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DJW/jkm

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF KANSAS

SPRINT COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, L.P.,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No. 05-2433-JWL-DJW

THEGLOBE.COM, INC., et al.,

Defendants.

SCHEDULING ORDER

On January 18, 2006, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 16(b), the court conducted a scheduling conference in this case with the parties.¹ Plaintiff appeared through counsel Adam P. Seitz, Basil Trent Webb and Eric A. Buresh. Defendants the globe.com and Voiceglo Holdings, Inc. appeared through counsel James W. Dabney, Malcolm J. Duncan, Ron Lazebnik and Scott C. Nehrbass. Defendants Vonage Holdings Corp. and Vonage America, Inc. appeared through counsel Barry Golob, Patrick J. Kaine and Patrick D. McPherson.

After consultation with the parties, the court enters this scheduling order, summarized in the table that follows:

¹As used in this scheduling order, the term "plaintiff" includes plaintiffs as well as counterclaimants, cross-claimants, third-party plaintiffs, intervenors, and any other parties who assert affirmative claims for relief. The term "defendant" includes defendants as well as counterclaim defendants, cross-claim defendants, third-party defendants, and any other parties who are defending against affirmative claims for relief.

SUMMARY OF DEADLINES AND SETTINGS	
Event	Deadline/Setting
Plaintiff's settlement proposal	3/7/2006
Defendant's settlement counter-proposal	3/21/2006
Confidential settlement reports to magistrate judge	3/30/2006
Identification of agreed-upon mediator or other ADR neutral	2/17/2006
Mediation or other ADR process completed	5/9/2006
Settlement conference with court	N/A
Initial disclosures exchanged	1/19/2006
All discovery completed	12/29/2006
Early discovery completed	N/A
Experts disclosed by plaintiff	10/2/2006
Experts disclosed by defendant	10/30/2006
Rebuttal experts disclosed	11/13/2006
Independent medical examinations	4/5/2006
Supplementation of disclosures	40 days before discovery deadline
Preliminary witness and exhibit disclosures	10/29/2006
Jointly proposed protective order submitted to court	2/6/2006
Motion and brief in support of proposed protective order (only if parties disagree about need for and/or scope of order)	2/6/2006
Motions to join additional parties or otherwise amend the pleadings	4/28/2006
Motions to dismiss for lack of personal jurisdiction, venue, propriety of the parties, or failure to state a claim	5/24/2006
All other potentially dispositive motions (e.g., summary judgment)	2/28/2007
Motions challenging admissibility of expert testimony	2/28/2007
Comparative fault identification	4/17/2006
Status conference	N/A
Final pretrial conference	1/24/2007@ 10:00 AM
Proposed pretrial order due	1/17/2007
Trial	8/7/2007 @ 9:30 AM

1. Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR).

- a. By March 7, 2006, plaintiff shall submit to defendant a good faith proposal to settle the case. By March 21, 2006, defendant shall make a good faith response to plaintiff's proposal, either accepting the proposal or submitting defendant's own good faith proposal to settle the case. By March 30, 2006, each of the parties shall submit independently, by way of e-mail or letter (preferably the former), addressed to the magistrate judge (but not the district judge), a confidential settlement report. These reports shall briefly set forth the parties' settlement efforts to date, current evaluations of the case, views concerning future settlement negotiations and the overall prospects for settlement, and a specific recommendation regarding mediation and/or any other ADR method, together with an indication concerning who has been selected by the parties (preferably jointly) to serve as a mediator or other neutral in an ADR process. These reports need not be served upon opposing parties and shall not be filed with the Clerk's Office. The court may thereafter order participation in an ADR process.
- b. Settlement may be enhanced by use of mediation. Counsel shall provide the name of an agreed-upon mediator to the court, and the scheduled date of the mediation by **February 17, 2006**; if the parties are unable to jointly agree upon a mediator, each shall suggest a mediator and then the court will select a mediator. The ADR process shall be held no later than **May 9, 2006**, before the mediator chosen by the parties or selected by the court. An ADR report, on the form located on the district's Internet website, must be filed by defense counsel within five days of the scheduled ADR process: (http://www.ksd.uscourts.gov/attorney/adr/adrreport.pdf).

2. Discovery.

- a. The parties shall exchange by **January 19, 2006** the information required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1). In order to facilitate settlement negotiations and to avoid unnecessary expense, the parties have agreed that, without any need for formal requests for production, copies of the various documents described in the parties' respective Rule 26(a)(1) disclosures shall be exchanged or made available for inspection and copying by **February 10, 2006**. The parties are reminded that, although Rule 26(a)(1) is keyed to disclosure of information that the disclosing party "may use to support its claims or defenses, unless solely for impeachment," as made clear by the advisory committee notes to the 2000 amendments to that rule, this also requires a party to disclose information it may use to support its denial or rebuttal of the allegations, claim, or defense of another party. In addition to other sanctions that may be applicable, a party who without substantial justification fails to disclose information required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a) or Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(e)(1) is not, unless such failure is harmless, permitted to use as evidence at trial, at a hearing, or on a motion any witness or information not so disclosed. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(c)(1).
- b. All discovery shall be commenced or served in time to be completed by **December 29**,2006.
- c. The parties do intend to serve disclosures and discovery electronically, as permitted by D. Kan. Rules 5.4.2 and 26.3.
- d. No party shall serve more than **25** interrogatories, including all discrete subparts, to any other party.
 - e. There shall be no more than **20** depositions by plaintiff and **20** by defendant.

f. Each deposition shall be limited to 7 hours. All depositions shall be governed by the written guidelines that are available on the court's Internet website:

(http://www.ksd.uscourts.gov/attorney/depoguidelines.pdf).

- Disclosures required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2), including reports from retained g. experts, shall be served by plaintiff by October 2, 2006, and by defendant by October 30, 2006. Disclosures and reports by any rebuttal experts shall be served by November 13, 2006. The parties shall serve any objections to such disclosures (other than objections pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 702-705, Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 509 U.S. 579 (1993), Kumho Tire Co. v. Carmichael, 526 U.S. 137 (1999), or similar case law), within 11 days after service of the disclosures These objections should be confined to technical objections related to the sufficiency of the written expert disclosures (e.g., whether all of the information required by Rule 26(a)(2) has been provided, such as lists of prior testimony and publications). These objections need not extend to the admissibility of the expert's proposed testimony. If such technical objections are served, counsel shall confer or make a reasonable effort to confer consistent with requirements of D. Kan. Rule 37.2 before filing any motion based on those objections. As noted below, any motion to compel discovery in compliance with D. Kan. Rules 7.1 and 37.2 must be filed and served within 30 days of the default or service of the response, answer, or objection which is the subject of the motion, unless the time for filing such a motion is extended for good cause shown; otherwise, the objection to the default, response, answer, or objection shall be deemed waived. See D. Kan. Rule 37.1(b).
- h. The parties shall complete all Fed. R. Civ. P. 35 physical or mental examinations by **April 5, 2006**. If the parties disagree about the need for or the scope of such an examination, a formal

motion shall be filed sufficiently in advance of this deadline in order to allow the motion to be fully briefed by the parties and decided by the court before the examination deadline.

- i. Supplementations of disclosures under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(e) shall be served at such times and under such circumstances as required by that rule. In addition, such supplemental disclosures shall be served in any event 40 days before the deadline for completion of all discovery. The supplemental disclosures served 40 days before the deadline for completion of all discovery must identify the universe of all witnesses and exhibits that probably or even might be used at trial. The rationale for the mandatory supplemental disclosures 40 days before the discovery cutoff is to put opposing counsel in a realistic position to make strategic, tactical, and economic judgments about whether to take a particular deposition (or pursue follow-up "written" discovery) concerning a witness or exhibit disclosed by another party before the time allowed for discovery expires. Counsel should bear in mind that seldom should anything be included in the final Rule 26(a)(3) disclosures, which as explained below usually are filed 21 days before trial, that has not previously appeared in the initial Rule 26(a)(1) disclosures or a timely Rule 26(e) supplement thereto; otherwise, the witness or exhibit probably will be excluded at trial. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(c)(1).
- j. The parties shall serve preliminary witness and exhibit disclosures pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(3)(A) & (C) by **October 29, 2006**. These disclosures shall provide a realistic listing of the witnesses and exhibits that actually are anticipated to be used during trial of the case instead of merely repeating the initial disclosures under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1)(A) & (B).
- k. At the final pretrial conference after the close of discovery, the court will set a deadline, usually 21 days prior to the trial date, for the parties to file their final disclosures pursuant

to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(3)(A), (B) & (C). As indicated above, if a witness or exhibit appears on a final Rule 26(a)(3) disclosure that has not previously been included in a Rule 26(a)(1) disclosure (or a timely supplement thereto), that witness or exhibit probably will be excluded at trial. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(c)(1).

- 1. Discovery in this case may be governed by a protective order. If the parties agree concerning the need for and scope and form of such a protective order, their counsel shall confer and then submit a jointly proposed protective order by **February 6, 2006**. Such jointly proposed protective orders shall include, in the first paragraph, a concise but sufficiently specific recitation of the particular facts in this case that would provide the court with an adequate basis upon which to make the required finding of good cause pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c). If the parties disagree concerning the need for, and/or the scope or form of a protective order, the party or parties seeking such an order shall file an appropriate motion and supporting memorandum by **February 6, 2006**.
- m. To avoid the filing of unnecessary motions, the court encourages the parties to utilize stipulations regarding discovery procedures. However, this does not apply to extensions of time that interfere with the deadlines to complete all discovery, for the briefing or hearing of a motion, or for trial. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 29; D. Kan. Rule 6.1(a). Nor does this apply to modifying the requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2) concerning experts' reports. *See* D. Kan. Rule 26.4(b).

3. Motions.

 a. Any motion for leave to join additional parties or to otherwise amend the pleadings shall be filed by April 28, 2006.

- b. Provided that such defenses have been timely preserved, any motions to dismiss for lack of personal jurisdiction, venue, propriety of the parties, or failure to state a claim upon which relief can be granted shall be filed by May 24, 2006.
- c. All other potentially dispositive motions (e.g., motions for summary judgment and motions containing *Markman* issues) shall be filed by **February 28, 2007**.
- d. All motions to exclude testimony of expert witnesses pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 702-705, Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 509 U.S. 579 (1993), Kumho Tire Co. v. Carmichael, 526 U.S. 137 (1999), or similar case law, shall be filed no later than **February 28, 2007**.
- e. Any motion to compel discovery in compliance with D. Kan. Rules 7.1 and 37.2 shall be filed and served within 30 days of the default or service of the response, answer, or objection which is the subject of the motion, unless the time for filing such a motion is extended for good cause shown. Otherwise, the objection to the default, response, answer, or objection shall be waived. *See* D. Kan. Rule 37.1(b).

4. Other Matters.

- a. By **April 17, 2006**, any party asserting comparative fault shall identify all persons or entities whose fault is to be compared.
- b. Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 16(d), a final pretrial conference is scheduled for **January** 24, 2007 at 10:00 a.m., in Courtroom #223 at 500 State Avenue, Kansas City, Kansas. Unless otherwise notified, the undersigned magistrate judge will conduct the conference. No later than **January** 17, 2007, defendant shall submit the parties' proposed pretrial order (formatted in WordPerfect 9.0, earlier version) attachment to Internet e-mail or as an an sent to

ksd_[judge]_chambers@ksd.uscourts.gov. The proposed pretrial order shall not be filed with the

Clerk's Office. It shall be in the form available on the court's website (www.ksd.uscourts.gov), and

the parties shall affix their signatures according to the procedures governing multiple signatures set

forth in paragraphs II(C)(2)(a) & (b) of the Administrative Procedures for Filing, Signing, and

Verifying Pleadings and Papers by Electronic Means in Civil Cases.

c. The parties expect the trial of this case to take approximately 7 to 21 days. This case

is set for trial on the court's docket beginning on August 7, 2007 at 9:30 a.m. Unless otherwise

ordered, this is not a "special" or "No. 1" trial setting. Therefore, during the month preceding the trial

docket setting, counsel should stay in contact with the trial judge's courtroom deputy to determine

the day of the docket on which trial of the case actually will begin. The trial setting may be changed

only by order of the judge presiding over the trial.

d. The parties are not prepared to consent to trial by a U.S. Magistrate Judge at this time.

e. The arguments and authorities section of briefs or memoranda submitted shall not

exceed 30 pages, absent an order of the court.

This scheduling order shall not be modified except by leave of court upon a showing of good

cause.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated this 18th day of January 2006, at Kansas City, Kansas.

s/ David J. Waxse

David J. Waxse

U.S. Magistrate Judge

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cc: All counsel and *pro se* parties