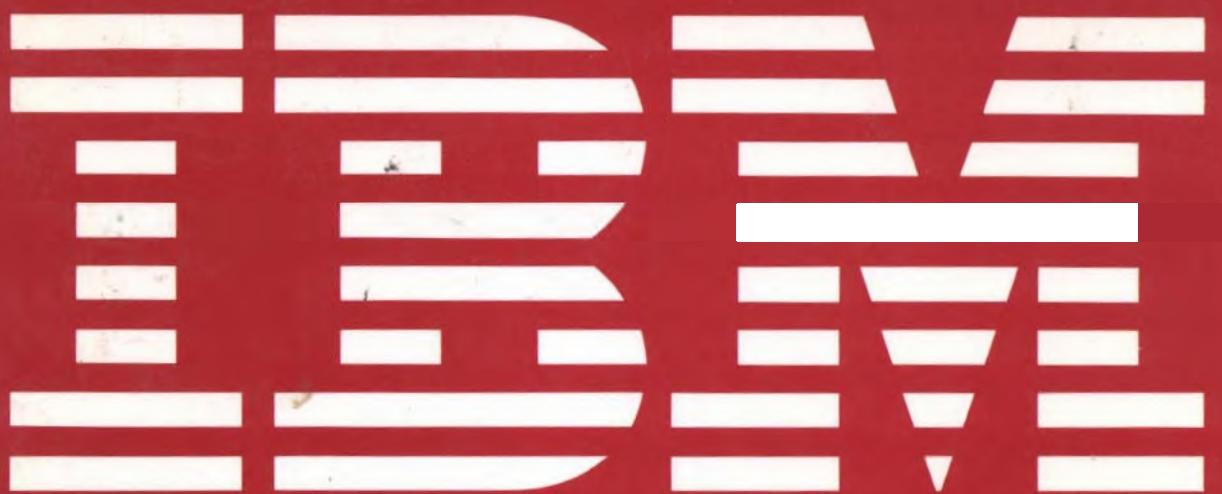


## Exhibit 2

to Motorola's Opening Claim Construction Brief

July 28, 2011



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# **IBM DICTIONARY OF COMPUTING**

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DPS Distributed Presentation Services.

DPSK Differential phase-shift keying.

**DR** (I) In NCP and CCP, dynamic reconfiguration.  
(2) In SNA, definite response.

**draft copy** A version of a document prepared for review, approval, or editing. (T)

**draft quality** Print quality of text that is not suitable for business correspondence, but good enough for most internal documents. (T)

**drag** In SAA Common User Access, to use a pointing device to move an object; for example, clicking on a window border, and dragging it to make the window larger.

**dragging** In computer graphics, moving one or more segments on a display surface by translating. (I) (A)

**drag select** In SAA Advanced Common User Access, to press a mouse button and hold it down while moving the pointer so that the pointer travels to a different location on the screen. Dragging ends when the mouse button is released. All items between the button-down and button-up points are selected. See also click, double-click.

**drain** To honor pending allocation requests before deactivating sessions with a partner logical unit 6.2.

**DRAM** Dynamic random-access memory.

**drawable** In AIX Enhanced X-Windows, a collective term for both windows and pixmaps when used as destinations in graphics operations. However, an InputOnly window cannot be used as a source or destination drawable in a graphics operation.

**DRAW disc** Direct-read-after-write disc.

**drawn button** In the AIXwindows program a graphic object that simulates a real-world button with a symbol or other image drawn on its face.

**DRC** Data recording control.

**DRD** Data recording device.

**DRDS** Dynamic reconfiguration data set.

**drift** (1) The unwanted change of the value of an output signal of a device over a specified period of time when the values of all input signals of the device are kept constant. (T) (2) The maximum deviation of the statistical mean within a specified time at a constant temperature.

**drifting characters** See currency symbol, sign character.

**drip feed valve** In a duplicator, an adjustable device for regulating the flow of the activator in a gravity feed system. (T)

**drive** See diskette storage drive, disk storage drive, media drive, tape drive.

**drive designation** A letter, from A to Z, assigned to a physical disk, a partition, or a network directory so that the system has a unique way to refer to the rntxMA...

**driver** (I) A program (and possibly data files) that contain information needed to run a particular unit, such as a plotter, printer, port, or mouse. See also device driver, printer driver, and queue driver. (2) A system or device that enables a functional unit to operate. (3) A circuit that increases the signal current for sending data over long cables or to many other circuits. (4) A circuit that sends small electronic signals to a device.

**drop** (I) In the IBM Cabling System, a cable that was from a faceplate to the distribution panel in a wiring closet. When the IBM Cabling System is used with the IBM Token-Ring Network, a drop may form part of a lobe. Cables between wiring closets are not classified as drops. See subscriber's drop. (2) To fix the position of an object that is being dragged by releasing the select button on the pointing device. See also drag.

**drop cable** The cable that connects a data station to a trunk coupling unit. Synonymous with stub cable. (T)

**drop-down combination box** In SAA Advanced Common User Access, a variation of a combination box in which a list box is hidden until a user takes explicitly acts to make it visible. See combination box, list box. See also drop-down list.

**drop-down list** In SAA Advanced Common User Access, a single selection field in which only the current choice is visible. Other choices are hidden until a user explicitly acts to display the list box that contains the other choices. See also list box, drop-down combination box.

**drop-frame time code** A nonsequential time code used to keep tape time code matched to real time. It must not be used in tapes intended for videodisc mastering.

**drop-in** An error detected by the reading of a binary character not previously recorded, in storing or retrieving data from a magnetic storage device.

**Note:** prof  
the presence'  
(T)

binary clam  
magnetic go

**Note:** Drop

the presence

(T)

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is printed  
during scan  
visible to it

page num  
blind folio