


U.S. 379, 384 (1953)), and this plaintiff fails to meet his burden. “It is well-settled that a writ of mandamus is not available to compel discretionary acts,” *Cox v. Sec’y of Labor*, 739 F. Supp. 28, 30 (D.D.C. 1990) (citing cases), and the Attorney General’s decision to investigate any particular matter is left to his discretion, *see Shoshone Bannock Tribes v. Reno*, 56 F.3d 1476, 1480 (D.C. Cir. 1995) (“Courts have also refused to review the Attorney General’s litigation decisions in civil matters.”); *see also United States v. Nixon*, 418 U.S. 683, 693 (1974) (acknowledging that the Executive Branch “has exclusive authority and absolute discretion to decide whether to prosecute a case”). The petition therefore must be denied. An Order accompanies this Memorandum Opinion.

DATE: November 8, 2019



TANYA S. CHUTKAN
United States District Judge