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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA

STEVEN LANGLEY CIVIL ACTION

VERSUS NO. 15-3776

CASEY MCVEA SECTION "N"(4)

ORDER AND REASONS

The plaintiff, Steven Langley, has filed a Motion for Counsel (Rec. Doc. No. 11) which is

not supported by any argument. Langley, a convicted inmate housed in the B.B. "Sixty" Rayburn

Correctional Center, filed this pro se and in forma pauperis civil rights complaint pursuant to 42

U.S.C. § 1983 against Dr. Casey McVea alleging that he has been denied adequate medical care at

the prison. With regard to the instant motion, and in his response to the Court's prior order, Langley

contends that he wrote to unidentified attorneys and has received no responses to his letters seeking

assistance with his case.1

A federal district court should only appoint counsel for an indigent plaintiff in a civil rights

case if the case presents exceptional circumstances. Norton v. E.U. Dimazana, 122 F.3d 286, 293

(5th Cir. 1997). The Court can consider the following factors when ruling on a request for counsel

in a § 1983 case: (a) the type and complexity of the case; (b) whether the indigent is capable of

presenting his case adequately; (c) whether he is in a position to investigate his case adequately; and

(d) whether the evidence will consist in large part of conflicting testimony so as to require skill in

the presentation of evidence and in cross-examination. Parker v. Carpenter, 978 F.2d 190, 193 (5th

Cir. 1992). The plaintiff's case is not an exceptional one under these factors and presents no

circumstances that would require appointment of counsel.

¹Rec. Doc. Nos. 12, 13.

After reviewing Langley's complaint and his *Spears* Hearing testimony, the Court does not find that the issues are complex or that Langley is unable to adequately convey the facts of his case without assistance of counsel. *See Akasike v. Fitzpatrick*, 26 F.3d 510, 512 (5th Cir.1994) (counsel should only be appointed under exceptional circumstances in a civil rights case); *see also Wendell v. Asher*, 162 F.3d 887 (5th Cir. 1998) (same); *Robbins v. Maggio*, 750 F.2d 405, 412 (5th Cir. 1985); *Ulmer v. Chancellor*, 691 F.2d 209, 212-13 (5th Cir. 1982); *Hardwick v. Ault*, 517 F.2d 295, 298 (5th Cir. 1975). To the contrary, although he may not be trained in the law, Langley has demonstrated the ability to express his factual and legal arguments in his multiple motions and other pleadings and to understand the issues involved in his case. There is nothing in the record to indicate appointment of counsel is necessary. Accordingly,

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Steven Langley's Motion for Counsel (Rec. Doc. No. 11) is DENIED.

New Orleans, Louisiana, this <u>28</u> day of January, 2016.

WAREN WELLS ROBY
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE