
APPENDIX

IMPACT OF THE EXECUTIVE ORDER ON THE CITY OF CHICAGO

The population of the City of Chicago is 2,717,534.²⁸

Chicago has residents from more than 127 foreign countries.²⁹

At least 572,066 of our residents are immigrants.³⁰

3,731 of Chicago's residents were born in Iran, Libya, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, and Yemen, of which 1,650 residents are non-citizen immigrants from these countries.³¹

Approximately 1.27 million people are employed in Chicago.³² Of those, 26.5% are foreign-born immigrants,³³ including an estimated 976 non-citizen immigrants from the six targeted countries.³⁴ The City of Chicago itself employs more than 32,000 people.³⁵

Approximately 27% of Chicago's business owners are immigrants,³⁶ of whom an estimated 0.7% come from the six targeted countries.³⁷

At least 12,500 private employees in Chicago are working on international visas.³⁸

In 2016, approximately 2,091 refugees were resettled in our city, including 794 from the six targeted countries.³⁹

Chicago has 34 four-year colleges and universities, and these have more than 13,789 international students in the 2015-16 academic year.⁴⁰ City Colleges of

²⁸ U.S. Census Bureau, 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

²⁹ *Id.*

³⁰ *Id.*

³¹ U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey PUMS 1-Year 2015 Data.

³² U.S. Census Bureau, 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

³³ *Id.*

³⁴ *Id.*

³⁵ https://www.cityofchicago.org/city/en/depts/dhr/dataset/current_employee_names_salaries_and_position_titles.html

³⁶ <https://www.americanimmigrationcouncil.org/research/new-americans-illinois>

³⁷ *Id.*

³⁸ <http://ireports.wrapsnet.org/> (by destination and nationality)

³⁹ U.S. Department of State, Bureau of Population, Refugees and Migration, Office of Admissions – Refugee Processing Center. Available at <http://ireports.wrapsnet.org/>

Chicago (CCC) has 7 colleges, and these had approximately 558 international students in the 2015-16 academic year. Of these, 175 CCC students were born in, arrived on visas from, or are nationals of the six countries.⁴¹

The tourism sector of Chicago's local economy accounts for \$911 million a year in local tax revenue and \$2.3 billion in hotel revenue alone.⁴²

On any given day, 232 flights arrive at Chicago airports from international destinations, bringing 31,856 passengers.⁴³

Each international flight arrival yields approximately \$212,000 in local economic impact.⁴⁴

In 2016, Chicago welcomed 54.1 million visitors,⁴⁵ 1.62 million of whom visited from overseas.⁴⁶ Approximately 1000 international visitors were from the six targeted countries.⁴⁷

Spending by international visitors to Chicago is estimated at \$1.88 billion per year. This generates \$112 million in state and local tax revenues annually.⁴⁸

The average overseas visitor spends about \$2,313 per trip while visiting Chicago.⁴⁹

Tourists from the six countries account for an estimated \$1.25 million of local economic impact per year.⁵⁰

⁴⁰ <http://www.collegesimply.com/colleges/illinois/chicago/four-year-colleges/>; <http://www.iie.org/Research-and-Publications/Open-Doors/Data/Fact-Sheets-by-US-State/2016-.WJe7MrYrJTY>

⁴¹ Jeff Donoghue, CCC. Accessed 3/9/17; *includes Credit students only*.

⁴² Alfred Orendorff (ChooseChicago).

⁴³ <http://www.flychicago.com/SiteCollectionDocuments/OHare/AboutUs/Facts and Figures/Air Traffic Data/1216 ORD SUMMARY.pdf>

⁴⁴ Jonathan Leach, Chicago Department of Aviation.

⁴⁵ https://www.cityofchicago.org/city/en/depts/mayor/press_room/press_releases/2016/april/Mayor-Choose-Chicago-Announce-Record-Tourism-2015.html

⁴⁶ U.S. Department of Commerce, National Travel and Tourism Office. Original source:

http://tinet.ita.doc.gov/outreachpages/download_data_table/2015_States_and_Cities.pdf

⁴⁷ Alfred Orendorff (ChooseChicago).

⁴⁸ *Id.*

⁴⁹ *Id.*

The City of Chicago established the Chicago Legal Protection Fund (“the Fund”) to increase legal services for immigrant communities across the city.⁵¹ \$1.3 million has been allocated to the Fund for FY2017 to support organizations – including Heartland Alliance’s National Immigrant Justice Center (NIJC) and the Resurrection Project (TRP) – that will serve more than 20,000 immigrants through community-based outreach, education, legal consultations, and legal representation, including courtroom representation.⁵²

NIJC also received \$150,000 from the City of Chicago for FY2017 for its Immigrant Children’s Protection Project, which provides legal services to unaccompanied children held in Chicago-area shelters.⁵³

In calendar year 2016, NIJC and TRP represented clients from at least 132 countries, including clients from each of the six targeted countries.⁵⁴

In Chicago, there were twice as many arrests for hate crimes in the three months after the election than during the same period in the prior year.⁵⁵

In the first five weeks of 2017, the number of hate crimes recorded in Chicago was more than triple the number for the same period in 2016. Additionally, hate crimes categorized as anti-Muslim or anti-Arab hit five-year highs in Chicago in 2016.⁵⁶

⁵⁰ *Id.*

⁵¹ Seemi Choudry, Director of Office of New Americans, City of Chicago.

⁵² *Id.*

⁵³ *Id.*

⁵⁴ *Id.*

⁵⁵ Brandon Nemec, Mayor’s Office liaison with Chicago Police Department.

⁵⁶ Zak Koeske, *Hate crimes in Chicago rose 20 percent in 2016, marking 5-year high, police data show*, Chicago Tribune (Mar. 3, 2017).

IMPACT OF THE EXECUTIVE ORDER ON NEW YORK CITY

The population of New York City is 8,550,405 as of 2015.⁵⁷

We have residents from more than 150 foreign countries.⁵⁸

New York City is home to 3 million foreign-born New Yorkers, about 37% of the City's population. Approximately 49% of New Yorkers speak a language other than English at home.⁵⁹

New York City is home to an estimated 26,566 individuals born in Sudan, Yemen, Syria, Iran, Somalia, and Libya.⁶⁰

Approximately 4.3 million people are employed in New York City; of those, 46% are foreign-born immigrants.⁶¹ New York City itself employs 287,000 people,⁶² 34% of them foreign-born.⁶³

51% of New York City's business owners are immigrants.⁶⁴

About 1,300 refugees have been resettled in New York City in the last 5 years, according to federal data.⁶⁵

The tourism sector of New York City's local economy includes direct visitor spending in 2015 of \$42.2 billion.⁶⁶

In 2015, New York City welcomed 58.5 million visitors, including 12.3 million foreign visitors.⁶⁷

⁵⁷ <http://www.census.gov/quickfacts/table/PST045215/3651000>

⁵⁸ Our Immigrant Population Helps Power NYC Economy, Comptroller Scott Stringer, 2017

⁵⁹ U.S. Census Bureau, 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

⁶⁰ *Id.*

⁶¹ *Id.*

⁶² https://www.nytimes.com/2016/10/12/nyregion/bill-de-blasio-government-jobs.html?_r=0.

⁶³ U.S. Census Bureau, 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

⁶⁴ Our Immigrant Population Helps Power NYC Economy, Comptroller Scott Stringer, 2017

⁶⁵ Data compiled by the Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migrants Office of Admissions—Refugee Processing Center.

⁶⁶ <http://www.nycandcompany.org/research/nyc-statistics-page>

⁶⁷ *Id.*

New York City has 87 four-year colleges and universities, and these have approximately 50,000 international students.⁶⁸

In the three months following the 2016 Presidential election, New York City has characterized 43 crimes as possible hate crime incidents.⁶⁹ This is an increase of 115% for the same three-month period.⁷⁰

⁶⁸ 46,870 foreign students were enrolled during the 2012–2013 school year. <https://www.nycedc.com/blog-entry/international-students-nyc>.

⁶⁹ NYPD Reports ‘Huge Spike’ in Hate Crimes Since Donald Trump’s Election, NY Observer.

⁷⁰ <http://www.ny1.com/nyc/all-boroughs/news/2016/12/5/since-election-day--nypd-reports-a-spike-in-hate-crimes-around-the-city-compared-to-last-year.html>.

IMPACT OF THE EXECUTIVE ORDER ON THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES

The population of our metropolitan area (Los Angeles County) is 10.2 million people, with more than 3.9 million living within the city limits.⁷¹

We have residents from more than 135 foreign countries, and 185 languages are spoken here.⁷²

At least 1.5 million of our city's residents are themselves immigrants, 37.8% of our total population. Approximately 43% of all residents of Los Angeles County were born in another country.⁷³

As of 2015, the Los Angeles metropolitan area had over 152,000 immigrants from the six affected countries, including 136,000 from Iran, 14,900 from Syria, 600 from Sudan, 500 from Somalia, 100 from Yemen.⁷⁴

Our city employs approximately 45,000 people, of which 22% are foreign-born immigrants.

44% of business owners in Los Angeles are immigrants.⁷⁵

Between October 2015 and September 2016, approximately 2,800 refugees were resettled in Los Angeles County, including approximately 2,000 from the six targeted countries, and 1,900 from Iran alone.⁷⁶

On any given day, 185 flights arrive at LAX from international destinations bringing 31,000 passengers, including more than 150 from the targeted countries.⁷⁷

The tourism sector of the local economy accounts for \$21 billion a year in direct spending by visitors to Los Angeles County and \$260 million in hotel taxes alone.

⁷¹ U.S. Census Bureau, 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

⁷² *Id.*

⁷³ *Id.*

⁷⁴ <https://www.brookings.edu/blog/the-avenue/2017/01/30/these-communities-have-a-lot-at-stake-in-trumps-executive-order-on-immigration/>

⁷⁵ 2010 ACS Single year estimate.

⁷⁶ U.S. Department of State, Bureau of Population, Refugees and Migration, Office of Admissions – Refugee Processing Center

⁷⁷ LAX officials.

Tourism supports approximately 500,000 jobs in the leisure and hospitality sectors.⁷⁸

In 2016, Los Angeles welcomed 47 million visitors, of which 7.1 million were foreign nationals who spent a combined \$6.3 billion. At least 160,000 of those visitors hail from the Middle East, and they spent at least \$185 million while in Los Angeles.⁷⁹

Los Angeles has at least ten four-year colleges and universities, and these have approximately 25,000 international students.⁸⁰

The Mayor of Los Angeles has reported that hate crime incidents doubled following the presidential election, with 30 such reported incidents during that month.⁸¹

⁷⁸ Discover LA.

⁷⁹ *Id.*

⁸⁰ University enrollment data.

⁸¹ <http://abc7.com/politics/garcetti-discusses-las-rise-in-hate-crimes-after-election/1651429/>

IMPACT OF THE EXECUTIVE ORDER ON THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA

The population of the City of Philadelphia is approximately 1,526,006,⁸² and for the Philadelphia Metropolitan Statistical Area, the estimated population is 6,051,170.⁸³

Philadelphia has residents from more than 130 foreign countries.⁸⁴

At least 197,563 of our residents are immigrants.⁸⁵

Approximately 1,456 of Philadelphia residents were born in Iran, Libya, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, and Yemen.⁸⁶

Approximately 640,661 people are employed in Philadelphia, of which 108,010 are foreign-born, a figure that does not include individuals who work in Philadelphia but reside outside the city.⁸⁷

In 2013, immigrants made up 14% of business owners in Philadelphia. 28% of the area's "Main Street" business owners, including 23% of retail store owners and 34% of restaurant owners.⁸⁸

In 2016, approximately 682 refugees were resettled in Philadelphia, including 176 from the six targeted countries.⁸⁹

The Philadelphia Metropolitan Area is home to 31 four-year colleges and universities, whose students include 21,273 international students.⁹⁰

⁸² U.S. Census Bureau, 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

⁸³ U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2014 – United States – Metropolitan and Micropolitan

⁸⁴ U.S. Census Bureau, Place of Birth for the Foreign-Born Population in the United States, 2011-2015 American Community Survey 5-year estimates.

⁸⁵ *Id.*

⁸⁶ *Id.*

⁸⁷ U.S. Census Bureau, Selected Characteristics of the Native and Foreign-Born Populations, 2011 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

⁸⁸ Americas Society/Council of the Americas and Fiscal Policy Institute, Bringing Vitality to Main Street: How Immigrant Small Businesses Help Local Economies Grow, at 16 (available at <http://www.as-coa.org/sites/default/files/ImmigrantBusinessReport.pdf>).

⁸⁹ U.S. Department of State, Bureau of Population, Refugees and Migration, Office of Admissions – Refugee Processing Center. Available at <http://ireports.wrapsnet.org/>

⁹⁰ CampusPhilly; Christine Farrugia, Rajika Bhandari, Ph.D., 2015 Open Doors, Report on International Educational Exchange.

The economic impact from tourism in the City of Philadelphia in 2015 was \$6.2 billion, including \$3.9 billion in direct visitor spending, and that tourism generated an estimated \$277 million in tax revenues for the city of Philadelphia.⁹¹

In the 3 months since the Nov. 2016 election (11/16-01/17), 11 hate crimes were reported to Philadelphia police. In the 3 month period around the same time last year (11/15-01/16), 7 hate crimes were reported, a 157% increase.⁹² In the same time period, the Philadelphia Commission on Human Relations received reports of 43 separate hate or bias incidents, as compared to just 3 reports during the same time last year, a 1433% increase.⁹³

⁹¹ Philadelphia Convention and Visitors Bureau (Staff Person), citing Tourism as an Economic Engine for Greater Philadelphia 2015 Visitation and Economic Impact Report, available at <http://files.visitphilly.com/Visit-Philly-2015-Visitation-and-Impact-Full-Report.pdf>.

⁹² Philadelphia Police Department, Research and Analysis Unit Statistical Section; see also Uniform Crime Reporting System, Monthly Summary Hate / Bias Motivation Report for Philadelphia City, available at <http://ucr.psp.state.pa.us/UCR/Reporting/Monthly/Summary/MonthlySumHateUI.asp?rbSet=4>

⁹³ Philadelphia Commission on Human Relations.