UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

MIDDLE DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA

EDITH GYAN PARNELL

CIVIL ACTION

VERSUS

NO. 11-591-JJB-DLD

MALL OF LOUISIANA, LLC, ET AL

<u>O R D E R</u>

The court *sua sponte* notes the potential insufficiency of the defendants' allegation

of the citizenship of the parties as follows;

- 1. _____ A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must allege the *citizenship* rather than mere residence of an individual. In addition, see <u>28 U.S.C. §1332(c)(2)</u> for infants, minors and an incompetent. The *citizenship* of ____ is not provided.
- A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must allege both the state of incorporation and principal place of business of each corporate party. See, e.g., <u>Illinois Central Gulf Railroad Co. v. Pargas, Inc.</u>, 706 F.2d 633 (5th Cir. 1983). The state of incorporation and principal place of business of is not provided.¹
- 3. _____ A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must allege both the state of incorporation and principal place of business of each corporate party. See, e.g., <u>Illinois Central Gulf Railroad Co. v. Pargas, Inc.</u>, 706 F.2d 633 (5th Cir. 1983). Even when a liability insurer takes on its insured's citizenship under <u>28 U.S.C. § 1332(c)(1)</u>, its own citizenship still is considered in determining whether complete diversity exists. The state of incorporation and principal place of business of ______ is not provided.²
- 4. <u>X</u> A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must properly allege the citizenship of a limited liability company. The citizenship of a limited liability company for diversity purposes is determined by the citizenship of **its members**. The

¹The phrase "principal place of business" in §1332(c)(1) refers to the place where a corporation's high level officers direct, control, and coordinate the corporation's activities, *i.e.*, its "nerve center," which will typically be found at its corporate headquarters. *The <u>Hertz Corporation v. Melinda Friend, et al., 559 U.</u> <u>S. (2010)</u>*

²See footnote 1.

citizenship of **all of the members** of a limited liability company must be properly alleged. In the event a member of a limited liability company is another limited liability company, the members of that limited liability company must be properly alleged as well. is See <u>Harvey v. Grey Wolf</u> <u>Drilling Co., 542 F.3d 1077, 1080 (5th Cir. 2008)</u>. The complete citizenship of **Mall of Louisiana, LLC and Xencom Facility Management, LLC** is not provided. Although the defendants state that all members of the abovenamed defendants are foreign residents and/or entities, the defendants do not provide the state of citizenship for the individuals or state of incorporation and principle place of business for the corporations.

- 5. <u>X</u> A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must properly allege the citizenship of a general partnership and a limited liability partnership. For a general partnership, case law suggests that a partnership has the citizenship of each one of its partners. See <u>International Paper Co. v. Denkmann</u> <u>Assoc., 116 F.3d 134, 137 (5th Cir. 1997)</u>. A limited liability partnership or L.L.P. also has the citizenship of each one of its partners, both general and limited. See <u>Carden v. Arkoma Associates, 494 U.S. 185, 110 S.Ct. 1014, 108 L.Ed.2d 157 (1990)</u>. The complete citizenship of **GGP-Mall Of Louisiana, LP** is not provided. Although the defendants state that all members of the above-named defendant are foreign residents and/or entities, the defendants do not provide the state of citizenship for the individuals or state of incorporation and principle place of business for the corporations.
- A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must properly allege the citizenship of Underwriters at Lloyd's, London. The citizenship of Underwriters at Lloyd's, London has not been provided. See <u>Corfield v. Dallas Glen Hills</u> <u>LP, 355 F.3d 853 (5th Cir. 2003), cert. denied, 541 U.S. 1073, 124 S.Ct.</u> <u>2421, 158 L.Ed.2d 983 (2004)</u>.
- 7. _____ A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must properly allege the citizenship of a sole proprietorship. A business entity cannot be both a corporation and sole proprietorship; therefore the court seeks to clarify the identity of plaintiff/defendant. Case law suggests that the citizenship of a sole proprietorship for diversity purposes is determined by the citizenship of its members and/or owners. See <u>Linder Enterprises v. Martinringle, 2007 WL</u> <u>3095382</u> (N.D. Tex.). The citizenship of _____ is not provided.

Accordingly,

IT IS ORDERED, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1653, that, on or before November 1,

2011, the defendants shall file an amended notice of removal providing the citizenship

of defendants, Mall of Louisiana, LLC, GGP-Mall of Louisiana, LP and Xencom

Facility Management, LLC, by setting forth all citizenship particulars required to

sustain federal diversity jurisdiction.

Signed in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, on October 18, 2011.

MAGISTRATE JUDGE POCIA L. DALBY