## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

## MIDDLE DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA

**DAVID A. STEWART** 

**CIVIL ACTION** 

**VERSUS** 

NO. 15-510-BAJ-RLB

**H&E EQUIPMENT SERVICES, INC.** 

## ORDER

The court *sua sponte* notes the potential insufficiency of the plaintiff's allegation of the citizenship of the parties as follows;

and principal place of business of each corporate party. See, e.g., Illinois C  Gulf Railroad Co. v. Pargas, Inc., 706 F.2d 633 (5th Cir. 1983). The state of incorporation and principal place of business of is not provid  3. A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must allege both the state of incorporand principal place of business of each corporate party. See, e.g., Illinois C  Gulf Railroad Co. v. Pargas, Inc., 706 F.2d 633 (5th Cir. 1983). Even where liability insurer takes on its insured's citizenship under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(c) own citizenship still is considered in determining whether complete diversity exists. The state of incorporation and principal place of business of is not provided.  4. A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must properly allege the citizenship.	1.	<u>X</u>	A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must allege the <i>citizenship</i> rather than mere residence of an individual. In addition, see <u>28 U.S.C. §1332(c)(2)</u> for infants, minors and an incompetent. The <i>citizenship</i> of plaintiff <b>David A. Stewart</b> is not provided.
and principal place of business of each corporate party. See, e.g., Illinois C. Gulf Railroad Co. v. Pargas, Inc., 706 F.2d 633 (5 <sup>th</sup> Cir. 1983). Even when liability insurer takes on its insured's citizenship under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(c) own citizenship still is considered in determining whether complete diversit exists. The state of incorporation and principal place of business of is not provided. <sup>2</sup> 4. A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must properly allege the citizenship	2.		A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must allege both the state of incorporation and principal place of business of each corporate party. <i>See, e.g., Illinois Central Gulf Railroad Co. v. Pargas, Inc.</i> , 706 F.2d 633 (5 <sup>th</sup> Cir. 1983). The state of incorporation and principal place of business of is not provided. <sup>1</sup>
	3.		
	4.		A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must properly allege the citizenship of a limited liability company. The citizenship of a limited liability company for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The phrase "principal place of business" in §1332(c)(1) refers to the place where a corporation's high level officers direct, control, and coordinate the corporation's activities, *i.e.*, its "nerve center," which will typically be found at its corporate headquarters. <u>Hertz Corp. v.</u> <u>Friend, 130 S.Ct. 1181, 175 L.Ed.2d 1029 (2010)</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>See footnote 1.

	diversity purposes is determined by the citizenship of <b>its members</b> . The citizenship of <b>all of the members</b> of a limited liability company must be properly alleged. In the event a member of a limited liability company is another limited liability company, the members of that limited liability company must be properly alleged as well. See <u>Harvey v. Grey Wolf Drilling Co.</u> , 542 F.3d 1077, 1080 (5 <sup>th</sup> Cir. 2008). The complete citizenship of is not provided.		
5	A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must properly allege the citizenship of a general partnership, a limited liability partnership, and a limited partnership. A general partnership, a limited liability partnership, and a limited partnership has the citizenship of each one of its partners. Both the general partner and limited partner must be alleged to establish citizenship of a limited partnership. See <a href="International Paper Co. v. Denkmann Assoc.">International Paper Co. v. Denkmann Assoc.</a> , 116 F.3d 134, 137 (5th Cir. 1997); <a href="Carden v. Arkoma Associates">Carden v. Arkoma Associates</a> , 494 U.S. 185 (1990). The citizenship of is not provided.		
6.	A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must properly allege the citizenship of Underwriters at Lloyd's, London. The citizenship of Underwriters at Lloyd's, London has not been provided. See <i>Corfield v. Dallas Glen Hills LP</i> , 355 F.3d 853 (5th Cir. 2003).		
7	A party invoking diversity jurisdiction must properly allege the citizenship of a sole proprietorship. A business entity cannot be both a corporation and sole proprietorship; therefore the court seeks to clarify the identity of plaintiff/defendant. Case law suggests that the citizenship of a sole proprietorship for diversity purposes is determined by the citizenship of its members and/or owners. See <i>Linder Enterprises v. Martinringle, No. 07-1733</i> , 2007 WL 3095382 (N.D. Tex., Oct. 22, 2007). The citizenship of is not provided.		
Accor	rdingly,		
IT IS	ORDERED, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1653, that, on or before September 28, 2015,		
the plaintiff s	hall file an amended complaint providing the citizenship of plaintiff David A.		
Stewart, by setting forth all citizenship particulars required to sustain federal diversity			

Signed in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, on September 16, 2015.

jurisdiction.

RICHARD L. BOURGEOIS, JR. UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE