## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA TAMPA DIVISION

FINANCIAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES, INC.,

Plaintiff.

v.	CASE NO: 8:15-cv-2784-T-30AEP
MARK LOPEZ,	
Defendant.	

## **ORDER**

THIS CAUSE comes before the Court upon Plaintiff's Motion to Remand (Dkt. 8) and Defendant's Response in Opposition (Dkt. 13). The Court, having reviewed the motion, response, and being otherwise advised in the premises, concludes that the motion should be denied.

## **DISCUSSION**

On or about September 30, 2015, Plaintiff Financial Information Technologies, Inc. filed this action in state court against Defendant Mark Lopez, a former employee, seeking declaratory and monetary relief related to breach of contract, misappropriation of trade secrets, tortious interference, and violation of Florida's Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act.

On November 24, 2015, Plaintiff served its response to requests for admissions that indicated the amount in controversy exceeded \$75,000. On December 3, 2015, Defendant removed the action based on diversity of citizenship. On December 14, 2015, Plaintiff filed

a motion to remand arguing that the removal was defective because it alleged that Defendant

was a resident of Maryland—in other words, the removal did not properly allege that

Defendant was a citizen of Maryland. The motion also questioned whether Defendant was

truly a Maryland citizen.

On December 15, 2015, Defendant filed an amended notice of removal. The amended

notice alleges that Lopez is a citizen of Maryland. Defendant's response to Plaintiff's motion

to remand also includes Defendant's affidavit that also demonstrates he is a citizen of

Maryland.

The Eleventh Circuit dictates a liberal approach with respect to permitting a defendant

to correct deficiencies of citizenship in a notice of removal. See Corp. Mgmt. Advisors, Inc.

v. Artjen Complexus, Inc., 561 F.3d 1294, 1297 (11th Cir. 2009) (holding that if a plaintiff

moves to remand because of a defendant's failure to adequately allege diversity of citizenship

in the notice of removal, the "district court should allow [the defendant] to cure the

omission") (internal quotations omitted) (alterations supplied). Defendant's amended notice

of removal and response indicate that diversity jurisdiction is present in this case.

Accordingly, it is ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that Plaintiff's Motion to Remand

(Dkt. 8) is denied.

**DONE** and **ORDERED** in Tampa, Florida on January 4, 2016.

JAMES S. MOODY, JR.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

<u>Copies Furnished To:</u> Counsel/Parties of Record

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