E X H I B I T

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Fair Use Checklist

Name: Patricia Dixon	Date:	November 29, 2010
Class or Project: African American Family, A	AS 3000	
Course and Term: African American Family, AAS	3000, Fall 2009	
Title of Copyrighted Work: African American Si	ngle Mothers: Unders	tanding their Families/Sage Publications
Author and Publisher: Bette Dickerson/Suzanne	M. Randolph	
Portion(s) to be used (e.g., pages, timer co	unts): Chp. 7, pp.	117-145

Instructions: Where the factors favoring fair use outnumber those against it, reliance on fair use is justified. Where fewer than half the factors favor fair use, instructors should seek permission from the rights holder. Where the factors are evenly split, instructors should consider the total facts weighing in favor of fair use as opposed to the total facts weighing against fair use in deciding whether fair use is justified. Not all of the facts will be present in any given situation. Check only those facts that apply to your use. No single item or factor is determinative of fair use. Instructors should consult the Legal Affairs office at their institution or at the Office of the Board of Regents if they have questions regarding analysis of the four factors.

For more information regarding the fair use factors, please see the fair use sections of the Policy on the Use of Copyrighted Works in Education and Research for the University System of Georgia, which can be found on the web at http://www.usg.edu/copyright/.

Complete and retain a copy of this checklist for each "fair use" of a copyrighted work in order to establish a "reasonable and good faith" attempt at applying fair use should any dispute regarding such use arise.

Factor 1: Purpose and Character of the Use

	Weighs in Favor of Fair Use	Weighs Against Fair Use
	Nonprofit Educational Teaching (including multiple copies for classroom use) Research or Scholarship Criticism, Comment, News Reporting, or Parody Transformative (use changes work for new utility or purpose) Personal Study Use is necessary to achieve your	 □ Commercial activity □ Profiting from use □ Entertainment □ Non-transformative □ For publication □ For public distribution □ Use exceeds that which is necessary to achieve your intended educational purpose
	intended educational purpose	
7	Factor Weighs in Favor of Fair Use	☐ Factor Weighs Against Fair Use



Factor 2: Nature of Copyrighted Work

Weighs in Favor of Fair Use	Weighs Against Fair Use	
☑ Published work☑ Factual or nonfiction work☑ Important to educational objectives	 ☐ Unpublished work ☐ Highly creative work (art, music, novels, films, plays, poetry, fiction) ☐ Consumable work (workbook, test) 	
☐ Factor Weighs in Favor of Fair Use	☐ Factor Weighs Against Fair Use	
Factor 3: Amount and S	Substantiality of Portion Used	
Weighs in Favor of Fair Use	Weighs Against Fair Use	
 Small portion of work used Portion used is not central or significant to entire work as a whole Amount taken is narrowly tailored to educational purpose, such as criticism, comment, research, or subject being taught 	 □ Large portion or entire work used □ Portion used is central to work or "heart of the work" □ Amount taken is more than necessary for criticism, comment, research, or subject being taught 	
☐ Factor Weighs in Favor of Fair Use	☐ Factor Weighs Against Fair Use	
Factor 4: Effect	on Market for Original	
Weighs in Favor of Fair Use	Weighs Against Fair Use	
 ☑ No significant effect on market or potential market for copyrighted work ☑ Use stimulates market for original work ☑ No similar product marketed by the copyright holder ☑ No longer in print ☑ Licensing or permission unavailable ☑ Supplemental classroom reading ☑ One or few copies made or distributed ☑ User owns lawfully acquired or purchased copy of original work ☑ Restricted access (to students or other appropriate group) 	 □ Significantly impairs market or potential market for copyrighted work or derivative □ Licensing or permission reasonably available □ Numerous copies made or distributed □ Repeated or long-term use that demonstrably affects the market for the work □ Required classroom reading □ User does not own lawfully acquired or purchased copy of original work □ Unrestricted access on the web or other public forum 	
☐ Factor Weighs in Favor of Fair Use	☐ Factor Weighs Against Fair Use	

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