

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA  
AUGUSTA DIVISION

ZACHARY BOUVIER TAYLOR,

Plaintiff,

v.

CV 121-077

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF  
CORRECTIONS; A.S.M.P. MENTAL  
HEALTH DIRECTOR DONNA YOUNG;  
CERT TEAM OFFICER SMITH;  
CORRECTIONAL OFFICER TAYLOR,  
A.S.M.P.; CORRECTIONAL OFFICER  
CUNNINGHAM, A.S.M.P.; WARDEN  
EDWARD PHILBIN; NURSE BRUCKER,  
Psych Nurse, A.S.M.P.; OFFICER VALERIE  
FLOURNEY, A.S.M.P; OFFICER  
BRACEWELL; and OFFICER PROPHET  
WEBB,

Defendants.

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**ORDER**

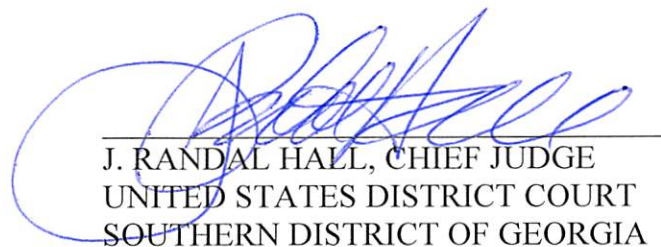
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After a careful, *de novo* review of the file, the Court concurs with the Magistrate Judge's Report and Recommendation ("R&R"), to which objections have been filed. (Doc. no. 14.) The Magistrate Judge recommended denying Plaintiff permission to proceed *in forma pauperis* ("IFP") under the three-strike provision of 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). Further, the Magistrate Judge found Plaintiff failed to qualify for the "imminent danger of serious physical injury" exception to § 1915(g), as Plaintiff only presented general or conclusory allegations of threats and no factual details to demonstrate imminent danger.

In his objections, Plaintiff argues he qualifies for the imminent danger exception to § 1915(g), and therefore should be granted permission to proceed IFP. (Id. at 2-5.) Plaintiff alleges details about the inmates and correctional officers who have threatened him, the nature of those threats, and the inadequate procedure he received before his involuntary medication. (Id.) Plaintiff did not provide this information anywhere in his complaint and therefore it was not before the Magistrate Judge. While courts have the discretion to consider novel evidence, factual claims, and legal argument raised for the first time in an objection to an R&R, they are under no obligation to do so. Frone v. JP Morgan Chase & Co., 695 F. App'x 468, 472 (11th Cir. 2017) (concluding district judge has broad discretion in considering argument not presented to magistrate judge); Williams v. McNeil, 557 F.3d 1287, 1292 (11th Cir. 2009) (same). The Court chooses not to consider Plaintiff's new factual claims because Plaintiff had more than enough time to amend his complaint.

Accordingly, the Court **OVERRULES** Plaintiff's objections, **ADOPTS** the Report and Recommendation of the Magistrate Judge as its opinion, **DENIES** Plaintiff's request to proceed IFP, (doc. no. 8), **DENIES AS MOOT** Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Injunction, (doc. no. 4-1), **DENIES AS MOOT** Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment, (doc. no. 4-2), and **DISMISSES** this action without prejudice.

SO ORDERED this 4th day of June, 2021, at Augusta, Georgia.

  
J. RANDAL HALL, CHIEF JUDGE  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA