

A review of court records on the U.S. District Web PACER Docket Report reveals that plaintiff has filed numerous civil rights or habeas corpus claims with federal courts while incarcerated. At present, at least nine of these cases have been dismissed as frivolous pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915: *Stanford v. Georgia Dep't of Corr.*, 1:06-CV-956(ODE) (N.D. Ga. May 15, 2006); *Stanford v. Smith*, 5:05-CV-288(WDO) (M.D. Ga. Feb. 3, 2006) (appeal dismissed as frivolous); *Stanford v. United States District Court, Northern District of Ga.*, 5:05-CV-386(CAR) (M.D. Ga. Nov. 23, 2005); *Stanford v. Smith*, 6:05-CV-81(BAE) (S.D. Ga. Nov. 14, 2005); *Stanford v. Smith*, 6:05-CV-56(BAE) (S.D. Ga. Nov. 1, 2005)(both initial filing and appeal dismissed as frivolous); *Stanford v. Head*, 1:05-CV-1988(ODE) (N.D. Ga. Aug. 25, 2005); and *Stanford v. Smith*, 6:04-CV-149(BAE) (S.D. Ga. June 22, 2005) (both initial filing and appeal dismissed as frivolous).

As plaintiff has nine strikes, he cannot proceed *in forma pauperis* in the instant case unless he can show that he qualifies for the “imminent danger of serious physical injury” exception of section 1915(g). Plaintiff’s claims do not remotely approach allegations of “imminent danger of serious physical injury.”

Because plaintiff has nine prior strikes and is not under imminent danger of serious injury, his request to proceed *in forma pauperis* is **DENIED** and the instant action is **DISMISSED** without prejudice. If plaintiff wishes to bring a new civil rights action, he may do so by submitting new complaint forms and the entire \$350.00 filing fee at the time of filing the complaint. As the Eleventh Circuit stated in *Dupree v. Palmer*, 284 F.3d 1234, 1236 (11th Cir. 2002), a prisoner cannot simply pay the filing fee after being denied *in forma pauperis* status; he must pay the filing fee at the time he initiates the suit.

SO ORDERED, this 25th day of April, 2007.

s/ Hugh Lawson

HUGH LAWSON
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

cr