

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA
ORLANDO DIVISION

RICHARD JEROME SMITH,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No: 6:17-cv-1270-Orl-31KRS

**WAYNE IVORY, BREVARD COUNTY
JAIL COMPLEX, LAW LIBRARIAN
OF INMATES LIBRARY, OIC'S OF
ALL DEPUTIES E.T.A.L., MENTAL
HEALTH INTAKE STAFF, L.T.'S
REPRISOL E.T.A.L., CAPTAIN'S
REPRISOL E.T.A.L., SGT'S REPRISOL
E.T.A.L., CHAPLIAN'S REPRISOL
E.T.A.L. and ARMOR MEDICAL
STAFF UNIT OSHA ACT REPRISOL,**

Defendants.

_____/ **ORDER**

This case is before the Court on Plaintiff's civil rights complaint (Doc. 1). Plaintiff's allegations are largely unintelligible.

Section 1915(g) of Title 28 limits a prisoner's ability to bring a civil action in forma pauperis under certain circumstances:

(g) In no event shall a prisoner bring a civil action or appeal a judgment in a civil action or proceeding under this section if the prisoner has, on 3 or more prior occasions, while incarcerated or detained in any facility, brought an action or appeal in a court of the United States that was dismissed on the grounds that it is frivolous, malicious, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, unless the prisoner is under imminent danger of serious physical injury.

28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). Thus, if a prisoner has had three or more cases dismissed for one of the recited reasons, he cannot proceed in forma pauperis and must pay the filing fee in full at the time the lawsuit is initiated. *Dupree v. Palmer*, 284 F.3d 1234, 1236 (11th Cir. 2002). Consequently, courts have a responsibility to dismiss cases, even *sua sponte*, under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). *See, e.g., Casey v. Scott*, 493 F. App'x 1000, 1001 (11th Cir. 2012).

The Court takes judicial notice of filings previously brought by Plaintiff that were dismissed on the grounds that they were frivolous, malicious, or failed to state a claim upon which relief may be granted: (1) 6:16-cv-692-Orl-18TBS; (2) 6:16-cv-772-Orl-37DAB; and (3) 6:17-cv-804-Orl-18KRS.

Plaintiff has had at least three prior cases dismissed as frivolous or for failure to state a claim. Moreover, Plaintiff has failed to allege that he is under imminent danger of serious physical injury. Therefore, Plaintiff was required to pay the full filing fee at the time he initiated this action. Consequently, this case is dismissed without prejudice. Plaintiff may initiate a new civil rights action by filing a new civil rights complaint form and paying the full filing fee.

Accordingly, it is now **ORDERED** and **ADJUDGED**:

1. This case is hereby **DISMISSED** without prejudice.
2. The Clerk of the Court is directed to close this case.

DONE AND ORDERED in Orlando, Florida on July 18, 2017.




GREGORY A. PRESNELL
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Copies furnished to:
Unrepresented Party
OrIP-1