

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
SPRINGFIELD DIVISION**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)
)
 Plaintiff,)
)
 v.)
)
 ROSE MARIE DIXON, ILLINOIS)
 HOUSING DEVELOPMENT)
 AUTHORITY, and SECURITY)
 BANK, sb,)
)
 Defendants.)

Civil No. 14-3384

OPINION

Sue E. Myerscough, U.S. District Judge:

Before the Court is Plaintiff United States of America’s Motion to Enter Judgment (hereinafter the “Motion”) (d/e 12). Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 55, 28 U.S.C. § 2001, and for the reasons stated below, the Motion is GRANTED. In connection with its decision, the Court has considered all of the pleadings and evidence submitted to date. Based thereon, the Court makes the following findings:

I. JURISDICTION

The Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter and parties pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1345 and 1391, respectively. Defendant Security Bank, sb, returned Waiver of Service of Summons on December 18, 2014. Defendant Rose Marie Dixon returned Waiver of Service of Summons on January 13, 2015. Defendant Illinois Housing Development Authority returned Waiver of Service of Summons on January 21, 2015. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4, each defendant has acknowledged receipt of the complaint as shown by the file in this case. Defendants have not voluntarily appeared in these proceedings.

II. EVIDENTIARY FINDINGS

1. Defendant Rose Marie Dixon executed a mortgage, attached as Exhibit A to the complaint, dated November 12, 2009, and on the same day she executed a note (attached to the complaint as Exhibit B), in the amount of \$51,000.00 secured by said mortgage. The United States of America, acting through Rural Development, United States Department of Agriculture, was the mortgagee on the mortgage executed by defendant as mortgagor. The mortgage pertaining to the property described herein was recorded on

November 16, 2009, as Document No. 200900061261, in the Office of the Logan County, Illinois, Recorder.

2. The material factual allegations stated in the complaint filed herein have not been denied in any responsive pleading.

3. Plaintiff is the owner of the note and mortgage described in the complaint.

4. Plaintiff moved the Court to enter a Default Judgment of Foreclosure in this cause and has filed with the Motion an Affidavit of Costs by Barry L. Ramsey, Acting State Director, Rural Development. That Motion and Affidavit stated that as of April 30, 2015, Plaintiff was owed (via a Note and Mortgage hereinafter described) the sum of \$59,210.32, plus a daily per diem accrual of \$7.0917 thereafter to date of judgment. No objection being made to the Motion or Affidavit of the Motion, the Motion is allowed and the Affidavit is admitted into evidence in this cause.

5. The following are persons may have claimed an interest in the above-described property, but who are foreclosed from asserting her claim, if any, because of their default in this action: Rose Marie Dixon, Illinois Housing Development Authority, and Security Bank,

sb.

6. All of the material allegations contained in the complaint are true and by virtue of the mortgage and indebtedness thereby secured, Plaintiff, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, has a valid and subsisting lien arising out of a real estate mortgage on the property described as follows:

300 North Mason Street, New Holland, Illinois 62671

Part of the Southeast Quarter of Section 18, Township 20 North, Range 4 West of the 3rd P.M., Logan County, Illinois, described as follows:

Commencing at the Southwest corner of Lot 6 in Block 1 of Holland's First Addition to New Holland, Illinois; thence South 89 degrees 59 minutes 23 seconds West a distance of 66.00 feet to a 1/2" pin set at the Point of Beginning; thence continuing South 89 degrees 59 minutes 23 seconds West along the North line of Pekin Street a distance of 160.00 feet to a 1/2" pin set; thence North 0 degrees 03 minutes 43 seconds East a distance of 89.88 feet to a 1/2" pin set; thence North 89 degrees 56 minutes 40 seconds East a distance of 160.00 feet to a 1/2" pin set; thence South 0 degrees 03 minutes 43 seconds West along the West line of Mason Street a distance of 90.01 feet to the Point of Beginning

TAX ID No. 54-16-018-022-00

7. By virtue of the mortgage and the indebtedness thereby secured, as alleged in the complaint, there is due Plaintiff, UNITED

STATES OF AMERICA, as follows:

a) For its own use and benefit for the costs of this suit and for:

U.S. Attorney's Docket Fee	\$400.00
Recording Notice of a Suit to Foreclose Mortgage.....	\$35.00
Total	\$435.00

b) Unpaid principal and interest:

Unpaid principal balance	\$48,865.13
Accrued interest at \$7.0917 per day due and unpaid as of April 30, 2015	\$5,469.22
Late Charges.....	\$18.21
Interest on Fees	\$191.64
Fees Assessed	\$4,231.12
Total amount due plaintiff as of January 19, 2015, exclusive of foreclosure costs.....	\$58,775.32

c) In addition, Plaintiff may be compelled to advance various sums of money in payment of costs, fees, expenses, and disbursements incurred in connection with the foreclosure, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, filing fees, stenographer's fees, witness fees, costs of publication, costs of procuring and preparing documentary evidence and costs of procuring abstracts of title, certificates, foreclosure minutes, a title insurance policy and fees, charges, and expenses

provided by law incurred by or owing to the United States Marshal, including such fees and expenses relating to conducting of the judicial sale as required by this judgment of foreclosure.

d) Under the terms of the mortgage, all such advances, costs and other fees, expenses and disbursements are made a lien upon the mortgaged real estate and Plaintiff is entitled to recover all such advances, costs, expenses, and disbursements, together with interest on all advances at the rate provided in the mortgage, or, if no rate, from the date on which such advances are made.

e) In order to protect the lien of the mortgage, Plaintiff may necessarily have to pay taxes and assessments which have been or may be levied upon the mortgaged real estate.

f) In order to protect and preserve the mortgaged real estate, Plaintiff may have to make such repairs to the real estate as may reasonably be deemed necessary for the proper preservation thereof.

g) Under the terms of the mortgage, any money so paid or expended has or will become an additional indebtedness secured by the mortgage and will bear interest from the date such monies are advanced at the rate provided in the mortgage, or, if no rate is provided, at the statutory judgment rate.

8. The present owner of the above-described real estate is
Rose Marie Dixon.

9. Logan County, Illinois, has a valid lien on the above-described property for taxes for the years 2014 and 2015 and the

property will be sold subject to the interest of Shelby County, resulting from taxes, general or special, which are a valid lien against the above-described property.

10. Illinois Housing Development Authority claims an interest in these proceedings by virtue of a recapture agreement dated November 12, 2009, in the amount of \$5,000.00. The interest of Illinois Housing Development Authority is inferior to that of Plaintiff.

11. Security Bank, sb, claims an interest in these proceedings by virtue of a mortgage dated November 12, 2009, in the amount of \$5,000.00. The interest of Security Bank, sb, is inferior to that of Plaintiff.

12. Plaintiff is entitled to a shortened redemption period for the following reasons: (i) the value of the mortgaged real estate as of this date is less than ninety percent (90%) of the amount specified pursuant to the Code of Civil Procedure, 735 ILCS 5/15-1603(d); and (ii) the mortgagee waives any and all rights to a personal judgment for a deficiency against the mortgagor and against all other persons liable for the indebtedness or other

obligations secured by the mortgage.

13. By reason of the defaults alleged and proved, if the indebtedness had not matured by its terms, the same became due by the exercise, by Plaintiff or other persons having such power, of a right or power to declare immediately due and payable the whole of all indebtedness secured by the mortgage.

14. Any and all notices of default or election to declare the indebtedness due and payable or other notices required to be given have been duly and properly given.

15. Any and all periods of grace or other period of time allowed for the performance of the covenants or conditions claimed to be breached or for the curing of any breaches have expired.

16. All lien or mortgage claimants defaulted are found and declared to have no interest in the real estate foreclosed, as they have offered no evidence of the interest.

17. The real estate is free and clear of all liens and encumbrances except:

a) General real estate taxes for the years 2014 and 2015 and thereafter and special assessments, if any.

- b) The mortgage given to Plaintiff.
- c) Easements and restrictions of record.

18. Plaintiff's mortgage is prior and superior to all other mortgages, claims of interest and liens upon the real estate except for real estate taxes and special assessments, if any, and except for any mortgages or liens found herein to be prior and superior to plaintiff's mortgage or prior liens of non-parties.

WHEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED:

III. ORDER UPON DEEMED REQUEST FOR FORECLOSURE

1. An accounting has been taken under the direction of the court of the amounts due and owing to Plaintiff as declared herein.

2. Defendant is ordered to pay to Plaintiff before expiration of any redemption period (or, if no redemption period, within seven days after the date of this judgment) whatever sums may appear to be due upon the taking of such account, together with fees and costs of the proceedings (to the extent provided in the mortgage or by law).

3. In default of such payment in accordance with this judgment, the mortgaged real estate shall be sold as directed by the

court, to satisfy the amount due to Plaintiff as set forth in this judgment, together with the interest thereon at the statutory judgment rate from the date of the judgment.

4. In the event Plaintiff is a purchaser of the mortgaged real estate at such sale, Plaintiff may offset against the purchase price of such real estate the amounts due under the judgment for the foreclosure and order confirming the sale.

5. In the event of such sale and the failure of the person entitled thereto to redeem prior to such sale pursuant to statutory provisions, the Defendant made party to the foreclosure in accordance with statutory provisions, and all non-record claimants given notice of the foreclosure in accordance with statutory provisions, and all persons claiming by, through or under them, and each and any and all of them, shall be forever barred and foreclosed of any right, title, interest, claim, lien, or right to redeem in and to the mortgaged real estate.

6. If no redemption is made prior to such sale, a deed shall be issued to the purchaser according to law and such purchaser shall be let into possession of the mortgaged real estate in accordance

with statutory provisions.

IV. ORDER UPON SPECIAL MATTERS

1. Exceptions to which title in the real estate shall be subject at the sale shall include general real estate taxes for the current year and for the preceding year which have not become due and payable as of the date of this judgment and any special assessments upon the real estate and easements and restrictions of record.

2. In the event any party to this foreclosure is a successful bidder at the sale, such party may offset against the purchase price to be paid for such real estate all amounts due such party under this judgment of foreclosure or the order confirming the sale.

3. The property is being sold at this judicial sale "AS IS" WITHOUT ANY WARRANTIES OF HABITABILITY OR ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED.

V. ORDER FOR JUDICIAL SALE

1. The real estate is ordered to be sold in accordance with applicable statutory provisions by the U.S. Marshal or his representative.

2. Upon expiration of the redemption period, the real estate shall be sold by the U.S. Marshal for the Central District of Illinois at the front door of the Menard County Courthouse in the City of Petersburg, Illinois, at the time announced by the U.S. Marshal subject to easements and restrictions of record and taxes, general or special, due and owing to Menard County, Illinois. In addition, the real estate transfer tax (35 ILCS 200/31-1, et. seq.) shall be paid by buyer. The property shall be sold to the highest bidder who shall pay ten percent (10%) of the bid purchase price at the time and place of sale by Cashier's/Official Bank Check or Money Order made payable to the U.S. Marshals Service, tendered to the U.S. Marshal conducting the sale. The balance of the bid purchase price shall be paid by Cashier's/Official Bank Check or Money Order made payable to U.S. Marshals Service, to be received by the United States Marshal at 100 N.E. Monroe Street, Peoria, Illinois 61602, within thirty (30) days of date of the sale. If the balance is not received within the time period, the ten percent (10%) payment made at time of sale shall be forfeited to the United States, the sale shall be void, and a new sale shall be scheduled by the Court.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the U.S. Marshal for the Central District of Illinois give public notice of the sale as follows:

- a) The notice of sale shall include the following information, but an immaterial error in the information shall not invalidate the legal effect of the notice:
 - i) The name, address, and telephone number of the person to contact for information regarding the real estate;
 - ii) The common address and other common description (other than legal description), if any, of the real estate;
 - iii) A legal description of the real estate sufficient to identify it with reasonable certainty;
 - iv) A description of the improvements on the real estate;
 - v) The real estate may be inspected prior to sale upon making reasonable arrangements with the person identified in paragraph i above;
 - vi) The time and place of the sale;
 - vii) The terms of the sale;
 - viii) The case title, case number, and the court in which the foreclosure was filed; and
 - ix) No other information is required.

b) The notice of sale shall be published at least four consecutive calendar weeks (Sunday through Saturday), once in each week, the first such notice to be published not more than 45 days prior to the sale, the last such notice to be published not less than 7 days prior to the sale, by:

i) An advertisement in a newspaper regularly issued and of general circulation to the general public in the county in which the real estate is located in the section of that newspaper where legal notices are commonly placed; and

ii) No other publication shall be required.

c) The party who gives notice of public sale shall also give notice to all other parties in the action who have not heretofore been found by the court to be in default for failure to plead. Such notice shall be given in the manner provided in the applicable rules of court for service of papers other than process and complaint, not more than 45 days and not less than seven days prior to the day of sale. After notice is given as required in this section, a copy thereof shall be filed in the Office of the Clerk of this Court together with a certificate of counsel or other proof that notice has been served in compliance with this section.

d) The party who gives notice of a public sale shall again give notice of any adjourned sale; provided, however, that if the adjourned sale is to occur less than 60 days after the last scheduled sale, notice of any adjourned sale need be given only once, not less than 5 days prior to the day of the adjourned sale.

e) Notice of the sale may be given prior to the expiration of the redemption period.

f) No other notice by publication or posting shall be necessary.

g) The person named in the notice of sale to be contacted for information about the real estate shall not be required to provide additional information other than that set forth in the notice of sale.

3. Division of Property. If the real estate is susceptible of division, the person conducting the sale may order it to be sold as necessary to satisfy this judgment. The person conducting the sale shall determine which real estate shall be sold, and the person conducting the sale may determine the order in which separate tracts may be sold.

4. Certificate of Sale. Upon the sale of mortgaged real estate, the person conducting the sale shall give a certificate of sale to the purchaser and cause such certificate of sale to be recorded. The certificate shall be freely assignable by endorsement thereon.

VI. TRANSFER OF TITLE

1. Upon or after confirmation of sale, the person who conducted the sale or the court shall execute a deed to the holder of the certificate of sale sufficient to convey title, which deed shall

identify the court and the caption of the case in which judgment was entered authorizing issuance of the deed. Signature and the recital in the deed of the title or authority of the person signing the deed as grantor of authority pursuant to this judgment and of the giving of the notices required by statute shall be sufficient proof of the facts recited and of such authority to execute the deed, but such deed shall not be construed to contain any covenant on the part of the person executing it.

2. Delivery of the deed executed on the sale of the real estate, even if the purchaser or holder of the certificate of sale is a party to the foreclosure, shall be sufficient to pass the title thereto. Such conveyance shall be an entire bar of (i) all claims of parties to the foreclosure and (ii) all claims of any non-record claimant who is given notice of the foreclosure as provided by statute.

VII. APPLICATION OF PROCEEDS

The proceeds resulting from the sale ordered herein shall be applied in the following order:

1. The reasonable expenses of sale including but not limited to costs of publication, notice of the sale, expenses, fees, and

commissions incurred by or owing to the U.S. Marshal pursuant to law;

2. The reasonable expenses of securing possession before sale, holding, maintaining, and preparing the real estate for sale, including payment of taxes and other governmental charges, management fees, and to the extent provided for in the mortgage or other recorded agreement and not prohibited by law, payments made pursuant to 735 ILCS 5/15-1505, and other legal expenses incurred by the mortgagee;

3. Satisfaction of claims in the order of priority adjudicated in this judgment of foreclosure; and

4. Remittance of any surplus to the mortgagor or as otherwise directed by the court.

VIII. REDEMPTION - RESIDENTIAL

1. Only the owner of redemption may redeem from this foreclosure, and such owner of redemption may redeem only during the redemption period specified herein.

2. In this foreclosure of a mortgage of residential real estate, the court finds that (i) the value of the mortgaged real estate as of

this date is less than ninety percent (90%) of the amount specified pursuant to the ILCS 735 5/15-1603(d); and (ii) the mortgagee waives any and all rights to a personal judgment for a deficiency against the mortgagor and against all other persons liable for the indebtedness or other obligations secured by the mortgage.

3. This is a foreclosure of a mortgage of residential real estate.

4. The amount required to redeem shall consist of the Total Balance Due as declared above plus interest thereon at the statutory rate hereafter and all additional costs and other expenses allowed by the court.

5. If the purchaser at the judicial sale of residential real estate is a mortgagee who is a party to this proceeding or its nominee, and if the sale price is less than the amount required to redeem specified in 735 ILCS 5/15-1603(d), an owner of redemption has a special right to redeem for a period ending 30 days after the date the sale is confirmed, by paying the mortgagee the sale price plus all additional costs and expenses incurred by the mortgagee set forth in the report of sale and confirmed by this Court.

IX. OTHER MATTERS

1. Possession of Mortgaged Real Estate:

A. Unless the mortgagor's right to possess this foreclosed residential real estate is or has been terminated, the mortgagor (homeowner) has the right to possess the foreclosed premises in accordance with Section 15-1701(c) of the Illinois Mortgage Foreclosure Law.

B. Unless sooner ordered to vacate the premises, the mortgagor and all persons claiming a possessory right to the mortgaged premises through the mortgagor shall peaceably remove themselves and all of their possessions from the mortgaged premises in compliance with 735 ILCS 5/15-1701 on the 31st day after the judicial sale of this mortgaged property has been approved.

C. If any persons referenced in the above subparagraph remain on the premises on or after the 31st day of the approval of the judicial sale of this mortgaged real estate, the U.S. Marshal is hereby directed as soon as practicable thereafter to use any and all necessary reasonable force to enter the above described mortgaged premises, including any outbuildings and vehicles located thereon and to remove all occupants located thereon, who are present on

the premises and refuse to vacate immediately and voluntarily at the U.S. Marshal's direction; in addition, any and all personal property left on the mortgaged premises by the defendant mortgagor and/or any and all other persons having left the property is hereby declared forfeited to the United States. If the U.S. Marshal determines that the above-described personal property is without value or of *di minimus* value that would neither exceed nor equal the costs of notice, storage, and sale, the U.S. Marshal may leave the personal property, at his discretion, on the premises for the purchaser of this real estate to claim, or dispose of, at will.

Upon taking possession and custody of the premises, and removing all occupants who are unauthorized to remain on the premises, the U.S. Marshal is then hereby directed to remit possession and custody of the premises to the purchaser of the property at the sale judicially approved by this Court.

2. Report of Sale. The person conducting the sale shall file a report of sale with the Clerk of this Court specifying the amount of proceeds of sale realized and the disposition thereof.

3. Homestead Waiver. Defendant-mortgagor waived her right

to homestead or other exemptions in the real estate in the body of the mortgage, which was duly signed and acknowledged, and the defendant-mortgagor is therefore barred from claiming any right to homestead or other exemptions in the real estate.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED, that there is no just reason for delaying the enforcement of this judgment, or an appeal therefrom.

ENTER: June 1, 2015.

s/ Sue E. Myerscough
SUE E. MYERSCOUGH
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE