travel.
 - 3. The detainee went to Afghanistan to fight Jihad.
 - 4. The detainee stayed in multiple safehouses in Pakistan and Afghanistan
 - 5. The detainee is knowledgeable in the use of a Kalashnikov rifle.
 - 6. The detainee was a money courier.
 - 7. The detainee delivered money to the Taliban in Herat.
 - 8. The detainee was captured in a safehouse in Pakistan.

b. The detainee supported military operations against the coalition.

1. The detainee served at the Said Center for the rear guard near Bagram for the Taliban.

Transcript

Al Wady chose to participate in his Combatant Status Review Tribunal. [6]

Confusion over the Tribunal process

Al Wady's transcript records him describing his confusion over the Tribunal process.

Administrative Review Board hearing

Detainees who were determined to have been properly classified as "enemy combatants" were scheduled to have their dossier reviewed at annual Administrative Review Board hearings. The Administrative Review Boards weren't authorized to review whether a detainee qualified for POW status, and they weren't authorized to review whether a detainee should have been classified as an "enemy combatant".

They were authorized to consider whether a detainee should continue to be detained by the United States, because they continued to pose a threat — or whether they could safely be repatriated to the custody of their home country, or whether they could be set free.

al-Wady chose to participate in his Administrative Review Board hearing, telling the panel that he was entering his fifth year of imprisonment and "want[ed] to see American justice, where is it?" [7]

References

- 1. ^ list of prisoners (.pdf) (http://www.dod.mil/pubs/foi/detainees/d20060515.pdf), US Department of Defense, May 15, 2006
- ^ Guantánamo Prisoners Getting Their Day, but Hardly in Court
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 11, 2004 mirror (http://cageprisoners.com/articles.php?aid=3838)
- 3. ^ Inside the Guantánamo Bay hearings: Barbarian "Justice" dispensed by KGB-style "military

- tribunals" (http://www.christusrex.org/www1/news/ft-12-11-04a.htm), Financial Times, December 11, 2004
- 4. ^ "Annual Administrative Review Boards for Enemy Combatants Held at Guantanamo Attributable to Senior Defense Officials (http://www.defenselink.mil/transcripts/transcript.aspx? transcriptid=3902)". United States Department of Defense (March 6, 2007). Retrieved on 2007-09-22.
- 5. ^ Summary of Evidence memo (.pdf)
 (http://www.dod.mil/pubs/foi/detainees/csrt_mar05.pdf#256) prepared for Hamoud Abdullah
 Hamoud Hassan Al Wady's Combatant Status Review Tribunal October 13, 2004 page 256
- 6. ^ Summarized transcripts (.pdf)
 (http://www.defenselink.mil/pubs/foi/detainees/csrt/Set_39_2629-2646.pdf#1), from Hamoud
 Abdullah Hamoud Hassan Al Wady's Combatant Status Review Tribunal pages 1-13
- 7. http://news.yahoo.com/s/ap/20070909/ap on re la am ca/guantanamo

Retrieved from "http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hamoud_al-Wady"

Categories: People held at the Guantanamo Bay detention camp | Yemeni extrajudicial prisoners of the United States | Living people

Hidden categories: NPOV disputes from December 2007 | All NPOV disputes

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