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## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA

RICHARD ALAN STARR	,	)	
	Plaintiff,	)	
VS.		)	No. 1:11-cv-0598-TWP-MJD
STEVEN B. GELLER,		)	
	Defendant.	)	

## **Entry and Order Directing Dismissal of Action**

I.

The plaintiff-s request to proceed in forma pauperis (dkt 2) is granted.

II.

Because the plaintiff has been granted leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*, his complaint is subject to dismissal pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B). This statute requires that the complaint be dismissed if it fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted. *Id.* Pursuant to this statute, "[a] complaint is subject to dismissal for failure to state a claim if the allegations, taken as true, show that plaintiff is not entitled to relief." *Jones v. Bock*, 127 S. Ct. 910, 921 (2007).

Plaintiff Richard Starr seeks compensatory and punitive damages and unspecified injunctive relief from defendant Steven B. Geller. Starr alleges:

[P]laintiffs vindication of his Civil Rights that have left him (male victim) unvindicated for violations of gender bias motivated crimes of violence.

. .

A class based invidiously discriminatory animus is behind the conspiritors [sic] action as the court records reflect. That the actions were clearly a product of bias and prejudice of the court.

Starr then lists without elaboration various docket numbers and states: These Judges

through their private conduct in conspiracy with lawyer defendants caused the court to

effectuate Plaintiff to sompulsory involuntary servitude.=

The sufficiency of a complaint is governed by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure

8(a). Rodriguez v. Plymouth Ambulance Serv., 577 F.3d 816, 821 (7th Cir. 2009). "A

complaint must always . . . allege 'enough facts to state a claim to relief that is plausible

on its face." Limestone Development Corp. v. Village of Lemont, III., 520 F.3d 797, 803

(7th Cir. 2008)(quoting Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly, 550 U.S. 544, 570 (2007)).

It has been noted that "dismissal of a complaint on the ground that it is

unintelligible is unexceptionable." Davis v. Ruby Foods, Inc., 269 F.3d 818, 820 (7th Cir.

2001). Starr-s complaint is unintelligible, rendering it subject to dismissal pursuant to 28

U.S.C. 1915(e)(2)(B).

III.

Judgment consistent with this Entry shall now issue.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

06/17/2011 Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Distribution:

Richard Alan Starr P.O. Box 538 Frankton, IN 46044 Hon. Tanya Walton Pratt, Judge United States District Court Southern District of Indiana