IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA ATLANTA DIVISION

: CIVIL ACTION NOS.

: 1:11-CV-1711-RWS

: 1:11-CV-3580-RWS

: 1:12-CV-118-RWS

: 1:12-CV-119-RWS

IN RE: WASEEM DAKER : 1:12-CV-1141-RWS

: 1:12-CV-1319-RWS

: 1:12-CV-2605-RWS

1:12-CV-2782-RWS

: 1:13-CV-1554-RWS

: 1:13-CV-3053-RWS

ORDER

The ten cases listed in the caption are before the Court on more than thirty motions and objections to Final Reports and Recommendations filed by state inmate, Waseem Daker. The Court has carefully reviewed and considered each of Daker's filings and is now prepared to rule on each of them. Because these filings constitute only a small fraction of the more than one thousand submissions Daker has made in *seventy-one* civil cases and appeals in the Northern District of Georgia, the Middle District of Georgia, the Southern District of Georgia, the Central District of California, the United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit, and the United State Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit, *see* Appendix A, the Court first summarizes Daker's criminal and litigation history.

I. Waseem Daker's Criminal and Litigation History

A. <u>Daker's Criminal Convictions</u>

In 1996, Daker was convicted by a Cobb County jury on two counts of aggravated stalking. *See* 11-CV-1711 [14-1] at 3. Daker served two consecutive five-year terms and was released in 2005. *Id*.

In 2010, Daker was indicted for malice murder, felony murder (four counts), burglary with intent to commit aggravated assault, burglary with intent to commit aggravated stalking, false imprisonment, aggravated assault, aggravated burglary, and criminal attempt to commit aggravated stalking. See 12-CV-1141 [1] at 3. Pending trial, Daker was held without bond. See 12-CV-2605 [1] at 2. After electing to terminate his court-appointed lawyers and represent himself at trial, Daker was convicted on all counts. Daker is now serving a life sentence.

In Part I, the CM/ECF numbers in brackets refer to docket entries in the case indicated by the preceding case number, abbreviated in the format "##-CV-####." For example, "11-CV-1711 [14-1] at 3," refers to page number 3 of CM/ECF document 14-1 in *Daker v. Warren*, No. 1:11-CV-1711-RWS (N.D. Ga. 2011). Unless explicitly noted, the case numbers refer to cases filed in the Northern District of Georgia.

B. <u>Daker's Pro Se Litigation History</u>

Beginning in 1999—while he was serving sentences for aggravated stalking—Daker began filing numerous civil rights complaints and habeas corpus petitions in this Court and others. *See* Appendix A. After Daker was released from prison in 2005, there was a brief hiatus in his filings. *See id.* However, in 2010, when Daker was arrested and held on murder and related charges, he again began to file numerous civil rights and habeas actions. *See id.*

As noted above, Daker has initiated or been involved in *seventy-one* civil cases and appeals in the Northern District of Georgia, the Middle District of Georgia, the Southern District of Georgia, the Central District of California, the Eleventh Circuit, and the Ninth Circuit through June 4, 2014. *See id.*

Despite the volume of his litigation, Daker has won virtually nothing. Insofar as appears from the dockets in each of his cases, Daker has been awarded just \$2 in monetary damages. *See* 00-CV-1065 [90].² Indeed, since then, the only additional relief of any sort that Daker appears to have ultimately been awarded in any case was

² The costs awarded to Daker in that case—approximately \$710, see 00-CV-1065 [90]—have been dwarfed by the costs awarded against him in other cases, see, e.g., 03-CV-2481 [299] (awarding \$1474 in costs to defendants); 03-CV-2526 [127] (awarding costs to defendants).

short-lived injunctive relief with respect to "weekly Ta'lim services." *See* 01-CV-3257 [280] (reciting the history of that case in which all of Daker's other claims had been dismissed or denied and injunctive relief had expired).

In the cases that Daker has filed since 2001, he appears to have won no ultimate relief. Rather, it appears that all of his claims have been: (1) dismissed voluntarily, see, e.g., 02-CV-1361 [41]; (2) dismissed involuntarily, see, e.g., 06-CV-54 [23]; (3) denied on summary judgment, see, e.g., 03-CV-2526 [126]; or (4) in the one additional instance he reached a jury, rejected, see, e.g., 03-CV-2481 [293]. Daker's appeals have been similarly fruitless, with those that have been fullyadjudicated generally having ended in dismissal either (1) because the circuit court deemed them frivolous, see, e.g., In re Daker, No. 11-11937 (11th Cir.); In re Daker, No. 12-12072 (11th Cir.); In re Daker, No. 12-14369 (11th Cir.); Daker v. Warren, 13-11630 (11th Cir.); or (2) for want of prosecution, see, e.g., In re Daker, No. 12-12073 (11th Cir.); Georgia v. Daker, No. 12-12519 (11th Cir.); Daker v. Comm'r, No. 13-13398 (11th Cir.)

C. Daker and 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g): "Three Strikes"

In light of Daker's litigation history, the Eleventh Circuit "has determined that the 'three strikes' provision of the Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995[, codified

at 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g)], is applicable to" him. *See*, *e.g.*, Letter dated May 29, 2014, in *Daker v. Comm'r*, No. 14-12139 (11th Cir. 2014); Letter dated April 18, 2014, in *Daker' v. Comm'r*, No. 14-11571 (11th Cir. 2014) (same). This determination followed the entry of a Final Report and Recommendation in this Court recommending that Daker be determined to have accumulated "three strikes," *see* 13-CV-3053 [5] at 1-2 (listing six strikes), and a finding by the Middle District of Georgia that Daker had accumulated three or more strikes, *see Daker v. Owens*, No. 5:12-CV-459-CAR (M.D. Ga. Mar. 21, 2014) [134].

Consequently, in any new case where Daker does not adequately allege that he is "under imminent danger of serious physical injury," 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g), "the proper procedure is for the district court to dismiss the complaint without prejudice when it denies . . . leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*." *Dupree v. Palmer*, 284 F.3d 1234, 1236 (11th Cir. 2002). Daker "cannot simply pay the filing fee after being denied *in forma pauperis* status. He must pay the filing fee at the time he *initiates* suit." *Id.* (emphasis in original).

D. <u>Daker's "Indigence"</u>

Furthermore, it has become clear over time that Daker is not entitled in any event to proceed *in forma pauperis* ("IFP") because he is not indigent. Rather, it

appears that Daker has repeatedly abused the judicial process by filing IFP affidavits that conceal and/or misstate his true assets and income.

Gwinnett County tax records indicate that Daker owns a home that has a market value of over \$398,000 and that, despite his incarceration, Daker has remained current on tax payments, including through a payment of \$6,084.36 on September 14, 2013. See http://gwinnetttaxcommissioner.manatron.com/Tabs/ViewPayYourTaxes/AccountDetail/BillDetail.aspx?p=R7056%20404& a=33237684&b=21949900&y=2013# (last viewed June 4, 2014) (attached as Exhibit B). Despite Daker's recent unsubstantiated protestations that his house is now worth less than its \$345,000 mortgage—a debt he self-reported, but has not documented—,³ Daker has plainly found it worthwhile to maintain his ownership of that home. And, despite his claim of indigence, Daker has plainly found the income or assets with which to make timely tax payments.

Moreover, Daker has acknowledged that he has permitted family members to live in his house while he is incarcerated. *See, e.g.*, 10-CV-2084 [2] ("The following persons live in my house: my father, Anas Daker, my mother, Amal Daker, and my

³ Daker did not claim that his home was worth less than he had paid for it in 2009 until this Court denied one of his requests for IFP status in light of the \$50,000 in home equity that he had disclosed. *See, e.g.*, 12-CV-2782 [7] at 2.

brother, Jameh Daker.") Whether those family members are paying rent or other consideration or whether their residence in the house simply precludes Daker from generating income from paying renters, there is plainly a substantial income stream associated with the house that Daker is either not disclosing or voluntarily electing to forego in order to claim indigence.

Furthermore, other substantial assets that Daker has disclosed in past IFP affidavits, including, for example, "a car that is paid off in full," 11-CV-1401 [2] at 2, have vanished without explanation from Daker's subsequent disclosures of assets, even as he continues to claim that he has "had no income" since January 10, 2010, Daker v. Motokwa, No. 14-55653 (9th Cir. 2014) [IFP Affidavit filed on May 19, 2014, Item 11]. And Daker has stated that he granted a power of attorney to a relative to handle his financial affairs outside of prison so that "said information" would not be subject to "monitoring" by prison officials, 12-CV-119 [3], without ever disclosing the nature of and value of the assets that he is permitting others to manage on his behalf.

As noted above, this information, which has been revealed only in bits and pieces over time, unmistakably indicates that Daker has abused the judicial process

by filing IFP affidavits that conceal and/or misstate his real assets and income.

Consequently, Daker is not eligible to proceed IFP.

E. Daker's Motions for Reconsideration

Daker has also abused the judicial process through the repeated filing of motions for reconsideration. Despite having been advised often that this Court's Local Rules provide that "[m]otions for reconsideration shall not be filed as a matter of routine practice," LR 7.2E, NDGa., Daker nonetheless has done so and continues to do so in many cases. *See* Appendix A. In support of his post-judgment motions, Daker will frequently file multiple "supplemental" pleadings. *See*, *e.g.*, 11-CV-1711 [38, 39, 42, 43, 44]. These post-judgment motions have served only to unnecessarily prolong litigation in this Court, and many appear to have been filed, in whole or in part, to extend Daker's time to prepare and file appeals.

F. <u>Daker's Motions to Recuse</u>

All of Daker's cases in this Court have been assigned to the undersigned, save for one transferred to the Honorable Amy Totenberg when she was first appointed to serve in the Northern District. *See* Appendix A. For more than a decade, from 1999 through 2011, Daker raised no objection to these case assignments. In 2011, however, Daker began to file what have since become routine motions to recuse. *See*

10-CV-3815 [20]. Indeed, Daker now frequently files multiple motions to recuse in the same case. *See, e.g., id.* [20, 27, 43, 68].

Although in each subsequent motion to recuse, Daker sometimes adds additional, unsubstantiated accusations, his core "bias" and "conspiracy" claims remain the same. Both this Court and the Eleventh Circuit have thoroughly considered Daker's motions and concluded that recusal is not warranted, as "judicial rulings alone almost never constitute a valid basis for bias." Liteky v. United States, 510 U.S. 540, 555 (1994). Nor is recusal required where "the judge acquired knowledge of relevant facts through prior judicial proceedings." Order dated Oct. 9, 2012, in Georgia v. Daker, No. 12-12519 (11th Cir. Oct. 9, 2012) (citing Christo v. Padgett, 223 F.3d 1324, 1334 (11th Cir. 2000) (considering Daker's arguments under both 28 U.S.C. §§ 144 and 455). And, "[a] charge of partiality must be supported by some factual basis Recusal cannot be based on unsupported, irrational, or highly tenuous speculation." United States v. Cerceda, 188 F.3d 1291, 1293 (11th Cir. 1999) (internal quotation marks and citation omitted) (emphasis in original). Daker's motions to recuse do not meet those standards.⁴

⁴ Further discussion of the reasons the Court has declined to recuse can be found in the Orders addressing Daker's motions to recuse, including 12-CV-572 [4, 7], 12-CV-119 [10], and 12-CV-118 [10]. That discussion is not repeated here.

II. Pending Motions and Objections⁵

With that background in mind, the Court now turns to the ten cases listed in the caption and Daker's many pending filings in them.

1. No. 1:11-CV-1711

Daker has filed a "Motion for Service of Order Denying Certificate of Appealability and Denying *In Forma Pauperis* Status on Appeal; Motion to Extend Time to File Notice of Appeal" [54]. That motion is **DENIED**.

The docket reflects that the February 28, 2014 Order that Daker claims never to have received was mailed to him at the address he had provided to this Court and that it was not returned as undeliverable. *See* [Unnmbrd Dkt. Entry dated Feb. 28, 2014]. Daker's motion indicates that he learned no later than March 4, 2014, that the February 28 Order had been entered. [54] at 1. This was well within the 30-day appeal period. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 4(a)(1)(A). No extension of the appeal period was warranted. *See id.* (a)(5). Indeed, Daker later filed a notice of appeal in this case that he dated March 30, 2014. [55].

⁵ In Part II, the CM/ECF numbers in brackets refer to docket entries in the case identified in the numbered paragraph.

2. No. 1:11-CV-3580

Daker's "Motion for Service of Order Denying Certificate of Appealability and Denying *In Forma Pauperis* Status on Appeal; Motion to Extend Time to File Notice of Appeal" [50] is **DENIED** for the reasons set forth in the discussion above with respect to the identical motion in 11-CV-1711.

3. No. 1:12-CV-118

Daker's "Motion to Reconsider Court's 1/16/14 Order" [32] and "Supplemental Motion to Reconsider Court's 1/16/14 Order" [42] are DENIED. First, the Court's January 16 Order denied Daker's previous Rule 59(e) Motions to Vacate, and this Court's Local Rules prohibit motions to reconsider motions to reconsider. See LR 7.2E, NDGa. Second, the footnote in the January 16 Order that Daker demands be reconsidered and vacated deals with Daker's "strikes" in prior cases and appeals. As discussed above, the Eleventh Circuit, this Court, and the Middle District of Georgia have all concluded that Daker has accumulated more than three "strikes." Third, there are only two grounds for granting a motion for reconsideration under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 59(e): "newly discovered evidence or manifest errors of law or fact." Arthur v. King, 500 F.3d 1335, 1343 (11th Cir. 2009) (quoting In re Kellogg, 197 F.3d 1116, 1119 (11th Cir. 1999)). Here, Daker has neither presented any new evidence, nor identified any manifest error. Rather, Daker is simply seeking to "relitigate old matters, raise argument, or present evidence that could have been raised prior to the entry of judgment," none of which is a basis for relief in a Rule 59(e) motion. *Michael Linet, Inc. v. Village of Wellington, Fla.* 408 F.3d 757, 763 (11th Cir. 2005).

Daker's "Request for Permission to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis*" on appeal [38] and "Request for Permission to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis*" on appeal [40] are **DENIED** because he is ineligible to proceed IFP in new appeals now that he has accumulated more than three strikes, unless he can show that he is "under imminent danger of serious physical harm," which he has not attempted to do in this case, and because, as discussed above, it does not appear that Daker is actually indigent.

4. No. 1:12-CV-119

Daker's "Motion to Reconsider Court's 1/16/14 Order" [32], "Request for Permission to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis*" on appeal [37], and "Request for Permission to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis*" on appeal [38], and "Supplemental Motion to Reconsider Court's 1/16/2014 Order" [40] are **DENIED** for the reasons set forth above in the discussion of the identical motions filed in 12-CV-118.

5. No. 1:12-CV-1141

Daker's "Motion for Service of Order Denying Certificate of Appealability and Denying *In Forma Pauperis* Status on Appeal; Motion to Extend Time to File Notice of Appeal" [39] is **DENIED** for the reasons set forth above in the discussion of the identical motion filed in 11-CV-1711.

6. No. 1:12-CV-1319

Daker's "Motion for Service of Order Denying Certificate of Appealability and Denying *In Forma Pauperis* Status on Appeal; Motion to Extend Time to File Notice of Appeal" [34] is **DENIED** for the reasons set forth in the discussion above with respect to 11-CV-1711.

7. No. 1:12-CV-2605

Daker's "Motion for Service of Order Denying Certificate of Appealabilty and Denying *In Forma Pauperis* Status on Appeal; Motion to Extend Time to File Notice of Appeal" [34] is **DENIED** for the reasons set forth in the discussion above with respect to 11-CV-1711.

8. No. 1:12-CV-2782

Daker's "Motion to Extend Time to Object to Magistrate's October 29, 2013

Report and Recommendation" [12] is **GRANTED**.

Daker's "Objection" [13] is **OVERRULED**.

After *de novo* review, *see* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1), the Court **APPROVES AND ADOPTS** the Final Report and Recommendation [9] as the Order of the Court.

Daker's "Motion to Recuse Judge Richard W. Story" [11] and "Motion to Recuse Magistrate Judge E. Clayton Scofield III" [15] are **DENIED**. As discussed above, Daker has repeatedly sought recusal of the undersigned and Magistrate Judge Scofield. This Court and the Eleventh Circuit have thoroughly considered those motions and denied them for the reasons set forth above. Daker's latest motions add nothing that would alter the conclusion that recusal is not warranted.

Daker's "Motion to Reconsider Court's 9/18/2013 Order Denying Plaintiff IFP Status" [16] and "Supplemental Motion to Reconsider 9/18/13 Order Denying Plaintiff IFP Status" [17] are **DENIED**. As discussed above, it is clear that Daker has repeatedly misrepresented his financial status and that he is not indigent.

9. No. 1:13-CV-1554

Daker's "Motion to Reconsider and Vacate Order Denying Motions 3, 4, 5, 6" [9] is **DENIED**.

Daker's "Motion to Extend Time to Pay Filing Fee" [10] is **GRANTED**. The Court notes, however, that the filing fee was not forthcoming from Daker by the date he proposed to pay it. No further extensions of time are warranted.

Daker's "Second Motion to Recuse Judge Richard W. Story" [11] and "Motion to Recuse Magistrate Judge E. Clayton Scofield III" [13] are **DENIED**.

Daker's "Motion to Reconsider Magistrate's 10/31/13 Order Denying *In Forma*Pauperis Status" [14] and "Supplemental Motion to Reconsider is **DENIED**.

Daker's "Objection to Magistrate's 10/31/13 Report & Recommendation" [12] and "Supplemental Objection to Magistrate's 10/31/13 Report and Recommendation" [15] are **OVERRULED**.

After *de novo* review, *see* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1), the Court **APPROVES AND ADOPTS** the Final Report and Recommendation [7] as the Order of the Court.

10. No. 1:13-CV-3053

Daker's "Motion to Extend Time to Object to Magistrate's 12/30/13 Report and Recommendation" [7] is **GRANTED**.

Daker's "Motion to Recuse Judge Richard W. Story" [8], "Second Motion to Recuse Judge Richard W. Story" [9], and "Motion to Recuse Magistrate Judge Scofield [sic] E. Clayton Scofield, III" [10] are **DENIED**.

Daker's "Objection to Magistrate's 12/30/13 Report & Recommendation" [11] and "Supplemental Objection to Magistrate's December 30, 2013 Report and Recommendation" [12] are **OVERRULED**. Indeed, it appears that the Final R&R undercounts the total number of "strikes" that Daker has accumulated in light of Rivera v. Allin, 144 F.3d 719, 731 (11th Cir. 1998), abrogated on other grounds by Jones v. Bock, 549 U.S. 199 (2007). In that case, the Eleventh Circuit instructed district courts that (1) "[a] claim that fails to allege the requisite exhaustion of remedies is tantamount to one that fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted" and counts as a strike, and (2) "dismissal based on a petitioner's abuse of the judicial process is precisely the type of strike that Congress envisioned," including dismissals for want of prosecution. Id. Moreover, "[p]laintiffs are bound by the judgments in their prior cases, and may not dispute their merits in order to challenge a 'three-strikes' determination." Casey v. Scott, 493 F. App'x 1000, 1001 (11th Cir. 2012). It is abundantly clear that Daker has accumulated three or more "strikes."

After *de novo* review, *see* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1), the Court **APPROVES AND ADOPTS** the Final Report and Recommendation [5] as the Order of the Court.

III. Further Proceedings.

Once again, Daker is reminded that this Court's Local Rules prohibit the filing of motions for reconsideration as a matter of routine practice and prohibit altogether the filing of "motions to reconsider the court's denial of a prior motion for reconsideration." LR 7.2E, NDGa.

If Daker nonetheless seeks reconsideration of this Order and/or files any new requests to proceed IFP in this Court, he is **ORDERED TO SHOW CAUSE** in those motions or requests why this Court should not exercise its "discretion to deny or revoke th[e] privilege [to proceed IFP]..., either retrospectively or prospectively, by looking to 'the number, content, frequency, and disposition of his previous filings." *Hurt v. SSA*, 544 F.3d 308, 310 (D.C. Cir. 2008) (quoting *Butler v. DOJ*, 492 F.3d 440, 445 (D.C. Cir. 2007)).

In light of Daker's more than *seventy* prior cases and appeals, it may be appropriate for the Court to now exercise its "more general supervisory authority to manage [its] docket so as to promote[] the interests of justice," and to limit the waste of judicial resources by prisoners "for whom litigation [is] a costless pastime." *Butler*, 492 F.3d at 444-45 (quoting *In re McDonald*, 489 U.S. 180, 184 (1989), and *Ibrahim v. District of Columbia*, 208 F.3d 1032, 1036 (D.C. Cir. 2000)). *See also In*

re Sindram, 498 U.S. 177, 180 (1991) (denying IFP status to a frequent filer in an extraordinary writ case and noting that he might be similarly restricted from filing IFP in other cases if he abused the privilege).

SO ORDERED, this <u>5</u> day of June, 2014.

RICHARD W. STORY

United States District Judge

APPENDIX A

					Total Docket	Ruie 59/60- type		cert
Caption	Docket Number	Filing Fee Paid	Cause of Action	Principal Final Outcome	Entries	motions	Result on Appeal	den
					L			
ises Opened in the Norti	hern District of Georgia (th	rough June 3, 2014)						
1 Daker v. Garner	1:99-CV-894-RWS	partial	1983 - civil rights	dismissed; Daker assessed costs		Yes		
2 Daker v. Ray	1:99-CV-2228-RWS		1983 - civil rights	summary judgment for defendants		Yes	denled - See Daker v. Ray, No. 04-11787	
3 Daker v. Williams	1:99-CV-2262-RWS		1983 - civil rights	summary Judgment for defendant		Yes	denied - See Daker v. Whiting, No. 01-14247	
4 Daker v. Ray	1:00-CV-277-RWS	full appeal fee paid	2241 - habeas	dismissed for fallure to state a claim	44		denied - See Daker v. Ray, No. 01-14246	
5 Daker v. Barrett	1:00-CV-1065-RWS		1983 - civil rights	Daker won \$2 in damages plus \$750.10 in costs	119	Yes	denied - See Daker v. Barrett, No. 03-155771	
				most claims dismissed; temporary injunctive relief				
6 Daker v. Wetheringto	n 1:01-CV-3257-RWS	partial	1983 - civil rights	granted on one RLUIPA claim	297	Yes	denied - See Daker v. Donald, No. 04-12447	
7 Daker v. Ray	1:02-CV-1361-RWS		1983 - civil rights	dismissed (voluntarily)	42			
				jury verdict for defendants; Daker assessed				
8 Daker v. Ferrero	1:03-CV-2481-RWS	full appeal fee paid	1983 - dvil rights	\$1,474.16 in costs	322	Yes	denied - See Daker v. Ferrero, No. 07-15658	
9 Daker v. Ferrero	1:03-CV-2526-RWS	full fee paid	1983 - civil rights	summary judgment & costs for defendants	127			
10 Daker v. Barrett	1:04-CV-662-RWS		2254 - habeas	stayed	34	Yes	denied - See Daker v. Barrett, No. 05-15268	
11 Daker v. Barrett	1:04-CV-1149-RWS		1983 - civil rights	dismissed (voluntarily)	15			
12 Daker v. Barrett	1:04-CV-3729-RW5	full appeal fee paid	2241 - habeas	dismissed for lack of jurisdiction	54		denied - See Daker v. Barrett, No. 07-10909	1
13 Daker v. GDOC	1:0S-CV-1389-RWS		1983 - civil rights	transferred to M.D. Ga.	5	Yes		
14 Daker v. Benton	1:05-CV-2751-RWS		2254 - habeas	administratively closed	6			\top
15 Daker v. Donald	1:05-mi-397		1983 - civil rights	converted to 1:06-CV-54-RWS	2			
16 Daker v. Barrett	1:05-mi-398		1983 - civil rights	converted to 1:06-CV-55-RWS	2			1
17 Daker v. Donald	1:06-CV-54-RWS	full fee paid	1983 - civil rights	dismissed (failure to comply / failure to serve)	24			\top
18 Daker v. Barrett	1:06-CV-55-RWS	full fee paid	1983 - civil rights	dismissed (voluntarily)	35			\top
19 Daker v. Warren	1:10-CV-552-RWS	full fee paid	2241 - habeas	dismissed without prejudice	29	Yes	denied - See Daker v. Warren, No. 10-15028	Yes
20 Daker v. United State	s 1:10-CV-1585-RWS	full fee paid	2241 - habeas	dismissed (voluntarily)	7			
21 Daker v. Warren	1:10-CV-2084-AT		1983 - civil rights	summary judgment for defendants	184	Yes	on appeal	
							denied - See Daker v. Warren, Nos. 12-12820 & 12-	
22 Daker v. Warren	1:10-CV-3815-RWS	full fee paid	2241 - habeas	dismissed in part; denied in part	79	Yes	13644	Yes
23 Daker v. Warren	1:11-CV-764-RWS	full fee paid	2241 - habeas	consolidated with 1:10-CV-3815-RWS	7	Yes	The same of the sa	
24 Daker v. Warren	1:11-CV-1401-RWS		2241 - habeas	administratively closed	4			1
25 Daker v. United State	s 1:11-CV-1710-RWS	full fee paid	2241 - habeas	dismissed (voluntarily)	11		***************************************	1
26 Daker v. Warren	1:11-CV-1711-RWS	full fee paid	2241 - habeas	dismissed without prejudice	57	Yes	on appeal	1
27 Daker v. Warren	1:11-CV-3580-RWS	full fee paid	2241 - habeas	dismissed without prejudice	53	Yes	on appeal	1
28 Daker v. Robinson	1:12-CV-118-RWS		1983 - civil rights	dismissed without prejudice		Yes	on appeal	\top
29 Daker v. Dawes	1:12-CV-119-RWS		1983 - civil rights	dismissed without prejudice		Yes	on appeal	+-
30 Georgia v. Daker	1:12-CV-572-RWS		1443 - removal	denied	18		denied - See Georgia v. Daker, No. 12-12519	+
31 Daker v. Warren	1:12-CV-1141-RWS	full fee paid	2241 - habeas	dismissed without prejudice		Yes	on appeal	+-
32 Daker v. Warren	1:12-CV-1291-RWS		2241 - habeas	consolidated with 1:10-CV-1141-RWS	7			1
33 Daker v. Unnamed De		 	2241 - habeas	dismissed without prejudice	4	Yes	on appeal	+-
34 Daker v. Warren	1:12-CV-2605-RWS		2241 - habeas	dismissed without prejudice		Yes	on appeal	+
35 Daker v. Dawes	1:12-CV-2782-RWS		1983 - civil rights	pending		Yes	at approxi	+-
36 Daker v. Humphrey	1:13-CV-1554-RWS	 	1983 - civil rights	pending		Yes		+-
35 Daker v. Humphrey 37 Daker v. Warren	1:13-CV-1554-RWS	 	1983 - civil rights	pending	17			+-

APPENDIX A

Caption	Docket Number	Filing Fee Paid	Cause of Action	Principal Final Outcome	Docket		Result on Appeal	cert den
ases Opened in the Middle	District of Georgia (thr	rough June 3, 2014)						+
							denied - See Daker v.Tremble , No. 05-11696 &	
							voluntarily dismissed - See Daker v. Tremble, No.	
1 Aziyz v. Tremble	5:03-CV-412		1983 - civil rights	intervention request denied	107	Yes	05-13697	
2 Daker v. Donald	5:04-CV-337		1983 - civil rights	dismissed (voluntarily)	45			
3 Daker v. Donald	5:04-CV-392		1983 - civil rights	dismissed (voluntarily)	· 29			
4 Daker v. GDOC	5:05-CV-205		1983 - civil rights	dismissed (voluntarily)	15			
5 Daker v. Owens	5:12-CV-459	IFP denied	1983 - civil rights	displaced sussuant to Section 1915(a)	160	Var	dismissed - <u>See Daker v. Comm'r</u> , No. 13-13398 & <u>Daker v. Comm'r</u> , No. 14-11571; <u>see also Daker v.</u> Comm'r, No. 14-12139	
6 Daker v. Humphrey	5:12-CV-459 5:12-CV-461	irr denied	2241 - habeas	dismissed pursuant to Section 1915(g)		Yes	CORRECT, NO. 14-12139	+
7 Daker v. Head	5:12-CV-461 5:14-CV-138	IFP denied				Yes		+
/ Daker v. Head	3:14-CV-138	irr denied	1983 - civil rights	dismissed pursuant to Section 1915(g)		162		+-
ases Opened in the Southe	orn Dietelet of Canada fa	brough lune 2 20141	 					+
1 Daker v. Head	6:14-CV-47	in ough Julie 3, 2014)	1983 - civil rights	pending	2			+
TIVAKEI V. HEAU	U.14-C4-47		T202 - CIAIL LIBILIZ	pending				+
ases Opened in the Centra	District of California (t	brough lung 2 2014)	 					+
1 Daker v. Mokwa	2:14-CV-395	IFP denied	1331 - diversity	dismissed with prejudice (frivolous/malicious)		Yes	on appeal	-
I Dake: V. WIOKWA	2.14-04-353	irr demed	1331 - diversity	dismissed with prejudice (mvolods/mancious)		163	on appear	+
ppeals and Original Action	s Onened in the Fleven	th Circuit (through lune	3 2014)		_			+-
1 Daker v. Warren	10-15028	IFP denied	7	dismissed		Yes		Yes
2 in re: Daker	11-11937	IFP denied		dismissed as fivolous		Yes		1.00
3 In re: Daker	12-12072	IFP denied	 	mandamus petition dismissed as frivolous		Yes	****	+
4 in re: Daker	12-12073	IFP denied	<u> </u>	dismissed for want of prosecution		Yes		+
5 in re: Daker	12-12074	IFP denied		dismissed (voluntarily)		Yes		+
6 Georgia v. Daker	12-12519	IFP denied		dismissed for want of prosecution				十一
7 Daker v. Warren	12-12820	IFP denied		dismissed				Yes
8 Daker v. Sheriff	12-13644	IFP denied		dismissed				Yes
9 In re: Daker	12-14369	IFP denied		mandamus petition dismissed as frivolous				1
10 Daker v. Warren	13-11630			dismissed as frivolous		Yes		1
11 Daker v. Comm'r	13-13398			dismissed for want of prosecution				-
12 Daker v. Warren	13-14446			pending				+
13 Daker v. Robinson	13-14873			pending (consolidated with 13-14878)			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	+
14 Daker v. Dawes	13-14878			pending (consolidated with 13-14873)				1
15 Daker v. Warren	13-15932			pending				
16 Daker v. Warren	13-15936		l	pending				
17 Daker v. Warren	13-15938			pending				1
18 Daker v. Sheriff	13-15939			pending				T
19 Daker v. Unnamed	13-15941			pending				
20 Daker v. Sheriff	14-10096			pending				
21 Daker v. Robinson	14-10779			dismissed				
22 Daker v. Dawes	14-10780			dismissed				
23 Daker v. Comm'r	14-11571	"three strikes" noted		dismissed for want of prosecution		-	***************************************	1
24 Daker v. Comm'r	14-12139	"three strikes" noted		pending				
peals Filed in the Ninth Ci	ircuit (through June 3, 2	.014)						
1 Daker v. Mokwa	14-55653	IFP denied		pending				T



Tax Assessor's Office

APPENDIX B

I Want To...

Go Back

R02

Tax Assessor



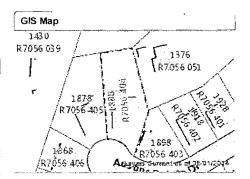
Comparable Sales

Property Detail

Property Report

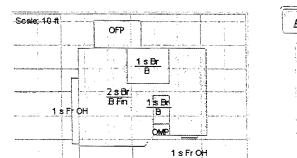
General Info Property ID R7056 404 Alternate ID 33237684 DAKER WASEEM Address 1888 AUSTINS POINTE DR 1888 AUSTINS POINTE DR Property Class Residential SFR LAWRENCEVILLE GA 30043-3952 Neighborhood 7326 0.4400

Deed Acres

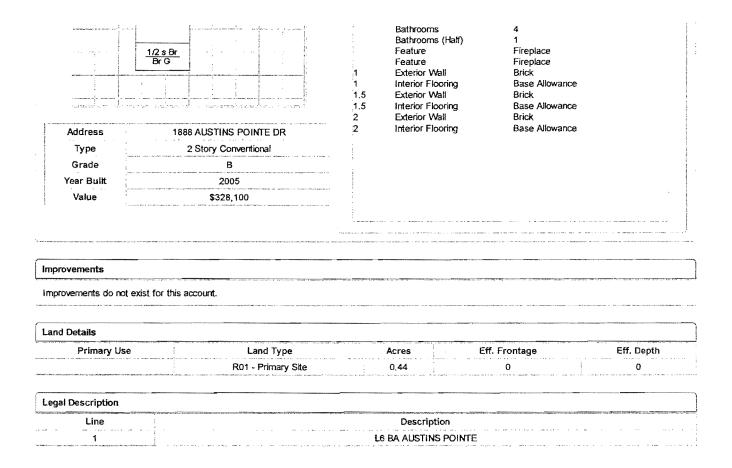


Value History										
Year	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2007	2006		
Reason	Notice of Current Assessment	Notice of Current Assessment	Notice of Current Assessment	Notice of Current Assessment	Adjusted for Market Conditions	Land & Bld Value Adj For Mkt	Bld Added, Updated or Razed	New Parcel		
Land Val	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$90,000	\$92,000	\$82,800		
Imp Val	\$328,100	\$328,100	\$328,100	\$328,100	\$328,100	\$374,900	\$470,600	\$0		
Total Appr	\$398,100	\$398,100	\$398,100	\$398,100	\$398,100	\$464,900	\$562,600	\$82,800		
Land Assd	\$28,000	\$28,000	\$28,000	\$28,000	\$28,000	\$36,000	\$36,800	\$33,120		
Land Use	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		
Imp Assd	\$131,240	\$131,240	\$131,240	\$131,240	\$131,240	\$149,960	\$188,240	\$0		
Total Assd	\$159,240	\$159,240	\$159,240	\$159,240	\$159,240	\$185,960	\$225,040	\$33,120		

Transfer History										
Book	Page	Date	Owner	Grantee	Deed	Туре	Vacant Land	Sale Price		
49774	852	10/26/2009	WELLS FARGO BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATIO	DAKER WASEEM	WD	N	No	\$394,900		
49517	886	5/5/2009	CHARLES MARIE MICHELLE	WELLS FARGO BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATIO	WD	NG	No	\$277,533		
47039	259	9/18/2006	BAINBRIDGE HOMES LLC	CHARLES MARIE MICHELLE	WD	QY	No	\$579,429		
43219	242	12/31/2005	TULLIS DEVELOPMENTS INC	BAINBRIDGE HOMES LLC	WD	<u>N1</u>	No	\$926,100		



Attributes Floor Areas Exterior Features							
Story	Attribute	Detail	Approximation of the contract				
i	Туре	2 Story Conventional					
	Occupancy	Single family					
1	Roof Structure Roof Cover	Gable-Hip					
	Heating	Comp sh 240-260# Forced hot air					
	A/C	Central air					
	Stories	2.0					



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 Tax Account

 Parcel ID
 Property Type
 Status

 R7056 404
 Real Property
 Active

Mailing Address:
DAKER WASEEM
1888 AUSTINS POINTE DR
LAWRENCEVILLE, GA 30043-3952
Tax District
COUNTY Unincorporated

Situs: 1888 AUSTINS POINTE DR

Legal Description
L6 BA AUSTINS POINTE

Tax Values							
Class Codes	101-Re	sidential SFR					
Description	Market Value	Assessed Value					
Land	\$70,000.00	\$28,000.00					
Improvement	\$328,100.00	\$131,240.00					
Total	\$398,100.00	\$159,240.00					

Operation	Net Tax	Savings
County Unincorporated Taxes	\$2,151.34	\$0.00
School Taxes	\$3,152.95	\$0.00
STATE OF GEORGIA TAXES	\$23.89	\$0.00
Sub Total	\$5,328.18	\$0.00
Bond	Net Tax	Savings
County Unincorporated Taxes	\$38.22	\$0.00
School Taxes	\$326.44	\$0.00
Sub Total	\$364.66	\$0.00
Special Assessment	Net Tax	Savings
Res Underground Street Lights	\$39.50	\$0.00
Stormwater Service Fee	\$125.46	\$0.00
Solid Waste Service Fee	\$226.56	\$0.00
Sub Total	\$391.52	\$0.00
Total Tax	\$6,084.36	\$0.00

Tax Installment Information								
Period	Bill Number	Due Date	Tax Year	Tax	Penalty/Fee	Interest	Total Due	
INST 1	21949900	10/3/2013	2013	\$0,00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	
	Total	Due:		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	

Payment History									
Tax Year	Bill Number	Receipt Number	Amount Paid	Last Paid					
2013	21949900	B13.51479	\$6,084.36	9/14/2013					