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# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

CASE NO. 05-80393 CIV HURLEY/HOPKINS

STELOR PRODUCTIONS, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, f/k/a STELOR PRODUCTIONS, INC.,

Plaintiff,

VS.

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STEVEN A. SILVERS, a Florida resident,

Defendant.

# PLAINTIFF'S NOTICE OF SIMILAR ACTIONS AND REQUEST FOR TRANSFER AND CONSOLIDATION

Plaintiff Stelor Productions, LLC ("Stelor"), by and through undersigned counsel and pursuant to Local Rule 3.9 and Rule 42(a), Fed. R. Civ. P., hereby provides this notice of similar actions and requests on the following grounds that this action be transferred and consolidated with the related action styled *Steven A. Silvers v. Google, Inc.*, pending as Case No. 05-80387-CIV-RYSKAMP/VITUNIC:<sup>1</sup>

#### **NOTICE OF SIMILAR ACTIONS**

- 1. As referenced in previous filings in this action (hereafter, "Stelor Action"), Defendant Silvers unilaterally filed a trademark infringement action against Google, Inc. ("Google Action"). The Google Action is pending in this Court before the Honorable Judge Ryskamp. Filed one day before this action, the Google Action is in fact the low-numbered case.
- 2. In the Google Action, Silvers claims that Google, Inc. is infringing with Silvers' rights as the senior user of the Googles Trademark. Invoking the Court's federal question

A similar notice is being filed in the Google Action, pursuant to Local Rule 3.9

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jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and the related provisions of § 1338, Silvers brings claims under the federal trademark laws, and under Florida common law for unfair competition.<sup>2</sup>

3. As claimed in this Action, Stelor – and not Silvers – has the exclusive right to

bring such an action against Google, Inc. Stelor claims that Silvers' unilateral pursuit of that

action against Google, Inc. violates the applicable License Agreement and Settlement

Agreement, which remain in full force and effect, and Stelor seeks an injunction barring Silvers'

from pursuing the claim against Google, Inc. in the Google Action.

Although the Google Action has been pending since May 4, 2005, Stelor has just

learned that Google, Inc. filed a Counterclaim in that Action, and has included Stelor as a

counterdefendant. Among other allegations, Google, Inc. claims that neither Silvers nor Stelor

has any valid or enforceable rights in the Googles Trademark. Google, Inc. thus seeks a

declaratory judgment that it is not infringing, but also seeks judgment under the federal

trademark laws canceling the Googles Trademark, Registration No. 2,087,590.

COMMON QUESTIONS OF LAW AND FACT

5. Accordingly, these two actions involve common questions of law and fact, and

subject matter which is a material part of the subject matter of the other respective action.

6. These common issues include: (1) whether Stelor or Silvers has the right to

pursue the claims in the Google Action against Google, Inc.; and (2) whether Stelor or Silvers

has the right (and the related responsibility) to defend the claims brought by Google, Inc. for a

declaration of non-infringement and/or cancellation of the Googles Trademark. Both of these

<sup>2</sup> Silvers also invokes the Court's supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claims

under 28 U.S.C. § 1367, as well as diversity jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1332.

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critical issues turn on whether Silvers' purported termination of the License Agreement is valid

or not.

7. Another common issue is whether, if Google, Inc.'s allegation is true that it – and

not Silvers – has the exclusive right to use the Googles Intellectual Property and Trademarks,

Silvers breached the express warranties he made in the License Agreement that he had exclusive

ownership of all such property, and that the license would violate no applicable laws.

SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION OVER THE STELOR CLAIMS EXISTS IN THE GOOGLE ACTION

8. In addition, the Court in the Google Action has supplemental jurisdiction,

pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367, over the claims raised in the Stelor Action.

9. Pursuant to the Court's Order Granting Without Prejudice Defendant's Motion to

Dismiss, Stelor is required to identify each of its members – tracing back through however many

layers of partners or members that existed. As Stelor has just discovered through that tracing

process, a sub-member does in fact reside in Florida. Accordingly, diversity jurisdiction does

not appear to exist between Stelor and Silvers.

10. As set forth above, though, the Action can properly proceed if restyled as a

crossclaim in the Google Action. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a), the Court in the Google

Action has supplemental jurisdiction over those claims, since the Court has original federal

question jurisdiction over the Google Action and Stelor's claims against Silvers "are so related to

claims in the action within such original jurisdiction that they form part of the same case or

controversy under Article III of the United States Constitution."

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REQUEST FOR TRANSFER AND CONSOLIDATION

11. "The trial courts' managerial power is especially strong and flexible in matters of

consolidation" pursuant to Rule 42(a). In re Air Crash Disaster, 549 F.2d 1006,1013 (5th Cir.

1977). Indeed, as the Court emphasized, the Rule provides a "broad grant of authority,

particularly in the last clause", which authorizes the Court "may make such orders concerning

proceedings therein as may tend to avoid unnecessary costs or delay". Id. Thus, "[i]n this

Circuit, district judges have been 'urged to make good use of Rule 42(a) . . . in order to expedite

the trial and eliminate unnecessary repetition and confusion." *Id.* Consolidation for all purposes,

moreover, has been recognized to merge the cases into one for jurisdictional purposes. See

Lewis Charters, Inc. v. Huckins Yacht Corporation, 871 F.2d 1046, 1048-49 (11th Cir. 1989);

Ringwald v. Harris, 675 F.2d 768, 770 (5<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1982).

12. Under the circumstances, Stelor requests that the Stelor Action be transferred to

and consolidated for all purposes with the Google Action. Procedurally, this would be

accomplished by an order of transfer and consolidation, restyling Stelor's complaint as a cross-

claim in the Google Action. A proposed Crossclaim is attached hereto as Exhibit "1".

13. Transfer and consolidation is warranted pursuant to the local rules, as well as Rule

42(a), given the common questions involved in these actions as set forth above.

14. Given the counterclaim filed in the Google Action, the issues involved in the

Stelor Action will necessarily need to be litigated and addressed by the parties and the Court in

the Google Action. The approach requested by Stelor will avoid unwarranted duplication of

judicial labor, and the need for multiple decisions on related issues.

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15. In addition, this approach will avoid the inefficiency and additional duplication that would be required if the Stelor Action were finally dismissed for lack of jurisdiction, with Stelor then separately filing those same claims as a crossclaim in the Google Action.

16. Indeed, this district has already invested substantial effort in the dispute between Stelor and Silvers, with an evidentiary hearing held by Magistrate Hopkins on Stelor's motion for preliminary injunction and, with extensive briefing by the parties, a subsequent decision by the Court adopting in part and rejecting in part the Magistrate's report recommendation. An appeal, moreover, is pending before the Eleventh Circuit related to that decision.

17. If the Stelor Action were simply dismissed, with Stelor independently refiling the same claims as a crossclaim in the Google Action, then all of the effort and judicial resources invested in connection with the preliminary injunction proceedings would need to be reduplicated in the Google Action, and depending on the outcome, a new appeal filed.

18. An order of transfer and consolidation, restyling Stelor's complaint as a crossclaim in the form attached hereto, would avoid all such reduplication, and enable the pending appeal to proceed.

#### ALTERNATIVE REQUEST FOR FINAL ORDER OF DISMISSAL WITHOUT PREJUDICE

19. Alternatively, Stelor would request that a final order of dismissal be entered without prejudice to Stelor refiling its claims in another action, including as a crossclaim in the Google Action.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests entry of an order transferring and consolidating this action with the Google Action pending as Case No. 05-80387, and restyling the claims and deeming them filed as a crossclaim in the form attached hereto.

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By: <u>/s/ Kevin C. Kaplan</u> Kevin C. Kaplan Florida Bar No. 933848

David J. Zack

Florida Bar No. 641685

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true copy of the foregoing was served via U.S. mail on this 23<sup>rd</sup> day of August, 2005 upon the following:

Adam T. Rabin, Esq. DIMOND, KAPLAN & ROTHSTEIN, P.A. Suite 708 200 S.E. First Street Miami, Florida 33131 Kenneth R. Hartmann, Esq. Gail M. McQuilkin, Esq. KOZYAK TROPIN & THROCKMORTON, P.A. 2525 Ponce de Leon Blvd., 9<sup>th</sup> Floor Coral Gables, Florida 33134

/s/ Kevin C. Kaplan Kevin C. Kaplan

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# EXHIBIT 1

#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

CASE NO. 05-80387 CIV RYSKAMP/VITUNIC

| STEVEN A. SILVERS, an individual,   |
|---|
| Plaintiff,  |
| v.  |
| GOOGLE INC., a Delaware corporation,  |
| Defendant.  |
|   |
| GOOGLE INC., a Delaware corporation   |
| Counterclaimant,  |
| v.  |
| STEVEN A. SILVERS, an individual;<br>STELOR PRODUCTIONS, INC., a Delaware<br>Corporation; STELOR PRODUCTIONS, LLC, a<br>Delaware limited liability company, |
| Counterdefendants.  |

#### STELOR PRODUCTIONS, LLC'S CROSSCLAIM AGAINST STEVEN SILVERS

Counterdefendant, STELOR PRODUCTIONS, L.L.C., f/k/a STELOR PRODUCTIONS, INC. ("Stelor"), by and through its undersigned attorneys, hereby files this Crossclaim against Cross-Defendant STEVEN A. SILVERS ("Silvers") and alleges as follows:

1. This is a civil action seeking an injunction, a declaratory judgment, and other relief based upon Silvers' breach of a settlement agreement between the parties, his failure to honor another agreement between the parties, and the harm and threatened harm engendered by his actions.

#### Parties, Jurisdiction and Venue

- 2. Stelor is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, and having its principal place of business in Darnestown, Maryland. Stelor converted from a corporation to a limited liability company effective on or about March 14, 2005. The members of Stelor consist of residents of various states including Florida.
  - 3. Silvers is a resident of Palm Beach County, Florida and is sui juris.
- 4. This Court has supplemental jurisdiction of this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a), since the Court has original jurisdiction over this action and the crossclaim involves claims that are so related to claims in the action within such original jurisdiction that they form part of the same case or controversy under Article III of the United States Constitution. This Court also has jurisdiction under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2201, because the parties' irreconcilable differences in the interpretation of specific contractual provisions, combined with Silvers' threats and breaches have created a justiciable case or controversy between the parties.
- 5. Stelor's claims arise in whole or in part in the Southern District of Florida. The contracts at issue in this action specifically provide that all disputes are to be resolved by this Court and that the parties consent to jurisdiction in this Court. Silvers also resides in this District. Venue is accordingly proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a).

#### **Factual Allegations**

6. In 1991, Silvers published a children's edutainment book entitled *Googles and the Planet of Goo* about four loveable alien creatures called "Googles". That book displayed the trademark GOOGLES & Design on the outside back cover. Silvers registered copyrights in that

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book and additional related works from 1991 through 1994. In 1995, Silvers applied for a design patent on a tennis shoe having the GOOGLES & Design trademark displayed in at least four places on it (and that patent was subsequently issued September 1, 1998). On August 2, 1996, a company controlled by Silvers, The Googles Children's Workshop, Inc., filed an application for federal registration in the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO") of GOOGLES & Design as a trademark for "children's books" claiming use since June 1994. That application matured into Registration No. 2,087,590 issued August 12, 1997 (the "GOOGLES Registration").

- 7. On July 18, 1997, Silvers registered the domain name googles.com and, on or about that date, started using GOOGLES as a service mark on his website for pre-school and young children (the GOOGLES & Design Trademark, Copyrights, Domain Name, and Patent will be collectively referred to as "GOOGLES IP"). As a natural expansion of the GOOGLES children's book and website, there have been sales of children's merchandise related to the Googles characters, namely, GOOGLES stickers, plush toys and music CDs, and distribution of GOOGLES children's T-shirts.
- 8. Despite these efforts to preserve, expand and promote the GOOGLES IP, Silvers' venture made little impact in a marketplace crowded with children's materials from bigger and better financed providers. In an effort to successfully capitalize on the GOOGLES IP, Silvers sought partners to carry forward his vision. An initial effort between Silvers and Aurora Collection, Inc. ("Aurora") failed and Silvers thereafter sought another partner. Silvers was in no position to move forward alone, as he had many personal and business hurdles to overcome. Significant among them were a lack of capital, a lack of connections, a lack of experience, a lack

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of access to financing, an increasingly adverse relationship with Aurora, and negative aspects of

Silvers' background that made him unsuited to serve as figurehead or spokesman for an

enterprise aimed at providing wholesome and enriching entertainment to an audience of

impressionable children.

9. Accordingly, when Stelor was formed to develop Silvers' concept into a reality,

Stelor's enthusiasm and interest were tempered by legitimate concerns and reservations. Stelor

saw potential in the GOOGLES IP and Stelor's founders also had confidence in their ability to

raise the needed funds and to create a compelling and attractive "Googles" universe that would

enlighten, entertain, educate, and develop children by providing them with fascinating and

uplifting products, programs and services. But aware of Aurora's aborted effort, and wary that

Silvers' background could jeopardize the "Googles" program, Stelor insisted that any

arrangement with Silvers contain safeguards and protections.

10. Thus, when on or around June 1, 2002, Stelor and Silvers entered into a "License,

Distribution and Manufacturing Agreement" ("License Agreement") and a Consulting

Agreement (true and correct copies of which are attached hereto as Exhibits "A" and "B",

respectively), Stelor bargained for, and obtained, promises, commitments and obligations from

Silvers designed to ensure Stelor's ability to develop the "Googles" program free from undue

interference by Silvers. The License Agreement gives Stelor the sole and exclusive worldwide

license to commercialize the Googles characters and the GOOGLES IP. Among the pertinent

provisions of the License Agreement and the Consulting Agreement are the following:

(a) The License Agreement gives Stelor exclusive rights in the "Googles" products,

trademarks and intellectual property and specifies that those rights are exclusive even as to

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Silvers (Ex. "A" at ¶¶ IA, IB).

- (b) The License Agreement gives Stelor an irrevocable power of attorney to apply for, maintain, enforce and defend intellectual property rights, including trademarks, websites and domain names. Stelor, not Silvers, assumed responsibility for handling all Googles trademark and other intellectual property matters (Ex. "A" at ¶ VIIIA).
- (c) The License Agreement and the Consulting Agreement require Silvers to fully cooperate with Stelor, while the Consulting Agreement makes plain that Silvers shall have no power to direct or control the daily activities of Stelor (Ex. "A" at ¶ VIIIE; Ex. "B" at ¶ 3).
- (d) To protect Stelor from possible public embarrassment, both the License Agreement and the Consulting Agreement expressly prohibit Silvers from initiating or maintaining "any relationship or conversation with [Stelor's] current or prospective clients, vendors, any company relationships with the media (press, etc.), without the prior express written request by [Stelor]."
- (e) Critically, Silvers also expressly warranted that he "owns the exclusive rights in and to the Licensed Intellectual Property, Licensed Trademarks, Licensed Patents and Licensed Copyrights necessary to effectual the granting of the Licensed Rights from the LICENSOR to the LICENSEE". (Ex. "A" at ¶ VA(iii)). Silvers, moreover, warranted that his performance of the License Agreement would "not violate or conflict with any applicable U.S. law or regulation". (Ex. "A" at ¶ VA(ii)).
- 11. Silvers freely agreed to these and other contractual obligations and restrictions. Stelor, believing it had the necessary rights and protections, then threw itself enthusiastically into the task of using its best efforts to develop The Googles concept and intellectual property. To this end, Stelor has spent millions of dollars, and its principals and employees have devoted

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themselves tirelessly to making Stelor and the "Googles" successful and profitable, both for

themselves and for the benefit of Silvers.

12. Notwithstanding his contractual agreements, Silvers displayed an unwillingness to

abide by his obligations and commenced a campaign to inject and entwine himself into the very

fabric of Stelor's business. He subverted Stelor's intellectual property rights by diverting

communications from the USPTO from Stelor to himself. He interfered with litigation

undertaken by Stelor against third parties. He held himself out as a Stelor representative at

crucial industry trade shows. He threatened to communicate directly with the trade and press

concerning the GOOGLES IP. He withheld information vital to Stelor's ability to carry out the

business of transforming the basic Googles idea into a thriving and profitable business and

denied it access to Googles domain names. All of these actions were in violation of the License

Agreement.

13. As a result of Silvers' actions, Stelor was left with no choice other than to file a

complaint against him for injunctive, declaratory and other relief related to his breaches. The

Complaint was filed on or about October 18, 2004 and the cause was styled Stelor Productions,

Inc. v. Steven A. Silvers, Case No. 04-80954-Civ-Hurley, United States District Court for the

Southern District of Florida ("the prior litigation"). The Complaint sought injunctive relief

requiring Silvers to notify the USPTO that it was to communicate with Stelor, to provide Stelor

with access to the Googles domain names, to refrain from communicating with the media and

vendors concerning the GOOGLES IP, and to refrain from interfering in litigation undertaken by

Stelor, as well as a declaration that Stelor was in compliance with the Licensing Agreement.

Silvers subsequently filed a counterclaim asserting that Stelor was in breach and he purported to

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terminate the License Agreement.

14. On or about January 28, 2005, Stelor and Silvers entered into a Confidential

Settlement Agreement ("Settlement Agreement") resolving the prior litigation. A true and

correct copy of the Settlement Agreement has been filed with the Court separately under seal, in

accordance with its terms.

15. Among other things, the Settlement Agreement vindicated the positions taken by

Stelor in the prior litigation. The Settlement Agreement gives Stelor the right to control the

domain names, requires Silvers to cooperate in all respects in pending and future trademark and

domain name dispute proceedings filed by Stelor, withdraws Silvers' purported termination of

the License Agreement and reaffirms his obligations under it, and makes Stelor's counsel the

sole correspondent with the USPTO. The Settlement Agreement also required the dismissal of

the prior litigation, with a reservation of exclusive continuing jurisdiction with the United States

District Court for the Southern District of Florida to enforce its terms, with the prevailing party

in any enforcement action recovering reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. Silvers was paid

valuable consideration for entering into the Settlement Agreement.

16. On February 8, 2005, Stelor and Silvers filed a Joint Stipulation of Dismissal

without Prejudice of the prior litigation. The stipulation was granted by Order dated February

17, 2005 and the prior litigation was administratively closed.

17. Unfortunately, soon thereafter, Silvers once again proved himself unwilling to

abide by the terms of his contractual undertakings. He repeatedly failed to cooperate in pending

and future trademark and domain name dispute proceedings. He repeatedly failed to provide

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evidence of paid insurance premiums. And, most importantly, he schemed to undo Stelor's

business activities and steal its work.

18. As he did in the prior litigation when he purported to terminate the License

Agreement, only to withdraw the notice of termination and reaffirm his obligations under the

License Agreement, Silvers has once again purported to terminate the License Agreement. By

letter dated April 27, 2005, counsel for Silvers wrote to Steven Esrig of Stelor reinstating the

notice of termination of the License Agreement based on five invalid grounds. A true and

correct copy of the April 27 letter is attached hereto as Exhibit "C".

19. Counsel for Stelor responded by letter dated April 29, 2005, in which Stelor

refuted each of the specious grounds cited by Silvers, offered to cure any conceivable breaches,

and demanded withdrawal of the notice of termination, confirmation that Silvers would abide by

the terms of the License Agreement and the Settlement Agreement, and written assurance that

Silvers will make no efforts to interfere in any manner with the business of Stelor. Specifically,

Stelor demonstrated that it has met its obligation to offer unit interests to Silvers, it has paid or

attempted to pay all royalty advances that Silvers could possibly claim, it has cooperated in the

audit of the books and records, it has offered to make samples of licensed products available, and

it has provided a royalty statement showing that no royalties are owed. A true and correct copy

of the April 29 letter is attached hereto as Exhibit "D".

20. On May 2, 2005, Silvers' counsel dispatched a letter refusing to comply with the

reasonable demands made by Stelor. Indeed, the letter, in stating that Silvers "intends to go in a

different direction to develop his characters and intellectual property", essentially conceded that

Silvers is planning immediate actions that are prohibited by the License Agreement and the

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Settlement Agreement and violative of Stelor's rights under those agreements, notwithstanding

the fact that the License Agreement requires 60 days notice and an opportunity to cure prior to

termination. See Ex. "A" at ¶ IX. A true and correct copy of the May 2 letter (which bears the

erroneous year "2004" rather than "2005", as correctly reflected in the facsimile transmission

information) is attached hereto as Exhibit "E".

21. Silvers began acting on the threat made in his counsel's letter before the letter was

dispatched, even though his notice of termination, even if valid, is not effective until June 26,

2005. On April 28, 2005, Stelor learned from godaddy.com, a domain name registrar, that

Silvers had violated the License Agreement and the Settlement Agreement by changing 78

different Googles domain names from Stelor's control to Silvers' control and improperly

excluded Stelor from being the administrative contact with the domain name registrar. Due to

Silvers' actions in violation of the agreements, Stelor is currently unable to reassert control over

the domain names that it has licensed.

22. Moreover, Silvers hijacked the entirety of the content of the website located at

www.googles.com and developed, produced and operated by Stelor at great expense. Stelor

received notice of this conduct on May 3, 2005 from Verio, Inc., a web hosting firm, which

informed that another customer (obviously Silvers) had requested to add googles.com to their

account, at which point Stelor learned that the website had been deactivated and brought down.

Having taken this action in express violation of the agreements, Silvers has taken from Stelor

content in which it has made a seven-figure investment, and has taken from Stelor the ability to

control intellectual property that it has licensed and that it has created.

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23. Without its website content, Stelor could not display its product and meet with potential licensees. It could not demonstrate its product to its users and their customers. It could not launch and protect pending expansions to its brand. Advertisements that had been placed promoting the website for an upcoming trade show were rendered useless and, as a result, Stelor's reputation was damaged and it lost industry goodwill. Moreover, its ability to prepare and submit materials for that trade show was compromised.

24. Furthermore, Stelor developed the content and exclusively operated the website devoted to the "Googles" characters, offering a variety of services and features geared to delighting children and their parents. The website is the public's window into the Googles' world. Being able to operate and modify this website is among Stelor's most important priorities. As a result of Silvers' dishonesty and maliciousness, the intellectual property was taken from Stelor's control and the website was replaced with a message created by Silvers, presumably. A true and correct copy of the website content established after Silvers hijacked the site is attached hereto as Exhibit "F".

- 25. All conditions precedent to the commencement of this action have either occurred, been waived or been excused.
- 26. Stelor has retained undersigned counsel to prosecute this action and is obligated to them for reasonable attorney's fees and costs in connection therewith.

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#### **COUNT ONE** (Breach of Contract)

- 27. Stelor re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 26, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- 28. Silvers' actions set forth above constitute material breaches of the Licensing Agreement and the Settlement Agreement. In addition, Silvers has breached the Agreements by unilaterally filing a trademark infringement action against Google, Inc., a valuable right that belongs exclusively to Stelor under the Agreements.
  - 29. As a result of Silvers' actions, Stelor has been damaged.
  - 30. Silvers' breaches have caused irreparable injury to Stelor.
  - 31. Stelor has no adequate remedy at law.
- 32. Furthermore, if Silvers is free to ignore the terms of the License Agreement and the Settlement Agreement, nothing prevents him from pursuing the action against Google, Inc., and negotiating directly with Google, Inc., which Silvers will continue to do if not enjoined. The Settlement Agreement expressly provides that any attempt to negotiate with Google, Inc. without Stelor's participation constitutes a breach of the Settlement Agreement that creates irreparable harm and for which injunctive relief will be necessary.

#### COUNT TWO (Declaratory Judgment)

- 33. Stelor re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 26, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- This is a claim for declaratory judgment under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 34. U.S.C. § 2201.

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35. By virtue of his notice of termination (Exhibit "C"), Silvers has taken the position

that Stelor has breached the Settlement Agreement and that the License Agreement is terminated.

As detailed above, Silvers has also taken actions in violation of his obligations and undertakings

pursuant to the License Agreement and the Settlement Agreement, in apparent reliance upon his

purported termination of the License Agreement.

36. Stelor believes that the Settlement Agreement and the License Agreement are

valid and effective contractual commitments that continue to bind the parties. Stelor further

contends that Silvers' prior actions, his current actions and his threatened future conduct both

violate the terms of the Settlement Agreement and the License Agreement and threaten the

business of Stelor. Stelor additionally has ongoing financial obligations under the Settlement

Agreement that it is prepared to meet, but which are not required if the License Agreement has

been terminated.

37. Accordingly, Stelor is in doubt about its rights and Silvers' rights under the

License Agreement and the Settlement Agreement.

**COUNT THREE** 

(Breach of Express Warranty)

38. Stelor re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1

through 26, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.

39. This is a claim, in the alternative, for breach of express warranty seeking damages

in excess of \$75,000.00, exclusive of attorneys' fees and costs.

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40. Among other provisions in the License Agreement, Silvers expressly warranted

that he "owns the exclusive rights in and to the Licensed Intellectual Property, Licensed

Trademarks, Licensed Patents and Licensed Copyrights necessary to effectual the granting of the

Licensed Rights from the LICENSOR to the LICENSEE". (Ex. "A" at ¶ VA(iii)). Silvers,

moreover, warranted that his performance of the License Agreement would "not violate or

conflict with any applicable U.S. law or regulation". (Ex. "A" at ¶ VA(ii)).

41. Silvers similarly represented in the initial whereas clauses of the License

Agreement that he "is the sole and exclusive owner of the GOOGLES trademarks", as well as of

the "GOOGLES characters."

42. Stelor reasonable relied on these representations, which were a material

inducement for it to enter into the agreement, and to pursue the development of the property

through substantial effort and investment.

43. Google, Inc., however, in the counterclaim filed against Silvers and Stelor, has

alleged that it – and not Silvers – has the right to use the Licensed Property and Trademarks, and

has further alleged that the use of the Googles Property and Trademarks violates applicable

trademark and other laws. Google, in fact, seeks to cancel the GOOGLES Registration.

44. If Google, Inc.'s allegations are correct, then Silvers has breached the express

warranties set forth in the License Agreement.

45. As a result of Silvers' actions, Stelor has been damaged.

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#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff STELOR PRODUCTIONS, L.L.C. prays that this Court issue and award the following relief:

- a preliminary and permanent injunction enjoining Defendant STEVEN A. (a) SILVERS from taking any action in violation of or contrary to the terms of the Licensing Agreement or the Settlement Agreement and affirmatively requiring him to restore the domain names and website to Stelor's control;
- a declaratory judgment declaring that Stelor has complied with its (b) obligations under the Licensing Agreement and the Settlement Agreement and that those agreements remain in full force and effect;
- a judgment awarding Stelor its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs (c) pursuant to ¶ 17 of the Settlement Agreement;
  - (d) a judgment, in the alternative, awarding damages to Stelor; and
- a judgment awarding Stelor such other relief as may be deemed just and (e) proper.

BURLINGTON, WEIL, SCHWIEP, KAPLAN & BLONSKY, P.A. Attorneys for Plaintiff 2699 South Bayshore Drive, Penthouse Miami, Florida 33133

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Email: kkaplan@bwskb.com

By: /s/ Kevin C. Kaplan Kevin C. Kaplan Florida Bar No. 933848 David J. Zack Florida Bar No. 641685

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# **EXHIBIT A**

# LICENSE, DISTRIBUTION AND MANUFACTURING AGREEMENT

This LICENSE, DISTRIBUTION AND MANUFACTURING AGREEMENT between Steven A. Silvers and Stelor Productions, Inc. is effective as of June 1, 2002 and is entered into by and between Steven A. Silvers (LICENSOR), an Individual, whose official address is 3741 NE 163<sup>rd</sup> Street, PMB #325, North Miami Beach, FL 33160 and Stelor Productions, Inc. (LICENSEE), a Delaware corporation with its current offices located at: 14701 Mockingbird Drive, Darnestown, Maryland, 20874.

#### WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, LICENSOR is the sole and exclusive owner of the GOOGLES characters identified more fully in "Schedule A" attached hereto (the "Licensed Property");

WHEREAS, LICENSOR is the sole and exclusive owner of the GOOGLES trademarks identified more fully in "Schedule A" attached hereto (the "Licensed Trademarks");

WHEREAS, LICENSOR has the power and authority to grant to LICENSEE the right, privilege and license to use, manufacture, distribute, and sell those types of products that incorporate or are otherwise based on the Licensed Property as identified in "Schedule A" attached hereto (the "Licensed Products") and to use the Licensed Trademarks on or in association with such Licensed Products;

WHEREAS, LICENSEE has or will have the ability to manufacture, have manufactured, have sub-manufactured, distribute and sell or have sold and distributed the Licensed Products in the Licensed Territory more clearly defined in Schedule A (the Territory) and to use the Trademark(s) on or in association with the Licensed Products;

WHEREAS, LICENSEE desires to obtain from LICENSOR an exclusive license to use, manufacture, have manufactured and sell Licensed Products in the Territory and to use the Licensed Trademarks on or in association with the Licensed Products;

WHEREAS, LICENSEE has agreed, pursuant to a letter agreement, to act as a consultant for LICENSOR; and

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the promises and agreements set forth herein, the parties, each intending to be legally bound hereby, do hereby agree as follows:

#### I. LICENSE GRANT

A. LICENSOR hereby grants to LICENSEE, for the Term of this Agreement as recited in "Schedule A" attached hereto, the exclusive (even as to LICENSOR), worldwide, sub licensable right and license to use, reproduce, modify, create derivative works of, manufacture, have manufactured, market, advertise, sell, distribute, display, perform, and otherwise commercialize the Licensed Products and Licensed Properties in the Territory. The license includes a license under any and all intellectual property rights and interests therein, including by way of explanation, products which deal with the creative characters known as The Googles, anything that contains the letters GOO (in upper or lower case) together with any and all products, which comprise and which will comprise those characters, likenesses, which include Iggle, Oogle, Oggle, Gooroo, Gootian(s), the planet Goo, slides, computer web site(s), membership lists, clubs, materials, patterns, prototypes, logos, trademarks, service marks, clothing, merchandise, educational products, marketing and promotional data and tools, packaging and advertising, modifications, updates and variations, and all other items associated therewith whether in singular or plural

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- "Schedule A" attached hereto, the exclusive (even as to LICENSOR), worldwide, sub licensable right and license to use the Licensed Trademarks on or in association with the Licensed Products as well as on packaging, promotional, and advertising material associated therewith.
- C. LICENSEE shall have the right to sublicense LICENSEE's rights under this Agreement, provided that any and all such sublicenses shall be subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.
- D. No licenses will be deemed to have been granted by either party to any of its Intellectual Property Rights, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement.
- E. LICENSEE agrees to place on all Licensed Products, where practicable, the phrase "created by Steven A. Silvers" or other similar wording.

#### II. TERM OF THE AGREEMENT

This Agreement and the provisions hereof, except as otherwise provided, shall be in full force and effect commencing on the date of execution by both parties and shall extend for a Term as recited in "Schedule A" attached hereto (the "Term").

#### III. COMPENSATION

- A. In consideration for the licenses granted hereunder, LICENSEE agrees to pay to LICENSOR, during the Term of this Agreement, a royalty in the amount recited in "Schedule A" attached hereto (the "Royalty") based on LICENSEE's Net Sales of Licensed Products. "Net Sales" shall mean the gross revenues on a cash basis (i.e., actually collected by LICENSEE but without counting any gross revenues twice) excluding shipping and handling charges, sales taxes, VAT, and other taxes imposed upon sales less (i) customary trade discounts, (ii) allowances actually shown on the invoice (except cash discounts not deductible in the calculation of Royalty) (iii) bona fide returns, charge backs, refunds or credits (net of all returns actually made or allowed as supported by memoranda actually issued to the customers), (iv) sales of remainder inventory made at less than the total of LICENSEE's actual cost of goods and actual direct selling costs solely for purposes of liquidation or close-out, (v) other uncollectible accounts, (vi) cooperative advertising allowances, (vii) sales commissions paid.
- B. The Royalty owed LICENSOR shall be calculated on a quarterly calendar basis on collected funds (the "Royalty Period") and shall be payable no later than thirty (30) days after the termination of the preceding full calendar quarter, i.e., commencing on the first (1st) day of January, April, July and October with the exception of the first and last calendar quarters which may be "short" depending upon the effective date of this Agreement.
- C. With each Royalty Payment, LICENSEE shall provide LICENSOR with a written royalty statement in a form acceptable to Licensor. Such royalty statement shall be certified as accurate by a duly authorized officer of Licensee, reciting on a country-by-country basis, the stock number, item, units sold, description, quantity shipped, gross invoice, amount billed to customers less discounts, allowances, returns and reportable sales for each Licensed Product. Such statements shall be furnished to Licensor whether or not any Licensed Products were sold during the Royalty Period. The LICENSEE hereby further agrees to provide the LICENSOR with a list of all of it's sub licensees added during the current royalty period.
- D. If LICENSEE sells any Licensed Products to any party affiliated with LICENSEE, or in any way directly or indirectly related to or under the common control with LICENSEE, at a price less than the average weighted price charged to other parties, the Royalty payable to LICENSOR shall be computed on the basis of the averaged weighted price charged to other parties if the Licensed Products are not ultimately resold to unaffiliated third parties.

- E. All payments due hereunder shall be made in United States currency drawn on a United States bank, unless otherwise specified between the parties and may offset or be offset from any other payments due to LICENSEE under this or any other agreement between the parties.
  - F. Late payments shall incur interest at the rate of ONE PERCENT (1%) per month from the date such payments were originally due.

#### IV. AUDIT

- A. LICENSOR shall have the right, at its own expense, to have a nationally recognized certified public accounting firm, upon at least thirty (30) days written notice and no more than twice per calendar year, to inspect during normal business hours, LICENSEE's books and records and all other documents and material in the possession of or under the control of LICENSEE with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement at the place or places where such records are normally retained by LICENSEE.
- B. In the event that such inspection reveals an underpayment discrepancy greater than 5% of the amount of Royalty owed LICENSOR from what was actually paid, LICENSEE shall have the opportunity to conduct its own audit. If LICENSEE agrees to the amount, if any, of any discrepancy, opportunity to conduct its own audit. If LICENSEE agrees to the amount, if any, of any discrepancy, plus interest, calculated at the rate of ONE AND ONE-HALF LICENSEE shall pay such discrepancy, plus interest, calculated at the rate of ONE AND ONE-HALF LICENSOR shall be requested that year. That period end date shall represent the new period start date for future audits for underpayment discrepancies. In the event that such discrepancy is in excess of TEN THOUSAND UNITED STATES DOLLARS (\$10,000.00), LICENSEE shall also reimburse LICENSOR for the cost of auditing fees in connection therewith.
- C. All books and records relative to LICENSEE's obligations hereunder shall be maintained and kept accessible and available to LICENSOR for inspection for at least three (3) years after the expiration of the initial or any subsequent term.
- D. In the event that an investigation of LICENSEE's books and records is made, certain confidential and proprietary business information of LICENSEE may necessarily be made available to the person or persons conducting such investigation. It is agreed that such confidential and proprietary business information shall be held in confidence by LICENSOR and shall not be used by LICENSOR or disclosed to any third party for a period of two (2) years from the date of disclosure, or without the prior express written permission of LICENSEE unless required by law, except LICENSOR may not disclose at any time to any third party any such confidential and proprietary business information which are trade secrets of LICENSEE. It is understood and agreed, however, that such information may be used by LICENSOR in any proceeding based on LICENSEE's failure to pay its actual Royalty obligation.

## V. WARRANTIES AND OBLIGATIONS

## LICENSOR represents and warrants that:

- (i) the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement have been duly authorized by all necessary action of LICENSOR and this Agreement is a valid and binding obligation of LICENSOR, enforceable in accordance with its terms;
- (ii) the execution, delivery and performance by LICENSOR of this Agreement will not violate or conflict with any applicable U.S. law or regulation, or any order, writ, judgment or decree of any court or governmental authority to which LICENSOR is subject, or result in a violation, breach of, or default under any contract, lease, or other agreement binding on LICENSOR;
  - (iii) LICENSOR owns the exclusive rights in and to the Licensed Intellectual Property, Licensed Trademarks, Licensed Patents and Licensed Copyrights necessary to effectuate the granting of the Licensing Rights from the LICENSOR to the LICENSEE as contemplated herein.

- (iv) the Licensed Intellectual Property and Licensed Trademarks do not infringe the rights, including without limitation, Intellectual Property Rights, of any third party; and
- (v) except as set forth in Schedule B attached hereto, LICENSOR has not received any notice from any third party of any alleged or actual infringement of the Licensed Intellectual Property or Licensed Trademarks and the Licensed Intellectual Property and/or Licensed Trademarks are not the subject, and has not been the subject, of any previous or pending litigation with the exception of the Ganz litigation which has been resolved.

#### B. LICENSEE represents and warrants that:

- (i) the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement have been duly authorized by all necessary action of LICENSEE and this Agreement is a valid and binding obligation of LICENSEE, enforceable in accordance with its terms;
- (ii) the execution, delivery and performance by LICENSEE of this Agreement will not violate or conflict with any applicable U.S. law or regulation, or any order, writ, judgment or decree of any court or governmental authority to which LICENSEE is subject, or result in a violation, breach of, or default under any contract, lease, or other agreement binding on LICENSEE; and
- (iii) it will use its commercially reasonable efforts to promote, market, sell and distribute the Licensed Products.
- C. <u>Disclaimer of Wartanties</u>. EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED ABOVE, NEITHER PARTY MAKES ANY WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING THIS AGREEMENT AS TO ANY MATTER INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
- D. LICENSEE shall be solely responsible for the manufacture, production, sale and distribution of the Licensed Products or to have such Licensed Products manufactured, produced, sold and distributed, and will bear all related costs associated therewith.

### VI. NOTICES, QUALITY CONTROL, AND SAMPLES

- A. The Licensed Products, as well as all promotional, packaging and advertising material relative thereto, shall include all appropriate legal notices.
- B. The Licensed Products shall be of a high quality which is at least equal to comparable products manufactured and marketed by LICENSEE and in conformity with a standard sample provided by LICENSEE.
- C. Prior to the commencement of manufacture and sale of the Licensed Products, LICENSEE shall submit to LICENSOR for his input, at no cost to LICENSOR, a reasonable number of samples of all Licensed Products which LICENSEE intends to manufacture and sell and of all promotional and advertising material associated therewith.

#### VIL NOTICES AND PAYMENT

- A. Any notice required to be given pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing and delivered personally to the other designated party at the above-stated address or mailed by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested or delivered by a recognized national overnight courier service.
- B. Either party may change the address to which notice or payment is to be sent by written notice to the other in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph.

## VIII. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY PROTECTION

- A. LICENSOR hereby grants LICENSEE all right, power and interest to seek, obtain and maintain all Intellectual Property Rights associated with the Licensed Intellectual Property and Licensed Trademarks, Licensed Copyrights and any other Intellectual Property Rights granted herein. LICENSOR further agrees to assist LICENSEE as may be required to apply for and obtain recordation of and from time to time enforce, maintain and defend such Intellectual Property Rights. LICENSOR hereby grants LICENSEE an irrevocable power of attorney for the initial and any subsequent terms of this Agreement to LICENSEE an irrevocable power of attorney for the initial and any subsequent terms of this Agreement to act for and on LICENSOR's behalf and instead of LICENSOR, at LICENSEE's expense, to execute and file any such document(s) and to do all other lawfully permitted acts to further the purposes of the foregoing with the same legal force and effect as if executed by LICENSOR.
- B. LICENSOR shall retain all rights, title and interest in the Licensed Intellectual Property and Licensed Trademarks and any modifications thereto based solely on such Licensed Intellectual Property. LICENSEE acknowledges LICENSOR's exclusive rights in the Licensed Intellectual Property and, further, acknowledges that the Licensed Intellectual Property and/or the Licensed Trademarks rights are unique and original to LICENSOR and that LICENSOR is the owner thereof. LICENSEE shall not, at any time during or after the effective Term of the Agreement, dispute or contest, directly or indirectly, LICENSOR's exclusive right and title to the Licensed Intellectual Property and/or the Licensed LICENSOR's exclusive right and title to the Licensed Intellectual Property and/or the Licensed Trademarks(s) or the validity thereof.
- C. LICENSEE agrees that its use of the Licensed Intellectual Property and/or the Licensed Trademarks(s) inures to the benefit of LICENSOR and that the LICENSEE shall not acquire any rights in the Licensed Intellectual Property and/or the Licensed Trademarks(s) except for the license granted herein.
- Properties. The LICENSOR shall retain all rights, title and interest in and to the Licensed Intellectual Property. LICENSOR hereby waives and releases LICENSEE from any and all current or future claims or causes of actions by third parties, whether known or unknown, arising out of or relating to such Licensed Intellectual Properties third parties, but not limited to, any claim that Licensed Products violate, infringe on or misappropriate any of LICENSOR's Intellectual Property Rights.
- E. Each party shall execute all papers, testify on all matters, and otherwise cooperate in every way necessary and desirable to effect any of the provisions under this Section (Intellectual Property Protection). The party requesting such shall reimburse the other party for the expenses incurred as a result of such cooperation. The parties agree to take any actions or prepare or execute any documents reasonably requested by the other party. Furthermore, during the term of this agreement, LICENSOR shall not initiate or maintain any relationship or conversations with LICENSEE'S current or prospective clients, vendors, any Company relationships with the media (press etc.) without the prior express written request by LICENSEE.

#### IX. TERMINATION

Right to Terminate on Notice. This Agreement may be terminated by either party upon sixty (60) days written notice to the other party in the event of a breach of a material provision of this Agreement by the other party, provided that, during the sixty (60) days period, the breaching party fails to cure such breach.

JUZ /1 / dj/74 B. LICENSEE shall have the right to terminate this Agreement at any time on thirty (30) days written notice to LICENSOR. In such event, all moneys paid to LICENSOR shall be deemed non-refundable and LICENSEE's obligation to pay any unpaid royalties shall be accelerated and shall become immediately due and payable.

C. Additionally, if, after five years of the initial intellectual property license, there are three consecutive years during which royalty payments to LICENSOR are less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00), LICENSOR has the option to cancel this Agreement in accordance with Section IX.

TERMINATION, Para. A.

#### X. POST TERMINATION RIGHTS

- A. Not less than thirty (30) days prior to the expiration of this Agreement or immediately upon termination thereof, LICENSEE shall provide LICENSOR with a complete schedule of all inventory of Licensed Products then on hand or on order (the "Inventory").
- B. Upon expiration or termination of this Agreement, LICENSEE shall be entitled, for an additional period of six (6) months, to continue to sell such Inventory. Such sales shall be made subject to all of the provisions of this Agreement and to an accounting for and the payment of a Royalty thereon. Such accounting and payment shall be due and paid within thirty (30) days of the quarterly calendar cited as the period basis for royalty calculation. LICENSEE shall have the right to continue the use of the name(s) associate with the products and articles that encompass this Agreement for so long as LICENSEE is actively selling its inventory of articles and products. At the conclusion of LICENSEE'S efforts in this regard, LICENSEE agrees to discontinue the use of names, trademarks, signs, advertising and anything else that might make it appear that the LICENSEE is still handling the articles and products of LICENSOR.
- C. Upon the expiration or termination of this Agreement, all of the license rights of LICENSEE under this Agreement shall forthwith terminate and immediately revert to LICENSOR and LICENSEE, except as detailed above in Section (B) of the "Post Termination Rights" Section, shall immediately discontinue all use of the Licensed Property and the like, at no cost whatsoever to LICENSOR.
- D. Upon termination of this Agreement for any reason whatsoever, LICENSEE agrees to immediately return to LICENSOR all material relating to the Licensed Intellectual Property. Furthermore, upon termination or expiration of this Agreement, LICENSEE agrees to immediately inform all of it's sub licensees regarding the said termination or expiration of this Agreement.

#### XI. INFRINGEMENTS

- A. During the Term of this Agreement and any and all option/renewal periods, LICENSEE shall have the sole right, in its discretion and at its expense, to take any and all actions against third persons to protect the Intellectual Property Rights licensed in this Agreement.
- B. Upon request by either party to the other, the other party shall execute all papers, testify on all matters, and otherwise cooperate in every way necessary and desirable for the prosecution of any such lawsuit. Each party shall reimburse the other party for the expenses incurred as a result of such cooperation.

#### XII. INDEMNITY

A. LICENSEE agrees to indemnify and hold harmless LICENSOR, its agents, heirs, assigns and representatives, against all costs, expenses and losses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and costs) incurred through claims of third parties against LICENSOR based on product liability but excluding any claims based solely upon the use of the Licensed Intellectual Property or Licensed Trademarks by LICENSEE in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

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- B. LICENSOR agrees to indemnify and hold harmless LICENSEE, its officers, directors, agents and employees, against all costs, expenses and losses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and costs) incurred through claims of third parties against LICENSEE based on or arising from (i) any infringement, misappropriation or other related action involving the Licensed Intellectual Property or Licensed Trademarks; or (ii) any breach of LICENSOR's obligations, representations, warranties or duties under this agreement.
- C. With respect to any claims falling within the scope of the foregoing indemnifications: (i) each party agrees promptly to notify the other of and keep the other fully advised with respect to such claims and the progress of any suits in which the other party is not participating; (ii) each party shall have the right to assume, at its sole expense, the defense of a claim or suit made or filed against the other party; (iii) each party shall have the right to participate, at its sole expense, in any suit instituted against it; and (iv) a party assuming the defense of a claim or suit against the other party shall not settle such claim or suit without the prior written approval of the other party, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

#### XIII. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

- A. IN NO EVENT WILL EITHER PARTY BE LIABLE UNDER THIS AGREEMENT FOR ANY INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT (INCLUDING LOSS OF PROFITS, USE, DATA, OR OTHER ECONOMIC ADVANTAGE), NO MATTER WHAT THEORY OF LIABILITY, EVEN IF THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES PROVIDED FOR IN THIS AGREEMENT FAIL OF THEIR ESSENTIAL PURPOSE AND EVEN IF EITHER PARTY HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OR PROBABILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION "LIMITATION OF LIABILITY" ALLOCATE THE RISKS UNDER THIS AGREEMENT BETWEEN LICENSOR AND LICENSEE AND THE PARTIES HAVE RELIED UPON THE LIMITATIONS SET FORTH HEREIN IN DETERMINING WHETHER TO ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT.
- B. EACH PARTY'S LIABILITY TO THE OTHER UNDER THIS AGREEMENT FOR CLAIMS RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT, WHETHER FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT OR IN TORT, SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE AGGREGATE ROYALTY FEES PAID BY LICENSEE TO LICENSOR DURING THE TWELVE MONTH PERIOD PRECEDING THE CLAIM.

#### XIV. INSURANCE

LICENSEE shall, throughout the Term of this Agreement, obtain and maintain at its own cost and expense from a qualified insurance company licensed to do business as required by state and federal law(s), standard Product Liability Insurance naming LICENSOR as an additionally named insured. Such policy shall provide protection against any and all claims, demands and causes of action arising out of any defects or failure to perform, alleged or otherwise, of the Licensed Products or any material used in connection—therewith—or any use thereof. The amount of coverage shall be as specified in "Schedule A" attached hereto. LICENSEE agrees to furnish LICENSOR a certificate of insurance evidencing same within ninety (90) days after issuance of same, and, in no event, shall LICENSEE manufacture, distribute or sell the Licensed Products prior to receipt by LICENSOR of such evidence of insurance.

#### XV. FORCE MAJEURE

LICENSEE shall not be liable for any failure of performance hereunder due to causes beyond its reasonable control, including but not limited to acts of God, fire, explosion, vandalism, strikes, lockouts, work stoppages, other labor difficulties, supplier failures, storm or other similar catastrophes, any law, order, regulation, direction, action or request of the state, local or federal government or of any government agency, commission, court, bureau, corporation or other instrumentality of any one or more of such governments, or of any civil or military authority, national emergencies, insurrections, riots, or wars.

#### XVI. JURISDICTION AND DISPUTES

A. This Agreement shall be governed in accordance with the laws of the State of Florida without regard to its principles of conflicts of laws.

B. All disputes under this Agreement shall be resolved by the courts of the State of Florida including the United States District Court for Florida and the parties all consent to the jurisdiction of such courts, agree to accept service of process by mail, and hereby waive any jurisdictional or venue defenses otherwise available to it.

### XVIL AGREEMENT BINDING ON SUCCESSORS

The provisions of the Agreement shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties hereto, their heirs, administrators, successors and assigns.

#### XVIII. WAIVER

No waiver by either party of any default shall be deemed as a waiver of prior or subsequent default of the same or other provisions of this Agreement.

#### XIX. SEVERABILITY

If any term, clause or provision hereof is held invalid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity shall not affect the validity or operation of any other term, clause or provision and such invalid term, clause or provision shall be deemed to be severed from the Agreement.

#### XX. NO JOINT VENTURE

Nothing contained herein shall constitute this arrangement to be employment, a joint venture or a partnership.

#### XXI. ASSIGNABILITY

Neither party may assign by any act or operation of law the rights and obligations of this Agreement unless in connection with a transfer of substantially all of the assets of LICENSEE and/or with the consent of LICENSEE may freely assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement to Stelor Productions, Inc.

#### XXII. INTEGRATION

This Agreement constitutes the entire understanding of the parties, and revokes and supersedes all prior agreements between the parties, including any option agreements which may have been entered into between the parties, and is intended as a final expression of their Agreement. It shall not be modified or amended except in writing signed by the parties hereto and specifically referring to this Agreement. This Agreement shall take precedence over any other documents which may be in conflict with said Agreement.

#### XXIII. RATIFICATION

The LICENSOR hereby agrees to the transfer of this License from the LICENSEE (The Aurora Collection, Inc.) to Stelor Productions, Inc. as contemplated by the Asset & Purchase Agreement, dated May 1<sup>st</sup>, 2002, and executed between the above mentioned parties

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto, intending to be legally bound hereby, have each caused to be affixed hereto its or his/her hand and seal the day indicated.

By:

Title: Dated:

Printed Name:

STEVEN A. SILVERS

STELOR PRODUCTIONS, INC.

Title: Owner/LICENSOR

Dated:

Received Ten Thousand Dollar signing bonus (\$10,000.00)

NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF MARYLAND My Commission Expires April 1, 2003

#### "SCHEDULE A"

#### LICENSED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

The following Licensed Intellectual Property forms part of this Agreement: A License under any and all intellectual property rights and interests therein, including by way of explanation, products which deal with a creative character known as Googles, anything that contains the letters GOO (in upper or lower case), together with any and all products, which comprise and which will comprise those characters, likenesses, which include Iggle, Oogle, Oggle, Gooroo, Gootian(s), the Planet Goo, slides, computer web site(s), membership lists, clubs, materials, patterns, prototypes, logos, trademarks, service marks, clothing, merchandise, educational products, marketing and promotional data and tools, packaging and advertising, modifications, updates and variations, and all other items associated therewith whether in singular or plural

#### LICENSED TRADEMARKS

The following Licensed Trademarks form part of this Agreement: (i) "The Googles" (word and design) Trademarks in International Class Code (016) of the U.S.P.T.O. and the co-existent Trademarks Agreement with Ganz, Inc. of Canada in International Class Code (028) of the U.S.P.T.O., which is hereto attached and made a part of this "Schedule A" document, (ii) "Oogle", (iii) "Iggle", (iv) "Oggle", (v) "GooRoo", (vi) "Planet Goo", (vii) "GooMu", (viii) "GooToons", (ix) "GooStuff", (x) "GooKids", (xi) "GooStore" and (xii) any other trademarks, whether registered, pending or future or common law, used in connection with the Licensed Property, including, but not limited to, any trademark incorporating the phrase "Goo" currently in existence.

#### LICENSED PRODUCTS

The following Licensed Products form part of this Agreement: all products which comprise the likenesses, stories, ideas, concepts, or designs of the Licensed Property, including without limitation, stuffed toy figurines, videos, stickers, t-shirts or other clothing items, slides, movies, cartoons, books (comic and otherwise), posters, playing, trading and collector cards, CDs, cassette tapes, DVDs, TV programs, motion pictures, all other forms of communication and publication, programs, computer Web site(s), membership lists and clubs, and any other products.

#### <u>DERIVATIVES</u>

A Derivative as defined in this agreement shall mean a product or service that is utilized by the LICENSEE and developed by a party other than the LICENSOR but is used in conjunction with licensed products, articles and /or services. It can be a product or service produced by the LICENSEE or a third party (inventor, sub licensee etc.) that in its use enhances the value of the Googles Universe but does not have a conflict with an already existing Googles product idea or concept as outlined in this agreement. It may not possess the "Googles" or "GOO" in it's name and would therefore fall under the LICENSOR'S exclusive ownership as defined in the amended agreement but can be used in conjunction with the "Goo" Universe by the LICENSEE.

#### TERRITORY

The following countries shall constitute the Territory: Global/Worldwide rights.

#### TERM

This Agreement shall commence on the date executed below by both parties and shall be for a thirty (30) year term. This Agreement shall automatically renew for one additional ten (10) year term on the same terms and conditions provided for herein ("Renewal Term"). Upon expiration of the first Renewal Term of ten (10) years, this Agreement shall automatically renew for a second ten (10) year extended Term on the

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same terms and conditions provided for herein, unless LICENSOR-provides written-notice of its intentionto not to renew this Agreement within one hundred eighty (180) days prior to expiration of the Renewal

#### ROYALTY RATE

LICENSEE shall pay the following royalty rates: (i) SIX PERCENT (6%) of Net Sales of Licensed Products that are based solely on the Licensed Intellectual Property and (ii) THREE PERCENT (3%) of Net Sales of Licensed Products that are based solely on Derivative Products and (iii) In the case of Sub Licenses royalties will be TEN PERCENT (10%) of Net sales after subtracting licensing costs and royalties paid to third parties only.

#### PRODUCT LIABILITY INSURANCE

Minimum Product Liability Insurance shall be Two Million U.S. dollars (\$2,000,000,00) combined single limit for each single occurrence for bodily injury and/or for property damage.

Succession Rights of Survivor

on the event of the Death of Licensor all of the Licensor's rights under this agreement Shall go to his heirs, assigns or legal representatives as he has lawfully designated in whiting.

. MICHAEL LUM NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF MARYLAND My Commission Expires April 1, 2003

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June 1, 2002

Mr. Steven Silvers 3741 N.E. 163<sup>rd</sup> Street PMB # 324 North Miami Beach, FL 33160

Dear Steven:

This letter agreement ("Agreement") will serve to memorialize the terms of the consultantcy arrangement between Stelor Productions, Inc. ("Company") and Steven A. Silvers ("Consultant").

#### Engagement of Consultant.

- a. Company hereby engages Consultant as an independent contractor to the Company. Consultant's title shall be Executive Creative Consultant. Company is relying on Mr. Silvers to continue his role of "Papa Googles" and continue to offer his creative input to the Company.
- b. In consideration for the covenants of Consultant contained herein, Company will\_pay Consultant the following: (i) a signing bonus of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and (ii) a monthly consultancy fee of five thousand five hundred dollars (\$5,500) beginning on June 1, 2002, and continuing each month thereafter for twelve (12) months. Company shall pay Consultant six thousand dollars (\$6,000) monthly for a second 18-month period, beginning June 1, 2003. All payments made to Consultant will not be offset against any royalties paid by the Company to Consultant pursuant to the License, Distribution and Manufacturing Agreement. Company will continue to reimburse The Aurora Collection, Inc. for the existing health plan if available, or if not available, will reimburse consultant \$300 per month during the term of this Agreement. During the term of the Agreement, Company will reimburse The Aurora Collection, Inc. for, if available, the use of a leased company vehicle, with company to reimburse The Aurora Collection, Inc for insurance coverage. Consultant agrees to pay all costs of maintenance and upkeep. Stelor will write an agreement with Consultant granting him options for 1,000 shares of Stelor's stock under Stelor's stock option plan. If the number of options available under the Stelor Productions current plan is increased during the Consultant's service Company will issue an additional one thousand option shares (1,000)
- c. It is agreed by company that in the event the Company fails to compensate the Consultant as outlined in this Agreement and in accordance with the terms of this Agreement (including all option periods surrounding same) for two consecutive months and if after thirty (30) days fails to cure alleged breach, then Consultant has the right (option) to terminate this Agreement and among other logal remedies afforded Consultant to seek redress before the Court, the License Agreement shall, likewise immediately terminate. This caveat shall exist only if Consultant is not paid for other than "good Cause" termination as outlined below at section five (5) b of this Agreement.
- 2. Relationship of Parties. The relationship of Company and Consultant established under this Agreement is of an independent contractor. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to give any party the power to direct or control the daily activities of any of the other parties, or to constitute the parties as principal and agent, employer and employee, franchiser and franchisee, partners, joint venturers, co-owners, or otherwise as participants in a joint undertaking. The parties understand and agree that none of the parties grants any other party the power or authority to make or give any agreement, statement, representation, warranty, or other commitment on behalf of any other party, or to enter into any contract or otherwise incur any liability or obligation, express or implied, on behalf of any other party, or to transfer, release, or waive any right, title, or interest of any other party. Furthermore, during the term of

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this agreement, LICENSOR shall not initiate or maintain any relationship or conversations with LICENSEE'S current or prospective clients, vendors, any Company relationships with the media (press etc.) without the prior express written request by LICENSEE.

#### 3. <u>Duties of Consultant.</u> Consultant's duties hereunder are as follows:

- Consultant shall use his best efforts to perform such services as may be requested by Company from time to time consistent and commensurate with his position as Executive Creative Consultant, including, but not limited to, executing all papers, testifying on all Company related matters and otherwise cooperating in every way necessary and desirable to strengthen, establish or maintain any intellectual property right granted under this Agreement or the License, Distribution and Manufacturing Agreement (as amended) between Company and Consultant The Consultant shall make himself available to the Company by way of telephone, fax, email, video conferencing (if deemed necessary) on an as needed basis and during reasonable business hours Monday through Friday. Consultant shall further make himself available, in person, if deemed necessary, to the Company so long as the Consultant is given a minimum of ten (10) days written notice if Consultant is, at the time of said request, residing outside of the Continental United States and three (3) days written notice by the Company if Consultant is residing, at the time of said request, within the Continental United States. In either case, Consultant must maintain a United States address for purposes of receiving correspondence, samples, checks etc. Written notice may also be deemed given if communicated via Consultant's personal email address or a fax number to be provided to the Company. Written notice must be sent via U.S. Mail certified, return receipt requested, or via a nationally recognized mail carrier service with "signature" required. Written notice may also be sent if communicated via Consultant's personal email address or a fax number to be provided to the Company. However, the latter shall not be used for any "official" notice purposes.
- b. During the term of this Agreement and for a period of (1) years after the termination or expiration of this Agreement, Consultant shall not, either individually or in conjunction with a third party, engage in any business, trade, or profession as owner, officer, manager, employee, consultant or otherwise if such business competes in any material way with Company's business of developing, creating, selling, manufacturing, distributing, or marketing products, media or materials for children.
- c. Consultant shall offer Company a right of first refusal to license, develop, manufacture, market or sell any and all children's characters or other products, ideas, inventions or creations created by Consultant that are not within the scope of this Agreement or the License, Distribution and Manufacturing Agreement (as amended) between Company and Consultant. If Consultant provides Company with any new idea's either relating to The Googles as well as anything entirely new that may not relate to the current universe of characters and /or idea's, that upon submission of such new idea or concept which shall be placed in writing Company shall have one hundred and twenty (190) days to accept and enter into an agreement for said property.
- d. Consultant agrees to hold harmless, defend and indemnify Company and its officers, directors, employees, agents and servants from and against any md all claims, damages and expenses, including reasonable legal fees and expenses, of whatever kind and nature directly or indirectly arising out of or on account of or resulting from the Consultant's activities (other than as expressly authorized by Company) including, without limitation, Consultant's failure to comply with his obligations under this Agreement, acts or omissions.

#### 4. Duties of Company.

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a. Company shall reimburse Consultant for all reasonable travel and living expenses that are deemed to be essential to Company's success and are pre-approved by an authorized officer of the Company and incurred as a direct result of Consultant's obligations under this Agreement such as attending tradeshows, board meetings, etc. The Company shall, upon proper documentation having been presented to the Company, or its official/designated representative, within seven (7) days of receipt of same, reimburse Consultant said incurred expenses as approved by Company.

#### Term and Termination.

- a. Subject to the provisions for termination as provided herein, this Agreement shall commence upon execution and shall have a term of thirty (30) months.
- b. Company may immediately terminate this Agreement upon the occurrence of any of the following: (i) a material breach of any provision of this Agreement by Consultant; (ii) a failure by Consultant, after written notice, to perform such duties required of Consultant as outlined in this agreement; (iii) the initiation of any bankruptcy, receivership, trust deed, creditors arrangement, composition or comparable proceeding by Consultant, or if any such proceeding is instituted against Consultant, (iv) the conviction of Consultant of any felony crime; (v) any use, sale or possession by Consultant of any illegal drug or controlled substance that is prosecutable under US Federal Laws. Written notice to mean by way of Certified mail, return receipt requested, or by way of a Nationally recognized mail service, Courier service etc.
  - c. Upon termination or expiration of this Agreement by either party, Consultant shall immediately return to Company all Proprietary Information (as defined below) in Consultant's possession, custody or control in whatever form held (including copies, compilations, summaries, or embodiments thereof relating to Proprietary Information) and provide written certification that all such material has been returned.
  - d. Company agrees to provide Consultant thirty (30) days Notice, from date of said written notice of termination by the Company, within which to cure any alleged breach it has made against the Consultant identified in paragraph three (3) under "Duties of Consultant".

#### 6. Proprietary Information; Proprietary Rights.

a. In the course of performing his duties under this Agreement, Consultant may obtain information relating to Company and/or its customers, suppliers or other third parties that is of a confidential and proprietary nature ("Proprietary Information"). Such Proprietary Information may include, without limitation trade secrets, research and development, customer lists, vendor lists, schedule of accounts, pier programe, inventions, computer software, know-how, inventions, product information, techniques, processes, schematics, data, financial information and sales and marketing plans. Consultant shall, at all times, both during the term of this Agreement and for a period of two (2) years thereafter its termination, keep in trust and confidence all such Proprietary Information, and shall not use such Proprietary Information other than in the course of performing his duties as expressly provided in this Agreement, nor shall Consultant disclose any such Proprietary Information to any person without Company's prior written consent except as required or needed in any legal and/or Court action by Consultant against the Company or any other third party. This pertains to only that information not otherwise gathered from public sources, knowledge already in the public eye or a matter of public record, and/or any other third party other than Consultant.

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b. The Company acknowledges that the Consultant is not being hired as a work for hire but rather is being compensated, pursuant to this Consulting agreement, as a Consultant for the express purpose of advising, recommending, counseling, and otherwise utilizing Consultant's expertise in the decision making process as it pertains to the existing and "further development" of the Google's project only.

c. The services and rights which Company is granting to Consultant hereunder are extraordinary and unique and cannot be replaced or adequately compensated in money damages, and any breach by Consultant of this Agreement will cause irreparable injury to Company. Therefore, Consultant agrees that in the event of a breach of this Agreement, Company, in addition to any other remedies that might be available to it, shall be entitled to bring suit at law or equity for money or other damages. Consultant shall not oppose such relief on the grounds that there is an adequate remedy at law, and such right shall be cumulative and in addition to any other remedies at law or in equity (including monetary damages) which Company may have upon the breach of the obligations of confidentiality hereunder.

7. <u>Limitations of Liability</u>. TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, IN NO EVENT WILL EITHER PARTY BE LIABLE TO THE OTHER PARTY OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, INDIRECT, SPECIAL, PUNITIVE, OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES) FOR ANY CLAIM BY ANY OTHER PARTY, EVEN IF SUCH PARTY HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

#### Miscellaneous.

This Agreement is a legally binding agreement between Company and Consultant and shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Florida. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be an original Agreement, and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. This Agreement may not be assigned by consultant without the prior written consent of Company. This Agreement shall not be modified, amended, or in any way altered except by an instrument in writing signed by both Company and Consultant. Each party shall refrain from making or issuing any statements, disclosures, or other communications related to this Agreement, the subject matter of this Agreement, or the services provided hereunder. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between Company and Consultant with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement, and supersedes all prior agreements, whether written or oral, with respect to the subject matter contained in this Agreement.

Please indicate your acceptance of the terms of this Agreement by signing in the space indicated below.

Stelor Productions, Inc.

Received Ten Thousand Dollar signing bonus (\$10,000.00)

MICHAEL LUM

NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF MARYLAND

My Commission Expires April 1, 2003

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SAS Mj

## EXHIBIT C

LAW OFFICES

### KOZYAK TROPIN & THROCKMORTON, P.A.

2525 PONCE DE LEON • 9TH FLOOR

CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA 33134-6037

GAIL A. MCQUILKIN
DIRECT DIAL (305) 377-0656
dam@kttlaw.com

TELEPHONE (305) 372-1800 TELECOPIER (305) 372-3508

Via Federal Express AWB# 7929-0844-8480

April 27, 2005

Steven A. Esrig Stelor Productions, Inc. 14701 Mockingbird Drive Darnestown, Maryland 20874

Re: Silvers/Stelor License Agreement

Dear Mr. Esrig:

On November 12, 2004, we served notice on Stelor that it was in breach of several material provisions of both the License Agreement and Letter Agreement, a copy of which is attached. Because Stelor did not cure those breaches, on January 13, 2005 we served on Stelor a notice of termination of the License Agreement, a copy of which is attached.

On January 28, 2005, Stelor and Silvers entered into a Settlement Agreement in which Silvers agreed to withdraw his notice of termination provided Stelor perform its obligations under the Settlement Agreement. Stelor, however, has:

- failed to provide Silvers with unit interests in Stelor LLC under paragraph 9;
- failed to pay Silvers monthly installments on royalty advances on the first of every month under paragraph 10 (a);
- failed to pay on April 1, 2005 the monthly advance on royalties required by Silver to maintain his insurance coverage through the Aurora Collection under paragraph 10 (b);
- failed to cooperate in the audit of the books and records of Stelor under paragraph 14; and
- failed to provide Silvers samples of Licensed Products that are being offered for sale under paragraph 15.

Furthermore, although Stelor has provided a written statement that it is not offering any

Page 2

Furthermore, although Stelor has provided a written statement that it is not offering any products for sale, and no royalties due, that statement has proven to be false.

Stelor continues to be in breach of the License Agreement as outlined in our letter of November 12, 2004. This is to provide notice to you that due to Stelor's failure to perform its obligations under the Settlement Agreement, and failure to cure the breaches under the License Agreement, Silvers is reinstating his notice of termination of the License Agreement effective immediately.

Pursuant to paragraph X of the License Agreement, Stelor must immediately provide Silvers with a complete schedule of all inventory of Licensed Products on hand or on order. Stelor has six (6) months to continue to sell this Inventory, if any, in accordance with the License Agreement. So long as Stelor is actively selling its inventory of Licensed Products, it may continue the use of the Licensed Intellectual Property associated with the inventory for this period. Outside the scope of its efforts to sell its inventory of Licensed Products, Stelor must immediately cease use of the Licensed Intellectual Property, including names, trademarks, signs, advertising, web site, and anything else that might make it appear that it is still handling the articles and products relating to the Googles IP. Further, Stelor must return to Silvers all material relating to the Licensed Intellectual Property and inform its sub-licensees and those selling Googles related merchandise of the termination of the License Agreement.

Because the License Agreement is now terminated, Stelor may not represent Silvers' interest in any legal proceeding or action.

Gail A. McQuilkin

Sincerely,

c: Steven A. Silvers
Laurence Hefter
Kevin Kaplan

251939.1

#### LAW OFFICES

#### KOZYAK TROPIN & THROCKMORTON, P.A.

2525 PONCE DE LEON • 9TH FLOOR
CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA 33134-6037

TELEPHONE (305) 372-1800 TELECOPIER (305) 372-3508

Via Federal Express AWB#7927-7747-7745

November 12, 2004

Steven A. Esrig Stelor Productions, Inc. 14701 Mockingbird Drive Darnestown, Maryland 20874

Re: Silvers/Stelor License Agreement

Dear Mr. Esrig.

We represent Steven Silvers, Licensor under that License, Distribution and Manufacturing Agreement dated June 1, 2002 ("Agreement"). Pursuant to paragraph IX-A of the Agreement, this serves as notice that Stelor has breached the Agreement and that Mr. Silvers will exercise his right to terminate the Agreement unless Stelor cures the following breaches within 60 days:

- a. Failure to pay royalties under paragraph III (A);
- b. Failure to provide a written certified royalty statement under paragraph III (C);
- c. Failure to provide a list of all sub licenses under paragraph III (C);
- d. Failure to use commercially reasonable efforts to promote, market, sell and distribute the Licensed Products under paragraph V (B)(iii);
- e. Failure to accommodate Licensor's request to audit the books and records of Stelor made under paragraph IV (A) and (C);
- f. Failure to provide samples of all Licensed Products you intend to manufacture and sell; and all promotional and advertising materials associated with those products under paragraph VI (C);
- g. Failure to include appropriate legal notices with the Licensed Products under paragraph VI(A);
- h. Failure to maintain the requisite level of quality for the Licensed Products under paragraph VI (B);

#### LAW OFFICES

### KOZYAK TROPIN & THROCKMORTON, P.A.

2525 PONCE DE LEON • 9TH FLOOR

CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA 33134-6037

GAIL A. MCQUILKIN DIRECT DIAL (305) 377-0656 gam@kttlaw.com

TELEPHONE (305) 372-1800 TELECOPIER (305) 372-3508

Via Federal Express AWB# 7914-4506-9106

January 13, 2005

Steven A. Esrig Stelor Productions, Inc. 14701 Mockingbird Drive Darnestown, Maryland 20874

Re: Silvers/Stelor License Agreement

Dear Mr. Esrig:

As you know we represent Steven Silvers, Licensor under the License, Distribution and Manufacturing Agreement dated June 1, 2002 ("License Agreement"), and party to the Letter Agreement dated June 1, 2002 ("Letter Agreement"). On November 12, 2004 we served notice on Stelor that it was in breach of several material provisions of both the License Agreement and Letter Agreement, a copy of which is attached.

Pursuant to paragraph 1(c) of the Letter Agreement, and paragraph IX-A of the License Agreement, this serves as notice that Mr. Silvers is exercising his option to terminate the License Agreement for Stelor's failure to cure its breach of the Letter Agreement within thirty (30) days, and breach of the License Agreement within sixty (60) days.

Pursuant to paragraph X of the License Agreement, Stelor must immediately provide Mr. Silvers with a complete schedule of all inventory of Licensed Products on hand or on order. Stelor has six (6) months to continue to sell this Inventory in accordance with the License Agreement. So long as Stelor is actively selling its inventory of Licensed Products, it may continue the use of the Licensed Intellectual Property associated with the inventory for this period. Outside the scope of its efforts to sell its inventory of Licensed Products, Stelor must immediately cease use of the Licensed Intellectual Property, including names, trademarks, signs, advertising and anything else that might make it appear that it is still handling the articles and products of Mr. Silver. Further, Stelor must return to Mr. Silvers all material relating to the Licensed Intellectual Property and inform its sublicensees of the termination of the License Agreement.

Because the License Agreement is terminated, Stelor may not proceed to represent the interests of Mr. Silvers in TTAB Opposition Proceeding No. 91161251, TTAB Cancellation Proceeding No. 92043496, the domain dispute against Google pending before the National

Steven A. Esrig Page 2

Arbitration Forum, or participate in TTAB Cancellation Proceeding No. 92043737. And, because the License Agreement is terminated, the action pending in federal district court is now moot. Thus, we will file the appropriate notices in these proceedings.

Our client regrets that this relationship did not work out, and would like very much to keep the relationship amicable throughout the six month inventory sell-off period.

Sincerely

Gail A. McQuilkin

c: Steven A. Silvers
Laurence Hefter
Yano A. Rubinstein
William Borchard

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Page 44 of 56

# EXHIBIT D

### Burlington • Weil • Schwiep • Kaplan & Blonsky, P.A.

Office in the Grove Penthouse 2699 South Bayshore Drive Miami, Florida 33133

T: 305.858.2900 F: 305.858.5261

Email: dblonsky@bwskb.com www.bwskb.com

April 29, 2005

### VIA FACSIMILE AND U.S. MAIL

Gail A. McQuilkin, Esq. Kozyak Tropin & Throckmorton, P.A. 2525 Ponce de Leon Blvd. 9<sup>th</sup> Floor Coral Gables, Florida 33134

Re: Silvers/Stelor

Dear Gail:

I write in response to your letter dated April 27, 2005 to Steven Esrig of Stelor Productions purporting to terminate the License Agreement. It is the position of Stelor that the License Agreement and the Settlement Agreement remain enforceable and binding documents and that the purported grounds for termination are all invalid and improper. We will respond to each of those grounds in turn.

First, Stelor has only recently converted to an LLC and Mr. Silvers has been provided an option letter for unit interests, to which he has not responded.

Second, monthly installments on royalty advancements have been paid. Indeed, enclosed are copies of royalty advancement checks for April and May that we are prepared to release upon withdrawal of the notice of termination.

Third, monthly advances on royalties to maintain insurance coverage have also been paid. Enclosed are checks for April and May that we are prepared to release upon withdrawal of the notice of termination. It must be noted, however, that, despite demand, Mr. Silvers has never confirmed the amount of insurance to be paid. As a show of good faith, Stelor has nonetheless paid the maximum each month, but such confirmation must be provided forthwith.

Fourth, Stelor has cooperated in the audit of the books and records. In fact, just a week ago, on April 22, 2005, you sent an email to Kevin Kaplan stating that "[t]he auditor is preparing a letter that will outline the documents and records he will need available at Stelor to do the audit." We have received no such letter. Whenever Stelor receives such a letter, it will cooperate.

Fifth, samples of licensed products have been collected and are available to Mr. Silvers pursuant to the agreement, provided that the notice of termination is withdrawn and it is understood that the agreements remain in place.

Gail A. McQuilkin, Esq. April 29, 2005 Page 2

Case 9:05-cv-80393-DTKH

Finally, no royalties are owed to your client and the advances paid far exceed royalties that have been accumulated. A royalty statement is enclosed reflecting full payment of any amounts due. To the extent that there are any concerns, they can be raised with us. However, there is simply no basis for termination. Instead, the continuing failure of Mr. Silvers to meet his obligations under paragraph 2 of the Settlement Agreement, which has been the subject of prior correspondence, is a breach that he needs to be cured immediately.

Mr. Silvers is obliged to honor the License Agreement and the Settlement Agreement. We hereby demand receipt of written notice by Noon on Monday, May 2, 2005 that the notice of termination has been withdrawn and that Mr. Silvers agrees to abide by his contractual agreements. We also demand written assurance that Mr. Silvers will make no efforts to interfere in any manner with the business of Stelor. Furthermore, Mr. Silvers needs to agree to the submission to the federal court of a consent decree confirming the enforceability of the agreements and the rights that have been conveyed to Stelor. Failing receipt of such notice and assurances, Stelor will initiate an action seeking to enforce the agreements through declaratory and injunctive relief.

All rights and remedies are reserved. Govern yourselves accordingly.

Sincerely,

Daniel Blonsky

DFB:gr Enclosures

cc: Client (w/ encls.)

Kevin C. Kaplan, Esq. (w/ encls.)

STELOR PRODUCTIONS, INC.

PO BOX 8000 GAITHERSBURG, MD 20883 CITIBANK, F.S.B. WASHINGTON, DC 20036-0967 7-216-520

04/28/05

PAY TO THE ORDER OF\_

Silvers Entertainment Group

¢ \*\*5,000.00

Five Thousand and 00/100\*\*\*

DOLLARS

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Silvers Ent. Group 8983 Okeechobee Blvd PMB 203 Suite 202 West Palm Beach, FL 33411

MEMO

Advance Against Royalty April 05

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# 17597405#

STELOR PRODUCTIONS, INC.

Silvers Entertainment Group

04/28/05

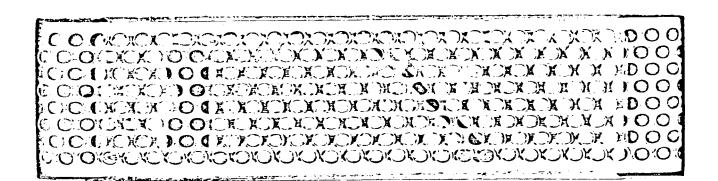
Bill #roymay

04/28/05

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Citibank Checkin Advance Against Royalty April 05



STELOR PRODUCTIONS, INC.

PO BOX 8000 GAITHERSBURG, MD 20883 CITIBANK, F.S.B. WASHINGTON, DC 20036-0967 7-216-520

04/28/05

PAY TO THE ORDER OF\_

Silvers Entertainment Group

**\*\***5,000.**00** 

Five Thousand and 00/100\*\*\*\*

\_DOLLARS

Silvers Ent. Group 8983 Okeechobee Blvd PMB 203 Suite 202 West Palm Beach, FL 33411

MEMO

Advance Against Royalty May 05

#OD2752# #O52002166#

# 17597405m

STELOR PRODUCTIONS, INC.

Silvers Entertainment Group

04/28/05

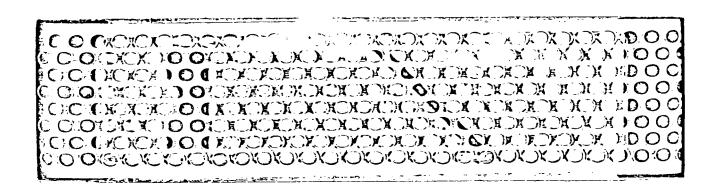
Bill #royapril

04/28/05

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5,000.00

Citibank Checkin Advance Against Royalty May 05



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STELOR PRODUCTIONS, INC.

PO BOX 8000 GAITHERSBURG, MD 20883 CITIBANK, F.S.B. WASHINGTON, DC 20036-0967 7-216-520

04/28/05

PAY TO THE ORDER OF...

Silvers Entertainment Group

c \*\*1,000.00

One Thousand and 00/100\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*
DOLLARS

Silvers Ent. Group 8983 Okeechobee Blvd PMB 203 Suite 202 West Palm Beach, FL 33411

MEMO

Royalty/insurance advance, Apr '05

#002753# #052002166#

# 17597405#

STELOR PRODUCTIONS, INC.

Silvers Entertainment Group

04/28/05

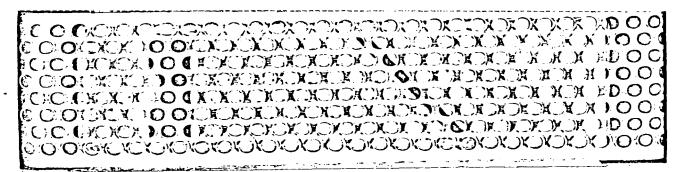
Bill #052005

04/28/05

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Citibank Checkin Royalty/insurance advance, Apr '05



STELOR PRODUCTIONS, INC.

PO BOX 8000 GAITHERSBURG, MD 20883

CITIBANK, F.S.B. WASHINGTON, DC 20036-0967 7-216-520

04/28/05

PAY TO THE ORDER OF

Silvers Entertainment Group

\*\*1,000.**00** 

One Thousand and 00/100\*\*

DOLLARS

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Silvers Ent. Group 8983 Okeechobee Blvd PMB 203 Suite 202 West Palm Beach, FL 33411

**MEMO** 

Royalty/insurance advance May '05

"OO 2755" CO52002166C

# 17597L

STELOR PRODUCTIONS, INC.

Silvers Entertainment Group

04/28/05

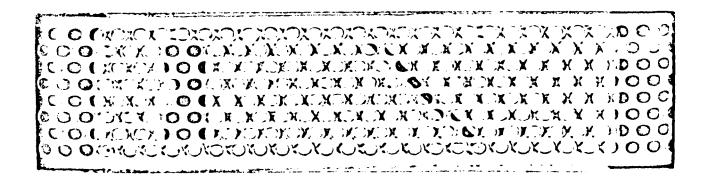
Bill #042005

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Citibank Checkin Royalty/insurance advance May '05



## Royalty Statement Silvers Entertainment Group January 1, 2005 – March 31, 2005

| Transaction   | Net     | Royalty | Royalty | Pre-paid Royalty |
|---|---------|---------|---------|------------------|
|   | Revenue | Rate    | Amount  | Balance          |
| February advance against royalties                        |         |         | \$5,000 | \$5,000          |
| February advance against royalties for insurance premiums |         |         | \$1,000 | \$6,000          |
| Net revenue from licensed properties (iTunes)             | \$47.35 | 6%      | \$2.84  | \$5,997.16       |
| Net revenue from derivative properties (iTunes)           | \$1.47  | 3%      | \$0.04  | \$5,997.12       |
| March advance against royalties                           |         |         | \$5,000 | \$10,997.12      |
| March advance against royalties for insurance premiums    |         | ,       | \$1,000 | \$11,997.12      |

## EXHOBIT E

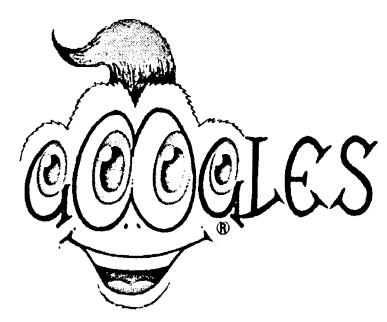
This is in response to your letter of April 29, 2005. My client is not interested in Stelor's offer of late compliance with the terms of the Settlement Agreement or its obligations under the License Agreement. Mr. Silvers has terminated the License and intends to go in a different direction to develop his characters and intellectual property. We expect Stelor to honor its obligations under the termination provisions of the License Agreement.

Sincerely

Gaff A. McQuilkin

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# EXHIBITF



Googles.com is currently undergoing major renovations! We will be back online shortly.

Click Here to Contact Googles.

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