UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA TAMPA DIVISION

MARINO SANCHEZ-BLANDON,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No: 8:17-cv-513-T-30AEP Crim. Case No: 8:13-cr-557-T-30AEP

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Defendant.

Before the Court is Petitioner's Motion to Vacate, Set Aside or Correct Sentence pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 2255, and his brief in support. (CV Docs. 1 and 2). Upon review and consideration, the Court concludes the Motion must be dismissed as untimely.

BACKGROUND

On November 26, 2013, Petitioner was indicted on two counts. (CR Doc. 1) Count I charged Petitioner with conspiracy to possess with intent to distribute five kilograms or more of cocaine while on board a vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, and Count II charged Petitioner with conspiracy to possess with intent to distribute five kilograms or more or a mixture containing a detectable amount of cocaine while on board a vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. (CR Doc. 1). On March 19, 2014, the Court accepted Petitioner's guilty plea to Count I, and Count II was later dismissed. (CR Docs. 21 and 31). On July 24, 2014, the Court entered judgment and sentenced Petitioner to 70 months' imprisonment followed by 5 years' supervised release. (CR Doc. 45). Petitioner did not appeal. (CV Doc. 1).

DISCUSSSION

The Court concludes Petitioner's Motion is untimely. Under section 2255(f)(1), a petitioner has one year to file a motion from the date on which his judgment of conviction becomes final. Because Petitioner did not file a direct appeal, his judgment became final when the time for filing a direct appeal expired—on August 7, 2014. *See Adams v. United States*, 173 F.3d 1339, 1342 n.2 (11th Cir. 1999). That gave Petitioner until August 7, 2015, to file his Motion. But Petitioner did not file his Motion until February 27, 2017, more than a year after his limitations period expired.

The only explanation Petitioner offers as to why his motion was not filed sooner is that he "was waiting for information about my appeal but did not discover that my attorney had not filed for appeal until now." (CV Doc. 1, p. 10). This argument is insufficient to toll the time for filing his Motion. *See United States v. Jackson*, 205 F. Supp. 2d 876, 880 (W.D. Tenn. 2002); *see also Staake v. United States*, No. 507CV-189-OC-10GRJ, 2007 WL 2050939, at *2 (M.D. Fla. July 16, 2007). And Petitioner's claim is contrary to his previous acknowledgement that he did not want to appeal. At sentencing, the Court directed Petitioner as follows:

The Court: Mr. Sanchez, to the extent permitted by your plea agreement, you have the right of appeal from this judgment and sentence within 14 days from today. Failure to appeal within the 14-day period will be a waiver of your right to appeal.

You have in front of you a form entitled "Declaration of Intent to Appeal." That form is written in English on one side and Spanish on the other and states whether you do or do not wish to file an appeal. It also comes with a stamped envelope addressed to the Clerk's Office. I direct you to complete the form and send it into the Clerk's Office before the end of the 14-day appeal period. If you do not return the form, I will accept that as an

acknowledgment that you do not wish to file an appeal and that that was an

informed and voluntary choice on your part.

(Sentencing Transcript, 12:1–16). Petitioner never returned the Declaration of Intent to

Appeal to the Clerk's Office, which the Court construes as Petitioner's voluntary decision

to not pursue an appeal. Thus his argument that he did not know his attorney had not

pursued an appeal lacks merit. For these reasons, the Court concludes Petitioner's Motion

is time-barred.

ORDERED AND ADJUDGED as follows:

1. Petitioner's Motion (CV Doc. 1) is DISMISSED without prejudice.

2. All pending motions are denied as moot.

3. The Clerk is directed to close this case.

4. The Clerk is directed to terminate from pending status the Motion found at

Doc. 81 in the underlying criminal case, 8:13-cr-557-T-30AEP.

DONE and **ORDERED** in Tampa, Florida, this 10th day of March, 2017.

JAMES S. MOODY, JR.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Copies furnished to:

Counsel/Parties of Record

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