Vegas v. United States of America

v.

Doc. 5

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA TAMPA DIVISION

TORREN DARNAI VEGAS

Case No: 16-cv-02951-T-24TBM

15-cr-00067-T-24TBM

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

ORDER

This cause comes before the Court on Petitioner Torren Darnai Vegas's motion to vacate, set aside, or correct an allegedly illegal sentence pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255. Civ. Doc. 1; Crim.

Doc. 72. The Government does not oppose the motion. Civ. Doc. 4. As explained below, the

motion is **GRANTED**.

On March 12, 2015, a grand jury charged Petitioner with three counts: possession with

intent to distribute heroin, cocaine base, cocaine, and marijuana in violation of 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(a),

841(b)(1)(C), and 841(b)(1)(D) (Count One); possession of a firearm in furtherance of the crime

charged in Count One, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 924(c)(1)(A) (Count Two); and felon in

possession of a firearm in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1) (Count Three). Crim. Doc. 1. Count

Three was based on the crime of carrying a concealed firearm, to which Petitioner pled guilty on

September 21, 2007, Case No. 2007CF003290, Manatee County Florida. The state court judge

withheld adjudication and placed Vegas on 18 months' probation, which was subsequently

terminated on September 5, 2008.

Petitioner pleaded guilty to Counts One and Three, and on October 20, 2015, Petitioner

was sentenced to 60 months' imprisonment to run currently as to Count One and Count Three.

Petitioner then filed a notice of appeal, but he later moved for and was granted voluntary dismissal

of that appeal. See Crim. Doc. 63. Petitioner, represented by counsel, timely filed his § 2255

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motion on October 18, 2016, arguing he is innocent of the felon-in-possession offense (Count III),

because he had no prior felony conviction. The prior felony conviction relied upon by the

Government was not a felony conviction because adjudication had been withheld. Civ. Doc. 1 at

4.

The Government does not oppose the § 2255 motion, agreeing with the Eleventh Circuit's

decision in United States v. Clarke, 822 F.3d 1213, 1214 (11th Cir. 2016), which held that a

withhold of adjudication under Florida law does not qualify as a predicate felony conviction for

purposes of 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1). Civ. Doc. 4 at 1–2; See also Clarke, 822 F.3d at 1214–15.

Accordingly, the Court finds that Petitioner's § 2255 motion should be granted. The Court

hereby vacates and sets aside the judgment and sentence as to Count Three (felon in possession of

a firearm in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(g) (1)) that was entered against Petitioner. (Crim. Doc.

47). The Clerk is directed to enter judgment in favor of Petitioner and to close the civil case.

Additionally, the Clerk is directed to set Torren Darnai Vegas for a re-sentencing. Petitioner Torren

Darnai Vegas must be present at the sentencing. The Probation Office is directed to prepare an

amended presentence investigation report and disclose to both the Government and Petitioner prior

to sentencing.

DONE AND ORDERED at Tampa, Florida, this 9th day of December, 2016.

USAN C. BUCKLEW

United States District Judge

Copies to:

United States Probation Office

2