

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF KANSAS

CHRIS ALLEN BROWNFIELD,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	
v.	)	Case No. 21-1157-KHV
	)	
KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF	)	
CORRECTIONS, et al.,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	

**ORDER**

Defendants Kansas Department of Corrections (“KDOC”) and Kansas Department of Corrections Officers Goldring, Peters, Goodson, Garnett, and Robinson (“the officers”) have filed a motion to stay discovery and other pretrial proceedings (ECF No. 21) pending a ruling on the KDOC’s motion to dismiss (ECF No. 11) and the officers’ motion to dismiss or for summary judgment (ECF No. 19). Neither plaintiff nor any other named defendant has filed a response to the motion to stay discovery and pretrial proceedings, and the time for doing so under D. Kan. R. 6.1(d) has run. The motion is granted.

D. Kan. Rule 7.4 provides: “If a responsive brief or memorandum is not filed within the Rule 6.1(d) time requirements, the court will consider and decided the motion as an uncontested motion. Ordinarily, the court will grant the motion without further notice.”

Although the court could grant the motion solely on the ground that it is unopposed, the court will briefly address the merits of the motion.

It has long been the general policy in the District of Kansas not to stay discovery even if a dispositive motion is pending.<sup>1</sup> But four exceptions to this policy are recognized. A discovery stay may be appropriate if: (1) the case is likely to be finally concluded via the dispositive motion; (2) the facts sought through discovery would not affect the resolution of the dispositive motion; (3) discovery on all issues posed by the complaint would be wasteful and burdensome; or (4) the dispositive motion raises issues as to a defendant's immunity from suit.<sup>2</sup> The decision whether to stay discovery rests in the sound discretion of the district court.<sup>3</sup> As a practical matter, this calls for a case-by-case determination.

The court has reviewed the record, the instant motion, and the pending dispositive motions. The court concludes that a brief stay of all pretrial proceedings—including discovery and the scheduling of deadlines—is warranted until the court resolves the pending dispositive motions.

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<sup>1</sup> See *Wolf v. United States*, 157 F.R.D. 494, 495 (D. Kan. 1994).

<sup>2</sup> *Id.* (citing *Kutilek v. Gannon*, 132 F.R.D. 296, 297–98 (D. Kan. 1990)); *Siegert v. Gilley*, 500 U.S. 226, 232–33 (1991) (“Until this *threshold* immunity question is resolved, discovery should not be allowed.” (quoting *Harlow v. Fitzgerald*, 457 U.S. 800, 818 (1982) (emphasis in original))).

<sup>3</sup> *Clinton v. Jones*, 520 U.S. 681, 706 (1997).

First, the KDOC asserts Eleventh Amendment immunity in its motion to dismiss. Defendants are generally entitled to have questions of immunity resolved before being required to engage in discovery and other pretrial proceedings.<sup>4</sup> “One of the purposes of immunity, absolute or qualified, is to spare a defendant not only unwarranted liability, but unwarranted demands customarily imposed upon those defending a long drawn out lawsuit.”<sup>5</sup> The Supreme Court has made it clear that until the threshold question of immunity is resolved, discovery should not be allowed.<sup>6</sup>

In addition, the court finds that a ruling on the dispositive motion could narrow this case, making discovery at this point wasteful and burdensome.

In consideration of the foregoing, and upon good cause shown,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

- 1) The motion to stay is granted.

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<sup>4</sup> *Siegert*, 500 U.S. at 232–33.

<sup>5</sup> *Id.* at 232; *see also Gallegos v. City and Cnty. of Denver*, 984 F.2d 358, 361 (10th Cir. 1993) (“A successful claim of qualified immunity allows a public official to avoid the burdens of discovery and litigation, as well as liability.” (citing *Harlow*, 457 U.S. at 817–18)).

<sup>6</sup> *Siegert*, 500 U.S. at 233 (“The entitlement is an *immunity from suit* rather than a mere defense to liability. . . .” (quoting *Mitchell v. Forsyth*, 472 U.S. 511, 526 (1985) (emphasis in original))).

2) All pretrial proceedings in this case, including discovery, are stayed until further order of the court.

3) Within 14 days of the ruling on the pending dispositive motions, counsel for plaintiff and any party remaining in the case shall confer and submit a Rule 26(f) planning meeting report to the undersigned's chambers.

Dated September 7, 2021, at Kansas City, Kansas.

s/ James P. O'Hara  
James P. O'Hara  
U.S. Magistrate Judge