## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA TAMPA DIVISION

JAMES R. BARNES,

Petitioner,

v. Case No: 8:14-cv-2385-T-30TGW

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS and MICHAEL CREWS,

Respondents

respondents.		

## **ORDER OF DISMISSAL**

Before the Court is the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Dkt. #1) and Memorandum in Support (Dkt. #2). Upon review, the Court finds that Barnes previously filed a § 2254 petition (2:11-cv-362-JES-CM, Middle District of Florida) which was denied. In the present petition, denominated a § 2241 petition, Barnes seeks to raise ineffective assistance of counsel claims from his state case. He contends *Martinez v. Ryan*, 132 S.Ct. 1309 (2012) authorizes this Court to entertain those claims in a § 2241 petition. Barnes is wrong. *Martinez* dealt with whether a claim could survive procedural default and be brought in a timely § 2254 petition. *Martinez* does not authorize the untimely raising of the claim or the circumvention of the requirement to get 11th Circuit approval prior to bringing a second or successive § 2254 petition.

## It is therefore **ORDERED AND ADJUDGED** as follows:

- 1. This cause is dismissed with prejudice.
- 2. Any pending motions are denied as moot.

3. The Clerk is directed to close this case.

CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY AND LEAVE TO APPEAL

IN FORMA PAUERIS DENIED

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Petitioner is not entitled to a certificate of

appealability. A prisoner seeking a writ of habeas corpus has no absolute entitlement to

appeal a district court's denial of his petition. 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(1). Rather, a district

court must first issue a certificate of appealability. *Id.* "A certificate of appealability may

issue ... only if the applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a

constitutional right." Id. at § 2253(c)(2). To make such a showing, Petitioner "must

demonstrate that reasonable jurists would find the district court's assessment of the

constitutional claims debatable or wrong," Tennard v. Dretke, 542 U.S. 274, 282

(2004)(quoting *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000)), or that "the issues presented

were 'adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further.'" Miller-El v. Cockrell, 537

U.S. 322, 335-36 (2003)(quoting Barefoot v. Estelle, 463 U.S. 880, 893 n. 4 (1983)).

Petitioner has not made the requisite showing in these circumstances.

Finally, because Petitioner is not entitled to a certificate of appealability, he is not

entitled to appeal in forma pauperis.

**DONE** and **ORDERED** in Tampa, Florida, this 29th day of October, 2014.

JAMES S. MOODY, JR.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Copies furnished to:

Counsel/Parties of Record

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