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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA ATLANTA DIVISION

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

CIVIL ACTION FILE

vs.

NO. 1:08-CV-1425-ODE

MARK P. BECKER, in his official capacity as Georgia State University President, et al.,

Defendants.

Videotaped deposition of NANCY SEAMANS, taken on behalf of the Plaintiffs pursuant to Rules 26 and 30 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, before Michelle M. Boudreaux, Georgia Certified Court Reporter, at the Offices of Legal Affairs for Georgia State University, 10 Park Place South Building, Atlanta, Georgia, on the 10th day of March 2009, commencing at the hour of 10:15 a.m.

> SHUGART & BISHOP Certified Court Reporters 13 Corporate Square Suite 140 Atlanta, Georgia 30329 (770) 955-5252

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18	Videographer: Kennith Drake
19	
20	
21	(Whereupon, disclosure as required by the Georgia Board of Court Reporting was made by the
22	court reporter, a written copy of which is attached hereto.)
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1	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This will be the
2	videotaped deposition of Nancy Seamans
3	
	taken by the plaintiffs in the matter of
4	Cambridge University Press, et al. versus
5	Mark P. Becker in his official capacity as
6	Georgia State University president, et al.
7	The date is March the 10th, 2009. We
8	are on the record at 10:15:07.
9	NANCY SEAMANS,
10	being first duly sworn, was examined and testified as
11	follows:
12	EXAMINATION
13	BY MR. RICH:
14	Q Good morning, Ms. Seamans.
15	A Good morning.
16	Q My name is Bruce Rich. I'm a partner with
17	the law firm of Weil, Gotshal & Manges, and I will be
18	asking you some questions today.
19	First, would you state your name and
20	address for the record, please?
21	A Nancy Seamans, Georgia State University,
22	University Library, Atlanta, Georgia.
23	Q And have you ever had your deposition taken
24	before?
25	A No.
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1 Q Okay. If there's any aspect of this 2 process that you don't understand, most particularly 3 the questions I'm asking you, you can certainly feel free to seek a clarification. Of course, your 4 5 counsel will keep me straight and narrow during the 6 day today. 7 By whom are you employed, Ms. Seamans? Α 8 Georgia State University. 9 And what is your position? 0 10 Α I'm the dean of libraries. MR. SCHAETZEL: Bruce, then, 11 12 consistent with my obligation to keep us on 13 the straight and narrow, first of all, the witness would prefer to read and sign, so 14 15 I'd like to get that on the record. 16 And also, as I believe was done in 17 Mr. Potter -- or Dr. Potter's deposition, 18 we do intend to try and preserve the privilege and will from time to time raise 19 20 that as appropriate. 21 MR. RICH: Okay. 22 MR. SCHAETZEL: Okay. 23 (By Mr. Rich) And when did you your assume Q 24 your duties as -- is it dean of libraries? 25 Ά Yes. August 4th, 2008. **SHUGART & BISHOP**

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1	Q Congratulations on your new position.
2	A Thank you.
3	Q Prior to that tame, I take it you were at
4	the University of Iowa for a period of time?
5	A I was.
6	Q What was your last position at the
7	University of Iowa?
8	A Associate university librarian for research
9	and instructional services.
10	Q And approximately for what period of time
11	did you hold that position?
12	A Three and a half years.
13	Q And your educational degrees are what?
14	A I have an undergraduate degree in political
15	science from Virginia Tech. I have a master's degree
16	in library and information science from UNC Chapel
17	Hill, and I have a Ph.D. in instructional technology
18	from Virginia Tech.
19	Q All right. At a general level, could you
20	describe the duties you had as in your last
21	position at the University of Iowa, please?
22	A Generally, I was responsible for services
23	provided by the library to the constituent group,
24	which is primarily (unintelligible).
25	Q And what is encompassed by the term

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"services provided" to that constituent group?

A It was branch libraries, reference, media services, access services, interlibrary loan.

Q Did the university -- what were the various techniques by which course materials were read by students at the University of Iowa? How did they access such materials? What were the span of options?

9 Α The ones that occur to me are accessing 10 materials by purchasing them, by checking them out of 11 the library, by using them on reserve, by using them 12 on electronic reserve, by using them via materials 13 handed out in a classroom setting. There are 14 probably others, but that's what is coming to me 15 quickly.

16 Q And by what techniques did students 17 purchase -- typically purchase materials?

Through the bookstore.

19 Q And did those purchases -- are you familiar 20 with a concept called "coursepacks"?

A Iam.

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Q What do you understand that term to mean?
A Generally to be materials that a faculty
member has determined are critical for instructional
purposes and has arranged to have copied and

1	permissions received and sold to students.
2	Q Was such a practice engaged in by faculty
-	at the University of Iowa?
4	A I don't know for sure, but I'm assuming so.
5	Q Did any aspect of what you describe as
6	coursepacks fall within your jurisdiction?
7	A No.
8	Q At any time in your tenure at the
9	University of Iowa?
10	A No.
11	Q Did your responsibilities while at the
12	University of Iowa encompass reserve and E-Reserve
13	usage of materials?
14	A Yes.
15	Q What level of role, involvement, or
16	supervision did you have with respect to reserve and
17	E-Reserve usage?
18	A I had a department head who reported to me,
19	and that person was responsible for all of access
20	services, which included circulation, interlibrary
21	loan, reserve, E-Reserve.
22	Q And in relation to E-Reserve practice at
23	the University of Iowa, did you have occasion to
24	become familiar with the variety of course offerings
25	that were scanned, I assume, and made available for

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student access by the E-Reserve system?

A Only generally.

Q What was your general understanding of the nature of such uses of course materials?

5 A That faculty member determined whether or 6 not supplemental materials were appropriate for the 7 instructional setting and would make a request to 8 have them available for their students.

9 Q You used the term "supplementary." Was it 10 the practice at the University of Iowa that faculty 11 members would only use E-Reserves for the purpose of 12 supplementing otherwise required course readings?

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Generally, yes.

14 Q And in your experience, what volume of 15 materials would be placed on E-Reserve? What's the 16 range of volume that you experienced from low to 17 high?

I'm sorry, I really don't know.

19QOkay. Were you shown any statistics or20received any reports about that sort of practice?

21 A I probably was, but I don't recall what the 22 numbers were.

Q Okay. Now, would you generally describe
your duties and supervisory responsibilities in your
present position as dean of libraries at Georgia

1 State University? 2 Α I am responsible for all functioning of the 3 university library, not to include the law library. I am not responsible for that. 4 That includes 5 personnel, budget, collections, development. Those are probably the key pieces. 6 7 And --Q 8 Α Services, instruction, outreach. 9 Q Pardon me. Services, instruction, outreach. 10 Α Give me 11 time, and I'll keep going. 12 Q I certainly want you to respond completely. 13 To the extent that faculty and students utilized one or both of reserve and E-Reserve forms 14 15 of access to course materials, what degree of 16 involvement in those practices does your position 17 entail? 18 A Very little. 19 Q Any at all? 20 Α I am aware of what is going on with that, 21 but there is a unit head, a department head, an 22 associate university library, and then me, so it's 23 several layers removed. 24 Q Can you identify each of those in that pyramid that you've described, please, by name and 25

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A Denita Hampton is the head of access
services, and the associate university librarian is
Laura Burtle.

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I'm sorry. Ms. Burtle's title is?

Associate university librarian.

7 Q To the extent that from time to time 8 Georgia State University policies, with respect to 9 usage of copyrighted materials by faculty or 10 students, comes under scrutiny --

A Uh-huh.

12 Q -- what is your -- by the nature of your 13 position, what is your role and responsibility with 14 respect to the formation, shaping, and promulgation 15 of such policies?

A Policies --

MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. Go ahead.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

Q (By Mr. Rich) Do you have the question? MR. SCHAETZEL: You can answer.

THE WITNESS: The policies in terms of

just reserves?

MR. RICH: No, copyright --

THE WITNESS: Copyright --

1	MR. RICH: compliance generally.
2	THE WITNESS: That has very little to
3	do with the library because the policy does
4	not come from the library.
5	Q (By Mr. Rich) To the extent that Georgia
6	State University at any point in time wishes to
7	implement policy, for example, Regent policy
8	A Uh-huh.
9	Q and to take steps to provide both
10	technological and other means for faculty and
11	students to work within those policies
12	A Uh-huh.
13	Q again, what is your role and supervisory
14	responsibility with respect to implementation of
15	those policies?
16	A For the university?
17	Q Yes.
18	A We certainly do take policies that the
19	university has and abide by them, so we are
20	implementing policies that the university has in
21	place and we are trying to work within those.
22	Q And you use the collective "we." For the
23	moment, I'm trying to isolate out a bit your own
24	personal
25	A Okay.

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1	Q role and responsibility in relation to
2	implementation of copyright compliance policy.
3	A It would I'm very peripherally involved
4	in that implementation.
5	Q And with respect to Ms. Burtle, is it
6	A Uh-huh.
7	Q how would you describe the extent of her
8	involvement in such matters, that is, implementation
9	of policy?
10	A Probably slightly more than mine, but the
11	policy comes from the university or from the Board of
12	Regents, so it's how we go about implementing what
13	they have given us. So she would be more involved
14	than I would be, Ms. Hampton would be more involved
15	than she would be, but most of it is trying to figure
16	out, within the constraints of what the policy is
17	that we have been given, how we make it work best.
18	Q What is the what is Ms. Hampton's
19	background in terms of training; do you know?
20	A I don't.
21	Q Do you know if she has any special training
22	in intellectual property matters?
23	A I do not.
24	Q And copyright matters in particular?
25	A I do not.
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1	Q Same question with respect to Ms. Burtle.
2	A I do not.
3	Q To your knowledge, is either of them
4	formally trained in law?
5	A No, not to my knowledge.
6	Q And I take it you do not have formal
- 7	training in law?
8	A I do not.
9	Q How would you describe your knowledge of
10	copyrights?
11	A On-the-job training.
12	
	Q Consisting of?
13	A Being in libraries and academic libraries
14	for a number of years and seeing the evolution of
15	reserve systems going from a paper-based system to an
16	electronic system and trying to make sure that that
17	transition is a smooth one, understanding what the
18	copyright law is to the best of my ability as a
19	nonlawyer.
20	Q What tools have you used to try to
21	understand, as a nonlawyer, what copyright law is all
22	about?
23	A Mostly reading.
24	Q For instance, any particular reading
25	materials or types of materials come to mind?
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1	A There are a number of books on copyright
2	law for librarians.
3	Q And
4	A Increasingly, Web sites also provide
5	material.
6	Q Since joining Georgia State University this
7	past August
8	A Uh-huh.
9	Q have you had occasion to utilize, for
10	purposes of reference or further education, any
11	formal materials relating to copyright law?
12	A "Formal" being
13	Q Published materials.
14	A books, Web sites? Probably more Web
15	sites than books.
16	Q All right. The answer
17	A Yes.
18	Q is yes?
19	A Yes.
20	Q And which would those have been?
21	A Certainly the Columbia University Web site,
22	the University of Minnesota Web site, Cornell
23	University, the University of Washington. I'm sure
24	there are others, but those are the ones that occur
25	to me.

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1 Were there particular reasons that you came Q 2 to visit at least the four sites you identified? 3 Α Uh-huh. As part of the Regent Select 4 Committee on Copyright, we were given -- suggested that we look at a number of pages to review. 5 6 Q And was Cornell among those? 7 Α Yes, I believe it was. 8 Q Did those suggestions come from counsel? 9 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection. You're 10 asking for privileged information and 11 communication from counsel. Can you 12 rephrase the question? 13 (By Mr. Rich) Where did these suggestions Q 14 come from? 15 From the chair -- chair of the committee. Α 16 In your -- and you have some working Q Okay. 17 familiarity with the so-called fair use doctrine of 18 copyright, correct? 19 Α I'm familiar with fair use doctrine, yes. 20 In the course of your career, not limited Q 21 now to Georgia State University, have you had 22 occasion to think about applications of the fair use 23 doctrine to day-to-day practice in the university 24 setting? 25 Α Certainly from a library perspective, yes.

1 Q Yes. And does that include during your tenure at Georgia State University? 2 3 Ά Generally, yes. 4 Q Okay. And what kinds of settings would 5 come up where you would draw upon that learning and 6 that set of understandings? 7 Α Mostly in terms of how it might be 8 implemented within a library. 9 Okay. And I take it you're aware that one 0 10 of the elements generally considered in connection 11 with the fair use doctrine is -- involves the amount 12 of a particular work that may be excerpted, either as 13 a percentage of the whole work or in some fashion? 14 That's a concept you're familiar with, yes? 15 Α Yes. 16 Have you developed any working Q 17 understandings as to whether there is a threshold, sort of safe harbor --18 19 Ά Uh-huh. 20 Q -- percentage of a work which, if a faculty 21 member were to utilize, would insulate that use from 22 any claim of copyright infringement? 23 Α No. 24 Do you have any understanding as to whether Q 25 there is any numerical percentage which acts as a

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2 which may be taken? It seems to me it would be very hard to 3 Α 4 have a numerical amount because each situation is 5 different. So you would have to look at the given 6 circumstances to determine that. 7 Q Another element of the fair use doctrine, 8 I'm sure you know, sometimes called Factor 4, 9 involves effect on the market for the work which has 10 That's a concept you've heard before, been taken. 11 yes? 12 Α Yes. 13 Do you have a general sense for the dynamic Q 14 Again, as a layperson, what's your sense of of that? 15 how one should think about properly, in the fair use 16 analysis, that aspect of the fair use test? 17 Α It would be a component, my understanding, 18 not as a lawyer --19 Q Yes. 20 -- that if there is an impact on the sale Α 21 that would limit the sale or would keep the holder of 22 copyright from having recompense for the use of that 23 material, that that would be a factor to consider. 24 Q Have you considered the concept not simply 25 of potential lost sale, but of a lost license or a SHUGART & BISHOP

litmus test for determining the safe amount of a work

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lost licensing income stream for that rights holder 1 2 as part of that? 3 Ά Licensing and sale I would be thinking of 4 in a similar way. 5 Q Okay. 6 Α Yes. 7 Q And again, from your study, thinking, 8 analysis, and reading, have you come to the view that. 9 one or more of the so-called fair use factors has 10 more importance in the balance than any others? 11 A No. They're all important, all four of 12 them. 13 What is your view of the ability of someone Q 14 who has not studied, as you have, much of the 15 literature on fair use and related -- what's your view of the ability of such an individual to perform 16 17 a meaningful fair use analysis in a given setting? 18 I believe that by providing any individual Α with a tool like the checklist, you are giving a 19 20 reasonable person the opportunity to reasonably do 21 that determination, that that makes them think about 22 all of those four fair use factors and the components 23 of the fair use factors. So I believe a reasonable 24 person could use that tool and make a determination. 25 Do you have a view whether for that process Q

1 to function reasonably, there is also required any 2 additional context, background setting, or other 3 information?

A Absolutely.

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Q And what does that include?

A It would be that the faculty member has to know what they are doing within the teaching setting.

8 Q And can you explain a little more what you 9 mean by that?

10 The person who can best determine whether a Α 11 use is a fair use is the faculty who is teaching the 12 class and is looking at material and trying to 13 determine whether or not their use would be a fair 14 use. They're the ones that know the course, they 15 know what they're teaching, they know the points 16 they're trying to make. And so they're best equipped 17 to make that determination, so it would have to be in 18 the context of a faculty member and a course.

19 Q Do you believe it to be of any importance 20 that faculty, say at Georgia State University, who 21 will be required, as I understand it, to apply the 22 new fair use checklist, take some courses or attend 23 some seminars in which more background about context 24 for copyright law and fair use doctrine is spoken 25 about?

1	A Yes.
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2	Q Are you involved in any fashion? Do your
3	responsibilities involve you, as part of the
4	implementation of the new Regent policy, in
5	fashioning such educational tools?
6	A I have seen the training and I've seen the
7	educational tools, but I was not involved in creating
8	them.
9	Q And when you say you've seen the training,
10	what specifically are you referencing?
11	A I attended a training session.
12	Q And when was that?
13	A Ten days ago, two weeks ago, three weeks
14	ago. The policy was approved by the chancellor on
15	February something, 19th, 17th. And the training we
16	put into place from legal counsel at the university
17	took place with the library staff within the next 10
18	days after that.
19	Q And can you describe
20	A Sometime before the end of February.
21	Q Can you describe the format of that
22	training session?
23	A It was a presentation by one of the
24	attorneys with a PowerPoint that had material about
25	the new policy and implementation. And my
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1	understanding is that that similar training would be			
2	made avai	lable for faculty members.		
3	Q	This particular one was for members of the		
4	library s	staff, did you say?		
5	A	Yes.		
6	Q	Approximately how many people attended?		
7	A	Ten.		
8	Q	And was that mandatory attendance		
9	A	Yes.		
10	Q	the list of who was there?		
11	A	Yes.		
12	Q	And about how long did the presentation		
13	last?			
14	A	It was scheduled for an hour and ran over		
15	two.			
16	Q	Was there a Q&A		
17	A	Yes.		
18	Q	portion of it as well?		
19	A	Yes.		
20	Q	And was that presentation made by Ms. Hall?		
21	А	Yes.		
22	Q	I'm going to show you a document we'll mark		
23	as			
24		MR. RICH: What's the next number?		
25		(Discussion off the record.)		

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1	(Exhibit 17 marked for identification.)
2	Q (By Mr. Rich) Plaintiff's 17, a document
3	bearing production Bates Nos. 21120 to 21148 titled
4	"Copyright in Instruction & the New USG Copyright
5	Policy," apparently authored by Cynthia V. Hall,
6	Office of Legal Affairs, Georgia State University,
7	dated January 23, 2009.
8	Do you recognize this to be the PowerPoint
9	presentation you were just referring to?
10	A Without recalling
11	Q Appear does this appear to be?
12	A This appears to be, yes.
13	Q Okay. Did you have any input in the
14	creation of this document?
15	A No.
16	Q You first were exposed to it when it was
17	presented?
18	A Yes.
19	Q Okay. Do you have any knowledge how this
20	document came to be prepared, other than what appears
21	to be obvious, that Ms. Hall had a significant hand
22	in its preparation?
23	A And that much of it is from the new policy.
24	Q Any other understanding about how this
25	A No.

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1	Q was composed?
2	Did you ever have occasion to see any prior
3	iterations of this PowerPoint or drafts of it?
4	A No.
5	Q If you would turn to the page
6	Bates-numbered 21128, please. It indicates that I
7	take it the broad reference to "USG Copyright Policy"
8	is to the newly promulgated policy coming out of the
9	committee work of which you were a part?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Okay. And the first bullet here by
12	Ms. Hall indicates, "Inform and educate students,
13	faculty, and staff on copyright."
14	A Uh-huh.
15	Q What did you understand that to say and
16	what is your recollection of how Ms. Hall described
17	that activity?
18	A That there would be a training opportunity
19	for all faculty as part of the implementation of the
20	policy.
21	Q And do you have an understanding whether
22	that's an optional training for faculty, whether it's
23	mandatory for some or all faculty?
24	A I do not know.
25	Q And the next bullet says, "Tools to assist

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in copyright and fair use analysis (see fair use checklist)."

> Α Uh-huh.

Q Did you understand this or did Ms. Hall describe this as involving tools beyond resort to the fair use checklist?

7 Α I believe the sense was that the Web site 8 that is currently up includes additional information that faculty particularly could use in determining 9 what fair use is and what materials might be covered 11 by fair use, what you might not need permission for, that kind of thing. So the one specific tool is the checklist, but I think we see -- we heard that the entire Web site was a -- was, in a way, a tool.

And do you have any understanding on that 0 subject, whether the preexisting Regents Guide --

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Α Uh-huh.

Q -- dating back to 1997 is intended to be a 19 tool continuing to be available as a resource for people trying to understand copyright law within the **University System?**

> Α No.

Q No, you don't? No meaning --Α No, I do not think it is intended as a

25 tool.



1	Q It's to be discontinued as a resource?
2	A It is a historical document, which I hope
3	will be preserved, but I do not feel that it is
4	intended to be used as a tool.
5	Q And what is your understanding as to the
6	reason that it is being relegated to a historical
7	document?
8	A Because there is a new policy in place.
9	Q And do you view the new policy as
10	modifying, in one or more particulars, the guidance
11	that was provided by the prior Regent Guide?
12	A Yes.
13	Q And in what particulars would you describe
14	the new policy as diverging from the old?
15	A The first piece that to me is most
16	interesting is that the former the Regents Guide
17	was a guide, and what we now have is a policy. My
18	sense is that a guide makes suggestions to people
19	about how they might proceed, and a policy mandates
20	that they must proceed in a certain way.
21	Q So
22	A So I think they're
23	Q I'm sorry, go ahead.
24	A I think they're very, very different in
25	terms of implementation.

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1	Q Could we explore that just for a couple of
2	minutes so I understand your conception of that?
3	A Uh-huh.
4	Q What did you so I take it your
5	understanding of the preceding guide was to give, for
6	lack of a better word, guidance?
7	A Uh-huh.
8	Q But when you say it wasn't it wasn't
9	mandated to be followed, is that your perspective?
10	A (Witness nods head affirmatively.)
11	Q And by that, you mean by each of the 35
12	institutions within the University System?
13	A There's a difference between a policy and a
14	guide. I mean, a guide is something that is a
15	general understanding, something that provides, as
16	you said, guidance. And a policy is, "Here is our
17	policy and you will follow it." And this may be a
18	peculiarity of academia, but there's a very distinct
19	difference between a policy and a guide.
20	Q Okay. I interrupted you in sort of
21	listing
22	A Uh-huh.
23	Q changes that you thought were salient.
24	Please continue.
25	A That with a policy, there is language in
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1 that policy of what faculty must do. And with certain constraints provided, I think if you look at 2 3 the policy, it tells people how to act, in a way. In terms of substantive advice in terms of 4 0 5 applying copyright and fair use principles --6 Α Uh-huh. 7 Q -- to particular applications, did you come 8 to be of the view that the new superseding policy 9 diverges in one or more particulars from the advice 10 contained in the prior Regent Guide? 11 Α I am not familiar enough with the prior 12 guide to comment on that. 13 Did you have any occasion during the Q 14 deliberations of the recent committee to look at draft materials, which I believe may have been 15 16 circulated to the entire committee, in which some of 17 the so-called scenarios which were contained in the 1997 Regent Guide were republished for the 18 19 committee's consideration, and in certain cases, I'll 20 represent to you, certain modifications were made in the proposed analysis of the circumstances presented? 21 Do you recall being exposed to that material? 22 23 Yes. Α 24 And were you part of any committee Q 25 discussions concerning those scenarios?

1 А The discussion was that they were too tied 2 to the former guide and that they would just be 3 confusing to people if we included them in the new 4 So we didn't look at them closely. policy. 5 0 And what was the opportunity for confusion? That they were two separate documents, and 6 Α 7 that by pulling pieces from one document into another 8 one, it would just confuse users, and that we should 9 leave one as a historical document and not try to 10 modify it. 11 0 Was there any consideration given to 12 supplementing the current policy with those kinds of 13 examples? 14 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. 15 Can you answer that without divulging 16 any attorney-client communication that --17 MR. RICH: Yes, I don't want you to. 18 Thank you. 19 MR. SCHAETZEL: If you can -- and we 20 can have the question read back so that you 21 can hear it again, then we'll be pleased to 22 answer it. Otherwise, I need to know if 23 you would have to divulge communications at 24 the hearing --25 THE WITNESS: Can I hear the

question --

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MR. SCHAETZEL: -- or at the committee meeting, excuse me.

(Record read.)

MR. RICH: Let me add whether the committee received legal advice as to the advisability of doing that or not, but rather, separate from that, there was any consideration to the advisability of incorporating those kinds of examples in the final policy.

MR. SCHAETZEL: Before you answer, I'd like for her to be able to answer the question. And I appreciate the distinction that you're trying to draw. What I would ask is, are we in agreement that by answering this question, we will have --MR. RICH: Yes. MR. SCHAETZEL: -- not acted --MR. RICH: Yes. MR. SCHAETZEL: -- in any way to waive the privilege --MR. RICH: Yes. MR. SCHAETZEL: -- so that -- okay. You might want to have the question read



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1	back again after all this, but just
2	let's try and answer it as best we can.
3	(Record read.)
4	THE WITNESS: Yes.
5	Q (By Mr. Rich) And what was the nature of
6	the discussion of it?
7	A One of the Web sites that we reviewed
8	and I'm sorry, I can't remember which institution
9	had provided some examples, and there was discussion
10	of whether or not that was a good model to follow.
11	The decision was made not to.
12	Q Did you have a point of view?
13	A No.
14	Q And the gist of the reasoning carried today
15	as to not including it was apart from any legal
16	input was what?
17	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection. I'm not
18	sure that those two can be separated out
19	MR. RICH: If they can.
20	MR. SCHAETZEL: that easily.
21	MR. RICH: If they can.
22	MR. SCHAETZEL: And objection, asked
23	and answered, but go ahead.
24	THE WITNESS: Can I have the question
25	again? I'm sorry.

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1	(Record read.)
2	THE WITNESS: I don't have a sense of
3	which way it went, no.
4	Q (By Mr. Rich) My several questions
5	back, my sort of topic sentence question or topic
6	paragraph question was, did you perceive there to be
7	changes implemented in the policy or differences from
8	the preexisting guide? You answered yes, and I had
9	asked you to start listing them, and one was one
10	was a guide
11	A Uh-huh.
12	Q and one was a policy, yes?
13	A Uh-huh.
14	Q And I didn't mean to interrupt your list if
15	there are other changes that you felt were important
16	to point out.
17	A And again, I am not familiar enough with
18	the original guide to make comparisons.
19	Q Are there any other things that come to
20	mind that you think are salient distinctions
21	substantively or procedurally from the prior guide?
22	A Not that I'm thinking of right now.
23	Q The third bullet on the page 21128 of
24	Exhibit 17 says, "Facilitates use of materials
25	currently licensed and provide information on

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licensing."

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What is your understanding and recollection as to what that is a reference to?

4 Α The library does -- excuse me, does have 5 licensed material, and we would be involved in trying 6 to make sure that faculty are aware of what we have 7 licensed and what they can use without having to make any kind of fair use determination.

9 0 So if I understand your answer, the policy 10 contemplates first checking to see whether there 11 exists license arrangements with respect to the 12 materials proposed to be used; if so, that obviates a 13 fair use analysis as to such materials, is that 14 correct?

> Α Yes.

> > MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.

0 (By Mr. Rich) The last bullet is, "Individuals to counsel faculty and staff (Office of Legal Affairs, others)." What is your understanding of the meaning of that?

21 Α That should faculty and staff have 22 questions, they have a resource in the Office of 23 Legal Affairs.

24 And were individuals identified as being Q 25 that resource?

1 Specifically Cynthia, because she was doing Α the training session, but the sense that there were other people in the Office of Legal Affairs who were available also.

And was there discussion around that 5 Q 6 concept, either in terms of the presentation made by 7 Ms. Hall or any Q&A about the situations that it 8 might be expected that questions would occur and the frequency with which it was expected that faculty 9 might invoke the availability of legal counsel?

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Not specifically, no.

0 Turning the page, please, to the next page, This PowerPoint is headed "USG Guidelines on 21129. Electronic Reserves." The first bullet reads, "Instructors evaluate whether permissions needed or fair use -- know details of work and use."

17 I take it that denotes the policy/procedure 18 requiring instructors to go through the fair use 19 checklist with respect to each otherwise unlicensed 20 work which they propose to use on E-Reserve; is that 21 correct?

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That's my understanding.

23 And do you have any understanding of what Q 24 checks and balances, if any, are built into the 25 system to make judgments about the reasonableness of

1 the determinations that individual instructors would 2 be making?

3 Α I'm not sure I'm following your question. 4 Q Is it your understanding that the policy 5 contemplates any form of supervision, auditing, 6 sampling, review, or the like of the individual 7 determinations that will be made by faculty members to determine the reasonableness of those 8 9 determinations?

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I'm not aware of any.

11 Q And specifically in relation to Georgia
12 State University, are you aware of any plans or
13 processes either now in place or to be put in place
14 to serve that function?

15 If there is anything that I would see going Α 16 forward -- and this is -- because this is new to us, 17 we're still figuring this out, from the library 18 perspective, that there would be a sense that staff, 19 when in doubt, would question -- would take the issue 20 to legal counsel, that there would be not an 21 automatic acceptance of what a faculty member has 22 said if there is something that raises a red flag for 23 a faculty -- for a staff member in the library.

Q And when you reference staff members in this connection, what are we talking about, who are

1 we talking about? 2 Α We're talking about technicians, clerks, 3 library clerks. So it would be something that would have to be pretty egregious to make them question 4 something, but they are given the authority to raise 5 questions if they see something that bothers them. 6 7 Q Was that communicated during this seminar? 8 Α Yes. 9 Were any examples given of what might be 0 viewed as egregious? 10 11 Α It mostly focused on quantity, that if 12 somebody asked that an entire book be scanned, for 13 example, would the staff accept that, and we generally said probably not, that they would ask that 14 15 legal counsel be involved. 16 Any other examples that came up of that Q 17 kind of egregious --18 Not that I'm thinking of. Α 19 Turning to page 21130, the second bullet Q 20 indicates, "Remove materials at the end of each 21 semester." Do you see that? 22 Α Yes. 23 Does the policy contemplate what's to be Q 24 done if a professor wants to offer the same materials 25 in one or more succeeding academic terms? SHUGART & BISHOP

1	A I don't believe it explicitly addresses
2	that, but for implementation purposes, they would
3	have to resubmit the request
4	Q You would
5	A and do the
6	Q Pardon me.
7	A and do the analysis.
8	Q And was that topic covered at this seminar?
9	A Yes.
10	Q What was said about it, just what you said?
11	A (Witness nods head affirmatively.)
12	Q Is there any presumption either favoring or
13	disfavoring use in sequential semesters of the same
14	material under the policy?
15	A It would have to be determined by the fair
16	use analysis, so the faculty member would have to go
17	through the same steps, so no presumption either way.
18	Q Turn to page 21146, "Copyright Myths."
19	A Uh-huh.
20	Q Did Ms. Hall cover this in her
21	presentation?
22	A She did.
23	Q Second bullet says one of the myths is, "It
24	is legal to copy as long as you don't copy the
25	entirety (more than 25 percent, 20 percent, 10
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EXHIBIT K - 37

1 | percent, etc.) of the work."

Was there more conversation around this at the seminar, either in terms of how Ms. Hall presented this concept or from the feedback from the group?

6 A I believe there probably was. I'm not 7 recalling specifically, but it's -- I'm guessing 8 that -- as I'm thinking back, that there was more 9 discussion of this, yes.

10 Q Can you recall any specifics about it?
11 A No, except that the idea that there is any
12 percentage that you can attach and that makes it
13 right or wrong was debunked as part of this
14 discussion.

15 Q Was this lawsuit discussed during this16 presentation?

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Not that I recall.

18 Q Was any linkage between this lawsuit and
19 the new policy discussed at this seminar?

A Not that I recall.

21 Q By the way, how did you prepare for today's22 deposition?

A I read the policy and I attended thesession with Steve last Friday.

Q A preparation session?

1 Α Preparation session. 2 And did you receive any kind of a briefing 0 3 as to yesterday's deposition? 4 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. That would be asking for communication 5 6 between client --7 MR. RICH: I'm only asking for yes or 8 no. 9 MR. SCHAETZEL: Yeah, but that 10 would -- no, it would go into -- whether or 11 not any conversation occurred would go into 12 whether or not we determined it 13 substantial, or that would reflect our 14 mental process in determining whether or 15 not we thought it was substantial enough 16 that we needed to talk with her about it. 17 (By Mr. Rich) In preparing for today, did 0 18 you read any portion of yesterday's deposition 19 transcript? 20 Α No. Okay. 21 Q 22 MR. RICH: And you're suggesting that if I ask her if she was advised as to any 23 24 of the questions or answers given 25 yesterday, without identifying which ones,

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you're not going to let her answer that?

MR. SCHAETZEL: I'm suggesting that that question asks for communications between client and counsel.

MR. RICH: No, I'm not asking her -- I would agree with you if I said, "What topics did your counsel go through with you yesterday that he or she thought was relevant to yesterday's session?" I wouldn't ask it because I wouldn't think it would be a proper question because that's privileged.

But I disagree that asking simply whether, as part of your preparation, you were advised as to certain of the questions propounded and certain of the answers given, without telling me which ones, at yesterday's deposition. That's all I'm asking. That calls for a yes or no.

MR. SCHAETZEL: The fact that it calls for a yes or no isn't determinative of the inquiry. Okay, I think I've heard now at least two -- what is your question? Put the question on the table so that I can determine an answer. What is your

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question, Bruce, and --

2 Q (By Mr. Rich) As part of the preparation 3 for your deposition, were you advised as to certain 4 of the questions I asked yesterday of Mr. Potter and certain of the answers he provided? I'm just asking for a yes or no.

MR. SCHAETZEL: And that question calls for the substance of the communication between the client and counsel. I don't see how I can allow her to answer that question.

MR. RICH: I completely disagree with I'm entitled to know how this that. witness's knowledge was either gained or refreshed or otherwise embellished by any access to anything, whether it's -- you know, if I show her a particular document, I think you would agree I can ask her if she was shown that document during her preparation. That would be completely acceptable, as opposed to tell me all the documents you reviewed to prepare for your deposition, that would not be proper.

But otherwise, it's just fundamental for the Federal Rules of Evidence that I'm

entitled to know if she had her recollection refreshed in any way by, you know, information of that sort. That's just the fundamental, you know, basic rules of evidence.

MR. SCHAETZEL: I think I have a understanding of the rules of evidence, and we evidently have a disagreement about what is there. But in order to get us by this, if you'll agree that we're not waiving the privilege by having her answer this question, then I'll allow her to answer this one yes-or-no question and we'll take on -- we'll see what --

MR. RICH: No, I've indicated I wasn't going to ask beyond the yes or no in this.

17Q(By Mr. Rich)So with that long18colloquy...

19 A No, I was not told about specific questions
20 that were asked, nor about specific answers that were
21 given.

Q Thank you.

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Are you familiar with an organization known
as the Copyright Clearance Center?

A Yes.

1	Q How do you know about CCC?
2	A It has been around for years, and it is
3	available to provide support for people trying to use
4	copyrighted materials. And at some point in my
5	career, I talked with them about using their services
6	for a library that I was managing.
7	Q And when was that and where was that?
8	A It was in Roanoke, Virginia, and it was 20
9	years ago.
10	Q And do you remember the form of license you
11	were exploring with CCC
12	A No.
13	Q at that point in time?
14	A No.
15	Q And did it culminate in a license
16	arrangement?
17	A No.
18	Q In that interim since that 20-year-ago
19	exposure to CCC, have you had other interaction with
20	CCC?
21	A No.
22	Q Do you have any idea the extent to which
23	other library staff at Georgia State University have,
24	say in the past two years, had interactions with CCC?
25	A Not explicitly, no.

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1	Q Not explicitly?
2	A Right.
3	Q I don't is there an implicit answer
4	that's lurking?
5	A Probably so. My understanding is that CCC
6	was contacted about a license and declined to make
7	any proposal.
8	Q What's the basis for your understanding?
9	A Hearing it from someone. And I'm sorry, I
10	don't recall who it was that told me that.
11	Q Do you know any more detail than what
12	you've described?
13	A No. And I don't have a time frame for the
14	question, though I believe it was after the lawsuit
15	had been filed.
16	Q Okay. We talked briefly earlier about
17	coursepacks, and you identified your understanding of
18	that and we chatted very briefly about the practice
19	at the University of Iowa.
20	Have you gained an understanding of the
21	extent to which coursepacks are a source of providing
22	students with reading materials on the Georgia State
23	University campus?
24	A I don't know details, but would assume that
25	coursepacks are available for purchase when a faculty

member has created one.

2 Q What is your understanding about the 3 process by which coursepacks are made available for student purchase on this campus? 4

5 Α I don't know details about what is done, but would assume it's the same as on most campuses, 6 7 which is the permission is received, the copies are 8 made, they are taken to the bookstore, and they're 9 sold.

10 Q And is it your understanding that that 11 occurs through a university bookstore, as opposed to an off -- an off-campus copy shop, for example? 12 13 Α I don't know.

Q Okay. Okay. And are those activities at all within your province?

> Α No.

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17 0 Who supervises, if anyone, coursepack 18 practice, as it were, at GSU?

19 A My understanding was that it was initially 20 done by an employee of the instructional -- the 21 campus IT unit. And whether that's still the case, 22 I'm not sure.

23 Q Respecting the new policy we've been 24 talking about off and on and we'll talk a lot more 25 about --

1	A Uh-huh.
2	Q what is your understanding about the
3	applicability of the guidance provided and indeed of
4	the checklist
5	A Uh-huh.
6	Q to the creation of coursepacks?
7	A There's no link. A coursepack is a is
8	like a textbook that is created and sold, and so
9	there's not a need to I mean, you must get
10	copyright permission to make the copies and to sell
11	them.
12	Q And why is it that you have that
13	understanding that the copyright law would require
14	that? Is it because what has been created is
15	tantamount to a textbook?
16	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to
17	form.
18	Q (By Mr. Rich) You can answer.
19	A It's that it's required material for a
20	class, as opposed to supplemental material, and
21	students are required to purchase it for that course.
22	Q So just so I'm clear, if a professor
23	takes 20 excerpts of copyrighted materials, a chapter
24	from a particular work, a journal article from
25	journal issues, assembles it physically

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1	A Uh-huh.
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2	Q into a coursepack and it becomes the
3	required reading for that course, that's it, and if I
4	had one, you know, I'd stack it up here, okay
5	A Uh-huh.
6	Q that's it, takes it to the university
7	bookstore, your understanding is that university
8	policy would require that professor to obtain
9	permissions with respect to the constituent elements;
10	is that correct?
11	A If it is going to be sold in the bookstore,
12	yes.
13	Q Yes, and that's because, again and
14	that's irrespective of the size of any of the
15	individual components that together create this
16	textbook, as you describe it?
17	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.
18	THE WITNESS: Irrespective of the
19	size.
20	MR. RICH: Yeah.
21	Q (By Mr. Rich) Do you have any idea has
22	anyone, to your knowledge, maintained records of the
23	permissions fees that are paid associated with the
24	creation of these coursepacks on the GSU campus?
25	A I don't know.

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1 Q Okay. Do you have any idea how the 2 permissions process works with respect to those 3 coursepacks? 4 Α I don't know. 5 Ο Do you know whether it is the assigned 6 duty/obligation of the professor to secure the 7 permissions, as opposed to via some unit of the 8 university that facilitates acquiring permission? 9 Ά I don't know. 10 MR. RICH: Okay. Why don't we take a 11 two- or three-minute break. 12 THE WITNESS: Okay. 13 MR. RICH: We need to change the tape. 14 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 15 11:10:58. 16 (Recess taken.) 17 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is Tape 2. We 18 are back on the record at 11:20:58. 19 (By Mr. Rich) To the extent a faculty 0 20 member, having gone through the new fair use 21 checklist, were to make a determination that in order 22 to use a particular copyrighted work, he or she would 23 require permission, does your library have a budget 24 to accommodate seeking such permission? 25 Α No.

1	Q In that circumstance, where would the money
2	
	come from for the faculty member to make the required
3	permission payment?
4	A I don't know.
5	Q Is that something you've given any
6	consideration to?
7	A Yes.
8	Q What has your thought been on that?
9	A I'm in the process of cutting a million
10	dollars from my operating budget, and it's painful to
11	have to do that; and at the same time, if we had
12	faculty members who needed help to get permission, I
13	would try to find the money to do that.
14	Q And are you
15	A Financial support.
16	Q As part of your budgeting process, are you
17	intending to earmark, however difficult it may be,
18	some funds for that purpose specifically?
19	A Not specifically, no.
20	Q So you would just scratch and claw and try
21	to find the money?
22	A That's what we're doing with everything
23	else, yes.
24	Q Did the committee of which you were a
25	member give consideration to this issue, namely the
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1	financial impact of this or the funding aspect of
2	this process insofar as the outcome might generate
3	the need to secure permissions?
4	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to
5	form.
6	THE WITNESS: Not that I'm recalling,
7	though there was discussion of how
8	different campuses would be reacting,
9	responding to the policy.
10	Q (By Mr. Rich) And in particular, what was
11	the nature of that discussion?
12	A Just that there would be different ways
13	that each campus would have to address how to
14	implement the policy.
15	Q Including
16	A Not
17	Q finding permissions
18	A not explicitly financial, not explicitly
19	financial.
20	Q I see. And did that issue, namely the
21	where the money would come from to secure
22	permissions, come up as part of Ms. Hall's late
23	February presentation to the library staff?
24	A Not that I recall.
25	Q Have you done any estimates, formal or
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informal, as to the amount that might reasonably be
required during any academic term to cover
permissions payments in respect of E-Reserve usage?
A No.
Q You have no sense of that at all?
A No.
Q What's your annual library budget?
A Eleven million.
Q Pre the million-dollar cut?
A Right.
Q And is there a fiscal year on which GSU
operates?
A July 1 through June 30.
Q And what is to the extent you know
these, and certainly estimates are fine, what's the
size of the student body of GSU?
A 24,000 FTE.
Q Is that graduate and undergraduate?
A Yes.
Q Do you know the approximate breakdown
between the two categories?
A No.
Q And do you have a sense of the size of the
faculty?
A Around 1,200, I believe.

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1	Q And are all of those full-time?
2	A I don't know.
3	Q Is it a practice on Georgia State
4	University campus to have graduate students teaching
5	courses or sections of courses from time to time?
6	A I assume so, yes.
7	Q And does Georgia State, to your knowledge,
8	employ adjunct faculty from time to time?
9	A I assume so.
10	Q Other types of teaching assistance, are you
11	aware of that?
12	A I don't know.
13	Q And again, at a general level strike
14	that.
15	Are different undergraduate degrees
16	conferred, or is there a single degree that every
17	undergraduate student earns from Georgia State?
18	A I don't know.
19	Q Do you know any of the degrees that are
20	offered, whether for everybody or for only some?
21	A I don't know.
22	Q Are there Ph.D. programs at Georgia State
23	University?
24	A Yes.
25	Q And what disciplines do they span?

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1	A Arts and sciences, business, public policy,
2	health sciences, law school.
3	Q I take it from your earlier answer that the
4	scope of your activities as dean of libraries
5	encompasses collections and the like with respect to
6	each of the degree programs and offerings you
7	mentioned, other than the law school; is that
8	correct?
9	A Yes.
10	Q Okay. Is that a matter of historic
11	function, that the law school is carved out from the
12	scope of responsibilities of the
13	A I don't know.
14	Q dean of libraries?
15	Who is your analog, if there is one, with
16	respect to the law school?
17	A There is a director of the law library.
18	Q Named?
19	A Nancy Johnson.
20	Q Could you describe the academic calendar at
21	the Georgia State University? When do the terms
22	begin and end, roughly, by month?
23	A Fall semester begins in August and ends in
24	December, Spring semester begins in January and ends
25	in late April, early May. There are there's a

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1	Maymester that's a short-term summer session, and
2	then there's a summer school.
3	Q And how long does the Maymester actually
4	run?
5	A Three weeks, I believe.
6	Q Do you know that the the tuition that an
7	in-state student pays today, undergraduate?
8	A I do not.
9	Q So I take it you don't know what an
10	out-of-state student
11	A No.
12	Q would pay today?
13	A More.
14	Q Of the \$11 million library budget
15	A Uh-huh.
16	Q is there a line item covering acquiring
17	licenses to STM or other journal publications to the
18	extent such licenses are available?
19	A To the so subscriptions?
20	Q Yes.
21	A Yes.
22	Q And as part of those subscriptions, to your
23	knowledge, are licenses provided by at least certain
24	publishers allowing various forms of digital or
25	electronic usage or sharing of the journals?

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1	A Yes.
2	Q And how prevalent are those licenses, say
3	as either in absolute number terms or as a
4	percentage of the subscriptions that you carry?
5	A I don't know.
· 6	Q Have you do you have personal
7	involvement have you had personal involvement,
8	since coming to Georgia State, in negotiating terms
9	of any of those licenses?
10	A No.
11	Q Whose responsibility is that?
12	A The original the initial contract comes
13	to the library, and it is then turned over to the
14	Office of Legal Affairs to review.
15	Q Have you had involvement in those types of
16	licensing transactions prior to coming to Georgia
17	State?
18	A No.
19	Q Have you ever seen any of those licenses?
20	A Probably so, but I can't remember
21	explicitly.
22	Q When did you first become aware of this
23	lawsuit?
24	A April of 2008. And I'm going to guess it
25	was April 17th, 18th, 19th, because it was whatever

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1	morning the lawsuit was first made public.
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	Q How were you informed about it?
3	A I was talking to the provost on the phone
4	about whether or not to accept the position here and
5	he said, "We've been sued."
6	Q We've been he said, "We've been sued"?
7	A "You might want to look at the New York
8	Times."
9	Q Did you have occasion to have subsequent
10	discussions with the provost about the lawsuit?
11	A Very generally, yes.
12	Q Is this Mr. Henry?
13	A Yes.
14	Q And what was the general nature of those
15	discussions at the time?
16	A Just that it happened and that he was not
17	aware of what the circumstances were that had led to
18	it and what he thought might happen in terms of how
19	it would play out.
20	Q And what did he indicate he thought would
21	happen as to how it might play out?
22	A That it would be resolved quickly.
23	Q Did he explain why he believed that?
24	A No. I think he was trying to hire me.
25	Q Did Mr. Henry indicate any form of

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1	investigation that was going to be made concerning
2	
	any of the allegations of the case?
3	A No.
4	Q Did you subsequently become aware of any
5	investigations that were made about the allegations
6	as to the copying practices that are cited in the
7	complaint?
8	A No.
9	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.
10	Q (By Mr. Rich) Did you ever have a chance
11	to read either the original complaint or the amended
12	complaint that was
13	A Yes.
14	Q When did you do that?
15	A Sometime after April 18th, when it was made
16	available online.
17	Q But prior to assuming your duties at
18	Georgia State University?
19	A Yes.
20	Q Have you had any involvement in any aspect
21	of the litigation, in relation to the defense of the
22	litigation, since arriving at Georgia State, other
23	than appearing today for your deposition?
24	A No.
25	Q Have you attended any meetings, other than
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1	involving legal counsel, inside or outside, in which
2	you and any colleagues have discussed the substance
3	of the litigation?
4	A Yes.
5	Q Please describe any of those meetings.
6	A In almost any library community where
7	people are aware that I am employed at Georgia State,
8	the question of the lawsuit comes up.
9	Q And what do you tend to say when they ask
10	you about the lawsuit?
11	A "I can't talk about it."
12	Q What is your understanding of the essence
13	of the lawsuit? What's the essential complaint you
14	understand of the publishers?
15	A That the Regents Guide the
16	implementation of the Regents Guide at Georgia State
17	University is in violation of copyright law.
18	Q Do you have any more specific understanding
19	of the respects in which it's contended the copyright
20	law is being violated?
21	A No.
22	Q Did you have occasion to consider from
23	the examples cited in the complaint and in the
24	exhibit to the complaint, did you have occasion to
25	form a judgment, from your knowledge of copyright law

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1 and your working with copyright law, as to the 2 reasonableness of the contentions that the works 3 cited exceeded fair use boundaries? 4 Α No, because it seemed to hinge so much on 5 the Regents Guide, which is -- seems to be different 6 from the way many states have looked at how to 7 implement copyright law. 8 Q I don't quite follow that answer. 9 MR. RICH: Can I hear the witness's 10 answer back? 11 (Record read.) 12 Q (By Mr. Rich) Do I understand you to be 13 saying that the proper way, as you think about it, to 14 evaluate the claims of the complaint is to compare 15 that practice against the Regent Guide, guidelines, 16 to determine lawfulness, or am I misunderstanding 17 your testimony? 18 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. 19 THE WITNESS: The Regents Guide is 20 what people have used to implement the 21 policy, so that's what you use to implement 22 the policy. 23 Q (By Mr. Rich) If, just for the sake of my 24 question --25 Α Uh-huh.

1 -- one or more aspects of the Regent Guide Q 2 were found by a court to be improper advice or 3 provide inadequate guidance as to copyright values, 4 do you have an understanding whether, if Georgia 5 State followed those guides, even if those guides 6 were by some court determined to be inappropriate in 7 one or more particulars, that Georgia State's conduct 8 therefore is innocent legally? 9 Α I don't know. 10 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to 11 form. 12 Q (By Mr. Rich) You don't have a view? 13 Α I'm sorry? 14 You don't have a view? Q 15 Α I don't know. 16 0 You don't know. 17 In working with the committee process that 18 just concluded, did you come to have an understanding 19 whether the principal objective was to create a set 20 of procedures that seemed reasonable, or did you come 21 to a further conclusion that that isn't sufficient, that even following those procedures, it's important 22 23 that the result itself comply with the copyright law? 24 Do you understand my question? .25 А There seemed to be two of them there,

1 but... 2 Q All right, I'm sorry. 3 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. 4 And to the extent you can answer the 5 question without revealing communications 6 at the -- that are privileged at the 7 committee meeting, please try and answer 8 whichever question you think is on the table. 9 10 THE WITNESS: It -- one of them was 11 what the primary purpose was --12 MR. RICH: Yes. THE WITNESS: -- and the primary 13 14 purpose, I believe, was to develop a policy, so not that the procedure was an 15 16 important component of that, but that the 17 policy was the piece that was most 18 important. 19 Q (By Mr. Rich) Let me take an extreme 20 example just to finish this line of questioning. 21 Let's assume that a professor went through the 22 checklist --23 Α Okay. 24 Q -- and to the best of that professor's 25 ability and judgment, made decisions that taking 90

1 percent of several works was central to the 2 pedagogical purpose of the course, was not a greater 3 taking than absolutely necessary to achieve purposes, 4 didn't believe it would hurt the market for the work, et cetera, so did his best --5 Uh-huh. 6 Α 7 Q -- but came out with what other people 8 might look at and say, "That's a very generous taking 9 under copyright." 10 Α Uh-huh. 11 Would that outcome trouble you? 0 12 Because I would assume that there Α No. 13 would also be the times when the determination would 14 be made that it was not a fair use, when actually it 15 was; and so there's actually, ultimately, a balance 16 between when people make the wrong decision on either 17 side. 18 Q That's a bit of a systemic look at this practice, you're saying? 19 20 Α Uh-huh. And it's a very subjective 21 determination. And I think it's just that you take 22 all of the information, as a faculty member, that you 23 have at hand and you make your determination and 24 proceed. What procedures, if any, exist or are 25 Q

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1	contemplated to create some degree of uniformity in
2	outcomes in applying the fair use checklist to
3	particularized works?
4	A What I'm
5	Q Let's start within Georgia State
6	University.
7	A What I am aware of within Georgia State
8	University is the training that we've talked about
9	that faculty will be going through.
10	(Mr. Krugman entered the proceedings.)
11	MR. RICH: That's Mr. Krugman here.
12	Hi, Edward.
13	Q (By Mr. Rich) And would you give the same
14	answer across institutions within the University
15	System
16	A I don't know.
17	Q to see if there's some uniformity?
18	A I don't know.
19	Q As a practical matter, what is your
20	expectation investing as many as potentially 1200
21	faculty members, give or take, with the judgment to
22	work through these checklists, what's your judgment
23	about the variation in practice that will result?
24	A I don't know.
25	Q Was that something that your committee

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thought about? 1 2 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection to the form. 3 You're asking now for communications 4 between committee members --5 MR. RICH: Yeah. MR. SCHAETZEL: -- as to that --6 7 MR. RICH: Yeah. 8 MR. SCHAETZEL: As you know, we've 9 asserted the privilege for that. Can you 10 rephrase that question? 11 (By Mr. Rich) Let me ask you first: 0 Does 12 that concern you at some level, that is, delegating essentially the fair use determination to so many 13 14 individual faculty members? 15 Α I think it's exactly appropriate to put it 16 in the hands of the faculty member. They're the only 17 person who can make the determination. 18 Q And apart from training vehicles and the ability of what you called, I think, technical 19 20 technicians --21 Α Uh-huh. 22 Q -- to reject what they might regard as extreme cases of application of the checklists --23 Uh-huh. 24 Α 25 -- for example, an entire work, yes, you Q

1 don't believe it appropriate -- I should say you -2 let's go to you, you don't believe it appropriate
3 that there be any other oversight given to these
4 determinations of the faculty?

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I don't think so, no.

Q And in all events, none is contemplated7 presently; is that correct?

A Not to my knowledge.

9 Q Okay. Did you have occasion to discuss 10 this lawsuit with Charlene Hurt, whether before her 11 retirement or since?

A Yes.

Q Please describe the nature of those conversations.

15 A It was a brief telephone conversation where 16 she said that the suit had been filed and that there 17 was information about it that I could look at online 18 with the actual filing, and that legal counsel was 19 involved and the attorney general's office was 20 involved.

Q After arriving at GSU in August of 2008, did you do -- did you personally take any steps to familiarize yourself with the nature and extensiveness of the course offerings by the E-Reserve system?

1	A No.
2	Q Did anyone come and brief you on that
3	subject?
4	A No.
5	Q Do you receive periodic reports on that
6	topic?
7	A No.
8	Q Does anyone on the library team perform any
9	of those
10	A I don't know.
11	Q With respect to the 1997 Regents
12	guidelines, since coming to GSU have you formed a
13	judgment as to the degree to which the framework and
14	recommendations of the guide have actually been
15	followed by faculty in connection with E-Reserve's
16	postings?
17	A No.
18	Q To your knowledge, has anybody on the
19	library staff made it a part of his or her duties to
20	ascertain the degree of which the implementation of
21	the E-Reserves process comports with then-prevailing
22	copyright guidelines?
23	A I don't know.
24	Q Is anyone assigned to perform that
25	function?
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1	A I don't know.
2	(Discussion off the record.)
3	MR. RICH: Let's mark as Plaintiff's
4	18 these are the Bates numbers a
5	document bearing Bates Nos. 2011-3
6	through well, it's actually it's
7	the packet I have is misnumbered, but it's
8	collectively 2011-1 to 2011-6, bearing the
9	Georgia State University library logo and
10	titled "Course Reserves, ERes Guidelines"
11	at the first page.
12	(Exhibit 18 marked for identification.)
13	Q (By Mr. Rich) Do you recognize the
14	documents which have been put in front of you?
15	A Yes.
16	Q And can you identify them, please?
17	A These are the Web site this is the Web
18	site information for course reserves for Georgia
19	State University Library.
20	Q And is
21	A And they I believe they're all dated as
22	to when they were revised or implemented.
23	Q At page dash 2, it says, "Revised
24	November 10, 2005," is that correct?
25	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.

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1	Q (By Mr. Rich) Again, they may be stapled
2	the way mine was originally; one and two are at the
3	back of the package.
4	A Okay.
5	Q I apologize for that. Yeah.
6	A Uh-huh.
7	Q And the document 200 dash bearing Bates
8	200 2011-3 indicates a revision date also of
9	November 10, 2005? That would be the first document,
10	I think, in your statement package.
11	A Uh-huh, yes.
12	Q Are these still do these still reflect
13	current Georgia State ERes guidelines?
14	A I don't believe so, no.
15	Q As of when have they become inoperative?
16	A When the new policy was approved by the
17	chancellor.
18	Q That was extremely recently, yes?
19	A Yes.
20	Q Okay. So is it accurate that until
21	literally days ago or, at most, weeks ago
22	A Uh-huh.
23	Q Plaintiff's 18 represented the
24	prevailing ERes guidelines at Georgia State?
25	A Yes.
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1 Q Now, prior to today, what did you do after 2 arriving at Georgia State to familiarize yourself 3 with these guidelines? Along with all of the other documents that 4 Ά 5 I was looking at for the library, I reviewed these 6 documents online. 7 Q And did you develop any judgments about the 8 degree to which, from your background and experience, 9 they comported with copyright law? 10 Α No. 11 0 No? 12 Α No. 13 Did you have occasion to have any Q 14 conversations with anybody on your library staff or 15 otherwise about these guidelines? 16 Α No. 17 Did you have occasion to inquire as to the Q 18 degree to which these guidelines were, in fact, being 19 complied with in practice? 20 Α No. 21 Q Ask you a few specific questions about 22 these, if I may. 23 Uh-huh. Α 24 Q Let's stay in the order in which you have these documents, which is on the first page in the 25

1	package, which is 2011-3, "Course Reserves - About
2	ERes."
3	A Uh-huh.
4	Q It's identified as an "Easy Resource &
5	Efficient Service is the motto for our ERes system."
6	Do you see that?
7	A Uh-huh.
8	Q Is there anything in the new set of
9	policies that have replaced these that are intended
10	to change what's being conveyed by that statement?
11	A I don't know.
12	Q Do you believe that it is still an intended
13	function of E-Reserves to be an easy resource and
14	efficient service for the GSU community?
15	A I hope so.
16	Q And in the body of this, it says, "For the
17	students, ERes offers single point access for
18	students to search both digital and physical copies
19	of course reserves. An unlimited number of students
20	may reference digital materials 24/7." Does that
21	remain fundamentally true today?
22	A I'm not sure it was true then, actually. I
23	think it's a I think the way it's stated is that
24	the students enrolled in class, an unlimited number
25	of students may search the system, but that actually

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the ones that can get to the materials for their 1 2 class are limited by the ones that are in the class. 3 So the point of difference you're pointing Q 4 out is with the second sentence, an -- that I read, 5 an unlimited number of students may reference the material? 6 7 Α I think it's an interpretation of how you would read that. If you think that all students can 8 9 get to all materials, the answer is that's not true 10 and never has been true. 11 If it were construed as all students within 0 12 the province of the courses for which they have 13 signed up have access 24/7, would that be an accurate 14 statement? 15 Α Yes. 16 Farther down that paragraph, it states, "To Q 17 comply with copyright restrictions, course pages 18 containing copyrighted material will be password protected." Do you see that? 19 20 Α Yes. 21 What's your understanding of the Q. 22 relationship of password protection to copyright law? 23 That a -- that a piece of information that Α 24 is provided to students to use for a course is only 25 available to the students that are enrolled in that

course.

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2 Q And what is the -- what is the copyright 3 principle or -- what is the copyright principle that 4 underlies or supports that practice, as you 5 understand it?

6 A It's that it is necessary for that specific 7 teaching situation by that specific faculty in that 8 specific class.

9 Q To your knowledge, once a student in a 10 course gains password access, what is that student 11 entitled to do with the reading materials? What 12 activities can that student engage in?

A I believe, generally, it would be the
ability to see a citation, to read material that has
been digitized, and to make a copy if the faculty
member has left the material so that it could be
copied, so a PDF file that you could then print.

18 Q And is there anything, to your knowledge, 19 technologically that prevents a student from 20 transmitting that PDF file to third parties who are 21 not enrolled in the course?

- A I don't know.
- Q You don't know?
- A I don't know.

Q Would that be a matter of interest to you

1 to know the answer, as a matter of copyright law? 2 I don't know that it's terribly relevant Α 3 because there's an acceptable use of materials that 4 is part of the university policy to begin with, and 5 that's that if you are receiving material that's 6 password protected, then it is entitled just for that 7 class. So it kind of is covered by another policy in 8 terms of what students are doing. 9 0 So your understanding is that a student would violate some code of conduct --10 11 Α The acceptable use of technology --12 Q -- if they were to engage in that --13 Α Right. 14 Q -- he or she were to engage in that 15 technology? 16 А Yes. 17 Do you know, in fact, the degree to which, Q 18 though, notwithstanding that policy constraint, 19 students over time have distributed PDFs acquired 20 through the E-Reserve system to third parties not 21 entitled to receive them? 22 Α I don't know. 23 Is the university -- is Georgia State 0 24 University capable of tracking any such 25 transmissions, to the extent they occur?

1	A I don't know.				
2	Q What would be required to get an answer to				
3	that question?				
4	A I don't know.				
5	Q Who would you				
6	A It would				
7	Q want to inquire of to get the answer?				
8	A It would be a technology solution to a				
9	technology question, so it would have to involve				
10	campus IT people.				
11	Q How are passwords created, do you know?				
12	A I don't.				
13	Q Is it done by the individual instructor?				
14	A I don't know.				
15	Q Does anybody keep a sort of central				
16	repository of passwords in the library?				
17	A I don't know.				
18	Q Is there any minimum requirement of words,				
19	combination words, numbers, et cetera?				
20	A I don't know.				
21	Q Letters, numbers? Don't know?				
22	A No.				
23	Q Who would know?				
24	A The people who are creating the passwords				
25	and the technology people on campus.				

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1	Q Is there any one or several people on the					
2	technology side who would be most likely to know the					
3	answers?					
4	A I don't know.					
5	Q Is that a group of people who you supervise					
6	or, at least by function, oversee?					
7	A The library people					
8	Q Library and technology people?					
9	A would be, but not the campus technology					
10	people, no.					
11	Q Now, am I correct that if a professor					
12	possesses, let's say, first-generation copyrighted					
13	works, those works can be offered up for E-Reserves					
14	provided they meet his assessment of the checklist,					
15	correct?					
16	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.					
17	THE WITNESS: Yes.					
18	Q (By Mr. Rich) And in addition, if works					
19	are part of the library collection, but not					
20	physically possessed or actually possessed by a given					
21	professor, he or she can request the library, once					
22	that fair use determination has been made, to access					
23	those materials and make sure they are also placed in					
24	the E-Reserve system; is that correct?					
25	A There's a distinction between what we own					

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1	in terms of a physical piece
2	Q Yes.
3	A and what we own in terms of licensed
4	materials.
5	Q Yes.
6	A So the answer is yes, but I think that we
7	would provide access in different ways.
8	Q Can you just go through the two
9	distinctions in terms
10	A Well
11	Q of how that would happen?
12	A if it's a physical piece, the decision
13	would then have to be made, in terms of fair use
14	checklist, whether or not we would be making a
15	digitized copy of a piece of that work
16	Q Right.
17	A or whether or not, if it's something
18	that we have licensed content, whether we would
19	provide be providing a link to the licensed
20	content that we already have available
21	Q Right.
22	A that's available digitally.
23	Q If you would turn to the next page, which
24	is dash 4
25	A Uh-huh.

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1Q-- and read to yourself the bullets under2"Course Reserves - Printing Tips."I'll ask you a3question or two.

A (Witness complies with request of counsel.) 5 Q For whose benefit is this -- is or was this 6 document written?

7 A I don't know, but I am assuming it would be
8 students.

9 Q And to your knowledge, did it accurately --10 does it accurately set forth the procedures by which 11 students can print materials placed in the E-Reserve 12 system?

13 A I don't know, because it would depend on
14 whether they were printing from within the library or
15 whether they were printing from home, office,
16 someplace else.

Q If one were printing from home, for
example, do you have an understanding of how one
would access the E-Reserve system?

20

A Via one's PID and password.

21 Q Is one able via the E-Reserve system to 22 print at home?

23

A I believe so, yes.

Q Print anywhere in the world if you can get
access into the system?

A And if you're somewhere that's taking a				
class that's got reserve materials, yes.				
Q To your knowledge, anything in the new				
policy that will alter the techniques or procedures				
by which students can access, read online, save				
documents to disks or locally, and/or print E-Reserve				
materials?				
A I don't believe the new implementation has				
any printing tips in it, but I'm not 100 percent sure				
of that.				
Q It doesn't mandate any change in those				
practices, correct?				
A Not to my knowledge.				
Q If you turn to the next page, please, which				
has the hyphenated dash 5, if you look at the				
question and answer under "Are textbooks				
automatically placed on reserve," do you see that				
section?				
A I do.				
Q States, "No. Only materials that				
instructors submit for their courses are considered				
for reserves. Reserves are intended to make scarce				
copies of supplementary materials available to				
students in a specific class. Students are				
responsible for purchasing the textbooks that they				

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1	need for their courses." Do you see that?				
2	A Yes.				
3	Q My question is: Is that statement intended				
4	to apply solely to physical reserve practices or to				
5	E-Reserve practices as well?				
6	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to				
7	form.				
8	THE WITNESS: I don't know. But				
9	because textbooks are largely still in				
10	paper form, the assumption would be that				
11	it's paper.				
12	Q (By Mr. Rich) Do you have an understanding				
13	whether existing practice at Georgia State				
14	University, with respect to E-Reserves, implicates				
15	the offer solely of supplementary course materials to				
16	students?				
17	A Could you restate the question?				
18	MR. RICH: Could you read it, please?				
19	If after she reads it, you don't get				
20	it, I'll rephrase.				
21	(Record read.)				
22	MR. RICH: And supplementary as				
23	opposed to required.				
24	THE WITNESS: Yes.				
25	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.				

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1	Please go ahead.			
2	THE WITNESS: Yes.			
3	Q (By Mr. Rich) You do have an understanding			
4	that that is the practice?			
5	A That is the practice.			
6	Q And what is your understanding based on?			
7	A My reading of the guidelines that we have			
8	in place, the implementation that we have in place,			
9	and common practice.			
10	Q Now, you testified a little earlier that			
11	you haven't really familiarized yourself with			
12	particulars of E-Reserve offerings, having received			
13	reports and the like			
14	A Uh-huh.			
15	Q am I correct?			
16	A Uh-huh.			
17	Q How then are you able, with any degree of			
18	confidence, to provide the last answer, which is, I			
19	believe, that referencing activities			
20	"implementation that we have in place and common			
21	practice," how do you know what common practice is?			
22	A By "common practice," I was referring to			
23	common practice in libraries.			
24	Q Focusing, though, specifically on Georgia			
25	State University, what knowledge, if any, do you			

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1 possess as to the degree to which E-Reserves 2 offerings, over the span of the time since you have 3 even arrived, comprised solely supplemental as 4 opposed to required course readings? I do not have that understanding. 5 Α 6 Would that be something you would be Q interested in ascertaining, namely the answer to that 7 question, in making judgments about how to apply fair 8 9 use principles to E-Reserves listings? 10 Only insofar as we were to do that going Α 11 forward, not going backward. 12 Q Going forward, how would you be informed -let's assume you were to learn that practice has been 13 14 a mix --15 Α Uh-huh. 16 -- in fact, that there are as many required Q 17 course readings as there are supplemental. Going 18 forward, what would the implications of that be, as 19 you've thought about it, for future fair use 20 determinations? 21 Α I don't know what the implications would 22 be. 23 0 You would need to think more about that? 24 Α Yes. 25 You earlier testified that in the Q

, 1	coursepacks setting, since you were dealing with
 2	required readings
- 3	A Uh-huh.
4	Q and the equivalent of a textbook was
5	being created, it was evident that permissions would
6	be required, correct?
7	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.
8	THE WITNESS: And I used the textbook
9	as an example and you picked that up, but
10	yes, the permissions would be required for
11	a coursepack.
12	Q (By Mr. Rich) Do you believe there's
13	anything, as far as copyright law is concerned, that
14	creates a difference in the application of
15	fundamental copyright principles simply because
16	copies are being made physically as opposed to
17	electronically? In and of itself, do you find that
18	that distinction should create different rules of
19	copyright law, in your experience?
20	A I don't know.
21	Q Are you aware that the Regent Guide
22	disclaimed any such distinction in copyright law?
23	A I did not know.
24	Q Okay. Are you aware of whether the current
25.	policy speaks to that issue?

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1	A I don't know.				
2	Q If you would turn to the next page, which				
3	is hyphen 6 at the top. Under "What I" "What do I				
4	need to know about copyright"				
5	A Uh-huh.				
6	Q the statement is made that, "Students				
7	may print one copy of a text reserve item for				
8	personal reading, private study, research, or				
9	education." Do you see that?				
10	A Uh-huh.				
11	Q Do you understand that to be a statement				
12	being made in the context of physical reserve desk				
13	type activity?				
14	A I don't know.				
15	Q Reading this doesn't inform your judgment				
16	on that?				
17	A No.				
18	Q Would it comport with your understanding of				
19	the new policy were professors to put full text				
20	materials on physical reserve and were the policy				
21	and were Georgia State University to permit students				
22	to make copies of the entire text for their personal				
23	study?				
24	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.				
25	THE WITNESS: I don't know.				
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1	Q (By Mr. Rich) It wouldn't trouble you if				
2	that happened?				
3	MR. SCHAETZEL: Same objection.				
4	THE WITNESS: I can't envision it				
5	happening, so it's hard for me to decide				
6	whether it would bother me or not.				
7	Q (By Mr. Rich) Do you interpret the				
8	statement "students may print one copy of a text				
9	reserve item for personal reading, private study,				
10	research, or education" as foreclosing that scenario?				
11	A Not necessarily.				
12	Q Let's turn to 2011-1, and the second block				
13	paragraph headed "Submission of Digital Print				
14	Requests," do you see that?				
15	A Uh-huh.				
16	Q The fourth bullet reads, "The GSU library				
17	will not accept coursepacks for electronic reserves."				
18	Do you see that?				
19	A Uh-huh.				
20	Q Do you have an understanding of what that				
21	means?				
22	A That if a faculty member has created a				
23	coursepack for a class, that it cannot be put on				
24	reserve, either electronic or physically.				
25	Q And for this purpose, do you have in mind				
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that the faculty member has put together and physically bound materials together, or not necessarily?

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A Presumably it would be the coursepack that has been put together to be sold at the bookstore.

Q What if instead of -- what if instead of assembling it for purposes of the bookstore, the professor simply stacks on top of one another a series of articles or chapter excerpts that it wants to bring to the library staff, puts it down at the desk of the technical person, says, "Here's my checklist as to each item. It makes the grade. Please scan and put this body of material -- instead of bringing it to the bookstore, have the students buy it, please put it up on E-Reserves," permissible conduct?

17 A The faculty member has conducted a fair use
18 analysis of all of the material, and if the faculty
19 member has determined that that is fair use, then
20 that is permissible conduct.

21 Q And what makes that material less of a 22 coursepack as I described it?

A That the faculty member has determined that it is supplemental material for the course and that they have gone through and taken -- taken the time to

1 do the fair use analysis in order to determine that 2 it is a fair use. 3 So if, instead, the professor comes in and 0 4 says, "This is my required reading list for this 5 course, but instead of having the students pay a lot 6 of money at the bookstore for it, I've parsed each 7 item and found out it meets the checklist, so here, please scan it and put it up," so the net effect for 8 9 the student is exactly the same, requires the same 10 body of material, but doesn't have to go to the 11 bookstore to buy it, is that proper practice, in your 12 estimation? 13 Α You --MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. 14 15 Go ahead. 16 THE WITNESS: Sorry. 17 MR. SCHAETZEL: It's okay. 18 THE WITNESS: You used the word "required." It would not be an acceptable 19 20 use of the E-Reserve system. 21 MR. RICH: Thank you. 22 Q (By Mr. Rich) If we go down, please, to "Please Note: Copyright Guidelines" --23 24 Α Uh-huh. 25 Q -- what I want to ask you is, as we go

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EXHIBIT K - 86

1 through 1, 2, and 3 -- actually, 1 and 3, I would appreciate it if you could tell me first your 2 3 understanding of the limitations as they appear here; and then secondly, I will ask you if you believe the 4 5 new policy changes in any way those limitations, 6 either presumptively or explicitly. 7 So let's start with No. 1. "Materials," it says, "that can be placed on electronic reserve 8 9 without obtaining copyright permission include: 10 1) Articles from journals owned/subscribed to by 11 GSU." Do you see that? 12 Α I do. 13 Do you understand that to contain any Q 14 limitation on the numbers of articles from a 15 particular journal issue that can be offered? 16 Α Not in terms of policy, but certainly in 17 terms of practice. 18 I'm sorry, in terms of? Q 19 Practice. Α 20 Q Can you explain what you mean by that? 21 Α That if a faculty member were to bring a 22 journal that were owned by the library and say, "I 23 would like to put the whole journal" -- every article 24 that's in it is something that's supplemental 25 reading, there would presumptively be questions asked

1	by the staff.			
2	Q But short of that example of the			
3	totality			
4	A Uh-huh.			
5	Q do you understand these, at least, ERes			
6	guidelines to otherwise limit the number of takings			
7	from a journal issue? Is that solely in the			
8	discretion of the professor, short of the full			
9	taking?			
10	A I don't know.			
11	Q What would you want to know to help form a			
12	judgment?			
13	A Whether or not the staff looked at this			
14	and I just don't know how they would respond to			
15	it. I would think that they would question large			
16	amounts of materials from one issue of a journal even			
17	if it were not the totality.			
18	Q So your answer, though, sort of defaults to			
19	what library staff reaction might be. Do you have an			
20	understanding of what the ERes guidelines actually			
21	intended?			
22	A I don't know about that.			
23	Q Do you have an understanding of what the			
24	policy intends, the new policy intends with respect			
25	to use of journal articles?			

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1	A It would require the faculty member to go					
2	through the fair use analysis of each piece and make					
3	that determination.					
4	Q Without any numerical limit per se on					
5	the					
6	A Right.					
7	Q numbers of contributions from a					
· 8	particular journal issue that might qualify for fair					
9	use?					
10	A Right.					
11	Q No. 3 says, "One chapter or less" pardon					
12	me, "One chapter or less than 20 percent of the					
13	content from a book." Do you see that?					
14	A Uh-huh.					
15	Q Just looking at that, or otherwise informed					
16	by your knowledge of this, do you understand, is that					
17	a lesser than or greater than kind of concept? In					
18	other words, if I have a chapter that is 30 percent					
19	of the book, is that good; or does it have to be, at					
20	most, 20 percent of the book? How do you interpret					
21	this?					
22	A I don't know.					
23	Q You don't know, okay.					
24	Under the new policy, is there a similar					
25	one chapter or less than 20 percent of the content					

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for a book --

A No.

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Q -- limitation?

What is the current method for determining the proper amount of a book that can be utilized for E-Reserves?

7 A The faculty member goes through the 8 analysis and makes the determination.

9 Q Do you envision the possibility that, in 10 one or more cases, it might be determined reasonably 11 that more than 20 percent of a book qualifies for 12 fair use?

A I can't think of specific examples, but I would think it could happen if the faculty member has done the analysis and has made that determination.

16 Q Do you have an absolute upper limit in your 17 mind that says in no case could I envision more than 18 X percent ever qualifying for fair use?

19 A I think it's impossible to put a number on 20 this, so no, I don't have an upper or a lower limit 21 in mind for this.

> MR. RICH: I think we're out of tape. Let's pause, and maybe you want to take a lunch break. Does this make sense? MR. SCHAETZEL: Makes sense to me.

1 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 2 12:20:21. 3 (Lunch recess taken.) 4 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is Tape 3. We are back on the record at 1:15:35. 5 6 MR. RICH: Good afternoon. Let's mark 7 as Plaintiff's 19 a document bearing production numbers 370 to 371, labeled 8 "ERes." 9 10 (Exhibit 19 marked for identification.) 11 (By Mr. Rich) Are you able to identify the 0 document that's been placed in front of you and 12 13 marked as Plaintiff's 19? I'm not. I'm sorry. 14 Ά 15 It appears on its face to be a form to be Q 16 filled out by faculty wishing to place materials on 17 ERes. Does that appear to you to be its function? 18 It does. Α 19 Q Do you know if this form is still currently 20 in use? 21 Α I don't know. 22 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. 23 (By Mr. Rich) To your knowledge, are Q 24 documents of this sort, once completed, collected by 25 anybody in the library staff?

(1		MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.
	2		THE WITNESS: I don't know.
	3	Q	(By Mr. Rich) Who would know the answer to
	4	a questio	n like that?
	5	A	The person in charge of that unit or Laura
	6	Burtle.	
	7	Q	And is Laura a direct report to you?
	8	A	Yes.
	9	Q	So if you, for example, were interested in
	10	requisiti	oning a file, if such a file existed, of
	11	completed	ERes forms, you would contact Laura and
	12	make that	request?
	13	A	Yes.
	14	Q	She would likely fulfill that request?
C	15	A	I hope so.
	16	Q	To the best of her ability?
	17	А	To the best of her ability, yes.
	18	Q	Okay.
	19		MR. RICH: Let's mark as Plaintiff's
	20	20 a	document bearing production numbers
	21	7945.	005.xls-1 through 377.
	22		(Exhibit 20 marked for identification.)
	23	Q	(By Mr. Rich) I don't want you to read
	24	every line	of this document, unless you care to.
	25	A	Good.
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1 Q I'll represent to you that this production 2 was made at the plaintiffs' request by your counsel 3 in this litigation reflecting E-Reserves offerings from the period, as noted at the top, of 1/1/084 5 through 5/15/08 with course names. Do you see that 6 heading at the top? 7 Α Yes. 8 Q And this was generated, we're advised, out of Georgia State's records reflecting that activity 9 10 during the spring term. 11 My first question is whether, just scanning 12 this, the volume of works offered on E-Reserve 13 comports with your understanding of what one would 14 expect over a period roughly of, you know, a 15 semester? 16 А I don't know. 17 0 You don't know what you would have 18 expected? 19 Α I don't know what I would have expected 20 because I'm not familiar enough with what's being 21 taught at Georgia State in any given semester and how 22 faculty members have traditionally used E-Reserve. 23 By our calculation, there are 426 courses Q 24 listed in this material and about 4,000 reading 25 files. More than 60 of the course pages contain 20

1 or more files, meaning 20 or more course reading materials. Seven of these course pages contain more 2 3 than 50 files, meaning 50 sets of readings apiece. Δ As someone who supervises the library operations and the E-Reserve operations at GSU, does, 5 6 for example, the notion that under the preexisting copyright guidance, seven course offerings contained 7 more than 50 separate course readings, does that 8 9 concern you as a matter of copyright law? 10 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to 11 form. 12 THE WITNESS: Not particularly. 13 Q (By Mr. Rich) What more would you want to know to get more -- or perhaps -- "not particularly" 14 15 because what more would you need to know to have 16 that concern? 17 Α The role of those materials in the 18 course --19 Q Okay. 20 Α -- and what the faculty member deemed necessary for the course and what the faculty member 21 22 deemed supplemental to the course. 23 Q Okay. And since we're using those terms a 24 fair amount today, could you define the distinction, 25 as you understand it, between necessary and SHUGART & BISHOP

1 supplemental? 2 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. 3 THE WITNESS: Simplistically, it would 4 be is it going to be on the exam. 5 (By Mr. Rich) And if it is? 0 6 Α Then it's a required reading, it's a 7 required piece of material. If it is something that 8 is to enhance the student's understanding of what is 9 going on, then it is a supplemental reading. 10 And why does it matter, for purposes of 0 11 copyright law, whether it's necessary or supplemental 12 if, in fact, the acts of copying are occurring? 13 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. 14 15 THE WITNESS: Because with the ability 16 to apply the fair use doctrine, that is one 17 of the four factors that one looks at in 18 terms of whether or not it is a required 19 piece of material for the course or 20 supplemental for the course. 21 (By Mr. Rich) 0 You understand that 22 distinction to be one of the four factors or to be --23 Α A component --24 -- embedded in it? Q 25 Α A component of one of the four factors.

1 Q Which one is that, which factor? I don't 2 care by number, but what's the concept of the factor? 3 A I'm trying to think of the... 4 Q Would it help you to see --5 Α It would --6 -- the section of the law? 0 7 Α It would help me to see the section of the 8 law. 9 Q Sure. 10 Ά There's four little things. 11 (Discussion off the record.) 12 MR. RICH: I just have one copy, 13 I don't think we need to mark it. Steve. 14 I'm just showing the witness Section 107 of 15 the Copyright Act of 1976. 16 THE WITNESS: I think there are two 17 pieces that it could fall into, the purpose 18 and character of the use, which is whether 19 or not it is a required piece of material 20 for the course or not. And then you can --21 because it's a -- because it's so 22 subjective, you could get into that, also, 23 with the amount and substantiality of the 24 use. 25 MR. RICH: Thank you. You can keep

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1	that there if you want.
2	THE WITNESS: I'm not a lawyer,
3	however, so
4	MR. RICH: You're doing very well.
5	Q (By Mr. Rich) Looking at this collection
6	of offerings strike that.
7	You testified earlier that you don't
8	regularly receive reports, whether of this in this
9	format or otherwise, as to the utilization of the
10	E-Reserves system; is that correct?
11	A Yes.
12	Q You could request such reports in your role
13	as dean of libraries?
14	A Yes.
15	Q And presumably, within the technical limits
16	of the system, such reports would be generated at
17	your request, correct?
18	A There are technical limits of the system,
19	but yes, there could be reports generated.
20	Q And if you wanted, for example, to
21	understand from this collection of works what the
22	on a per-course basis, what the total pages of
23	copyrighted material comprising the course readings
24	were, presumably that information could be generated
25	as well, right?

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1 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to 2 form. 3 THE WITNESS: The total number of 4 pages for each course in terms of 5 reading could be generated --6 MR. RICH: Reflected on the E-Reserves 7 list. 8 THE WITNESS: I believe that 9 technically, we could do that, yes. Technologically, we could do that. 10 (By Mr. Rich) And you could track numbers 11 0 12 of chapters of particular works in relation to the total number of chapters, if you wished to do that, 13 14 correct, that data could be captured and reported, 15 true? 16 A Not through the E-Reserve system. It would 17 require additional work to go back to a -- the 18 original work and determine how much of that work has been used. But yes, that could be determined. 19 20 Or alternatively, that information could be Q 21 requested from the professor when the professor 22 filled out whatever form that professor used to put 23 the materials into the system, correct? I would think so, yes. 24 Α 25 Q Have you given any thought to the kinds of

1	information beyond the completed fair use checklist
2	in each case
3	A Uh-huh.
4	Q that might actually be useful in
5	informing a well-rounded fair use judgment?
6	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.
7	THE WITNESS: I'd like to draw a
8	distinction between, again, looking
9	backward, which I am not doing, and looking
10	forward, which I'm willing to do
11	MR. RICH: Fine.
12	THE WITNESS: and could see that as
13	we evaluate the success of the
14	implementation of the policy, as well as
15	the training that we're providing, that we
16	would be looking at some of the materials
17	that have been placed on reserve to
18	determine whether we feel that faculty have
19	a good understanding of what the fair use
20	analysis is.
21	Q (By Mr. Rich) That's, sitting here today,
22	normatively something you would like to do, I take
23	it; is that your testimony?
24	A I would not use the work "like." I would
25	feel that I probably should do that.

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Q But sitting here today, no plan for
 implementing that kind of examination is yet in
 place; is that correct?

A In the couple of weeks that we have had, we have not implemented that plan, no.

6 Q Do you have any notion of over what time 7 period that plan will or may be implemented?

8 Α I think the first piece that we're looking 9 at is how do we implement the process that will take 10 us through the end of this semester knowing that we 11 have -- this will be a very light load for us because 12 we're part way into the semester, and then we would 13 be looking at what we would be doing differently over 14 the summer in order to implement this in the fall, 15 because it will be significantly different when we 16 have to do a full semester's worth of implementation.

Α

Q Do you --

A So --

Q Thank you.

Do you have an impression, when the new policy is in place, overall how practice under that policy, say with respect to a compilation of works of this scale over a term, is likely to differ from prior practice?

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I don't know, because it will be dependent

on how the faculty member goes through the checklist 1 2 and --3 As the committee pursued its work --0 Α Uh-huh. 4 5 -- was there any assumption whether, at the Q end of the new process, on average, there will be 6 7 fewer, more, or about the same works for which a fair 8 use determination has been made which are placed into 9 the E-Reserve system of the various institutions? 10 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. 11 And please answer to the extent you 12 can without divulging any attorney-client communications. 13 14 THE WITNESS: I don't recall there 15 being any discussion of quantity, whether 16 it would go up, down, or stay the same. 17 (By Mr. Rich) I'm going to ask you a Q 18 series of questions just about the mechanics of the 19 E-Reserves process. And in providing these answers, 20 if convenient for you, if you could identify in any 21 particular where you would expect the aspect you're 22 discussing to change under the new policy, I would 23 appreciate your flagging that for me. 24 I would like to just sort of take it 25 through the intake process and then through the

1	processing. Now, I am a professor of sociology, and
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2	I take it that under, certainly, the new policy, I
3	now to have to put my proposed materials through this
4	filter of this checklist. Is that correct?
5	A That is correct.
6	Q All right. And then I will be requested
7	to and I probably should mark it because there's a
8	new form, I believe, that may be in place here, so
9	why don't we keep up with where we are here. Let me
10	just find this document.
11	(Discussion off the record.)
12	MR. RICH: Let's mark this as
13	Plaintiff's Exhibit 21, which is a
14	collection of documents bearing Bates
15	stamps 21107 through 21117.
16	(Exhibit 21 marked for identification.)
17	Q (By Mr. Rich) Do you recognize what we've
18	marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 21?
19	A Ido.
20	Q Can you identify it?
21	A It is the printout of the electronic
22	reserves request form interspersed with links out to
23	some of the USG copyright policy.
24	Q Is this a relatively new set of
25	documentation?

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1	A It is.
2	Q And for what purpose was it created?
3	A In order to reflect changes that have taken
4	place in the policy that was approved by the
5	chancellor.
6	Q Okay. And can you tell me the principal
7	people who were involved in the creation of these
8	forms?
9	A Laura Burtle and the staff in the reserves
10	department and me. And I believe Cynthia Hall did a
11	final review of those.
12	Q And I take it the purpose of these is to
13	assist in implementing the new policy; is that
14	correct?
15	A Yes.
16	Q And did you receive any assistance from any
17	resources outside of Georgia State University did
18	you or your colleagues, to your knowledge, receive
19	any assistance from outside of Georgia State
20	University in preparing these materials?
21	A Not in terms of contacting anyone to help
22	us with them, but in terms of looking at what other
23	people have done with their E resources materials,
24	yes, we looked at other Web sites.
25	Q Within the Georgia University System?
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Α Both within the Georgia system and outside the system.

0 I see. And did you, in fact, make changes to or adapt any of the forms that -- in their final form based on those reviews of other policies?

I don't recall.

7 0 Am I correct that there was some communication in which you were involved dealing with the concept of perhaps creating some more uniform set 10 of forms of this type across the various institutions within the University of Georgia system -- Georgia State system?

13 Α Not across the system. The -- the three 14 major research institutions, we did talk about 15 whether or not we could have some similar wording for 16 our E-Reserve materials, yes.

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And where does that stand?

Ά I don't believe it's gone anywhere, to be I think that we were given contact names at honest. both the University of Georgia and Georgia Tech, but I don't know that it's gone anywhere.

22 If you flip several pages into this Q 23 exhibit, I'm looking specifically at the third 24 page -- the fourth page, I guess it is, "Electronic 25 Reserves Request Form, " page 21110. Indicates sort

1	of the menus of options available in terms of the
2	forms to be filled out; is that correct?
3	A Yes.
4	Q And, for example, if I am in possession of
5	a print book, excerpts of which I want to utilize
6	with my students I'm back wearing my professor of
7	sociology hat which of those forms do you
8	understand I would fill out with as to that excerpt?
9	A If you were talking about parts of a
10	book
11	Q Yes.
12	A that you would like to make available
13	Q Yes.
14	A it would be under electronic reserves,
15	the second item.
16	Q And can you show me which page of this
17	attachment reflects the form that I would fill out?
18	A The one that says, "Electronic: Book."
19	It's 2115.
20	Q Okay. And then I am I, as the faculty
21	member, will fill out the information, including
22	responding to the "This item can be placed on
23	electronic reserve because (choose one)" listing,
24	correct? And if I have decided that it's not an item
25	already available for permissioned use, and if I've

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1	decided that it meets the criteria of the fair use
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2	checklist, I take it, I would blacken the second of
3	the listed options there, "It falls under fair use
4	according to the fair use checklist I completed," is
5	that correct?
6	A Yes.
7	Q That would be the process I would engage
8	in; is that correct?
9	A Yes. So this is all online, so this
10	is it's a
11	Q I would
12	A Yes.
13	Q click that button as
14	A Click that button, yes.
15	Q Okay. And to the jargon that my colleague
16	to my right is far more fascinated than I am.
17	And then the information specifically that
18	I would be required to put are listed in the
19	following boxes, correct, including chapter or page
20	numbers, correct?
21	A Yes.
22	Q And those are in the alternative, so that
23	if I'm taking all of Chapter 1, I would simply insert
24	"Chapter 1"?
25	A Yes.

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And if I were using Chapters 1 and 3, I 1 Q 2 would say, "Chapter 1, 3," or something like that? (Witness nods head affirmatively.) 3 Α 4 Q Whereas, if I was taking portions of 5 chapters or the book doesn't lend itself to chapter designation, I would list the inclusive page numbers 6 7 I was taking? Α Yes. 8 9 Okay. And if you go back one -- or forward 0 10 one page, back to 1114, I take it that reflects the 11 form that I, as the professor, would fill out with 12 respect to any journal articles, let's say, that I 13 propose to use as well; is that correct? А 14 Yes. 15 Q And the -- moving again towards the front, 16 there is a listing at 21111 which says, "Print: 17 Book." What is that designed to fulfill? Is that a 18 physical reserve form as opposed to an electronic 19 reserve form? 20 Α This would be a hard-copy book. 21 Hard-copy book? 0 22 Uh-huh. Α 23 Q So is the reference to "Electronic: 24 Reserves Request Form" a misnomer as to that? 25 Α No, because you are making the request

1	electronically. Faculty members do not have to come
2	into the library to make the request.
3	Q So in this
4	A So it's not in this case.
5	Q Unlike the normal connotation, this means
6	the manner in which the request is being fulfilled as
7	opposed to the medium on which the works are being
8	made available?
9	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to
10	form.
11	Q (By Mr. Rich) Is that correct?
12	A But we have put this all together yes,
13	it is in this case. But because there are so many of
14	our materials that are being done in an electronic
15	environment, it falls in there with the rest of the
16	materials.
17	Q Okay. And do you understand these forms to
18	supersede, at least as regards E-Reserves listings,
19	what we marked as Plaintiff's 19? Do you know one
20	way or the other?
21	A That is my understanding.
22	Q Okay.
23	A Yes.
24	Q So as far as the process has gotten now, I
25	have filled this out for the various works that I

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1	A Uh-huh.
· 2	Q propose. Where does where do
3	these who receives these? These are prepared
4	online. Is that the only format in which these forms
5	will be accepted? Is there a an ability to fill
6	them out physically, or will there be?
7	A I believe there still is the ability to
8	fill them out physically.
9	Q Okay. So let's start with the physical
10	forms.
. 11	A Uh-huh.
12	Q To whom will those forms are those forms
13	to be delivered?
14	A They will be taken to the reserve desk in
15	the library.
16	Q Okay. And that's both for both physical
17	reserve requests as well as electronic reserve
18	requests?
19	A Yes.
20	Q And will there be a designated custodian
21	who will do whatever needs to be done with those
22	forms, including maintain them or archive them?
23	A It is the function of that department to
24	maintain them under whatever limits I provide.
25	Q Have you determined limits?
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1	A At this point, we keep them per semester.
2	Q Okay. And with respect to materials to be
	offered students via E-Reserves, I take it that the
4	professor at some point needs to deliver any copies
5	that he or she, him or herself, possess for the
6	purpose of getting them scanned; is that correct?
7	A If they are in paper format, yes.
8	Q If they're in paper format?
9	A Yes.
10	Q And again, if they're in the electronic
11	collection of the library, that's different?
12	A Right.
13	Q Right. So what do I do? I've now got my
14	12 paper excerpts that I want scanned and put up on
15	the system. Where do I bring those?
16	A To the library.
17	Q Same place?
18	A Uh-huh.
19	Q Reserve desk?
20	A Uh-huh.
21	Q And they're simply then collected with or
22	somehow married to the request forms that I will have
23	filled out?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Okay. And so even if those have been
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prepared online, there will be some technique. What is the technique to marry the online submissions to the physical stack?

Α It would be, I believe, a manual process of 5 taking the request and taking the physical objects 6 and linking them together.

7 0 Okay. And then what is the next step that 8 occurs with respect to those materials?

9 They are checked against the collection Α 10 that we have to make sure that they're not something 11 that we already have available as part of our 12 licensed collection. Regardless of whether the faculty member has asked for that, we will be doing 13 14 that.

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Is that an online search?

16 A It can be an online search, it can be a 17 physical going into the stacks in the library and looking at materials, yes; but for the most part, it 18 19 would be an electronic search.

20 Q Is that a new practice to be implemented 21 contemporaneously with the new policy, or is it your 22 understanding that that process of checking against 23 existing collections and licenses has been an ongoing 24 practice?

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I believe that is a new practice.

1 Q Okay. Please proceed. Following that? 2 Ά Following that, because the faculty member 3 has gone through the process of telling us that this 4 is an appropriate and acceptable use, the staff would 5 then make the materials available in the format that the faculty member has requested unless there is 6 7 something that is a red flag to that staff that makes 8 them say, "Hmm, we need to investigate this further." 9 And as you testified this morning, if I 0 10 recall it correctly, the one red-flag example that came to mind was, well, wait a minute, this looks 11 12 like an entire textbook, let's say, I'm not so sure this is --13 14 Α Uh-huh. 15 -- appropriate. Now, if that staff member 0 16 makes that judgment, what does he or she do at that 17 point? 18 The first piece that we have asked the Α 19 staff to do is to notify the faculty member and say, "This one seems questionable to us. Can you 20 21 reinforce for us that you have gone through this 22 process?" 23 Q And let's assume that person comes to me, 24 I'm the sociology professor, and I say --25 A Uh-huh.

Q -- "I'm comfortable. I think it's the right choice" --

A Uh-huh.

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Q What happens next?

5 A At that point -- and again, understand we 6 are in a new implementation here -- my guess is that 7 the clerical person, the staff person in the library 8 would go to a supervisor and say, "I'm still 9 uncomfortable with this one. Would you look at it?" 10 And so a supervisor would be involved at this point 11 in looking at that question.

Q Tell me the basic sort of education levels of the first-level person at the desk and then the next-level person at the desk at that point. What are their backgrounds?

16 A It would depend on what hour of the day you17 came into the library.

I'll take all the different variations.

19 A All the different variations, it could be 20 everyone from a student who has been hired to staff 21 that desk and basically is just kind of standing 22 there and saying, "Yes, thank you, I'll see what I 23 can do with it," to someone who has maybe a high 24 school degree, to someone who has finished college, 25 to someone who may have a library degree or a

1	master's degree in some area. Experience could range
2	from almost nothing to 8, 10, 15 years of experience
3	working in a library, so a very wide range.
4	Q It's a function of who will take that
5	position
6	A Uh-huh.
7	Q effectively, yes?
8	A Uh-huh.
9	Q And at the next level, what did you call
10	it, a system supervisor?
11	A Is somebody who has in our instance,
12	it's someone who has many years of experience, I'm
13	thinking in excess of 20, in the library and would be
14	very comfortable going back to a faculty member and
15	saying that, "We would like you to rethink this one,"
16	or just saying, you know, "Rather than get involved
17	in this back-and-forth, I'm going to bump it upstairs
18	or send it over to legal."
19	Q Now, "bumping it upstairs," do you mean
20	bumping it to
21	A Would be coming to me
22	Q you?
23	A or to Laura Burtle, yes, depending on
24	which one of us is available.
25	Q And would Laura's or your judgment be
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A No.

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-- in that situation?

A No. We will not -- we will not make decisions about things like this, but we would support the staff member's decision to recommend that it be bumped over to legal.

8 Q Final determination would be made by legal9 in that situation?

10 A I don't think so, because I think it would 11 be legal's -- I think legal would work with the 12 faculty to make sure that they have gone through that 13 fair use analysis. The faculty member is the person 14 who best understands how this is going to fit and how 15 they're going to use it and whether there's a fair 16 use determination that can be made.

Q Now, at the end of the day, if all avenues of appeal, as we call it, or review are exhausted --

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A Uh-huh.

20 Q -- is it your understanding that if a 21 faculty member stands her ground and says, "I respect 22 your view, I disagree" -- what happens? Who wins?

A Who wins? I would think that if the Office of Legal Affairs said, "We respectfully disagree with your determination," that the faculty member would

lose in that case. Again, it would be on a
 case-by-case determination. There's very little way
 to make a blanket determination about that.

But I think certainly a component of this is our desire to help faculty understand what is going on in terms of fair use and that it is much more complex, that it is an educational fair use, which is what many faculty kind of blanket assume. So I think there would have been a huge teachable moment there.

11 0 As far as the process is concerned --12 correct me if I'm misunderstanding the way it's 13 contemplated to work at Georgia State University --14 in filling out the fair use checklist, if the 15 professor should have a question about the proper 16 application to a given work or set of works, that 17 professor will have access to resources, particularly 18 in the Office of Legal Affairs, correct?

19AYes, in the Office of Legal Affairs and20also on the Web site that has been put up that has a21whole --

Q Yes.
A -- lot of supporting information.
Q Yes, I understand that.
A So yes.

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1	Q That has to be actuated about the
2	professor's own judgment about whether to seek out
3	another viewpoint, correct?
4	A Generally, yes, but I think there could be
5	prompting from both the library or from the Office of
6	Legal Affairs that would suggest that they would go
7	back and look at
8	Q Well, I'm getting there.
9	A Okay.
10	Q I'm saying so at the first leg, at the
11	point of
12	A Yes.
13	Q filling it out
14	A Okay.
15	Q it's up to me, Bruce Rich, professor of
16	sociology, whether I feel comfortable enough with my
17	fair use judgments to simply fill out the sheets or,
18	instead, to seek some guidance, correct?
19	A Yes.
20	Q Okay. After I've made let's assume I've
21	made my judgment without any other intervention
22	A Uh-huh.
23	Q requested and then I present it as we've
24	discussed
25	A Uh-huh.

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1	Q the remaining, but only remaining avenue
2	of review, as it were, would be when that intake
3	person, yes, ranging from high school educated to
4	postgrad degree
5	A Uh-huh.
6	Q were to flag an item as being
7	potentially problematic; is that correct?
8	A Yes.
9	Q Okay. So if it makes it past that first
10	point of processing, this is all I'm trying to
11	establish
12	A Uh-huh.
13	Q there is no other point contemplated in
14	the process for another look at those fair use
15	determinations; is that correct?
16	A To reinforce the point that I've made, the
17	person who is best able to make the determination is
18	the faculty member.
19	Q I understand that. Now, I think you may
20	have testified to it, but I've lost the thought,
21	which is, where does the scanning actually take
22	place? And maybe we didn't get there.
23	A It I'm not sure we got there.
24	Q Okay, we didn't get there.
25	A So there is the paper copy of the
1	SHUGART & BISHOP

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1	material
2	Q Yes.
3	A and in the library
4	Q Yes.
5	A a scan will be made.
6	Q Okay. And is there presently existing
7	equipment that will continue to be used for that
8	process as there is today with current E-Reserves?
9	A Yes.
10	Q Is that equipment owned by GSU, leased by
11	GSU?
12	A I'm assuming it's leased by GSU, but it
13	could be owned, yes.
14	Q And when those leasing arrangements are
15	negotiated, who handles those within the university?
16	A I have no idea.
17	Q Who is responsible for maintaining the
18	equipment, the scanning equipment, and making sure
19	it's functional at any one point in time?
20	A With some of it, we have contracts with
21	people who do come in. In some cases, we do not have
22	contracts, and so we do it on a case-by-case basis in
23	terms of whether we need to do in-house repairs or
24	whether we would call out for someone.
25	Q And when you use the "we" in this
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EXHIBIT K - 119

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1	A This would be the library.
2	Q The library?
3	A The library, yes.
4	Q Ultimate point of supervision of all of
5	that, although I realize you're not there turning the
6	widgets, is you, correct?
7	A Yes.
8	Q The buck stops with you?
9	A Yes.
10	Q Okay. And so you have this scanning
11	equipment right on premises in the library
12	A Uh-huh.
13	Q through which the hard copies are
14	converted, yes?
15	A Uh-huh.
16	Q Into PDF format files?
17	A And other formats.
18	Q And other format.
19	A Yes.
20	Q What are the other available formats?
21	A Well, if it's a print document, it would
22	probably be a PDF file. If it's another kind of
23	document, it could be a JPEG or it could be a TIF
24	file or something like that. It would depend on what
25	the best suits the materials that we're making

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1	available digitally.
2	Q Who makes the judgments as to format?
3	A The person who is doing the scanning.
4	Q Okay. And who actually does the scanning?
5	Is that someone with any special technical or other
6	expertise?
7	A Largely undergraduates.
8	Q Okay. And all right. So now we have
9	some materials that are scanned.
10	A Uh-huh.
11	Q Where do they reside at that point in time?
12	A On a server ultimately on a server. I'm
13	not familiar enough with the process to know whether
14	there's an intervening step where they would be on a
15	hard drive of a cache machine or whether they get
16	immediately saved to a server. But they would be
17	placed on a server to be made available.
18	Q Which is located where?
19	A In the computing center.
20	Q Of?
21	A The campus.
22	Q The campus?
23	A The campus.
24	Q Okay. Now, at some point, course pages,
25	so-called, are created; is that correct?

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1	A When a faculty member has materials that
2	are to go on reserve, yes, a course page is made for
3	that course.
4	Q Can you just describe that process, how
5	that works?
6	A It's identifying the course, the number,
7	the section, the faculty member.
8	Q And how is it actually created? Is this,
9	again, an electronic document that appears only
10	online?
1 1	A It would be a Web site
12	Q A Web site?
13	A yes.
14	Q Specific to a particular course, which
15	then
16	A A particular course and a particular
17	section of a course.
18	Q Fine, okay. And now, how do we sort of
19	complete the steps of getting students enrolled in
20	the courses able to access those course pages and
21	ultimately access the material which is done through
22	this process?
23	A Uh-huh. The faculty member is provided
24	with a password to that course page, and the faculty
25	member then distributes the password to the students
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enrolled in the course and they then have access to 1 2 that course page. And I think we discussed earlier and looked 3 Q 4 at some documents about the techniques of which the 5 students could access --6 Α Uh-huh. 7 -- store, display, print, as it were, the Q 8 various materials, correct? 9 Α (Witness nods head affirmatively.) 10 Q And that aspect of the process, I take it 11 from your earlier answer, is not likely to change 12 with the advent of the new policy, correct? 13 A Not the implementation, how the students implement it, no. 14 15 Right. Right. Now, we talked a bit about Q 16 that red-flag screening. Up until the new policy was promulgated, was there an analogous red flag or other 17 18 screening for E-Reserves determinations of the type 19 that are reflected in Plaintiff's Exhibit 20? 20 Α I don't know. 21 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to 22 form. 23 MR. RICH: Okay. 24 THE WITNESS: I don't know. 25 Q (By Mr. Rich) You don't know Has it ever

1	come to your attention that there was any
2	disagreement at any level as to the propriety of a
3	given E-Reserve listing as a matter of copyright
4	practice, putting aside this lawsuit?
5	A I don't know.
6	Q None that come to mind?
7	A No.
8	Q And none that have reached your desk?
9	A No.
10	Q By the way, have you ever taught during
11	your career?
12	A I'm sorry?
13	Q Have you ever taught during your career,
14	taught any classes?
15	A I have.
16	Q What areas?
17	A I taught a one-semester, one-credit-hour
18	course at the School of Library and Information
19	Science at the University of Iowa.
20	Q Was that one time taught or one course
21	A One time one time, one course.
22	Q What level of students were you teaching?
23	A Graduate students.
24	Q Graduate?
25	A Uh-huh.
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1 Have you any plans to do any teaching while Q 2 at GSU? 3 No plans. Α 4 0 Who do you report to? 5 Α The provost. 6 Q His name is, for the record? 7 Ron Henry. Α If it were to come to your attention while 8 0 this new system is operating that somehow, for some 9 10 reason, materials were posted that there can be no 11 serious dispute in your mind should not have been posted on E-Reserves, for whatever reason, what is 12 13 the process for taking those down out of the system? 14 Α If that came to my attention, I would ask 15 the staff person to remove them, would notify the 16 faculty member, and would probably also notify legal 17 counsel. 18 0 Are you aware of any instances during your 19 tenure at GSU where, for whatever reason, copyright or otherwise, materials have had to be removed from 20 21 the system? 22 A I'm not aware of any. 23 One second, please. 0 24 A variation of the last scenario, if a 25 student is, say, suspended during an academic term or

otherwise drops out of a course -- two examples -does there exist the capability of locking that student out from access to the course materials to which he or she otherwise was given access by password?

A I believe it would depend on whether or not the student had been dismissed from the university versus dropping a course versus -- I'm trying to think of -- there are about three or four different scenarios, and I think some of them, you would automatically lock them out of everything having to do with the university; and in others, it would be something that would be a little bit harder to do technologically.

15 Q What is the practice, to your knowledge, to 16 date, with respect to students who simply drop 17 courses, in terms of having continued password access 18 to E-Reserve materials for those courses?

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I don't know.

20 Q Is there a proposal in place for how that 21 situation will be dealt with going forward?

A Not to my knowledge.

23 Q Do you have a view as to what the best 24 practice would be?

A Certainly a component of it would be

1 whether or not a student was accessing the syllabus 2 and the password through the course management 3 system, in which case they would automatically not 4 have access to that course through the course 5 management system any longer. So if that is a 6 practice that we're seeing, and I believe it is something that we're seeing increasingly, then they 7 8 would -- we would very effectively be limiting their 9 access to the materials.

MR. RICH: May I hear that answer back?

(Record read.)

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Q (By Mr. Rich) Describe "accessing materials through the course management system."

15 A A course management system is an electronic
16 framework for delivering quizzes, chat, course
17 discussions, syllabus, that most campuses are using.
18 I know that Georgia State University does use a
19 course management system.

I also am aware that students are increasingly asking for access to materials through course management systems, and so I'm thinking that probably we are seeing an increased use of those for most courses. I believe that most, if not all, courses that are offered, a course management system

1 site is established for those courses. I'm not going 2 to swear to that, but I think that's the case. 3 Does the new copyright policy apply with Q 4 equal force to course offerings made available through individual faculty Web sites or through the 5 6 course management system outside of the library 7 E-Reserves system? 8 Α Fair use is fair use. It doesn't matter what they're using materials for, of course. 9 10 The answer is yes? Q. 11 It also applies to situations outside Α Yes. of teaching. I mean, we're talking about the 12 instructional uses, but it applies generally. 13 14 Q What red flag review is available if I, as 15 a professor, decide not to bring my ERes material to 16 the reference desk or the reserve desk, but rather to 17 post it through some other Web site which my students 18 can access? 19 Α There's not the same red-flag mechanism in 20 place. 21 Q Is there a policy that indicates that one 22 versus another channel for posting electronically such material is the acceptable practice at GSU? 23 24 Α Not to my knowledge. 25 Q What would be the variables that you would

think would influence an individual faculty member's decision as to the method by which he or she makes the materials electronically available to students?

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Α Though certainly not definitive, I would think one of them would be a comfort level with technology.

7 Q Because the scanning and all would need to be done other than through utilizing the resources 9 that the library makes available?

10 And all of the management of the materials A 11 and how you would upload them onto a server and 12 naming protocols and all of that kind of stuff.

Now, just so I'm clear from a couple of Q answers ago, what is it you were mentioning was an increasing practice with --

16 Α The use of course management system by 17 faculty members and students.

18 Q And do you -- what do you attribute that 19 to?

20 Α Demand by students to have the materials 21 available electronically.

22 But then if that demand could be as easily Q 23 fulfilled by using the ERes system supervised by the 24 library and operated by the library, why would it 25 matter? What am I missing, in other words?

1 Α Because there's a whole lot more to a 2 course than their supplemental readings. A course 3 management system allows -- I'm trying to think of all the variables. It allows the posting of grades, 4 5 it allows test taking, it allows chat functions. I'm 6 missing some, but they're very, very complicated 7 systems that actually can be used completely for 8 distance education -- I mean, if you chose to go into 9 that way -- but also can be used to just complement 10 the materials that you're doing in a face-to-face 11 setting.

Q Who are the principal vendors of the GSU course management system? Is it Blackboard?

I believe it's Blackboard.

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Q Now -- so I'm a tech-savvy professor --A Uh-huh.

17 -- in this case, it can't be Bruce Rich, Q 18 but assume I were, and I decide that I like all the 19 bells and whistles that could accompany my own site 20 and all these other things that I would like to offer 21 my students in one place, easy, and I've got this body of material. Now, under the new policy, am I 22 23 still required to fill out a fair use checklist with 24 respect to every item, even if I'm not offering it up 25 through the ERes system?

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1	A Yes.
2	Q And what is your understanding as to where
3	copies of those filled-out forms are supposed to
4	reside?
5	A My understanding is they reside with the
6	faculty member.
7	Q Is there any plan on the part of GSU to
8	have a central repository for all such filled-out
9	forms?
10	A Not to my knowledge.
11	Q So that doesn't get me off the hook as a
12	professor, in other words, I still have to go through
13	the same exercise no matter where the materials will
14	be electronically posted, correct?
15	A Yes.
16	Q Okay. However, again, just so I'm clear
17	factually, if I decide to undertake the technology
18	steps that are involved on my own, then by
19	definition, I don't present it to that first-level
20	person at the desk who might have that red-flag
21	review opportunity, correct?
22	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to
23	form.
24	MR. RICH: Objection?
25	MR. SCHAETZEL: As to form.

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(By Mr. Rich) You can answer,

2 Α And the faculty member, again, is the 3 person who can best determine this regardless of 4 whether there's a red-flag person or not. I mean, 5 they're the ones -- the clerical person seeing something is -- I mean, it's important, but it's not 6 7 that important in the whole process. It's the 8 faculty member who is the one who knows how the material is being used in the course. They're the 10 ones that best understand how to make the fair use 11 determination.

12 Q So the matter of overall copyright 13 compliance, is it a matter of no consequence of the 14 manner in which these materials are posted, that is, on the one hand, through use of the course management 16 system, let's say, versus through the library E-Reserve system?

18 Ά As long as those are the two options that 19 are -- that you're positing, I think there probably 20 is not a whole lot of difference.

21 0 And with respect to access to materials on 22 course management systems, is it the case or is it 23 not the case that, again, practice has been that it 24 requires passwords for students to access those 25 materials?

1	A Yes.
1. 2	
3	MR. RICH: I think we're out of tape, so we'll take a little break.
3 4	
	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at
5	2:11:48.
6	(Recess taken.)
7	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is Tape 4. We
8	are back on the record at 2:24:52.
9	Q (By Mr. Rich) Under the new policy, how
10	long are professors going to be required to retain
11	copies of their filled-out fair use checklist?
12	A I don't know.
13	Q What is it proposed what is proposed to
14	be done if a professor, after a given academic term,
15	leaves the institution? Where is he supposed to
16	maintain his checklist and take it with him or leave
17	it behind at the university or what?
18	A I don't know.
19	Q Looking at the preexisting E-Reserve
20	system, have you been made aware of a single instance
21	in which a request by a professor to post materials
22	to E-Reserves has been turned down on copyright
23	grounds?
24	A No.
25	Q How important is it to students attending
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EXHIBIT K - 133

1	Georgia State University to be able to obtain
2	materials via the E-Reserve system free of charge?
3	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to
4	form.
5	THE WITNESS: I don't know.
6	Q (By Mr. Rich) Do you have a view as to
7	what the impact on Georgia State University would be
8	if permissions fees were paid with respect to an
9	increased percentage of works which today claim fair
10	use protection?
11	A Yes.
12	Q What is your viewpoint?
13	A My viewpoint is that the materials would
14	not be used, but that rather than go through the
15	process of investigating this, figuring out what
16	was what needed to be done, paying the fee, the
17	faculty member would just decide not to use the
18	supplemental materials.
19	Q And built into that assumption is that
20	there would or would not be funding resources made
21	available by the library?
22	A I think that's almost irrelevant to the
23	question. I think it it just I don't think it
24	would happen because faculty members would choose not
25	to provide the supplemental materials.

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1	O New your preven accurate that such
<u>т</u> .	Q Now, your answer assumes that such
2	offerings are, in fact, supplemental offerings,
3	correct?
4	A Yes.
5	Q To the extent it were to be the case that
6	some or, in some cases, all of the course offerings
7	were required readings, I take it you would have a
8	different answer as to the impact of paying
9	permissions fee?
10	A We have a mechanism in place to address

10 A We have a mechanism in place to address
11 that through coursepack, so it would just be moving
12 things to the coursepacks.

13 Q And would there be any reason, mechanically 14 or economically, why if the same materials as 15 constitute a paper coursepack constitute the 16 equivalent electronic coursepack, that the same 17 levels of permissions fees would be, for any reason, 18 less suitable --

MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as --

Q (By Mr. Rich) -- or more objectionable? Let me rephrase. Poorly phrased --

A Please.

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Q -- question.

A Thank you.

Q Based on your knowledge of many years as a

librarian in this setting, do you have any reason to 1 2 believe that paying equivalent levels of permissions 3 fees for electronic coursepacks as are already paid 4 for paper coursepacks would have any detrimental impact on GSU's operations? 5 6 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to 7 form. 8 THE WITNESS: So there are electronic 9 coursepacks that students can buy, so 10 faculty members create a coursepack, it is 11 a required reading, and all the material 12 is -- is made available electronically. So 13 I think if you're talking about 14 coursepacks, paper versus electronic, it's 15 still a coursepack. And that is separate 16 from E-Reserves, whether it's in a paper 17 format or in an electronic format. 18 (By Mr. Rich) What's your knowledge of the Q 19 extent to which licensed electronic coursepacks are 20 offered to GSU students? 21 Α I don't --22 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. 23 Go ahead. 24 THE WITNESS: I don't know. 25 Q (By Mr. Rich) Do you have any idea

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2	A No.
3	Q Can you identify even a single such
4	offering that's currently licensed?
5	A Not at GSU, no.
6	Q Do you discern well, let's assume that a
7	paper coursepack for which permissions have been
8	sought comprises 10 articles from scientific,
9	technical, or medical journals, and it's bound
10	velo bound together and it's made available either at
11	the university copy center or at an off-campus copy
12	shop, and a permissions fee of, I don't know, let's
13	just make this up for the sake of my question, \$20 is
14	charged for all of the copyright rights. Can we
15	agree that sort of practice occurs today, correct, as
16	far as you understand it?
17	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to
18	form.
19	Q (By Mr. Rich) Required reading.
20	A Required reading, that there is a fee
21	involved, I don't know what the
22	Q Okay. Let's assume that same professor
23	prefers his students, for required reading, to access
24	those very same 10 journal articles, and so he goes
25	through this same process here, okay, but decides,

consistent with the practice on the paper side, that 1 permissions ought to be sought for those 10, all 2 right? And let's assume those permissions would come 3 to the same \$20, okay? Is it of any different 4 consequence, from the standpoint of the interests of 5 6 GSU, whether permissions fees are charged simply 7 because in one case the materials are being offered 8 in paper form, and in my other example the same 9 materials are being offered in electronic form? 10 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. 11 THE WITNESS: It's still material that 12 is required for the course, so it's irrelevant. 13 14 Q (By Mr. Rich) It's irrelevant from the 15 standpoint of the institution, correct? 16 A Yes. 17 Q Now, in that example, exact example I gave you, if that professor instead decided that because 18 19 the works were being offered on the E-Reserve system, 20 he could treat it as something other than a 21 coursepack, even though it's the identical reading 22 material and it's just because it's not velo bound, but it's offered as individual files on E-Reserve, do 23 24 you believe that's a valid basis for making a 25 different fair use determination, required reading?

	1	A No.
\mathcal{C}	1 _. 2	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to
Ú	2	form.
	4	THE WITNESS: Not if it's required
	5	reading.
	6	MR. RICH: Okay, I think I repeated
	7	myself on that from earlier. Thank you.
	8	Q (By Mr. Rich) Do you recall how you came
	9	to be involved in the committee that generated the
	10	new policy?
	11	A Yes.
	12	Q How did that happen?
	13	A I received a call from Burns Newsome asking
C	14	me if I would be willing to serve on that committee,
C	15	and then that was followed by a letter from the
	16	chancellor appointing me to the committee.
	17	MR. RICH: Let's mark that chancellor
	18	letter. Is this 22? Mark as Plaintiff's
	19	Exhibit 22 a document, I believe, just
	20	produced by defense counsel yesterday. It
	21	doesn't yet have a Bates number, but it's a
	22	10/27/08 e-mail from Burns Newsome to Nancy
	23	Seamans.
	24	(Exhibit 22 marked for identification.)
	25	Q (By Mr. Rich) Is this the formal
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1	invitation that you referred to?
2	A No. I have a letter also from the
3	chancellor.
4	Q Do you believe it's the same that it's
5	the same text?
6	A The chancellor's letter was much shorter.
7	Q Was much shorter?
8	A Yeah.
9	Q I'm sorry, this is from Mr. Newsome.
10	A Uh-huh.
11	Q Yeah, okay. You're right. I'm getting
12	tired as well.
13	In the conversation with Mr. Newsome, what
14	did he describe the purpose of this committee to be?
15	A To review the existing Regents Guide and to
16	create a policy for the USG system for copyright in
. 17	an educational setting.
18	Q In the e-mail in front of you, Mr. Newsome
19	writes in the second sentence, "As you know, the
20	Board of Regents Guide to Copyright is a central part
21	of the lawsuit filed by the publishing industry
22	against the Board and Georgia State University." Do
23	you see that?
24	A Yes.
25	Q What did you understand that to mean?

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A That the Board of Regents had been included in the lawsuit and that that was reflected in terms of how we would look at the policy and the guidelines.

5 Q Did you understand Mr. Newsome to be of the 6 view that a central element of the lawsuit was a set 7 of guidelines as opposed to a set of practices at 8 Georgia State University?

9 A So -- can I ask you to repeat the question?
10 Q Of course. Did you understand Mr. Newsome
11 to suggest that the -- a central aspect of this case
12 was a set of written guidelines, as opposed to actual
13 practice, in terms of copying under the auspices of
14 E-Reserve?

15 A They're inextricably linked because the
16 practice was based on the guide. So I don't know -17 I'm not sure what you're asking me to differentiate
18 between.

19 Q What knowledge do you have as to what 20 dictated actual practice by individual faculty at 21 Georgia State University during the time when you had 22 not yet arrived at Georgia State University?

A None.

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Q Just supposition on your part? A Right.

1 What did you understand Mr. Newsome to have Q 2 in mind when he writes, "Given that the Regents Guide is more than 11 years old and does not contemplate many of the digital technologies available to research libraries, we believe it is time to revisit the Regents guidelines"?

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7 Did you have an understanding, either from 8 this or from your conversation with Mr. Newsome, what 9 he had in mind by many of the digital technologies 10 available to research libraries not having been 11 contemplated by the other guideline?

12 Α My understanding from my conversation with 13 him was that the guide was dated because it did not take into consideration the way -- the different ways 14 of delivering accessed materials that are now 16 available to us.

17 Did -- do you have any such different 0 techniques in mind, namely what's available now from 18 what was contemplated in 1997? 19

20 Α Personally, my sense of this? We're 21 talking from -- about going from a paper environment 22 to an electronic environment, where, I mean, 23 reserves, as I used them, were you walked into the 24 library and you went to the shelf and you pulled a piece of material off the shelf and you used it in 25

1	whatever way you chose to, including copying it, and	
2	that no longer is the only way we can make materials	
3	available to students.	
4	Q But neither was that the case in 1997;	
5	isn't it true?	
6	A '97 was still a largely paper environment	
7	for reserves, I would guess. I'd have to go back and	
8	look, but	
9		
	Q Did you ever have occasion to sit and read	
10	the old Regents Guide?	
11	A Not in any detail, no.	
12	Q I'll represent to you that it talks about	
13	electronic reserves and good copyright practice with	
14	respect to electronic reserves. It makes specific	
15	reference to the need to be cognizant of new	
16	technological means and electronic means of	
17	delivering content.	
18	Does that ring a bell with you in terms of	
19	it really addressing some of those matters?	
20	A But not in any way the way things have	
21	changed in the 12 years since those were written.	
22	Q Do you have any	
23	A The environment has changed in those 12	
24	years.	
25	Q And could you describe a little bit from	
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1 your own experience how the environment has changed?

A I think, from my own experience, the sense that there is a student expectation in terms of where they get their material, their willingness to use materials that are print-based versus their willingness to use ones that are electronic, access in terms of a 24/7 model rather than a limited by the library hours model.

9 I think probably as much as anything, it's
10 a -- in terms of scale, that they were -- we were
11 beginning to see the electronic access being made
12 available 12 years ago, and now it's just
13 pervasive.

14 Q And at a very broad level, do you have a 15 sense of what the implications of those trends for 16 copyright law and copyright and fair use ought to be, 17 or is that too broad a question?

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I think that's too broad a question.

19 Q Okay. Did you understand the mission of 20 the committee, at least when it was organized, to add 21 refinements or amendments or addenda to the old 22 guidelines rather than place them altogether?

> THE WITNESS: I don't think that was explicit. I think it was that we have these existing guidelines and that we need

1 to review them and find out where it is we 2 go next. And it was up to the committee to 3 make that determination. 4 Q (By Mr. Rich) Did you know any of the 5 other committee members from prior involvements? 6 Α I had certainly met Bill Potter because he 7 is a peer and a colleague. I had met Cynthia Hall 8 because she was on campus. I think that's it. 9 Q Do you remember any particular member of 10 the committee standing out for his or her 11 contributions, insights, putting esteemed legal 12 counsel --13 Α Not particularly, no. 14 0 How would you describe Mr. Potter's role in 15 terms of substantive contribution? 16 Α He was a very good facilitator of the 17 process, and he certainly had the knowledge of the 18 process from the guide, the -- the development of the 19 guide in '97 because he had been part of that process 20 also. 21 How would you describe how active a role 0 22 you yourself played in the process? 23 Α On a scale of 1 to 10, a 4, because part of 24 it was being new to Georgia, being new to the old 25 guide, being new to this process.

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1 For the first six weeks, I'm thinking, I 2 probably was more an observer than anything else and 3 in that time was kind of hearing how the guide had been developed, how that affected where we were going 4 5 with the new policy. And so probably there was less 6 participation from me than I might normally have done 7 just because I was new to the whole thing. 8 0 What time constraints did the committee 9 believe it was operating under? 10 Α The need to be done expeditiously. 11 Q What was your understanding as to the 12 reason for that? 13 Α That if you give a roomful of academics an unlimited time frame, they will take it, and that I 14 15 think Bill felt the need to have a deadline in order to not let this go on for the next year or two, which 16 17 I think it could conceivably have done. 18 0 That is, the process go on? 19 Α Right. 20 Q Did you sense that there was some sense of 21 urgency with putting processes in place that would ameliorate some, at least, of the complaints lodged 22 23 by our clients in litigation?

A Not necessarily.

Q. But not necessarily not, either?

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1	A Right. I think that was certainly a
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	consideration, but not a primary one.
3	Q And just again, at the risk of having to
4	repeat we'll try not to do that too much today
5	what would you say the primary consideration for the
6	committee was?
7	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.
8	Asked and answered.
9	THE WITNESS: To review what was in
10	place and to try to bring it into the 21st
11	century.
12	Q (By Mr. Rich) Do you think the committee
13	succeeded?
14	A Ido.
15	Q How would you characterize the variety of
16	viewpoints that were bandied about during the process
17	before the final set of papers were written?
18	MR. SCHAETZEL: I'm sorry, could you
19	read that question back? I didn't
20	(Record read.)
21	MR. SCHAETZEL: All right. In other
22	words, without
23	MR. RICH: I'm not asking
24	MR. SCHAETZEL: I understand, I think,
25	the distinction you're trying to draw, but

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I would caution the witness, to the extent that you can do that without disclosing the communications -- the question, I don't believe, is intended to ask for the nature of the communications, but rather how one would describe --

MR. RICH: How diverse it was. Thank you.

THE WITNESS: Because of the nature of the people sitting around the table, it was very diverse. There were certainly faculty perspectives, there were administrative perspectives, there were library perspectives and legal perspectives, so it was guite broad.

16 Q (By Mr. Rich) And at the end of the day, 17 putting legal perspective to the side because I don't 18 want to intrude on it, did one set of perceptions, in 19 terms of one set of perspectives, tend to dominate 20 the ultimate outcome, in your view?

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In my view, yes.

Q And how would you describe that?

A The need to provide the best educational opportunity to students that we possibly could within the constraints of copyright law.

1	Q Was that a controversial proposition?
2	A No, but it took a while to get to that
3	because you get distracted by so many things that are
4	being discussed.
5	Q Did you receive did you attend all of
6	the each of the committee meetings?
7	A Yes.
8	Q How many were there?
9	A I don't recall, but I believe five.
10	Q In person or in person/conference call?
11	A Five in person and then there were several
12	conference calls in addition to that.
13	Q Okay.
14	A Could have been four, could have been six.
15	Q And was it Mr. Potter's practice to send
16	out summaries of of each of those meetings at
17	their conclusion, following their conclusion?
18	A I know he summarized at the end of each
19	meeting, and I'm sorry, I don't recall whether he
20	also followed up with e-mail.
21	Q Do you recall any noncommittee members
22	attending the meeting, other than counsel for the
23	university or for individual units of the university?
24	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.
25	THE WITNESS: No.
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1	(Discussion off the record.)
2	Q (By Mr. Rich) I'm going to show you a
3	document that's been previously marked as Plaintiff's
4	Exhibit 15.
5	MR. RICH: And we'll hand out clean
6	copies for whoever needs
7	MR. SCHAETZEL: Thank you.
8	THE WITNESS: Uh-huh.
9	(Discussion off the record.)
10	Q (By Mr. Rich) Do you recognize what's
11	being previously marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 15?
12	A Yes.
13	Q What is it?
14	A It is the fair use checklist that was
15	created by the Regent Select Committee on Copyright.
16	Q I take it this is the document to which
17	we've been referring on and off during the entire
18	day, yes, the document to be filled out by individual
19	faculty members?
20	A Uh-huh.
21	Q And am I correct is it your
22	understanding that the way this process is to work,
23	in respect of any given copyrighted work, the
24	professor checks the appropriate boxes, weighs the
25	outcome within each factor, and then sees if a

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1	majority of factors favors either fair use or weigh
- 2	against fair use; is that correct?
3	A That's my understanding, yes.
4	Q And in the case of a 2 to 2 outcome, as it
5	were
6	A Uh-huh.
7	Q the preamble to this appears to indicate
8	that in that situation, instructors should consider
9	the total facts weighing in favor of fair use as
10	opposed to the total facts weighing against fair use,
11	is that correct, in terms of coming up with an
12	outcome?
13	A That's my understanding.
14	Q And focusing on that, so now a professor
15	has gone through this exercise and has a bunch of
16	checkmarks throughout
17	A Uh-huh.
18	Q what is your sense of the tools that the
19	professor is supposed to use then to break the tie?
20	How do you think the professor ought to be thinking
21	about these things?
22	A In terms of resources, as opposed to tools,
23	the resources certainly are all of the supporting
24	information that has been made available on the USG
25	Web site, where the checklist is available. In
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1 addition, there's also -- the Office of Legal Affairs 2 on each campus is available, somebody is available to consult with. And then Mr. Newsome is also a 3 4 resource. So I think there are a number of different 5 ways one can proceed with this. 6 So are you suggesting that where it's a 0 7 close case, you would expect that a number of 8 professors will avail themselves of some one or more 9 of those resources you just identified in making a 10 decision? 11 Ά I would assume so, yes. 12 Q And presumably others will just make the decision from the face of this document, correct? 13 14 Α I would assume so. 15 Q Did the committee -- apart from faculty 16 members sitting on the committee, did the committee 17 review any other University System of Georgia faculty 18 to get their input on the feasibility of this 19 process? 20 Α No. 21 Q Okay. Did it do any tests or trials of it 22 for a sample of materials, either that have been 23 placed on E-Reserves previously or that might be 24 future candidates for E-Reserves? 25 A That didn't seem to be something that was

particularly productive because I think we felt that 1 2 there is no way to know what the specific 3 circumstances are in a course. So to my 4 recollection, we discussed that, but we did not go 5 through any exercise of looking at the sociology 6 professor, for example. 7 Q If you look at the first factor, please. 8 Α Uh-huh. 9 Among the listed criteria is the issue of Q 10 whether the use is transformative or nontransformative. Do you see that? 11 12 I do. Α 13 Q Do you have an understanding of that 14 concept within the context of this exercise? 15 Α I believe I do. 16 0 Please tell me what your understanding is. 17 Α The example that's easiest for me to use is 18 Pretty Woman and 2 Live Crew and the use of the music and whether it was a transformative use, and it was 19 20 determined to be a transformative use. It's the 21 example that libraries tend to use. 22 Bring that home to practice in terms of Q 23 application to textual material. 24 It would be taking a -- taking a piece of Α 25 material and turning it into something that is a new

work, having transformed it into something by adding additional material to that work.

3 Q I take it, from that conception, a straightforward photocopy or electronic copy of the 5 identical work by itself and without more would not be treated as -- would not be treated as 7 transformative; is that correct?

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That would be my interpretation, yes.

9 And if you stitched a series of those exact Q 10 copies together into a compendium or anthology of works or a coursepack, I take it your view would be 11 12 that also would not thereby transform all of that 13 into a transformative work, correct?

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That would be my interpretation.

15 How would you expect that a faculty 0 Okav. 16 member would, in practice, make a determination as to 17 the bottom left most factor and bottom right most 18 factor, namely whether the proposed use is necessary 19 to achieve his or her intended educational purpose? 20 How would one go about making that judgment, do you 21 think?

22 Α They would be looking at the course that 23 they are teaching, the content of that course, what is necessary to convey that content, and whether this 24 piece of material, this piece of information is 25

necessary in order to teach the students what they're intending to -- intending for them to learn in that course.

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4 0 How narrow or broad a conception of "necessary" do you read into this? 5 I mean, technically, there's probably no one piece of 6 7 information that's necessary to teach a course, yet a 8 slightly broader conception of necessity is, "Well, 9 to achieve my pedagogical purpose, I need to have the 10 students exposed to this essay or this interpretation of this historical event." How do you think about 11 12 that?

13 A Again, I think -- what I think is
14 irrelevant. It's the faculty member having to look
15 at what they're trying to accomplish and what they're
16 trying to teach the student, what they want the
17 student to learn, what the outcome of the course is,
18 and they're the ones that are going to have to make
19 the determination.

20 Q So necessity is in the eye of the 21 individual course-generating professor?

MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.

THE WITNESS: Content is in the eye of the faculty member, yes.

Q (By Mr. Rich) But making the judgment as

to the nexus between course material and the pedagogical purposes to be furthered is in the subjective judgment of the professor, correct?

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A Certainly not in anyone else's hands, no. So yes, I agree.

And so conceivably if a course is on 6 Q 7 brilliant rhetoric and in order to achieve the objective, the professor determines that he needs to 8 9 use the entirety of certain famous speeches, Daniel 10 Webster, Cicero, you name it, because it's necessary 11 to understand the concept of brilliant rhetoric to expose the student to the total construction of the 12 piece and so forth, I assume it would be reasonable 13 in that situation for the professor at least to 14 15 conclude that using the entirety of the work is 16 necessary to achieve the intended educational 17 purpose, true?

18 A You have, however, the fact that you are
19 requiring the student to read those, requiring them
20 to read the whole thing in their entirety, which
21 would suggest that it comes outside of this and goes
22 in another direction.

Q Not within this factor, maybe within -A Right -Q -- a different factor?

1	A looking at it in the whole.
2	Q But looking at Factor 1 and saying just
3	taking my fact scenario, you could envision in that
4	situation a professor legitimately concluding, "I
5	need to do that," yes?
6	A Uh-huh.
7	Q Factor 3 goes to amount and substantiality.
8	The phraseology adopted in the first boxes across
9	horizontally are small portion of work used and large
10	portion or entire work used. Again, those seem to be
11	capable of a fair amount of interpretation, is that
12	fair
13	A Yes.
14	Q the concept small and large?
15	A Yes.
16	Q And was that deliberate on the part of the
17	drafters?
18	MR. SCHAETZEL: Would you read that
19	question back for me, please?
20	(Record read.)
21	MR. RICH: Drafters.
22	THE COURT REPORTER: Oh, drafters.
23	Sorry.
24	MR. SCHAETZEL: Okay. Let me ask
25	there's a potential for that question to
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1 raise the specter of attorney-client privilege, given that you're now asking for 2 3 what the witness at least conceivably has been told by other drafters. By answering 4 this question, are you willing to agree 5 6 that we're not waiving the privilege? 7 MR. RICH: Yes. MR. SCHAETZEL: Please answer the best 8 9 you can. 10 THE WITNESS: Can you repeat the 11 question? 12 MR. RICH: Go ahead, please. 13 (Record read.) THE WITNESS: To say that there are 14 15 two sides to this, yes. 16 (By Mr. Rich) No, to use words capable of Q 17 as much interpretation as small versus large? 18 Certainly so much of this is subjective Α that I think, again, it becomes to some extent 19 20 irrelevant, yes. 21 When you say -- what is it that becomes Q 22 irrelevant? 23 The use of the -- all of this is a faculty Α 24 member making their best determination as to how this 25 fits the material that they're intending to use. So **SHUGART & BISHOP**

trying to give them something that is fairly explicit is -- I think was deliberate.

What tools of interpretation do faculty Q have, whether from the policy or other guidance, in terms of how to think about the concept of a small portion or a large portion?

7 Α Certainly the whole list of factors that 8 you're looking at because they are intertwined, and 9 then, again, the resources that are available to them, if they choose to avail themselves of them, on 10 11 the Web site, through legal counsel.

12 0 Well, for example, the -- one of the documents we looked at earlier that was a preexisting 13 14 guidance on the Georgia State site indicated that works of one chapter or 20 percent or less would be accepted. Do you recall seeing that?

> Α I do.

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18 Q And it appears that at least at that level, 19 those concepts have not been worked into this 20 checklist, correct?

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That's correct.

22 And I believe you earlier testified that in Q 23 some situations, possibly more than 20 percent of a 24 work could be warranted under a fair use analysis, 25 correct?

What I think I said was that I think it's Α impossible to put percentages on those --

> Q Yes.

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Α -- that it can range from nothing to everything.

6 Q Yes. But what I -- my more focused questions really are, again, trying to understand, putting this in the hand of any of the 1200 faculty at GSU, how they are supposed to think about small portion. I think inevitably some will think in terms of percentages of the whole. I mean, if they come to Ms. Hall or they go to Mr. Newsome or somewhere else and say, "Can I use not more than X percent", what is the committee -- what is the committee's understanding about what they're likely to hear?

16 Ά It would depend on the course, it would 17 depend on the content of the course, it would depend 18 on what the faculty member was trying to accomplish 19 in the course. And that's one piece of the amount 20 of substantiality. It's trying to take this, Section 107, and give it something that people can 21 22 understand in a more manageable way and using common 23 practice to do that.

24 Q The next facts within -- or criteria within 25 Factor 3 are "portion used is or is not central or

significant to the entire work as a whole." Do you see that?

A I do.

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Q The heart-of-the-work concept. How do you envision a faculty member making that determination as to works they're not the authors of?

7 A I would assume that if they are teaching 8 the course, they are familiar with the material that 9 is relevant to that course, and so they would have a 10 sense of that better than anyone else would have who 11 would be determining whether or not it was a fair use 12 of the material.

13 Q What is the intended meaning of the third 14 set of criteria there, "The amount taken is narrowly 15 tailored to educational purpose such as criticism, 16 research," and then I'm particularly interested in 17 "or subject being taught"? What is intended to be 18 conveyed there?

19 A The idea that the material is specifically
20 relevant and that the amount being used is targeted
21 to the educational purpose trying to be accomplished
22 in the course.

23 Q Strikes me, might you agree, that it 24 overlaps a fair amount with an earlier concept we 25 talked about under Factor 1, which is "use is

1	necessary to achieve your intended educational
2	purpose"
3	A And I think I
4	Q similar in concept?
5	A made that point earlier, yes. I think
6	it is very hard to take any of these in isolation. I
7	think they're not intended to be taken in isolation,
8	that there are four factors and it's the four factors
9	that have to be analyzed.
10	Q Looking at Factor 4 actually, if you
11	if you, the faculty member, determine that you
12	prevail on three of the four, you don't really need
13	to analyze all four, do you?
14	A Of course you do.
15	Q Why?
16	A Because you have to look at all four
17	factors to see if there if it's a fair use. You
18	might get to the fourth one you've got three that
19	are in your favor and you get to the fourth one and
20	you start realizing, "Hmm, that doesn't weigh in my
21	favor," and it makes you question things that you
22	decided previously.
23	Q So that you would recalibrate your
24	judgments
25	A You might recalibrate
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-- on 1 to 3?

А You might recalibrate your judgment. Q But if you're very firm in your judgments

as to 1 to 3, you say, "I win"? No?

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You still have to do the fourth one.

6 Q What's the penalty if you leave that one 7 blank when you hand your form in, or you don't have 8 to hand it in to anybody? Who's going to know?

9 Α There is a -- faculty members want to do 10 the right thing partly because they're also holders 11 of copyright. They're not only using someone else --12 I mean, in my opinion, I mean, they are people who 13 also have created works that other people are using, 14 and I think they want their works used appropriately, as well as they want to use other people's works appropriately.

17 Q I don't doubt that to be true to some extent, although you might agree with me, wouldn't 18 you, that faculty members often have different 19 motivations to be published than other authors do? 20

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Certainly.

Q How would a -- looking at Factor 4, how would a faculty member be in a position to discern the effect on the market or potential market for copyrighted work based upon the proposed taking?

1	A Again, I would speculate that a faculty
2	member is in the best position to know that because
3	they are aware of what is going on in their
4	discipline and what the market is for the materials
5	that are being published.
6	Q Are they required, in your view, to make
7	some investigation as to, for example, whether there
8	is a license available, through an organization like
9	the CCC, for accessing the material that they wish to
10	use?
11	A Are they?
12	Q Required to make that kind of
13	A Required to make that
14	Q investigation in assessing this factor.
15	A I think it would depend on whether they
16	thought there was enough question in their mind that
17	they should investigate that. But the fact that a
18	license is available does not preclude fair use. The
19	use could still be fair even if there is a license
20	available, or at least that is my understanding of
21	the law.
22	Q Sure, but looking at this factor, which is
23	designed to measure precisely a displacement of
24	income
25	A Right.

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-- it's a little circular to say that 1 Q 2 doesn't foreclose the fair use determination when 3 that's an element you have to weigh in the determination to begin with, correct? 4 5 Α It is one of --6 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form. 7 I didn't want to interrupt you. 8 THE WITNESS: Okay. It's one of four 9 factors. 10 Q (By Mr. Rich) Sure. So I'm saying, how do 11 you know, if you're a professor, whether you have 12 impaired an existing viable licensing mechanism for 13 some or all of the materials if you have made no 14 investigation, you just say, "Well, nobody is going 15 to be the worse off from me handing out 20 copies to 16 my students"? Is that the level of investigation 17 we're talking about here? 18 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to 19 form. 20 THE WITNESS: That is assuming that a 21 faculty member is not aware of what is 22 happening in their discipline, and a 23 faculty member, unless they are a brand-new 24 one, is going to have a very good sense of 25 what the marketability is of materials in

their discipline.

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(By Mr. Rich) Excerpts of materials? 0 I would speculate that it would be all Α materials in their discipline, yes.

Down that left-hand column on Factor 4 is 0 "licensing or permission unavailable." How is a faculty member going to ascertain that information?

8 Α I don't know definitively, but some 9 opportunities would be to contact the person who 10 created the work, contact the library, use something 11 like the Copyright Clearance Center. I think there 12 are several different ways you could do that.

13 Would you expect that it would be proper Q practice for faculty going through this checklist to make that kind of investigation before completing the checklist?

17 Α I think it would be up to the individual faculty member, as they weigh all of the factors, to 18 19 decide whether that's one that bears further 20 investigation.

21 0 What expertise do they possess to determine 22 which factors should be viewed as significant versus other factors? 23

24 Α The expertise of their discipline, their awareness of the course, awareness of the educational 25

purposes of the course, the need for material to support their teaching.

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Q Most of which would tend in favor of making a fair use determination, would they not?

5 A I think it would depend on a case-by-case 6 basis how they go through it. I don't think you can 7 generalize that, no.

8 Q Under what analysis would a faculty member, 9 all other things equal, feel himself or herself 10 benefiting from putting him or herself or GSU the 11 burden of getting permissions for the materials they 12 want to use in their course?

A Because it's the right thing to do. It's a legal and ethical issue that -- I mean, academic integrity requires that.

16 Q And what enforcement mechanisms are 17 proposed within GSU to make sure that the policies 18 are being properly implemented by individual faculty 19 members?

MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection. Asked and answered.

THE WITNESS: Enforcement is -there's not an enforcement mechanism. This is a -- this is a -- we teach the faculty, we give them the tools that they have, we

1	try to make sure it doesn't happen. But
2	there are no copyright police out there
3	beating up on people if they make the wrong
4	determination. I mean, this is something
5	where a faculty member has to process all
6	of this. It is a learning process, as they
7	do it for each piece of material that
8	they're using.
9	Q (By Mr. Rich) So you seem to think that
10	it's a pejorative to enforce copyright laws, that
11	it's
12	A I have not said that.
13	Q You used the word "copyright police."
14	A You're asking about enforcement
15	Q Yes.
16	A how is it going to be enforced.
17	Q Yes.
18	A There is a difference between making sure
19	that people have the tools to do their job and making
20	sure that they make their best determination, and
21	then it's being proactive versus reactive.
22	Q If students cheat on examinations, are
23	there any consequences to their career at GSU?
24	A Yes.
25	Q What?
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1	A At the worst end, they can be dismissed
2	from school.
3	Q It violates the code of conduct for them to
4	cheat, doesn't it?
5	A It does.
6	Q They're expected to act appropriately,
7	correct?
8	A As are faculty members
9	Q And if
10	A in terms of using materials
11	appropriately in their teaching, yes.
12	Q If faculty members plagiarized, are they
13	subject to discipline?
14	A Of course.
15	Q What would be the discipline?
16	A Would depend on how it's happened and how
17	it gets addressed. I don't know the
18	Q What could be the range of
19	A The ultimate could be that they are
20	dismissed.
21	Q What other acts by faculty could lead to
22	discipline at the university level, in your
23	experience?
24	A Misappropriation of funds, inappropriate
25	relationships with students. There are a number of
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them.

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2 Q Yes. And those all violate norms of 3 conduct, correct?

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They violate norms of conduct and law.

Q But if they violate norms of conduct and
copyright laws, there is -- there are not going to be
any copyright police; is that correct?

8 A You're putting words in my mouth. What I 9 have said is that there are -- there is every effort 10 made to allow -- to give the tools to the faculty 11 member and allow them to make the determination. How 12 we enforce -- to use your word, enforce that, is 13 something that we just have not put into place at 14 this point, and I don't know what that would be.

15 Q Well, that's a slightly different answer 16 than your prior answer, which was, "We don't intend 17 to be copyright police."

MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.

THE WITNESS: And the "we" at that point that I was referring to -- and I'm sorry, I was not explicit -- was the library, the library will not be the copyright police, no. Q (By Mr. Rich) Let me be more clear, then,

1 | with my question.

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A Okay.

Q Do you believe there will be
university-based enforcement mechanisms, whether
legal or the chancellor level, to enforce compliance
with the new policies?

A I do not know. They're presumably will be
8 consequences for flagrant violation of any policy in
9 place on campus.

10 Q And given the current structure for 11 E-Reserves, how would such flagrant violations come 12 to the university's attention but for the high school 13 student, to post Ph.D. candidates, sitting at the 14 reserve desk flagging it?

THE WITNESS: No, not you?

MR. SCHAETZEL: Not me.

THE WITNESS: As we've already talked about, I think that there is the red flag that is going to be raised by that person. It gets bumped to someone else to determine and ultimately gets bumped to legal counsel to determine.

Q (By Mr. Rich) Are you of the view that
everything that the faculty member needs to evaluate
is embedded in these four factors, that is,

1	everything necessary to a fair use evaluation?
2	A That is certainly my understanding of
3	Section 107, that that does cover the four fair use
4	factors, yes.
5	Q Another element of the policy, and I can
6	show it to you if you care I'm trying to save a
7	little bit of time at this hour
8	A Uh-huh.
9	Q indicates that the four factors are
10	nonexclusive, that there can be other factors that
11	can bear on a fair use outcome, does that sound
12	familiar?
13	A I think if you look at 107, it does address
14	that.
15	Q Yes.
16	A Yes.
17	Q How does the checklist deal with that fact,
18	deal with that recognition?
19	A If you look at the directions for that, I
20	believe it kind of points people towards the legal
21	office if they have questions beyond what they think
22	is being covered by the four fair use factors and the
23	checklist.
24	Q But if you're not initiated in copyright
25	law at some level, you wouldn't necessarily know what
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1 those other factors are, would you? 2 No, but you certainly have the tools Α 3 available to find that out should you choose to. And 4 I believe that we have provided, certainly, the 5 common understanding of how faculty members are 6 determining fair use throughout the United States and 7 how they use materials. 8 Q What is the RACL? 9 The Regents Advisory -- no, Regents Α 10 Academic Advisory Committee on Libraries, Regents 11 Advisory Committee. It's a library group of regents 12 institutions. 13 Are you a part of that? Q 14 Α I am. 15 Q And my limited question there is: What 16 role, if any, did that group of people have in the 17 formulation of the new policy? 18 Α To the best of my knowledge, none. 19 0 They were given an advance courtesy copy; 20 is that correct? 21 Α Yes. 22 Q Okay. 23 Because those would be the institutions Α 24 that would be having to implement the policy once it 25 is approved.

We are getting there. 1 Q 2 Α I'm fine. 3 (Discussion off the record.) 4 MR. RICH: How are we doing on time? 5 Why don't we take a short break, okay? THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 6 7 3:19:42. 8 (Recess taken.) 9 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is Tape 5. We 10 are back on the record at 3:33:51. 11 (Exhibit 23 marked for identification.) 12 (By Mr. Rich) The reporter has placed Q 13 before you the next exhibit, which is Plaintiff's 23, which is a document without Bates numbers, but 14 15 produced by the defendants, I believe were taken off 16 the Web site, the lead page of which says "Course 17 Reserves," and ask you if you're able to identify 18 this exhibit. MR. SCHAETZEL: Do you have a copy for 19 20 us? 21 MR. RICH: I'm sorry. 22 MR. SCHAETZEL: This is exhibit which 23 now? 24 THE WITNESS: Twenty-three. 25 MR. SCHAETZEL: Thank you. SHUGART & BISHOP

EXHIBIT K - 174

1	THE WITNESS: It doesn't have the
2	Georgia State University logo on it, but I
3	believe it is part of the Web site for
4	course reserves.
5	Q (By Mr. Rich) You understand this to be a
6	recent addition to the Web site as well?
7	A I believe it is.
8	Q And is it designed to reflect the work of
9	your committee and the resulting policy?
10	A As it references that policy, I believe it
11	does, yes.
12	Q And who is the author of these of this
13	Web site material?
14	A I believe, again, the same people who were
15	doing the Web page that we talked about before, so it
16	would be the folks in the E-Reserve unit, plus the
17	supervisor of that unit, plus Laura Burtle, plus me,
18	with some input from legal counsel, I believe.
19	Q Have you personally received any feedback
20	from anyone in the GSU community to any of the
21	recently posted materials or to the policy?
22	A Not yet.
23	Q Do you expect to be deluged?
24	A Not deluged, but I expect to hear things,
25	yes.

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1 MR. RICH: Let's mark next the amended 2 complaint in this action, first amended, 3 Plaintiff's 24. (Exhibit 24 marked for identification.) 4 5 MR. RICH: Thank you. 6 0 (By Mr. Rich) I'm actually not going to 7 ask you any questions about the body of the document, but rather only relating to one of the exhibits to 8 9 it. But I'll ask -- I'll represent to you that this 10 is a copy of the amended complaint filed in this 11 action. 12 If you would turn, please, to Exhibit 1 13 towards the back, "Schedule of Works." Prior to today, have you had a chance to review that schedule? 14 15 Α No. I've seen it, but I have not looked at 16 it closely. 17 Q I'll represent to you that these are works 18 of the three plaintiffs to this action, Cambridge, 19 Oxford, and Sage, which serve as examples for the kind of practices to which our clients object in this 20 21 lawsuit. And we provided a few samples to gain your 22 reaction to them. 23 And why don't we begin with -- on page 1 of 24 the schedule, the bottom row, there's a book called 25 Focus on the Language Classroom." And the two

1 excerpts taken from that by the professor of the course called "Practicum" in the fall of 2007 were Chapters 9 and 10, which we'll jointly mark as the next exhibit number.

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(Exhibit 25 marked for identification.) MR. RICH: I'm going to mark, although we don't have multiple copies today, but we'll have the reporter -- we'll provide the reporter with a picture of the cover of the work from which these chapters were taken, namely the hard-cover version of Focus on the Language Classroom, Cambridge University Press, and I'll mark it as an exhibit, which, again, we'll put a place holder in for now and provide copies of the title page, but it's a resource available to you as we discuss it now. What number will that be?

THE COURT REPORTER: Twenty-six. MR. RICH: That will be Plaintiff's 26.

22 Q (By Mr. Rich) What I would interested in, recognizing and accepting the fact you are not the 23 24 faculty member who selected these materials, nor is this your area of expertise, I'm interested in using 25

1 this and perhaps one or two other examples as 2 illustrative of the way you, from your committee 3 experience here, would anticipate a faculty member thinking of using these excerpts from this work, how 4 5 you would anticipate that he or she would go through this checklist exercise, as far as you're able to 6 7 take it. And if you're unable in places, I'm sure you'll say to me, "I can't make the judgment," but I think if we can use this in a dynamic exercise in a few examples, we at least could find that helpful.

11 And so if you have the checklist in front 12 of you, and again, the premise is that the professor in this class is proposing to take two chapters out 13 14 of what I believe are 11 chapters in all -- you can look at the table of contents in this book -- for use 15 16 in this course. And so what are you able to offer 17 and what are you unable at this point, without more information, to offer as you course through the 18 19 checklist? Take your time.

20 Α Go back to my paper here. So since this is not owned by my library, for starters, it wouldn't 21 22 make the first cut. Can we stop there? It's owned 23 by Emory.

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Q Fair point.

Okay. Are we over? Α

1	Q Let's that's very very well done.
2	A You're not going to let me get away with
3	that one, are you?
4	Q Let's change that.
5	A Shucks.
6	Q This comes off
7	A Okay.
8	Q the professor's collection, okay?
9	A All right.
10	Q That was a very good catch, however.
11	A All right. I have to go back through my
12	papers. Because it is for a course and I am going
13	to qualify this. This is I am doing this blind, I
14	am extrapolating
15	Q Absolutely.
16	A what I can from this. I am not the
17	faculty member. I am not teaching the course.
18	Q Understood.
19	A You know all of that.
20	Q Understood.
21	A But based on what I'm seeing here and here,
22	I would say that I would be fairly comfortable that
23	it is a nonprofit educational use.
24	Q Yes.
25	A I am not sure that I would be willing to
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1	aboat that it is a tooshing was because if it is for
	check that it is a teaching use, because if it is for
2	a practicum, that's kind of a different kind of
3	teaching. It's one that I would probably kind of
4	have to think about there.
5	Q Could you, for the uninitiated, describe
6	what a practicum is?
7	A I am guessing, again, that since this is
8	and I don't know what the numbering system means, but
9	it's a graduate class of some sort, I am guessing,
10	that would be putting a teacher in a classroom
11	setting, so probably a language arts teacher
12	Q Okay.
13	A in a classroom setting.
14	Q Okay.
15	A So I'm not sure how we would do the
16	Q Okay.
17	A teaching aspect of that. I would say
18	that it is probably not research, but might be
19	counted as scholarship. It is not criticism, it is
20	not comment, news reporting, or parody. It is not
21	transformative, it is not personal study. I don't
22	know about the use necessary to achieve the intended
23	purpose.
24	Q Okay.
25	A It is not for a commercial activity. I
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1	don't see a place where somebody is profiting from
2	use of this. I certainly would not think it would be
3	for entertainment, though one never can tell. It is
4	nontransformative. There does not appear to be a
5	publication that would take place here. This would
6	not be public distribution. And again, I don't
7	Q Yes.
8	A know the use
9	Q Yes.
10	A piece. So at that point on this one, we
11	would be saying nonprofit. We don't know about
12	Q Possibly research or scholarship?
13	A Possibly that one.
14	Q And possibly the last?
15	A And possibly the last. And on the opposite
16	side, you would be possibly the last. So in that
17	case, I would say it would favor the factors favor
18	fair use.
19	Q Okay.
20	A It is a published work. It is, I'm
21	assuming, factual, certainly nonfiction.
22	Q Right.
23	A And again, the question about important to
24	educational objectives, I would have a hard time
25	knowing. So that means that it is not unpublished,
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1	it is not highly creative, and it is not consumable.
2	So again, I would say that in this case, factors
3	favor fair use.
4	Small portion, that's something that I
5	would have a hard time deciding in terms of kind of
6	kind of how it weighs against the whole work and how
7	it's used in the classroom setting. So I would
8	probably
9	Q Well, if the work is about 220 pages and
10	this is maybe
11	A Two chapters.
12	Q 35 pages, it's about roughly 15 percent.
13	Does that affect your thinking?
14	A Not really. I mean, it's kind of whether
15	it's it's how it plays into the rest of things. I
16	would maybe even come back to that one
17	Q Okay.
18	A in order to fill it out.
19	I don't know enough about this work to know
20	whether the portion used is central or significant to
21	the work, so I would have to spend some time during
22	that analysis in a different kind of way. And again,
23	I don't know what the educational purpose is, so I'm
24	not sure how this is being used for that class.
25	I might, given what you're saying, check
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1	here the large portion being used; but I think,
2	again, it would depend on how we would we would
3	determine that in the context of the class. The
4	portion used is central, again, I don't know that.
5	Q Right.
6	A Amount taken necessary, this one, I would
7	almost have to skip over.
8	Q You don't have enough information?
9	A Because I don't have enough information.
10	Q And the fact I take it the fact that
11	it's two chapters is not, in and of itself,
12	determinative one way or the other?
13	A I would think not, no.
14	Q Okay.
15	A Effect on the market, though my background
16	is education, it's not language teaching, so I would
17	not know what the effect might be, so that one would
18	be one that I just couldn't determine. I could see
19	the use stimulating the market for the original work,
20	that a student uses this and realizes that it's so
21	important that they need to have this, that they
22	would go out and buy a copy.
23	I don't know about products marketed by the
24	copyright holder. I don't know if it's still in
25	print. What is the date of the copyright? '91, so

1 that one -- I would have to determine that, whether it's still in print or whether there's a new edition 2 3 or something available. Don't know about licensing or commission, 4 so I would have to find that out. Presumably it is a 5 supplemental classroom reading. Given the nature of 6 7 the class, as I'm understanding it, there would be the one copy made, so presumably that would argue in 8 9 favor. Original --10 0 Can you explain that, because isn't the 11 intent of this E-Reserve list to make copies 12 potentially available to every -- every student in 13 the course? Isn't that the correct way to interpret 14 that element? 15 MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to 16 form. 17 THE WITNESS: Not explicitly, no. 18 It's that there is one copy made available in the same way that one copy was made 19 20 available in a copy environment, except 21 that it's now in an electronic environment. 22 What the student chooses to do with that 23 one copy is what the student chose to do in

make a copy of it. It's very analogous to

the paper environment, take notes from it,

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1	the paper environment.
2	Q (By Mr. Rich) Let me understand your
3	interpretation. If there are 15 students in a
4	course
5	A Uh-huh.
6	Q is there only one copy being made
7	available or 15 copies being made available, as you
8	think about it?
9	A From an E-Reserve system, it would be one
10	сору.
11	Q Even though the students are able to make
12	further copies themselves?
13	A Again, it's analogous to the paper
14	environment where the library makes one copy
15	available and multiple copies can be made by the
16	students.
17	MR. RICH: Sorry, I was distracted.
18	If I could just hear the that last
19	answer.
20	(Record read.)
21	Q (By Mr. Rich) In the library environment,
22	in the hard-copy environment, you would agree with me
23	that that cannot be done, at a minimum,
24	simultaneously by all students, correct?
25	A To the best of my knowledge, no.
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1 And by what techniques would students Q 2 checking reserve books out in hard copy in a library 3 physically make copies? 4 Α They would check them out and they would take them to a copy machine and they would make a 5 6 copy. 7 Q And would they normally pay a fee to do that? 8 9 They would pay 10 cents a page or whatever Α 10 the cost is. 11 Q Right. Now, you agree with me that 12 downloading and oftentimes at least printing from 13 electronic reserves is an easier and perhaps more 14 cost-effective way of making a copy than through 15 physical reserves? 16 A I would say it might be easier. I would 17 not say it's more cost-effective. 18 Q And the reason for the latter is? 19 That when one factors in the cost of the Α 20 technology and printer cartridges and printing at 21 home and all of that kind of stuff, or at a -- or at 22 the library, that it's not necessarily more 23 cost-effective. 24 Q Okay, why don't you keep going? 25 This is my copy of the book, so I obtained Α

it lawfully. And I have limited access by putting it 1 2 on E-Reserve behind a password protection. Again, 3 the effect on market, as I indicated when we looked 4 at it on the weighing in favor, I don't know, because I don't know the discipline well enough. 5 6 I don't know whether or not licensing or 7 commission is reasonably available, so that would be one that, if I were actually trying to make a 8 9 determination and were going through all of this, 10 that might be one that I would pursue further. 11 Numerous copies are not being made or distributed. I don't know, again, the discipline 12 13 enough to know about the long-term use. It is not a 14 required classroom reading, and I do own the copy of 15 the book and the Web access is limited. 16 0 Are you in a position, even with your 17 limited knowledge, to make a fair use judgment? 18 Α Because one factor we left completely 19 undetermined, no. 20 Staying in the fourth factor for a Q 21 minute --22 Α Uh-huh. 23 -- are each of those factors within -- are 0 each of those elements within a factor entitled to 24 equal weight? 25

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Not necessarily, I don't believe.

Q Looking within Factor 4, are there one or more elements that you think deserve more weight compared to others?

5 A Because, as I've said, I think one of the 6 things that faculty members would be thinking about 7 would be what the impact could be on materials for 8 which they hold the copyright, I would think a 9 faculty member would weigh more the impact or the 10 effect on market or potential market for the 11 copyrighted work.

12 Q There's no explicit guidance that would 13 require that, however, correct?

A No.

Q So that in theory, if someone was doing
this somewhat mechanically --

A Uh-huh.

18 Q -- you could find -- you could make a 19 judgment that there could be a very significant 20 impairment of the market, yet find a majority of 21 other factors favoring fair use that could lead the faculty member doing the math, as it were, within 22 23 Factor 4 to say, "I still win Factor 4," that's 24 feasible, correct? 25 Α It's feasible.

1	Q Do you think that would be a desirable
2	outcome?
3	A Not if I were the holder of the copyright,
4	no.
5	Q Let's do one or two more of these. We're
6	not going to belabor this exercise.
7	A I would think that my answers would be
8	quite similar, to be honest, if I take
9	Q I understand that. There's some where you
10	just don't have information, I understand that.
11	A There's no way I can do those.
12	Q We appreciate that. Thank you for your
13	patience in doing it.
14	A Uh-huh.
15	Q Then if you'd turn the page to the bottom
16	of the second page, the next item we'll mark deal
17	with "The Slave Community, Plantation Life in the
18	Antebellum South," and the excerpt is Chapter 4
19	called "The Slave Family." It's an Oxford University
20	Press work.
21	(Discussion off the record.)
22	MR. RICH: So the Chapter 4 will be
23	marked as Plaintiff's 27.
24	(Exhibit 27 marked for identification.)
25	MR. RICH: And the work itself have
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1 we got that -- is in -- looks like trade 2 paperbound --3 THE WITNESS: Uh-huh. 4 MR. RICH: -- we'll mark as 5 Plaintiff's 28 and offer it to the witness for her perusal, if she would like 6 7 to see it. 8 (Discussion off the record.) 9 THE WITNESS: Same thing, it's not my 10 book, so presumably this is my book? 11 MR. RICH: Presumably, yes. 12 THE WITNESS: Okay. 13 (Discussion off the record.) MR. SCHAETZEL: How are we numbering 14 15 now so that it's clear on the record and I 16 have it as well? 17 THE COURT REPORTER: That book is 18 going to be 26, and this book is going to be 28. 19 20 MR. SCHAETZEL: The book is 28. 21 MR. RICH: The excerpt is 27. 22 MR. SCHAETZEL: Okay. 23 (By Mr. Rich) Let me ask you Q preliminarily, just looking at the schedule entry --24 25 Α Uh-huh.

1	Q are you familiar with the course
2	offering "African-American Male/Female
3	Relationships"?
4	A I am not.
5	Q Do you know what the reference "AAS" is?
6	
7	A I'm assuming African-American Studies, but I don't know that
8	Q Okay.
9	A specifically.
10	Q Okay. Please, if you would give us your
11	A Again, the book is owned by Atlanta-Fulton
12	Public, so not my book, but we'll pretend it is.
13	Q I believe this is a 42-page excerpt,
14	incidentally.
15	A Again, going through the Factor 1
16	Q Yes.
17	A nonprofit educational, in this case it
18	looks to be more explicitly for teaching, so I would
19	probably check that one. I would perhaps be less
20	likely at this point to check research and
21	scholarship, less likely to check criticism,
22	transformative for personal study. And again, I
23	don't know the course well enough to know whether the
24	use is necessary to achieve the intended educational
25	purpose.

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1 Looking on the weighs against fair use, it 2 is not a commercial activity, it is not profiting 3 from the use, it does not appear to be entertainment, there does not appear to be a nontransformative use. 4 5 It does not appear to be for publication or for 6 public distribution. And again, I can't know about 7 the use and how it fits into the intent of the 8 course. 9 Q Did you say it does not appear to be 10 nontransformative or it does not appear to be 11 transformative? 12 Α Transformative, right. 13 So that --Q 14 That one --Α 15 -- box would be checked? Q 16 Α -- would be checked. 17 Q Okay. 18 Α Yes, yes. Sorry. It is a published work, 19 it is --20 Q Let me pause on Factor 1 for a minute, 21 if --22 Α Okay. 23 Q -- I may, a couple of questions. 24 Α Uh-huh. 25 If a work is being offered in the classroom Q

1	setting by the professor, focusing on the right-side
2	factors
3	A Uh-huh.
4	Q will it not almost invariably be the
5	case that it does not involve commercial activity,
6	that the there's no profiting from use, that it's
7	not entertainment, that it's not for publication, and
8	it's not for publication distribution, wouldn't you
9	normally say those automatically are ruled out in the
10	classroom environment/teaching offer?
11	A I would think generally you would, but I
12	think the intent of the fair use checklist is not
13	just for classroom use, it's for fair use of
14	materials.
15	Q I understand that, but I'm saying as
16	applied to E-Reserve course offerings, what I'm
17	saying
18	A Right.
19	Q would generally be the case, would it
20	not?
21	A Right.
22	Q And would it also be the case in the class
23	setting that almost invariably it would be nonprofit
24	educational; teaching, if it's in a traditional class
25	setting as opposed to the practicum kind of setting

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1	you indicated; and then, of course, up to the
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	professor to make the judgment, at a minimum, whether
3	the use is necessary or not, correct?
4	A Though I think I think keeping in mind
5	that there are for-profit educational settings.
6	Georgia State University is not one of them, but
7	there are for-profit educational settings.
8	Q Right. But focusing
9	A And I think that
10	Q That's a fair comment, but
11	A Okay.
12	Q would you think that offering E-Reserves
13	in a for-profit educational setting would entail
14	either commercial activity or profiting from use; is
15	that your understanding?
16	A It certainly would be it would change
17	the way I would have to look at this, yes.
18	Q Uh-huh. But here in this setting, wouldn't
19	invariably an E-Reserves offering in the classroom
20	setting award Factor 1 to the professor unless the
21	professor said, "While I'm offering this work for my
22	students, it's not really necessary to achieve my
23	purpose"?
24	MR. SCHAETZEL: Objection as to form.
25	THE WITNESS: And I do think that
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1 you -- the criticism piece, I think, would 2 be one that would take it over even 3 stronger over onto the -- onto --MR. RICH: 4 Yeah. 5 THE WITNESS: -- the side that favors 6 fair use. And I do think that there are 7 ways that -- I think, yes, you're generally right, but I think there are some instances 8 9 where it would weigh against fair use. 10 MR. RICH: Okay. 11 THE WITNESS: I don't think you could 12 automatically say, "Well, I don't need to 13 check this one because it always weighs in 14 my favor." 15 Q (By Mr. Rich) Now you can proceed, I'm 16 sorry, with Factor 2, 3, 4. 17 Α Here, it would be a published work and 18 presumably a work of nonfiction. Again, I'm not 19 familiar enough with it to know, but I'm making that 20 assumption. Again, the question about important to 21 educational objectives would be up to the faculty to 22 decide. 23 I -- again, because I don't know, I don't 24 know whether it's highly creative. So, I mean, this 25 one, I would have a little bit of a hard time

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1 determining without knowing the discipline and the 2 area a little bit more. The ways it's described on the list, that it was a course, and I could see that 3 4 you could -- you could be using something that is a work of fiction to illustrate something in a course, and that would change the whole thing, but I just don't know this one well enough to know that.

8 Q Just stepping back again and looking at Factor 2 --9

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Uh-huh. Α

11 Q -- is it accurate that on a numerical count 12 basis, in awarding Factor 2 one way or the other, the 13 simple fact that a work is a published factual or 14 nonfiction work will award that factor to a fair use, 15 will it not?

16 If it were published factual in a workbook, Α 17 the answer would be no, to my mind. That would 18 require a judgment call on my part. That's something 19 that is a consumable work, is -- kind of bumps it 20 over --

Even though --Q

Α -- and I --

-- it would be 2 to 1? Q

Α It would be 2 to 1, and I would have to think about that. Because as a consumable work, it's

something that you would presumably be asking 1 2 students to use, work through, turn in, do something 3 with. And then what degree of confidence do you 4 0 have that other faculty would process that in a 5 6 similar way? 7 Α That, again, is kind of a judgment call on my part, but I would have a fairly high level of 8 9 confidence. 10 And if it's not consumable, though, my Q 11 proposition would be correct that a --12 Published work of nonfiction. Α 13 Would avoid that factor in the E-Reserve Q classroom setting to fair use? 14 15 Α Generally, yes. 16 Q Okay. Factor 3, again, this is the one that I had 17 Α so much trouble with the last time, I'm going to have 18 19 the same trouble with it this time, so I think here 20 it's hard to know how it would come down in terms of 21 one way or the other. 22 Q And your reaction to 40 pages out of a work 23 of approximately -- without the tables at the back, 24 it looks like it 341 pages -- 343 pages. 25 А I'm not sure that's terribly relevant.

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Q If you were staring at 75 pages, would that become more relevant to you?

A I certainly would think twice about it. I mean, if you -- if you're -- if you are starting to say, you know, you must read the whole book, yes, I mean, if it's -- if it continues to be supplemental material and, you know, it's 75 pages, I might be looking for something else that I could offer for them to use.

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Q Okay.

11 A And again, with Factor 4, I don't know the 12 discipline well enough to know whether this is the 13 only book on the market that's out there that's -- I 14 mean, what the effect would be. Kind of similar 15 answers to what I gave before in terms of not really 16 knowing kind of how it would play out.

17QCan I ask you, in the E-Reserve setting, is18the "one or few copies made or distributed" box19routinely to be checked under your interpretation?

A I don't know.

21 Q Can you think of any situation where, as 22 you think about it, more than one copy is being made 23 or distributed?

A I -- I was thinking of another question, so 25 let me say -- I would say that here, in the E-Reserve

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1	cotting it would be see
•	setting, it would be one copy.
2	Q And you don't believe that the copies being
3	available to multiple students in the class is a
4	distribution of more than one copy?
5	A No.
6	Q Okay.
7	A And again, I would draw the analogy to the
8	print environment that one copy is made available.
9	What the student chooses to do with that copy is the
10	student's call.
11	Q Okay.
12	MR. RICH: Give me a second, please.
13	Can we go off the record?
14	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at
15	4:05:55.
16	(Recess taken.)
17	(Exhibits 26 and 28 marked for
18	identification.)
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1	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Back on the record
2	at 4:18:52.
3	Q (By Mr. Rich) Ms. Seamans, did you
4	maintain any notes of the committee meetings which
5	you participated in relating to the formulation of
6	the new policy?
7	A No.
8	Q Is it your normal practice not to do so, or
9	were you were you recommended not to do so?
10	A It's normal practice.
11	Q Okay.
12	MR. RICH: I have no further
13	questions.
14	MR. SCHAETZEL: We have no questions.
15	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at
16	4:19:19.
17	(Deposition concluded at 4:19 p.m.)
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1	ERRATA PAGE
2	Pursuant to Rule 30(e) of the Federal Rules
3	of Civil Procedure and/or Georgia Code Annotated 9-11-30(e), any changes in form or substance which
4	you desire to make to your deposition testimony shall be entered upon the deposition with a
5	statement of the reasons given for making them. To assist you in making any such corrections,
6	please use the form below. If supplemental or additional pages are necessary, please furnish
7	same and attach them to this errata sheet.
8	I, the undersigned, NANCY SEAMANS, do hereby certify that I have read the foregoing
9	deposition and that, to the best of my knowledge, said deposition is true and accurate with the
10	exception of the following corrections below.
11	
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18	NANCY SEAMANS		
19	NANCI SLAMANS		
20	Sworn to and subscribed before me		
21	this day of 2009.		
22	Notone Dable		
23	Notary Public My commission expires		
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CERTIFICATE

STATE OF GEORGIA

COBB COUNTY

4 I hereby certify that the foregoing 5 transcript was taken down, as stated in the caption, 6 and the questions and answers thereto were reduced to 7 typewriting under my direction; that the foregoing 8 pages represent a true and correct transcript of the 9 evidence given upon said hearing. I further certify 10 that I am not of kin or counsel to the parties in the 11 case, am not in the regular employ of counsel for any 12 of said parties, nor am I in anywise interested in the 13 result of said case.

14 Disclosure pursuant to OCGA 9-11-28(d): 15 The party taking this deposition will receive the 16 original and one copy based on our standard and 17 customary per page charges. Copies to other parties will likewise be furnished at our standard and 18 19 customary per page charges. Incidental direct expenses of production may be charged to any party where 20 21 applicable.

> MICHELLE M. BOUDREAUX, RPR CCR-B-2165

1	DISCLOSURE			
2				
3	STATE OF GEORGIA COUNTY OF DEKALB			
4				
5				
6	Deposition of NANCY SEAMANS			
7	Pursuant to Article 8.B of the Rules and			
8	Regulations of the Board of Court Reporting of the Judicial Council of Georgia, I make the following disclosure:			
9				
10	I am a Georgia Certified Court Reporter acting as an agent of Shugart & Bishop to provide court reporting services for this deposition. I will not be			
11	taking this deposition under any contract that is prohibited by OCGA 15-14-37 (a) and (b).			
12				
13	Shugart & Bishop has no contract to provide reporting services with any party to the case, any counsel in the case, or any reporter or reporting			
14	agency from whom a referral might have been made to cover this deposition. Shugart & Bishop will			
15	charge its usual and customary rates to all parties in the case, and a financial discount will not be given to			
16	any party to this litigation.			
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