

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

In the Matter of the Search of

1994 Champagne Toyota Corolla, bearing
VIN # [REDACTED] registered
to [REDACTED]
in Washington, DC

SEARCH WARRANT

CASE NUMBER: -

02-0462N-01

TO: Special Agent John Nagashima and any Authorized Officer of the United States

Affidavit(s) having been made before me by Special Agent Mark P. Morin who has reason to believe that on the person or on the premises known as (name, description and or location)

[REDACTED]

1994 Champagne Toyota Corolla, bearing VIN # [REDACTED]
registered to [REDACTED], in Washington, DC

in the District of Maryland, there is now concealed a certain person or property, namely (describe the person or property)

hairs, textile fibers, lab equipment or materials used in preparation of select agents, papers, tape, pens, notes, books, manuals, receipts, financial records of any type, correspondence, address books, handwriting samples, photographs, computer files, cellular phones, phone bills, electronic pager devices, other digital devices, or other documentary evidence.

I am satisfied that the affidavits(s) and any recorded testimony establish probable cause to believe that the person or property so described is now concealed on the person or premises above-described and establish grounds for the issuance of this warrant.

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED to search on or before Aug. 7, 2002
(Date)

(not to exceed 10 days) the person or place named above for the person or property specified, serving this warrant and making the search (in the daytime - 6:00 A.M. to 10:00 P.M.) (at any time in the day or night as I find reasonable cause has been established) and if the person or property be found there to seize same, leaving a copy of this warrant and receipt for the person or property taken, and prepare a written inventory of the person or property seized and promptly return this warrant to the undersigned U.S. Judge/U.S. Magistrate Judge, as required by law.

7/31/02 @ 11:00am

Date and Time Issued in Washington, DC pursuant to the domestic terrorism search warrant provisions of the Patriot Act, Section 219, which amended Rule 41(a)

Debra A. Robinson
Name and Title of Judicial Officer
US Magistrate Judge

[Signature]
Signature of Judicial Officer

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

In the Matter of the Search of

1994 Champagne Toyota Corolla, bearing
VIN [redacted] registered
to [redacted]
in Washington, DC

APPLICATION AND AFFIDAVIT
FOR SEARCH WARRANT

CASE NUMBER:

02-04624-01

I Mark P. Morin being duly sworn depose and say:

I am a(n) Special Agent with the Federal Bureau of Investigation and have reason to believe
(Official Title)
that on the person of or on the property or premises known as (name, description and or location)

Ken Key AUSA

[redacted]

1994 Champagne Toyota Corolla, bearing VIN # [redacted]
registered to [redacted], in Washington, DC (mp)

in the District of Maryland, there is now concealed a certain person or property, namely
hairs, textile fibers, lab equipment or materials used in preparation of select agents, papers, tape, pens, notes,
books, manuals, receipts, financial records of any type, correspondence, address books, handwriting samples,
photographs, computer files, cellular phones, phone bills, electronic pager devices, other digital devices, or other
documentary evidence

which is (state one or more bases for search and seizure set forth under Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure)
evidence relevant to the commission of an act of terrorism, to include the use of a weapon of mass destruction
(anthrax) and the murder and attempt to murder officers and employees of the United States

in violation of Title 18 United States Code, Section(s) 2332a and 1114. The facts to support a finding of Probable
Cause are as follows:

SEE ATTACHED AFFIDAVIT HEREIN INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE AS IF FULLY RESTATED HEREIN

Continued on the attached sheet and made a part hereof. YES NO

Kenneth C. Kohl, AUSA
U.S. Attorney's Office, Washington, DC
(202) 616-2139

Mark P. Morin
Signature of Affiant
Mark P. Morin, Special Agent
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Sworn to before me, and subscribed in my presence

7/31/02
Date

at Washington, D.C. (pursuant to the domestic terrorism search
warrant provisions of the Patriot Act, Section 219, which
amended Rule 41(a))

Deborah A. Robinson
Name and Title of Judicial Officer
US Magistrate Judge

Deborah A. Robinson
Signature of Judicial Officer

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

IN THE MATTER OF THE SEARCH OF A)
)
RESIDENCE AT [REDACTED])
[REDACTED], WASHINGTON, DC,)
AND ASSOCIATED BASEMENT STORAGE)
ROOM, and a)
)
1994 CHAMPAGNE TOYOTA COROLLA)
bearing VIN # [REDACTED] located)
in WASHINGTON, D.C.)

Misc. No.

UNDER SEAL

AFFIDAVIT IN SUPPORT OF SEARCH WARRANT

I, Mark P. Morin, being duly sworn, depose and say:

1. I have been a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for almost seven years. I have conducted criminal investigations involving narcotics and organized crime related offenses. I am also authorized to investigate crimes involving violations of Title 18 U.S.C. Sections 2332(a) and 1114.

2. This affidavit is respectfully submitted in support of an application for a warrant to search a residence commonly known as [REDACTED] Washington, DC, the storage room in the basement associated with that apartment ("Subject Apartment"), and a 1994 Champagne Toyota Corolla ("Subject Vehicle"). Steven Jay Hatfill resides at the Subject Apartment several days each week with [REDACTED] (the lessee of the apartment) [REDACTED]. The Subject Apartment is further described as a five story red brick building, glass door entrance way with the name [REDACTED] in brass numbers located on a red brick column on the right side as you face the entrance, and two elevators inside. On the fifth floor to the right off the elevator is a white wood door with the black number [REDACTED] to the right of the handle in the center of the door. Located on the left side of the door is a doorbell. The basement storage consists of a multi-storage area. Each unit is fenced in with chain link fence. The number [REDACTED] is attached to the fence which surrounds the cubicle, approximately 4x6x6. There is approximately six to eight black trash bags. The storage unit is located in the basement behind the underground parking garage. The Subject vehicle is further described as a 1994 Champagne Toyota Corolla, four door, VIN [REDACTED] District of Columbia license plate number [REDACTED].

3. As I discuss below, there is probable cause to believe that a search of the subject apartment and storage room may result in the collection of evidence relevant to an ongoing criminal investigation into the dissemination of a weapon of mass destruction (anthrax) through the U.S. mail system in September, 2001 and October, 2001 in violation of 18 U.S.C. Sections 2332a and 1114, which killed five people and infected 17 others. The FBI investigation of these incidents has led to the identification of Steven Jay Hatfill as a person of further investigative interest for the reasons set forth in this affidavit:

Factual Background

4. On or about September 18, 2001, at least two envelopes containing anthrax spores were processed at a United States Postal Service processing and distribution center in Hamilton Township, New Jersey. One envelope was addressed to Tom Brokaw of NBC TV, and contained a handwritten note with the following text:

09-11-01
THIS IS NEXT
TAKE PENACILIN NOW
DEATH TO AMERICA
DEATH TO ISRAEL
ALLAH IS GREAT

The second envelope addressed to "EDITOR, NEW YORK POST," also contained anthrax spores and a handwritten note that appears identical to the note found in the Brokaw Letter.

5. On or about October 9, 2001, two more envelopes containing anthrax spores and handwritten notes referring to "09-11-01" were processed at the U.S. Postal Service processing center referred to in ¶ 2, *supra*. The return addresses on both letters, one of which was addressed to U.S. Senator Thomas Daschle and the other of which was addressed to U.S. Senator Patrick Leahy, were the fictitious address: "4TH GRADE, GREENDALE SCHOOL, FRANKLIN PARK NJ 08852." Both letters contained the following handwritten text:

09-11-01
YOU CAN NOT STOP US.
WE HAVE THIS ANTHRAX.
YOU DIE NOW.
ARE YOU AFRAID?
DEATH TO AMERICA.
DEATH TO ISRAEL.
ALLAH IS GREAT.

6. According to the Center for Disease Control (CDC), between January 1, 2001 and September 18, 2001, there was only one confirmed case of anthrax in the United States, which resulted from exposure to infected cattle. Agricultural and farm workers exposed to infected animals, such as sheep, goats, and cattle, get the disease on rare occasions. Laboratory

technicians have been known to contract anthrax from exposure to bacterial spores in recent decades. There is no record of government officials or media employees contracting anthrax. Overall, there have been fewer than ten anthrax cases in the United States since 1980. Cases of inhalational anthrax are particularly rare, with only twenty reported cases in the last century.

7. Between September 18, 2001 and November 21, 2001, within New York, Washington, Florida and Connecticut, there were at least 22 reported cases of anthrax infection. Eleven of those cases involved *inhalational* anthrax (from inhaling anthrax spores) and the other eleven cases involved *cutaneous* anthrax (contracted through the skin). Five of the inhalational victims eventually died of their infection: (1) Robert Stevens, 63, photo editor, American Media Inc., Boca Raton, Florida, died on 10/5/2001; (2) Thomas L. Morris, Jr., 55, postal worker, Brentwood Post Office, Washington, D.C., died on 10/21/2001; (3) Joseph P. Curseen, Jr., 47, postal worker, Brentwood Post Office, Washington, D.C., died on 10/22/2001, (4) Kathy T. Nguyen, 51, hospital employee, New York City, died on 10/31/2001; and (5) Otilie Lundgren, 94, Oxford, CT, died on 11/21/2001. At least another 269 persons tested positive for exposure to anthrax spores.

8. All of the exposures described above appear to be related to the dissemination of anthrax spores through the U.S. mails in September and October 2001, based on their timing, location, the place of employment of each individual infected, and the identical strain of anthrax found in each letter and in the blood of the five dead victims.

9. The Center for Disease Control in Atlanta examined isolates of the anthrax microorganism extracted from the powder contained in the Brokaw and Daschle letters, as well as blood samples collected from the five decedents. The CDC has determined that the strain of *Bacillus anthracis* found in each of the decedents' blood is genetically indistinguishable from the strain of anthrax found in the threat letters sent to Mr. Brokaw and Senator Daschle. Each of these isolates contain the same unique combination of eight genetic markers that distinguish this particular anthrax bacteria as the Ames-strain. The Ames strain is just one of over 200 genetically distinct strains of anthrax throughout the world.

10. Law enforcement officials have spoken to individuals who have knowledge and training about infectious diseases including anthrax. Based upon their scientific expertise, I understand that anthrax is a potentially deadly infectious disease caused by the bacterium *Bacillus anthracis*. Quantities of *Bacillus anthracis* can be produced in a scientific laboratory such as those found at universities or other research institutions. Individuals in possession of a stock culture of the *Bacillus anthracis* bacterium can produce larger quantities by using items in the course of the growth and sporulation process such as: flasks, brewing carboys, glassware, other fermentation vessels, a centrifuge, blood agar plates, petri dishes, yeast or other sources of nutrients required for the growth of bacteria, hoses, mason jars and other storage containers. Anthrax spores can grow at room temperature or in incubators. Refrigerators and freezers can be used to keep *Bacillus anthracis* in a liquid form. To make dry *Bacillus anthracis* spores out of a liquid would typically involve use of a lyophilizer (freeze dryer), mortar and pestle, micronizer or milling machine.

11. Working safely with dried anthrax spores requires scientific training and expertise in technical fields such as microbiology or virology.

Fiber Evidence

12. The four envelopes containing the anthrax spores were forwarded to the Trace Evidence Unit of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Washington, DC for hair and fiber analysis. Several textile fibers were recovered [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] The fibers are believed to be suitable for comparison purposes.

Steven Jay Hatfill

12. The investigation to date has revealed that Steven Jay Hatfill is a bioterrorism consultant [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Hatfill is a protege of [REDACTED] an expert on biological warfare agents from the United States former offensive bio-program. Steven Hatfill's curriculum vitae claims a "working knowledge of the former U.S. and foreign BW programs, wet and dry BW agents, large scale production of bacterial, rickettsial, and viral BW pathogens and toxins, stabilizers and other additives, former BG simulant production methods . . ." Hatfill is believed to have experience working with various anthrax "simulants," that is, other types of *bacillus* that mimic the properties of anthracis.

13. Steven Hatfill has a long history of working at scientific laboratories that have the type of equipment that would be necessary to produce the refined *Bacillus anthracis* contained in the letters. From 09/94 to 09/95, Hatfill worked as a Research Scientist at Oxford University, England. From 09/95 to 09/97, he was a Intramural Research Training Award Program (IRTA) researcher at the National Institutes of Health (NIH). From 09/97 to 09/99, Hatfill was a National Research Council (NRC) researcher at United States Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases (USAMRIID). From 09/99 to 03/02, Hatfill worked as a Science Applications International Corporation (SAIC) in McLean, Virginia as a consultant for Biowarfare Medical Defense. [REDACTED] Hatfill designed and constructed mock terrorist biochemical laboratories [REDACTED]

14. While employed at USAMRIID in Frederick, Maryland, from 1997 to 1999, Hatfill worked in the laboratory building in which the United States Army houses various biological agents, including the same "Ames" strain of *Bacillus anthracis* contained in the letters. Hatfill had access to the unlocked storage freezers in which the Ames strain of B.A. was then kept.

15. Steven Hatfill has made statements suggesting that he has previously prepared and used biological agents, including anthrax, on human beings outside the United States. On April 21, 2002, FBI agents interviewed a witness [REDACTED] who recalls several statements Hatfill made in [REDACTED] describing his years in Africa in the late 1970's and early 1980's. [REDACTED]

During an interview with FBI agents on March 27, 2002, Steven Hatfill denied taking any Cipro during the months of September and October of 2001. However, a review of pharmacy business records reveals that exactly two days before the first anthrax letters were mailed (postmarked) on September 18, 2001, Steven Hatfill filled a prescription for forty 500 mg tablets of Cipro at the CVS pharmacy located near his home in Frederick, Maryland. Exactly two days before the second group of anthrax letters were mailed (postmarked) on October 9, 2001, Hatfill filled another prescription for thirty more 500 mg tablets of Cipro at the same CVS pharmacy. Additional Cipro prescriptions were filled by Hatfill on January 9, 2001 (20 tablets), July 1, 2001 (20 tablets), and November 10, 2001 (30 tablets).

19. During another interview with FBI agents in October, 2001, Steven Hatfill stated that he maintains a small suspension of an anthrax simulant, *Bacillus globigii* (BG), at his apartment which he received [REDACTED]

20. In a January 26, 1998 *Insight* magazine article, Steven Hatfill reportedly demonstrated in his own kitchen how someone could "cook up a batch of plague in his or her own kitchen using common household ingredients and protective equipment from a supermarket." Other sources have also stated that Hatfill has produced bio-weapon simulants in his home and has the ability to produce very fine powders similar to those contained in the anthrax letters. Hatfill told [REDACTED] that he had, in fact, produced a quantity of Bubonic Plague, and had also acquired the active agent that causes Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy ("Mad Cow Disease"). Hatfill stated that he stored the agent in his refrigerator and he discussed how easy it would be to destroy substantial portions of the American beef and dairy industry.

21. In a fictional book Mr. Hatfill wrote but never published in 1999, he discussed in detail how a terrorist might acquire, produce and release a lethal pathogen like anthrax or pestis in the United States with deadly consequences. Hatfill describes in his book how a terrorist might purchase lab equipment without arousing suspicion by setting up a "false small business" which, according to Hatfill, "normally involves nothing more complicated than obtaining a business license for tax purposes and filling in a document termed an Alternate Name Statement."

Use of the Subject Apartment

22. [REDACTED] is the only occupant named on the lease to [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] Washington, DC. She has resided at that address for over three years. Steven Hatfill has told FBI investigators that [REDACTED] and that they have been dating since 1998. Hatfill admits that he stays at [REDACTED] several days each week. FBI [REDACTED] confirmed that, during the past three months, Hatfill has been observed entering and exiting the apartment building at [REDACTED] in a manner that is consistent with him living at that location several days per week. Hatfill stayed overnight at that address last evening, July 30, 2002.

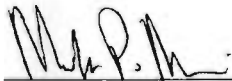
Use of the Subject Automobile

23. The subject automobile to registered to [REDACTED] [REDACTED] Washington, DC. She owned the vehicle at the time of the anthrax attacks in September and October, 2001. FBI [REDACTED] observed Hatfill drive or riding in the Subject Vehicle on several occasions within the last three months.

Scope of the Search


24. Based on the foregoing, I submit that there is probable cause to believe that a search of the Subject Apartment and Subject Vehicle may result in collection of evidence relevant to the dissemination of a weapon of mass destruction (anthrax) through the U.S. mail system in September, 2001 and October, 2001 in violation of 18 U.S.C. Sections 2332a and 1114. Specifically, there is probable cause to believe that a search and vacuum sweeping of the two premises may reveal lab equipment or materials used in preparation of the deadly anthrax contained in the letters, or may produce hairs, textile fibers, papers, tape, pens, notes, books, manuals, receipts, financial records of any type, correspondence, address books, photographs, computer files, cellular phones, phone bills, electronic pager devices, other digital devices, or other documentary evidence that may link Stephen Jay Hatfill to the anthrax mailings, to the location of a laboratory, and may identify coconspirators involved in the attacks.

25. The statements contained in this affidavit are based in part on information provided by FBI Special Agents, on information provided by confidential sources, on observations made by law enforcement agents, and on my experience and background as an FBI Special Agent. I have not included each and every fact known to me concerning this investigation. I have set forth only the facts that I believe are necessary to establish the necessary foundation for the search warrant.



MARK P. MORIN
Special Agent
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Sworn to before me this
31st day of July, 2002



U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE
United States District Court
for the District of Columbia

DEBORAH A. ROBINSON
U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE