

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA**

United States of America,

Plaintiff,

v.

Thomas Joseph Petters; Petters Company,
Inc., a/k/a PCI; Petters Group Worldwide, LLC;
Deanna Coleman, a/k/a Deanna Munson;
Robert White;
James Wehmhoff;
Larry Reynolds, and/or dba Nationwide International
Resources, aka NIR;
Michael Catain and/or dba Enchanted
Family Buying Company;
Frank E. Vennes, Jr., and/or dba Metro Gem
Finance, Metro Gem, Inc., Grace Offerings
of Florida, LLC, Metro Property Financing,
LLC, 38 E. Robinson, LLC, 55 E. Pine, LLC,
Orlando Rental Pool, LLC, 100 Pine Street
Property, LLC, Orange Street Tower, LLC,
Cornerstone Rental Pool, LLC, 2 South
Orange Avenue, LLC, Hope Commons, LLC,
Metro Gold, Inc.,

Defendants,

Douglas A. Kelley,

Receiver,

Gary Hansen,

Receiver.

**MEMORANDUM OPINION
AND ORDER**

Civil No. 08-5348 ADM/JSM

Steven E. Wolter, Esq., Kelley Wolter & Scott, P.A., Minneapolis, MN, on behalf of Receiver Douglas A. Kelley.

Jennifer S. Wilson, Esq., Kelly & Berens, P.A., Minneapolis, MN, on behalf of Ritchie Special Credit Investments, Ltd., Rhone Holdings II. Ltd., Yorkville Investment I, L.L.C., Ritchie Capital Structure Arbitrage Trading, Ltd., and Ritchie Capital Management L.L.C.

I. INTRODUCTION

On May 20, 2010, the Court heard oral argument on the requests [Docket Nos. 1107, 1111, and 1115] of Receiver Douglas A. Kelley (the “Receiver”) to authorize interim payment for legal and accounting services provided to the receivership.

Plaintiff United States of America (“the Government”) filed a Response [Docket No. 1143] to the Motions. The Government is satisfied with the level of detail the Receiver has provided regarding the tasks, services and work performed by the Receiver and his law firm Kelley Wolter & Scott, P.A. (“Kelley Wolter”), the Receiver’s counsel Lindquist & Vennum PLLP (“Lindquist & Vennum”), and the Receiver’s forensic accountants PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (“PwC”). Therefore, the Government does not oppose those fee petitions.

Ritchie Special Credit Investments, Ltd., Rhone Holdings II. Ltd., Yorkville Investment I, L.L.C., Ritchie Capital Structure Arbitrage Trading, Ltd., and Ritchie Capital Management L.L.C. (collectively “Ritchie”) filed an Objection [Docket No. 1122] to the Motions. Ritchie renews its previously asserted objections to: (1) the fee approval procedures established for this receivership; (2) the Receiver’s delay in seeking compensation for himself and his agents; and (3) the Receiver’s use, if any, of funds from corporate or individual receivership accounts to pay for services performed on behalf of individuals whose receivership funds have been depleted. Ritchie also asserts that it has insufficient information to determine whether the requested fees are reasonable and whether the billed services benefitted the receivership estate. Finally, Ritchie

reasserts its concern over the amount of fees requested and the possibility that services will be both billed in the receivership and bankruptcy cases.

II. BACKGROUND

The background of this civil receivership case, including the Court's procedures for approving fee applications charged to the receivership estate, is set forth in the Court's Memorandum Opinion and Order of September 1, 2009 [Docket No. 536] and is incorporated by reference.¹ In December, 2009, a jury found Defendant Petters guilty on all twenty counts relating to a massive Ponzi scheme. He was sentenced to fifty years in prison and is appealing his conviction and his sentence. See U.S. v. Petters, 08-cr-00364 RHK/AJB (D. Minn.) ("Petters Criminal") [Docket Nos. 400, 401].

III. DISCUSSION

Ritchie's Objection is overruled for reasons previously articulated by the Court. See Mem. Opinion and Order, June 30, 2009 [Docket No. 440] at 5-6, 8, 11 (addressing objections to fee approval procedures); Mem. Opinion and Order, Sept. 1, 2009 at 6-9 (same); Mem. Opinion and Order, May 5, 2010 [Docket No. 1087] at 4-5 (relating to Ritchie's concerns of double billing and excessive fees); Mem. Opinion and Order, May 17, 2010 [Docket No. 1120] at 4 (addressing Ritchie's continued concerns over duplicate billing). The Court will continue to follow the fee approval procedures established in this case when reviewing fee petitions.

The Court's *in camera* review of the billing statements underlying the fee petitions of the

¹ Fee applications for services provided to the receivership estate must also comply with the procedures contained in a Joint Report submitted by the Receiver and the Government. See Memorandum Opinion and Order, March 5, 2010 [Docket No. 956] at 6 (adopting fee proposal in Joint Report [Docket No. 945] at 2-3).

Receiver and his counsel, Lindquist & Vennum, results in a finding that, with the exception of \$6,570 charged by Kelley Wolter for more than one attorney's attendance at defendant Petters' criminal trial, the services and expenses billed were reasonable and necessary.

The PwC billing statement reviewed *in camera* by the Court will be reduced in the following areas. Compensation is disallowed in the amount of \$88,909 for time spent preparing the billing statement, drafting an affidavit in support of PwC's fees, and creating a report of PwC's charges, because these charges benefit PwC's interests and not the interests of the receivership estate. See Mem. Opinion and Order, Oct. 12, 2009 [Docket No. 653] at 5 (disallowing compensation for time spent preparing and defending fee applications). Meal expense entries exceeding \$25 per person are reduced by a total of \$2,401.10. User license fees for the Stratify database created by PwC are reduced by \$918 because eighteen PwC employees were included in the number of user licenses purchased by the receivership. Data processing expenses of \$31,546.77 for the Stratify database are denied as unreasonable based on the amount already expended to create the database. Finally, \$467.50 charged to read court documents and review court filings is disallowed because the Receiver is adequately represented by counsel. See Veeder v. Public Service Holding Corp., 51 A.2d 321, 325-26 (Del. 1947) (stating that unnecessary action on a receivership's behalf will not be compensated).

IV. CONCLUSION

Based on Receiver Kelley's recommendations, the pleadings included herein, and the invoices submitted for the Court's *in camera* review,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

1. Receiver Kelley's motion is **GRANTED** as to Docket No. 1111 and **GRANTED IN PART** and **DENIED IN PART** as to Docket Nos. 1107 and 1115. Receiver Kelley is authorized to make payments as follows:
 - a. Kelley Wolter & Scott, P.A. \$245,866.89
 - b. Lindquist & Vennum, PLLP \$59,110.81
 - c. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP \$1,034,527.37
2. Receiver Kelley is directed to seek reimbursement of the foregoing sums to the extent possible under applicable insurance policies, including directors and officers liability policies maintained by Petters Company Inc., Petters Group Worldwide, LLC or any other related entity.

BY THE COURT:

s/Ann D. Montgomery
ANN D. MONTGOMERY
U.S. DISTRICT JUDGE

Dated: May 21, 2010.