

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN  
SOUTHERN DIVISION

KENYATTA NALLS,  
Plaintiff,

Civil Action No.: 11-12670  
Honorable Arthur J. Tarnow  
Magistrate Judge Elizabeth A. Stafford

v.

BENNY N. NAPOLEAN, *et al.*,  
Defendants.

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**ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO STRIKE  
PORTIONS OF PLAINTIFF'S AMENDED COMPLAINT [R. 54]**

On May 21, 2013, Magistrate Judge Komives entered an order requiring plaintiff Kenyatta Nalls, a prisoner proceeding *pro se*, to properly identify six unidentified defendants or risk their dismissal. [R. 10]. When Nalls did not timely comply, Judge Komives recommended dismissal of the six unidentified defendants. [R. 16]. Judge Tarnow subsequently granted Nalls multiple extensions in which to file an amended complaint identifying these defendants. [R. 22, 28, 39]. In the interim, discovery commenced and Nalls was deposed. [R. 13; 54, PglD 258-59].

Nalls filed his verified amended complaint on January 6, 2015, wherein he identified two of the six previously unidentified defendants. [R. 42]. In addition, however, he went beyond the confines of the Court's

order and amended the substance of his complaint to allege additional facts related to his claims of cruel and unusual punishment and deliberate indifference. [*Id.*]. Defendants move to strike the amended complaint to the extent that it goes beyond identifying previously unidentified parties and is either inconsistent with his deposition testimony or makes allegations not raised in his original complaint.<sup>1</sup> [R. 54]. Nalls did not respond to this motion.

A party may not attempt to create a genuine issue of material fact by offering a subsequent affidavit that contradicts his or her prior deposition testimony. *Biechele v. Cedar Point, Inc.*, 747 F.2d 209, 215 (6th Cir. 1984) (citation omitted). A verified complaint has the force of an affidavit for purposes of summary judgment. *See Lavado v. Keohane*, 992 F.2d 601, 605 (6th Cir. 1993). Therefore, any portion of Nalls's verified amended complaint that contradicts his prior deposition testimony should be stricken.

Furthermore, Judge Tarnow's orders did not give Nalls leave to amend the substantive allegations in his complaint, but only to identify previously unidentified parties in order to prevent their dismissal on technical grounds. [R. 22, 28, 39]. Nor did Nalls's motions for extension of

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<sup>1</sup> Defendants also move to strike the remaining unidentified defendants. However, these defendants have already been terminated since they were not included in Nalls's amended complaint. [R. 47].

time request leave to amend his complaint in this manner. [R. 20, 23, 30].  
At this stage of the case, Nalls must seek and receive leave of the Court to  
amend his complaint. Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a)(2).

For these reasons, the Court **GRANTS** Defendants' motion **[R. 54]**  
and **STRIKES** Nalls's amended complaint except to the extent it identifies  
previously unidentified defendants. Thus, going forward, this Court will  
consider only the allegations contained in Nalls's original complaint as if  
they were those of his amended complaint, as applicable to the parties  
identified in the amended complaint.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

Dated: June 8, 2015  
Detroit, Michigan

s/Elizabeth A. Stafford  
ELIZABETH A. STAFFORD  
United States Magistrate Judge

**NOTICE TO THE PARTIES REGARDING OBJECTIONS**

The parties' attention is drawn to Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(a), which  
provides a period of fourteen (14) days from the date of receipt of a copy of  
this order within which to file objections for consideration by the district  
judge under 28 U.S. C. §636(b)(1).

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

The undersigned certifies that the foregoing document was served upon counsel of record and any unrepresented parties via the Court's ECF System to their respective email or First Class U.S. mail addresses disclosed on the Notice of Electronic Filing on June 8, 2015.

s/Marlina Williams  
MARLENA WILLIAMS  
Case Manager