



Court decision establishes the petitioner was convicted for a nonexistent offense; and 3) circuit law squarely foreclosed such a claim at the time it otherwise should have been raised in the petitioner's trial, appeal, or first § 2255 motion[.]” then the prisoner may pursue relief under § 2241. Wofford, 177 F.3d at 1244.

Cortes-Morales cites Carachuri-Rosendo v. Holder, \_\_\_ U.S. \_\_\_, 130 S. Ct. 2577 (2010), as applicable Supreme Court precedent. Carachuri-Rosendo does not meet the Wofford test.<sup>1</sup> Carachuri-Rosendo does not de-criminalize the conduct for which Cortes-Morales was convicted. Neither can Cortes-Morales demonstrate that Carachuri-Rosendo overturned binding, contrary circuit precedent that precluded him from raising his claim on a previous occasion. Because Cortes-Morales fails to identify a new, retroactively applicable Supreme Court decision that establishes that he was convicted for a nonexistent offense or that he was foreclosed from raising these claims in his previously-filed motions, his claims cannot be brought pursuant to § 2241. Simply put, Cortes-Morales has not satisfied the requirements of § 2255's savings clause. See Wofford, 177 F.3d at 1244; see also Dean v. McFadden, 133 F. App'x 640, 642 (11th Cir. 2005) (noting that all three requirements of the Wofford test must be satisfied before section 2255's savings clause is satisfied).

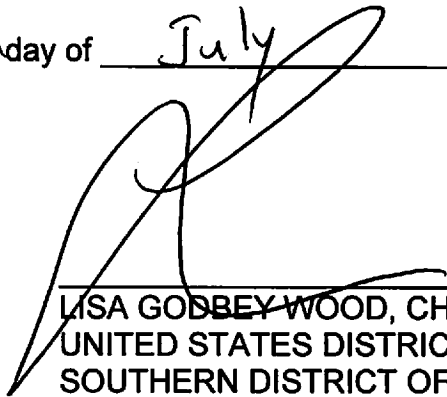
Cortes-Morales's Objections to the Magistrate Judge's Report and Recommendation are without merit and are **overruled**. The Report and Recommendation of the Magistrate Judge is adopted as the Opinion of the Court.

---

<sup>1</sup> The Carachuri-Rosendo decision examined the meaning of “aggravated felony” in connection with removal proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act. 130 S. Ct. 2577. Additionally, Carachuri-Rosendo does not apply retroactively to cases on collateral review. See Fields v. Warden, FCC Coleman-USP 1, 484 Fed. Appx. 425, 427 (11<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2012); Bennett v. Haynes, 2012 WL 385629 (S. D. Ga. Jan. 19, 2012).

Cortes-Morales's petition is **DISMISSED**. The Clerk of Court is directed to enter the appropriate judgment of dismissal.

**SO ORDERED**, this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of July, 2013.



LISA GOBBEY WOOD, CHIEF JUDGE  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA