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## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY AT OWENSBORO

MATTHEW RYAN ROHR

**PLAINTIFF** 

DAVID OSBORNE et al.

V.

**DEFENDANTS** 

CIVIL ACTION NO. 4:08CV-P37-M

## **MEMORANDUM OPINION**

This matter is before the Court on initial screening of the complaint pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A and *McGore v. Wrigglesworth*, 114 F.3d 601 (6th Cir. 1997). On initial review, the action will be dismissed.

Plaintiff Matthew Ryan Rohr filed a *pro se* civil rights complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 against the following five Daviess County Detention Center ("DCDC") officials in their individual and official capacities: Jailer David Osborne; Lt. Bill Billings; Sgt. Jack Jones; Deputy Fleury; and Administrator Sara Scott. In the complaint, Plaintiff reports that he believes his "life may be in danger from the staff" at the jail and alleges that he has been placed in "the hole" numerous times in the last six months without good cause, has been maced once and tazered, and has been blamed for "stuff" because deputies know that he "won't tell on others and won't back down." Plaintiff advises that he believes his Eighth Amendment right to be free from cruel and unusual punishment has been violated because the deputies "know I'm mentally challenged and will fall for anything."

To state a claim for relief, a plaintiff must show how each defendant is accountable because the defendant was personally involved in the acts about which the plaintiff complains. *See Rizzo v. Goode*, 423 U.S. 362, 375-76 (1976). A plaintiff must "allege 'with particularity' all material facts

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Plaintiff actually spells the Jailer's name as "Osbourne," but the Court takes judicial notice that the Daviess County Jailer is David "Osborne" and will use that spelling.

to be relied upon when asserting that a governmental official has violated a constitutional right."

Terrance v. Northville Reg'l Psychiatric Hosp., 286 F.3d 834 (6th Cir. 2002). The Court is not

required to accept non-specific factual allegations and inferences or unwarranted legal

conclusions. *Dellis v. Corr. Corp. of Am.*, 257 F.3d 508, 511 (6th Cir. 2001).

In the instant case, Plaintiff fails to describe any specific wrongdoing(s) purportedly

committed by Defendants Osborne, Billings, and Scott. While Plaintiff claims that Defendants

Jones and Fleury are always laughing at him and trying to provoke him into doing things that he

does not want to do and laughed at him when he told them he was having suicidal thoughts, courts

have repeatedly held that verbal abuse, harassment, and threats by prison officials are insufficient

to state a constitutional violation under § 1983. See, e.g., Ivey v. Wilson, 832 F.2d 950, 955 (6th

Cir. 1987). As crafted, Plaintiff's complaint fails to contain facts of sufficient specificity to state a

cognizable Eighth Amendment claim.

By prior Order entered April 8, 2008 (DN 6), the Court advised Plaintiff of this lack of

specificity and provided him with 30 days within which to amend his complaint to provide more

facts, including how each Defendant allegedly violated his rights and the dates on which each

event took place. Months have passed, however, and Plaintiff has failed to file any response.

Consequently, by separate Order, the Court will dismiss the action for the reasons stated

herein for failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted.

Date:

cc:

Plaintiff, pro se

**Daviess County Attorney** 

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