IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA TAMPA DIVISION IN ADMIRALTY

ODYSSEY MARINE EXPLORATION, INC.,

Plaintiff,

CIVIL ACTION

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v.

Case No. 8:07-CV-00616-JSM-MSS

THE UNIDENTIFIED SHIPWRECKED

VESSEL, its apparel, tackle, appurtenances and cargo located within center point coordinates: (to be provided to the Court under seal)

in rem,

Defendant(s).	
	,

NOTICE OF OPPOSED MOTION OF KINGDOM OF SPAIN FOR TRANSFER OF RELATED CASES

Notice is hereby given by Claimant Kingdom of Spain of the filing of a Local Rule 1.04(b) motion for Transfer of Related Cases in Odyssey Marine Exploration, Inc. v. Unidentified Shipwrecked Vessel or Vessels, Case No. 8:06-CV-01685-SDM-TBM, a copy of which is filed herewith.

Respectfully submitted on August 15, 2007,

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA TAMPA DIVISION IN ADMIRALTY

ODYSSEY MARINE EXPLORATION, INC.,

Plaintiff,

CIVIL ACTION

v.

Case No. 8:06-CV-1685-SDM-TBM

THE UNIDENTIFIED, SHIPWRECKED VESSEL OR VESSELS, their apparel, tackle, appurtenances and cargo located within center point coordinates: 49° 25'N, 6° 00'W; Radius: 5 nautical miles,

in rem,

L	Defendant(s).

OPPOSED MOTION OF KINGDOM OF SPAIN FOR TRANSFER OF RELATED CASES

Claimant, Kingdom of Spain ("Spain"), by and through its undersigned counsel, hereby moves for transfer of related cases <u>Odyssey Marine Exploration v. Unidentified Shipwreck</u>

<u>Vessel</u>, Case Nos. 8:07-CV-00614-SCB-MAP and 8:07-CV-00616-JSM-MSS to this Court pursuant to Local Rule 1.04(b). In accordance with Local Rule 1.04(b), Spain so moves in this, the first-filed of the related cases, and is simultaneously giving notice and filing copies of this motion in the cases that may be transferred if this motion is granted. Counsel for Spain has conferred with counsel for Odyssey and has been advised that the motion is opposed.

Spain respectfully submits that the transfer of these related cases to the supervision of one judge would avoid "duplication in the[ir] prosecution or resolution" Local Rule 1.04(b).

Transfer would be in the interests of justice and judicial economy, and would avoid potentially

conflicting rulings on common questions of law and/or fact. For these reasons, as discussed in more detail below, Spain respectfully requests that this motion be granted.

MEMORANDUM OF LAW

Each of these cases was filed in the U.S. District Court for the Middle District of Florida by Plaintiff Odyssey Marine Exploration, Inc. ("Odyssey") as an <u>in rem</u> admiralty case under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 9(h) and Supplemental Rules C and D. <u>See</u> Odyssey's Verified Complaint in Admiralty *in Rem* ¶ 3 (Sept. 13, 2006) (Case No. 8:06-CV-01685-SDM-TBM); Verified Complaint in Admiralty *in Rem* ¶ 3 (Apr. 9, 2007) (Case No. 8:07-CV-0616-JSM-MSS); Verified Complaint in Admiralty in Rem ¶ 3 (Apr. 9, 2007) (Case No. 8:07-CV-00614-SCB-MAP). In each case, Odyssey filed parallel claims against a Defendant Shipwrecked Vessel(s) located in European waters, far outside the United States, on a theory of <u>in rem</u> and/or quasi in rem jurisdiction.

In each case, Spain filed a parallel Verified Claim asserting sovereign ownership and other rights in the <u>res</u> and affirming Spain's refusal of salvage, for which it had previously put would-be U.S. salvors on notice. <u>See Spain's Verified Claim (May 29, 2007) (Case No. 8:06-CV-01685-SDM-TBM)</u>; Verified Claim (May 29, 2007) (Case No. 8:07-CV-0616-JSM-MSS); Verified Claim (May 30, 2007) (Case No. 8:07-CV-00614-SCB-MAP). In each case, in June 2007, Spain filed Motions for More Definite Statement and other relief.² In response to these

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The <u>res</u> at issue in Case No. 8:06-CV-01685-SDM-TBM, before this Court, is alleged to be a shipwreck located south of England. <u>See</u> Verified Complaint in Admiralty in Rem ¶ 2. The <u>res</u> at issue in Case No. 8:07-CV-0616-JSM-MSS, assigned to Judge Moody, is alleged to be a shipwreck located southeast of Sardinia, Italy. <u>See</u> Verified Complaint in Admiralty in Rem ¶ 2. The <u>res</u> at issue in Case No. 8:07-CV-00614-SCB-MAP, assigned to Judge Bucklew, is alleged to be at a location west of Cádiz, Spain. <u>See</u> Verified Complaint in Admiralty in Rem ¶ 2 ("Defendant Shipwrecked Vessel is lying at . . . approximately 100 miles west of the Straits of Gibraltar.").

² <u>See</u> Unopposed Motion to Vacate Default Judgment and Deeming the Kingdom of Spain's Verified Claim as Timely Submitted, and Opposed Motion for an Order Requiring Plaintiff to Provide a More Definite Statement and Access to Relevant Information Before the Kingdom of Spain Files Its Responsive Pleading (June 15, 2007) (Case (continued...)

motions, on August 6, 2007, Odyssey filed Amended Complaints that assert at least five identical claims or causes of action. Two of the amended complaints (those filed in Case Nos. 8:07-CV-0616-JSM-MSS and 8:07-CV-00614-SCB-MAP) also contain an identical claim for injunctive relief. Parallel motions for preliminary injunctive relief were filed in these two cases (Case Nos. 8:07-CV-0616-JSM-MSS and 8:07-CV-00614-SCB-MAP). Parallel motions for identical protective orders were filed in all three cases. Pending in each case is an agreed motion for Spain's responses to be due on or before September 19, 2006. Each case is thus at a parallel procedural stage.³

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Odyssey's August 6 filings in response to Spain's Motions for More Definite Statement and other relief bring home that the cases share intertwined, complex, and often identical questions of law and fact. As examples:

In each case, Odyssey's Amended Complaint asserts at least five identical causes of action or counts, with each Amended Complaint adding counts that include in personam claims, presenting parallel questions of in rem versus in personam jurisdiction and process, sovereign immunity, see Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 1603 et seq. (2000), and the act of state doctrine, see Glen v.

No. 8:06-CV-01685-SDM-TBM); Motion for More Definite Statement and Related Relief (June 19, 2007) (Case No. 8:07-CV-0616-JSM-MSS); Motion for More Definite Statement and/or Other Relief (June 19, 2007) (Case No. 8:07-CV-00614-SCB-MAP).

³ On May 30, 2007, the Court entered a default order and administratively closed this case (Case No. 8:06-CV-01685-SDM-TBM). However, pending in this case is an unopposed motion by Spain to vacate the default order and reopen proceedings. See Unopposed Motion to Vacate Default Judgment and Deeming the Kingdom of Spain's Verified Claim as Timely Submitted, and Opposed Motion for an Order Requiring Plaintiff to Provide a More Definite Statement and Access to Relevant Information Before the Kingdom of Spain Files Its Responsive Pleading (June 15, 2007). Odyssey has filed, as noted, an Amended Complaint and a motion for a protective order in response to Spain's motion. See Docket Entries 37 and 38. In the event that this court denies the motion to vacate the default judgment, Spain would move to transfer the other cases to Judge Bucklew, to whom the first-filed of the other two cases is assigned.

<u>Club Méditerranée, S.A.</u>, 450 F.3d 1251 (11th Cir. 2006) (discussing and applying the doctrine), with broad international implications.

- In each case, the Amended Complaint filed by Odyssey continues to fail to identify the Defendant Shipwrecked Vessel with reasonable particularity as required by Supplemental Rules C and E. Spain anticipates that it will file renewed motions to dismiss in each case on legal grounds that include failure to state a claim under these rules and other legal grounds that will be parallel in each of the cases.
- Apart from whether Odyssey has pleaded legally sufficient claims that facially comply with Supplemental Rules C and E, equally sensitive and far-reaching questions can be anticipated concerning, inter alia, (i) the in rem jurisdiction of the courts over shipwrecks in European waters; (ii) the sovereign immunities of other nations from in personam claims, arrest, or claims against sovereign property; (iii) the rights and immunities of sovereign nations (and owners in general) to prevent unauthorized salvage; (iv) the rights of sovereigns to protect cultural and historical heritage, and to protect gravesites of their personnel and citizens; and (v) U.S. treaty obligations and policies for the protection of sunken vessels of other nations and international reciprocity in the protection of sunken sovereign property. See Sea Hunt, Inc. v. Unidentified Shipwrecked Vessel or Vessels, 221 F.3d 634, 643, 647 (4th Cir. 2000) (stating that claims against sunken Spanish vessels present "sensitive matters of international law" and upholding Spain's refusal of salvage regarding, ownership of, and court-ordered return of artifacts taken from Spanish vessels).

- Odyssey's in personam claim for damages filed in each of the cases and claims for injunctive relief filed in two of the cases purport to seek remedies relating to orders of a Spanish court in the exercise of criminal-law authority under Spanish law. By these claims, Odyssey seeks to have the courts of this District sit in judgment on the exercise by another nation's judges of their criminal law authority and award damages based on a Spanish law enforcement investigation. Any consideration of such claims presents common and far-reaching questions of jurisdiction, international relations, and comity.
- In each of the cases, Odyssey has filed a motion for protective order that seeks to require the Government of Spain to designate a "particular authority" to which access to information shall be limited.⁵ To the extent that any protective order is required in these cases, it should be decided on a common and coordinated basis, particularly as Odyssey's motion seeks to impose restrictions on the exercise by Spanish government officials of their official duties in a matter of significant Spanish-government concern.

In short, common questions of law and fact are not only present, but involve potentially dispositive issues for which transfer is appropriate to minimize the potential for conflicting rulings within this District on questions that have far-reaching implications. In opposition to this

⁴ See Odyssey's Amended Verified Complaint in Admiralty ¶¶ 23-24, 45-48 (Aug. 6, 2007) (Case No. 8:06-CV-01685-SDM-TBM); Amended Verified Complaint in Admiralty ¶¶ 22-23, 34-37, 48-51 (Aug. 6, 2007) (Case No. 8:07-CV-0616-JSM-MSS); Amended Verified Complaint in Admiralty ¶¶ 22-23, 34-37, 48-51 (Aug. 6, 2007) (Case No. 8:07-CV-00614-SCB-MAP).

⁵ See Odyssey's Motion for Protective Order (Aug. 6, 2007) (Case No. 8:06-CV-01685-SDM-TBM); Motion for Protective Order (Aug. 6, 2007) (Case No. 8:07-CV-0616-JSM-MSS); Motion for Protective Order (Aug. 6, 2007) (Case No. 8:07-CV-00614-SCB-MAP).

motion, Odyssey may argue that the location and identity of the shipwrecks it claims in the individual cases is different and therefore there may be differences in the facts among the cases. But Local Rule 1.04 does not require that related cases be identical in every respect. Few cases ever are. The Local Rule requires only that the cases be related because of "either a common question of fact or prospective duplication in the prosecution or resolution of the cases." Local Rule 1.04(b). It is beyond question that there are common questions of fact here: Odyssey's filings of August 6 include identical (and lengthy) factual declarations and statements. And the fact that Odyssey has filed five identical causes of action in its Amended Complaints, identical motions for injunctive relief in two of the cases, and identical motions for a protective order in all three of the cases shows that there would be not just "prospective" but actual "duplication in the prosecution or resolution of the cases" if they are not transferred.⁶

Accordingly, Spain respectfully submits that, in the interests of justice and judicial economy, transfer to this Court of cases number 8:07-CV-00614-SCB-MAP and 8:07-CV-00616-JSM-MSS is warranted and appropriate under Local Rule 1.04(b). In the event that this motion is granted, in whole or in part, Spain respectfully suggests that the transferee judge schedule an initial pre-trial conference to address matters such as coordination and potential consolidation of the cases and such other matters as the court deems appropriate.

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To promote judicial economy even further, the possibility of consolidating the related cases may be considered at a later date. See Local Rule 1.04(c) ("If cases assigned to a judge are related because of either a common question of law or fact or any other prospective duplication in the prosecution or resolution of the cases, a party may move to consolidate the cases for any or all purposes in accord with Rule 42.Fed.R.Civ.P....").

Respectfully submitted on August 15, 2007,

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that, on August 15, 2007, I caused the attached Motion for Transfer of Related Cases to be served on Allen von Spiegelfeld, Attorney of Record for Plaintiff, Fowler White Boggs Banker P.A., P.O. Box 1438, Tampa, FL 33601, by facsimile and by filing the aforementioned motion electronically via the Court's CM/ECF system.

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