

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA
INDIANAPOLIS DIVISION**

<p>JERRY A. GORE,</p> <p style="padding-left: 100px;">Plaintiff,</p> <p style="padding-left: 100px;">vs.</p> <p>DR. WILLIAM WOLFE, NURSE C. MEYERS,</p> <p style="padding-left: 100px;">Defendants.</p>	<p>)</p> <p>)</p> <p>)</p> <p>)</p> <p>)</p> <p>)</p> <p>)</p> <p>)</p> <p>)</p> <p>)</p> <p>)</p>	<p>Case No. 1:13-cv-0241-JMS-DML</p>
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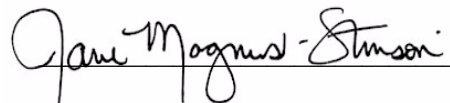
ENTRY

The plaintiff's second motion to appoint counsel has been considered. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1), courts are empowered only to "request" counsel. *Mallard v. United States District Court*, 490 U.S. 296, 300 (1989). "When confronted with a request . . . for pro bono counsel, the district court is to make the following inquiries: (1) has the indigent plaintiff made a reasonable attempt to obtain counsel or been effectively precluded from doing so; and if so, (2) given the difficulty of the case, does the plaintiff appear competent to litigate it himself?" *Pruitt v. Mote*, 503 F.3d 647, 654-655 (7th Cir. 2007). The Court must deny "out of hand" a request for counsel made without a showing of such effort. *Farmer v. Haas*, 990 F.2d 319 (7th Cir. 1993). Here, the plaintiff's only identified effort to obtain counsel has been to contact the Allen County Bar Association (dkt. 22). As such, the second motion for the appointment of counsel must be denied out of hand.

Based on the foregoing, the plaintiff's second motion for appointment of counsel [dkt. 22] is **denied**.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

07/30/2014


 Hon. Jane Magnus-Stinson, Judge
 United States District Court
 Southern District of Indiana

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