Goldwasser, Eugene Ph.D.

2/14/2007

Page 1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS AMGEN INC., Plaintiff,) No. 05-12237 WGY vs. F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE LTD., a Swiss Company, ROCHE DIAGNOSTICS) GmbH, a German Company, and HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE INC., a New Jersey Corporation, Defendants. Videotaped Deposition of EUGENE GOLDWASSER, Ph.D., taken before GREG S. WEILAND, CSR, RMR, CRR, Notary Public, pursuant to

EUGENE GOLDWASSER, Ph.D., taken before GREG S.
WEILAND, CSR, RMR, CRR, Notary Public, pursuant to
the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure for the United
States District Court pertaining to the taking of
depositions, at Suite 4100, Three First National
Plaza, in the City of Chicago, Cook County,
Illinois, commencing at 9:13 o'clock a.m., on the
14th day of February, 2007.

*** PAGE 119 THROUGH AND INCLUDING PAGE 121 ***

*** WERE DESIGNATED CONFIDENTIAL ***

LiveNote World Service 800.548.3668 Ext. 1

2/14/2007

Page 178

- difference in molecular weight?
- A. Not a discernible difference, no.
- Q. Okay. So what was your understanding of why the iodination of the epo inactivated it?
- A. Because as we published some years later, the tyrosine in urinary epo at position 15 was very much involved with the binding to the receptor and therefore the biological activity, and by putting the bulky iodine in, you got -- you changed the structure so that it no longer had any biological
- Q. And did you know that in 1983?
- ¹³ A. No.

activity.

11

- Q. When did you learn that?
- ¹⁵ A. '97 or something like that.
- ¹⁶ Q. 1997?
- ¹⁷ A. '97 I think.
- Q. Yeah, okay.
- A. Whenever we published that paper.
- Q. Okay. So at the time in the '80s when you were doing this iodination work, could you predict whether a substitution would impact the biological
- activity of the epo?
- A. No, you couldn't.
- Q. Okay. Could you --