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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

CHARLES QUATRINE, Jr.,	
Petitioner,	
v. MARY BERGHUIS,	CIVIL ACTION NO. 2:10-CV-11603 HONORABLE DENISE PAGE HOOD UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
Respondent.	1

ORDER DENYING THE MOTIONS FOR APPPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL AND FOR RELEASE ON BAIL

Before the Court are habeas petitioner Charles Quatrine, Jr. 's motions for the appointment of counsel and for release on bail. For the reasons stated below, the motions are DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

The Court will deny the motion for the appointment of counsel. There is no constitutional right to counsel in habeas proceedings. *Cobas v. Burgess*, 306 F. 3d 441, 444 (6th Cir. 2002). The decision to appoint counsel for a federal habeas petitioner is within the discretion of the court and is required only where the interests of justice or due process so require. *Mira v. Marshall*, 806 F. 2d 636, 638 (6th Cir. 1986). "Habeas corpus is an extraordinary remedy for unusual cases" and the appointment of counsel is therefore required only if, given the difficulty of the case and petitioner's ability, the petitioner could not obtain justice

without an attorney, he could not obtain a lawyer on his own, and he would have a reasonable chance of winning with the assistance of counsel. *See Thirkield v. Pitcher,* 199 F. Supp. 2d 637, 653 (E.D. Mich. 2002). Appointment of counsel in a habeas proceeding is mandatory only if the district court determines that an evidentiary hearing is required. *Lemeshko v. Wrona,* 325 F. Supp. 2d 778, 787 (E.D. Mich. 2004). If no evidentiary hearing is necessary, the appointment of counsel in a habeas case remains discretionary. *Id.*

Counsel may be appointed, in exceptional cases, for a prisoner appearing pro se in a habeas action. Lemeshko, 325 F. Supp. 2d at 788. The exceptional circumstances justifying the appointment of counsel to represent a prisoner acting pro se in a habeas action occur where a petitioner has made a colorable claim, but lacks the means to adequately investigate, prepare, or present the claim. Id.

In the present case, petitioner has filed a twenty nine page amended petition for writ of habeas corpus, in which he raises nine claims for relief.

Petitioner has cited to numerous federal and state cases in his petition. Petitioner has also attached numerous exhibits to his petition. Petitioner has also filed the present motions for the appointment of counsel and for release on bail. Petitioner is able to present his claims to the court. If the Court later determines an evidentiary hearing is required, the Court will enter an order appointing counsel to represent Petitioner. The interests of justice at this point in time do not require appointment of counsel. 18 U.S.C. § 3006A(a)(2)(B); 28 U.S.C. foll. § 2254,

Rules 6(a) and 8(c).

Petitioner has also filed a motion for release on bail. To receive bond

pending a decision on the merits of a habeas corpus petition, a petitioner must

show a substantial claim of law based on the facts and exceptional circumstances

justifying special treatment in the interest of justice. Lee v. Jabe, 989 F.2d 869,

871 (6th Cir. 1993)(quoting Dotson v. Clark, 900 F.2d 77, 79 (6th Cir. 1990)); See

also Nash v. Eberlin, 437 F. 3d 519, 526, n. 10 (6th Cir. 2006). There will be few

occasions where a habeas petitioner meets this standard. Dotson, 900 F. 2d at

79. Federal courts may grant bail when granting the writ. See Sizemore v.

District Court, 735 F. 2d 204, 208 (6th Cir. 1984). In light of the fact that petitioner

failed at this time to establish that he would prevail on the merits of his claims, he

is not entitled to release on bail. See Nieves v. Thomas, 256 F. Supp. 2d 169,

171 (S.D.N.Y. 2003).

Based upon the foregoing, the application for appointment of counsel [Dkt.

12] and for release on bail [Dkt. # 17] are **DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE**.

S/Denise Page Hood

United States District Judge

Dated: October 23, 2012

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I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing document was served upon, Charles Quatrine #605639, 2500 S. Sheridan Drive, Muskegon Heights, MI 49444 and counsel of record on October 23, 2012, by electronic and/or ordinary mail.

S/LaShawn R. Saulsberry
Case Manager