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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT MINNESOTA**

**CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA**

JOHN DOE 174,

Civil No.:

Plaintiff,

COMPLAINT

vs.

THE ORDER OF ST. BENEDICT a/k/a and d/b/a
ST. JOHN'S ABBEY,

TRIAL BY JURY DEMANDED

Defendant.

COMPLAINT

Comes now the Plaintiff, for his causes of action against Defendant, and respectfully states and prays:

PARTIES

1. Plaintiff John Doe 174 is an adult male resident of the State of New York whose identity is made known to Defendant by separate cover letter. Plaintiff was a minor at the time of all sexual abuse and all sexual exploitation alleged herein.

2. At all times material, Defendant The Order of St. Benedict a/k/a and d/b/a St. John's Abbey (hereinafter "St. John's") was and continues to be a Minnesota non-profit corporation authorized to conduct business and conducting business in the State of Minnesota with its principal place of business at 31802 County Road 159, Collegeville, MN 56321 U.S.A.

JURISDICTION

3. Plaintiff brings his Complaint under federal diversity jurisdiction, 28 U.S.C. 1332, as the parties are completely diverse in citizenship and the amount in controversy exceeds

\$75,000. Venue is proper in this district inasmuch as the Defendant's principal place of business is located in Minnesota and at least a portion of the negligence and fraudulent concealment described herein took place in Minnesota.

FACTS APPLICABLE TO JOHN DOE 174

4. Plaintiff first met Father Timothy Kelly (hereafter "Abbot Timothy Kelly") when Plaintiff attended St. Anselm's Church in Bronx, New York.

5. Plaintiff was an altar boy and a member of the Catholic Youth Organization at St. Anselm's Church.

6. In approximately 1966, Plaintiff participated in confession with Abbot Kelly. During that confession, Plaintiff confessed acts that Plaintiff believed were sinful that were sexual in nature.

7. Shortly after hearing Plaintiff's confession, Abbot Kelly began sexually abusing the Plaintiff.

8. In approximately 1966 through 1967, when the Plaintiff was approximately 15 - 16 years of age, Abbot Kelly engaged in unpermitted, harmful and offensive sexual contact with Plaintiff at St. Anselm's Church.

9. Plaintiff was raised in a devout Roman Catholic family, served as an altar boy, regularly celebrated mass, received the sacraments and participated in church-related activities. Plaintiff, therefore, developed great admiration, trust, reverence and respect for the Roman Catholic Church and its agents.

10. By holding Abbot Kelly out as a qualified Roman Catholic priest, ordained and employed by St. John's and by undertaking the religious instruction and spiritual and emotional guidance of the minor Plaintiff, Defendant St. John's entered into a fiduciary relationship with

the minor Plaintiff. As a result of Plaintiff being a minor, and by Defendant St. John's undertaking the care and guidance of the then vulnerable minor Plaintiff, Defendant St. John's held a position of empowerment over Plaintiff.

11. Further, Defendant St. John's, by holding itself out as a shepherd and leader of the Roman Catholic Church, solicited and/or accepted this position of empowerment. This empowerment prevented the then minor Plaintiff from effectively protecting himself and Defendant St. John's thus entered into a fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff.

12. By accepting custody of the minor Plaintiff, St. John's accepted custody *in loco parentis*, as a parent, and owed the Plaintiff the duty to protect the Plaintiff from any foreseeable dangers, including the known danger of sexual abuse by Abbot Kelly, a priest.

13. Defendant St. John's intentional concealment and/or negligent and/or reckless failure to prevent or discover clergy members continuing acts of sexual misconduct described herein, constitutes negligence and also prevented Plaintiff from discovering or suing upon the wrongs done to him. Defendant St. John's is therefore equitably estopped from asserting the statute of limitations in this action.

14. As a direct result of the sexual abuse and negligence, Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer great pain of mind and body, severe and permanent emotional distress, physical manifestations of emotional distress, embarrassment, loss of self-esteem, humiliation and psychological injuries, was prevented and will continue to be prevented from performing his normal daily activities and obtaining the full enjoyment of life, has incurred and will continue to incur expenses for medical and psychological treatment, therapy and counseling and, on information and belief, has incurred and will continue to incur loss of income and/or loss of earning capacity.

FACTS ABOUT ABBOT KELLY'S ASSIGNMENT HISTORY

15. Abbot Kelly became a monk with St. John's in 1955.
16. Abbot Kelly was ordained a priest in 1961.
17. From 1961 through 1962, Abbot Kelly was an English instructor and prefect at St. Anselm's Hall at St. John's University.
18. From 1962 through 1963, Abbot Kelly taught theology at the St. John's monastery Colegio del Tepeyac in Mexico.
19. From 1963 through 1964, Abbot Kelly taught English at St. Augustine's College in the Bahamas.
20. From 1964 through 1970, Abbot Kelly served as an associate pastor at St. Anselm's Church in Bronx, New York and then served as the pastor of that parish until 1972.
21. From 1972 through 1978, Abbot Kelly was assigned as the chaplain for the Benedictine Sisters at Mount Saint Benedict Monastery in Crookston, Minnesota.
22. From 1978 through 1980, Abbot Kelly attended the Monastic Institute at Sant' Anselmo in Rome, Italy.
23. In 1980, Abbot Kelly was appointed novice master at St. John's Abbey. While novice master, from 1980 through 1985, Abbot Kelly was the director of the Institute for Religion and Human Development at St. John's University. While novice master, Abbot Kelly also taught theology for graduate and undergraduate students from 1980 through 1988.
24. In 1989, Abbot Kelly was appointed as the Administrator of Mary Help of Christians Abbey in Belmont, North Carolina.
25. In 1992, Abbot Kelly was appointed as the rector of St. John's Seminary.
26. Later in 1992, Abbot Kelly was elected as the abbot for St. John's. Abbot Kelly

remained the abbot of St. John's until 2000.

27. In 1993, Abbot Kelly initiated the Interfaith Sexual Trauma Institute, which claimed that it was created to establish a forum for victims of clergy sexual abuse. The institute published books and a newsletter, as well as regional workshops, related to sexual abuse and exploitation.

28. From 2001 through 2010, Abbot Kelly was elected and assigned as Abbot President of the American-Cassinese Congregation.

29. On October 7, 2010, Abbot Kelly passed away.

**FACTS SUPPORTING CONCEALMENT OF CRIMINAL CONDUCT
BY ST. JOHN'S LEADERS AND CLERGY MEMBERS**

30. Since approximately 1960 through the present, persons controlling, directing and/or participating in the operation of St. John's and its related entities, conspired to intentionally, recklessly and/or negligently conceal criminal conduct of its agents, aided and abetted the concealment of criminal conduct, aided and abetted criminal sexual conduct, failed to report criminal conduct of its agents, evaded criminal and/or civil prosecution and liability, committed fraud and/or fraudulently induced its prospective and current students, alumni, parishioners and the public in furtherance of its scheme to protect predatory priests and other clergy from criminal prosecution, to maintain or increase charitable contributions and/or avoid public scandal.

31. The following evidence shows that persons controlling and/or participating in the operation of St. John's, engaged in a pattern and practice of fraudulent conduct in order to conceal the criminal and harmful acts of its agents and employees:

Father Raymond Francisco Schulte

32. In 1974, Fr. Raymond Francisco Schulte (hereafter "Fr. Schulte") took his solemn

vows, became a monk and became a member of the monastic community at Saint John's Abbey, a Benedictine monastery in Collegeville, MN.

33. In 1979, Fr. Schulte was ordained as a priest within the Order of St. Benedict.

34. From approximately 1977 through 1981, Fr. Schulte was assigned as a monk, priest, teacher and principal to the San Antonio Abad boarding school located in Humacao, Puerto Rico that was operated and staffed by St. John's.

35. While serving as a priest, teacher and principal at San Antonio Abad, Fr. Schulte sexually abused at least three (3) students of the school.

36. Fr. Schulte recruited at least one of these boys to attend St. John's Preparatory School and St. John's University in Collegeville, Minnesota, where the sexual abuse continued.

37. In 1981, Fr. Schulte was transferred from St. Antonio Abad to St. John's Preparatory School in Collegeville, Minnesota, U.S.A., where Fr. Schulte served as a chaplain until 1983.

38. As the chaplain at St. John's Preparatory School, Fr. Schulte was responsible for the overall spiritual life of the St. John's Preparatory School community.

39. In 1981, while at St. John's Preparatory School during this period, Fr. Schulte sexually abused a student while serving as a chaperone on a trip to Mexico.

40. From 1983 through 1984, Fr. Schulte's work assignment is unknown.

41. From 1984 through 1986, Fr. Schulte was assigned to the Sacred Heart Cathedral in Raleigh, North Carolina where he served within the Diocese of Raleigh as the Vicar to the Hispanics.

42. While assigned in North Carolina, Fr. Schulte sexually abused two boys, one of which he recruited to return to St. John's Preparatory School in Minnesota.

43. From 1986 through 1988, Fr. Schulte was transferred back to St. John's Preparatory School in Minnesota.

44. While assigned to St. John's Preparatory School, Fr. Schulte was sexually inappropriate with one student and sexually abused another student.

45. In the early 1990's Fr. Schulte attended the Pontifical Gregorian University in Rome, Italy and earned his doctorate in spirituality.

46. From 1994 through 1997, Fr. Schulte was assigned at St. John's in a number of capacities.

47. From 1997 through approximately 2000, Fr. Schulte is assigned to St. Augustine's Monastery in Nassau, Bahamas where he served as the sub-prior.

48. In approximately 2000, Fr. Schulte was transferred from the Bahamas back to St. John's.

49. In 2002, Fr. Schulte was placed "on restriction" because of credible evidence of sexual misconduct.

50. In 2003, Fr. Schulte was granted leave from St. John's.

51. Some time prior to 2006, Fr. Schulte returned to St. John's and was transferred to the world-wide headquarters of the Order of St. Benedict in Rome, Italy and served on the staff of the Abbot Primate.

Father Bruce Wollmering

52. In 1961, Fr. Wollmering became a monk and became a member of the monastic community at Saint John's Abbey, a Benedictine monastery in Collegeville, MN.

53. In 1967, Fr. Wollmering was ordained as a priest within the Order of St. Benedict.

54. As counselor and psychologist at St. John's, Fr. Bruce Wollmering (hereinafter

“Fr. Wollmering”) was responsible for the custody, care, health, welfare, and safety of the students.

55. From an early point St. John’s had information regarding and was or should have been on notice of Fr. Wollmering’s dangerous and exploitive propensities.

56. On information and belief, in the mid 1960’s, Fr. Roger Botz learned that Fr. Wollmering had been sexually inappropriate with a boy or young man.

57. On information and belief, as a result of Fr. Wollmering’s conduct and behavior, he developed a reputation in the St. John’s community for acting out with students.

58. On information and belief, despite his conduct, behavior, and reputation in the St. John’s community, St. John’s allowed Fr. Wollmering to remain as counselor and psychologist to University students, where he continued to have unsupervised access to them.

59. On information and belief, St. John’s did nothing more to investigate or discover the existence of any other victims of Fr. Wollmering. Instead, in conformity with its pattern and practice, it concealed these acts from victims, prospective students, current students, their families, alumni, parishioners, the public and/or law enforcement authorities.

Brother John Kelly

60. In 1975, Bro. Kelly became a monk and became a member of the monastic community at Saint John’s Abbey, a Benedictine monastery in Collegeville, MN.

61. As a member of the faculty at St. John’s, Brother John Kelly (hereinafter “Bro. Kelly”) was responsible for the custody, care, health, welfare, and safety of the students.

62. From an early point St. John’s had information regarding and was or should have been on notice of Bro. Kelly’s dangerous and exploitive propensities.

63. On information and belief, as a result of Bro. Kelly’s conduct and behavior, he

developed a reputation in the St. John's community for acting out with students.

64. On information and belief, despite his conduct, behavior, and reputation in the St. John's community, St. John's allowed Bro. Kelly to remain as a faculty member and faculty resident, where he continued to have unsupervised access to students.

65. On information and belief, St. John's did nothing more to investigate or discover the existence of any other victims of Bro. Kelly. Instead, in conformity with its pattern and practice, it concealed these acts from victims, prospective students, current students, their families, alumni, parishioners, the public and/or law enforcement authorities.

66. From approximately 1981 through 1984, Bro. Kelly abused John UU Doe. This abuse occurred on the premises of St. John's, in Bro. Kelly's office, in John UU Doe's dormitory room, and in the woods on the property owned by St. John's.

67. In 1982, John UU Doe told Father Francisco Schulte, St. John's Chaplin, about the abuse.

68. Despite the report of abuse, Bro. Kelly continued to abuse John UU Doe in 1983 and 1984.

Father Finian McDonald

69. In 1956, Finian McDonald became a monk and became a member of the monastic community at Saint John's Abbey, a Benedictine monastery in Collegeville, MN.

70. In 1962, Finian McDonald was ordained as a priest within the Order of St. Benedict.

71. As a member of the faculty at St. John's and as head of the academic advisory program at St. John's, Father Finian McDonald (hereinafter "Fr. McDonald") was responsible for the custody, care, health, welfare, and safety of the students.

72. From an early point St. John's had information regarding and was or should have been on notice of Fr. McDonald's dangerous and exploitive propensities.

73. On information and belief, as a result of Fr. McDonald's conduct and behavior, he developed a reputation in the St. John's community for acting out with students.

74. On information and belief, despite his conduct, behavior, and reputation in the St. John's community, St. John's allowed Fr. McDonald to remain as a faculty member and head of the academic advisory program at the University, where he continued to have unsupervised access to students.

75. On information and belief, St. John's did nothing more to investigate or discover the existence of any other victims of Fr. McDonald. Instead, in conformity with its pattern and practice, it concealed these acts from victims, prospective students, current students, their families, alumni, parishioners, the public and/or law enforcement authorities.

76. Fr. McDonald was ordained in 1962.

77. Fr. McDonald sexually abused B.B. in 1975 during his senior year in college, on at least three separate occasions, while he attended SJU.

Father Dunstan Moorse

78. In 1974, Dunstan Moorse became a monk and became a member of the monastic community at Saint John's Abbey, a Benedictine monastery in Collegeville, MN.

79. In 1978, Dunstan Moorse (hereinafter "Fr. Moorse") was ordained as a priest within the Order of St. Benedict.

80. From 1979 through 1985, Fr. Moorse taught at St. John's and served as a Prefect. As a Prefect, Fr. Moorse's duties included serving as a student monitor and ensuring the health, safety and welfare of the students.

81. From early on, St. John's had information and was on notice of Fr. Moore's proclivity toward acting out sexually with minors:

- a. In 1978, a Deacon's evaluation stated "teenagers posed the most difficulties in [Moore's] pastoral relationships."
- b. In 1981, Fr. Moore sexually abused a boy.
- c. On information and belief, in approximately, 1983, Fr. Schulte, a priest with St. John's warned a student at St. John's Preparatory School to keep his distance from Fr. Moore.
- d. In approximately 1983, Fr. Moore sexually abused St. John's student John L. Doe.
- e. On information and belief, in approximately 1983, Fr. Moore grabbed another student's genitalia. This student reported the incident to a priest at St. John's and was told or made to believe that everything would be handled.
- f. On information and belief, during this time Fr. Moore also made a sexual advance toward another student. On information and belief, a priest with St. John's was made aware of this situation.
- g. As the following examples indicate, files and documents maintained by St. John's and Defendant's Abbot also show direct knowledge of Fr. Moore's conduct:
 - i. Abbot's file-May 7, 1984, "Report on improper behavior toward students: some propositioning? Verbal advice in regard to sex (between men?) Chasing a student in a car. Should he be removed

from the prep school, i.e., from prefecting? Linus is speaking to him about this. See him (Dunstan) if other reports come in.”

- ii. Abbot's file-May 11, 1984, “He feels that the students have misinterpreted his statements and counsel. He says that he has learned from this turn of events. He wants to continue in the dorms but he realizes that the talk among students could make it difficult to remain there.”
- iii. Abbot's file-June 15, 1984, “Report that parents are calling headmaster and dean of students about Dunstan's counseling, [illegible, scratched out] advice, and actions [illegible, scratched out][?]. Does he have a perspective on the seriousness of the issues? He has a car signed out much of the time. He is following the Springers (Cold Spring baseball team) because a former student is playing on the team; he is gone night after night! Should Dunstan receive some counseling now? Should he go away for graduate studies now? It seems that he should clear up some of his personal issues before going away for studies. See Otto. Some activity a year ago spring. The student is now a Senior (will be a Senior). Some inappropriate language and suggestions. He should no longer be a prefect but he may continue to teach. It seems that he should seek some counseling. He is not very regular in monastic observance.”
- iv. Abbot's file-August 27, 1984, “He has not sought counseling; I

recommend it once again for the sake of clarifying the issues in his life. He seems to be taking the matter fairly well.”

82. On information and belief, as a result of Fr. Moore's conduct and behavior, he developed a reputation in the St. John's community for acting out with students.

83. On information and belief, despite all of this evidence St. John's did nothing more to investigate or discover the existence of any other victims. Instead, in conformity with its pattern and practice, it concealed these acts from victims, prospective students, current students, their families, alumni, parishioners, the public and/or law enforcement authorities and as a result, other students were sexually abused by Fr. Moore.

84. In 1985, Fr. Moore sexually abused Plaintiff John Doe 43 on St. John's property. After the incidents of abuse, Fr. Moore threatened Plaintiff John Doe 43 not to disclose the abuse to anyone.

85. In 1985, Fr. Moore sexually abused John B. Doe on St. John's property.

86. Thereafter, the Abbot's file on Fr. Moore and other documents show St. John's conspired to conceal Fr. Moore's abuse from its prospective students, current students, their families, victims, alumni, parishioners, the public, law enforcement authorities and/or prospective schools or assignments where Fr. Moore may work:

- a. On July 1, 1986, the Abbot's file indicates another report of sexually improper conduct by Fr. Moore, "The report is about some words of invitation, holding hands, a touching, and a hugging. Dunstan says it is 85% correct. He did it to keep the fellow from coming around to him and to his office! What a method of keeping him at a distance! The fellow's parents are divorced: . . . This incident happened last fall. [illegible] didn't

the kind come in to talk about it? What and when did he report to the counselor?". . . "I learned more about the incident that happened two years ago. He apparently asked a student to disrobe. He also blocked a student from leaving his office, or he tried to do so . . . How many more incidents are there? Julian and Dennis question the propriety of Dunstan's going to graduate school at this time. Should he not spend more time at counseling? I hope he can do both. I should insist on regular counseling and a report."

- b. In a letter dated, July 22, 1986, a priest with St. John's wrote to Abbot Theisen expressing reservations about writing a letter of recommendation for Fr. Moore in light of the accusations about him: "Linus had informed me just before he left for California that Dunstan would not be at the Prep school this year, that this had been your decision, and that before I began any work towards finding a replacement for his classes, I must wait until I heard further from either you or Linus. From this, I naturally assumed that the leave results from the allegations and/or incidents of sexual advance, of which I have heard rumor and received student complaint as Senior Prefect. Tonight I called Linus to ask authorization to discuss the matter with you, as I have some problems with supporting Dunstan's matriculation to a graduate program under these circumstances." (Emphasis added).
- c. A little over a month later, on August 25, 1986, Abbot Theisen wrote a letter on Fr. Moore's behalf to the bishop of Santa Fe diocese asking for a position for Fr. Moore. In this letter, Abbot Theisen does not disclose any of the allegations of sexually improper conduct against Fr. Moore but

states, in part: “. . . I am unsure about just how much time he will have to devote to parochial work . . . Perhaps he might even be chaplain at a small convent.” Fr. Moose was granted faculties within the Archdiocese of Santa Fe on or about September 1986.

- d. After leaving the Abbey and moving to Santa Fe, Fr. Moose and Abbot Theisen kept in constant contact often discussing his problems and when he could come back to the Abbey. In a letter dated, September 30, 1986, Abbot Theisen writes to Fr. Moose about what information should be in Fr. Moose's doctors report: “He [Moose's counselor] wonders whether he needs to detail his finding in a letter. . . I will not require it but it would be helpful to have some short statement to the effect that you are doing well. I am glad that you have been able to look at some of the issues in your life, both with Dr. Lamb and with Dr. Quenk.”
- e. In December of 1986, despite the numerous allegations, Abbot Theisen writes in Fr. Moose's file wondering what assignment he should take, “Quenk's [Fr. Moose's physician] letter indicates that Dunstan is not homosexually oriented but that other reasons account for his behavior. . . Should he continue in the fall or take an assignment? I think take an assignment. I told him that I am [illegible] leaning toward Benilde (he sees that it is important to support [illegible]).”
- f. In March of 1987, Abbot Theisen writes in Fr. Moose's file about assigning Fr. Moose to Benilde and his concerns about that assignment: “We spoke briefly about Benilde. I said that I wanted him to teach there; I

know it is a risk. I asked him to ask his counselor about a statement to the effect that it would be a good assignment.” (Emphasis added).

- g. On May 8, 1987, Abbot Theisen writes to Fr. Moore about working at Benilde. Abbot Theisen also mentions that he spoke with Bishop Roach and indicates that Roach told Theisen that he relies on major superiors to supply him with the proper amount of information.
- h. August 1987 (Abbot's file) “. . . we talked a bit about his moving into the archdiocese; the archbishop asked for no statements.”
- i. On information and belief, in approximately 1987 Fr. Moore was assigned to Benilde St. Margaret's High School where he was a religious instructor.

Father Allen Tarlton

87. In 1949, Allen Tarlton became a monk and became a member of the monastic community at Saint John's Abbey, a Benedictine monastery in Collegeville, MN.

88. Father Allen Tarlton (hereinafter “Fr. Tarlton”) was ordained in 1955.

89. Fr. Tarlton taught at St. John's from the 1970's through the 1990's.

90. In approximately the fall of 1982, Fr. Tarlton sexually abused John HHH Doe.

91. On or about December 2, 1982, the Abbot sent Fr. Tarlton for treatment at St. Luke Institute for issues with “homosexuality.” St. Luke Institute is a licensed psychiatric facility which deals exclusively with clergy and religious men and women who have psychological problems as well as chemical dependency problems.

92. In approximately the summer of 1983, after completing his treatment at St. Luke, Fr. Tarlton returned to St. John's and continued teaching, without restriction, until 1992. As a result of St. John's conduct, other students were abused.

93. On or about fall of 1985, Fr. Tarlton sexually abused Plaintiff John Doe 43. After the incidents of abuse, Fr. Tarlton threatened Plaintiff John Doe 43 not to disclose the abuse to anyone.

94. On information and belief, as a result of Fr. Tarlton's conduct and behavior, he developed a reputation in the St. John's community for acting out with students.

Father Eckroth

95. In 1946, Richard Eckroth became a monk and became a member of the monastic community at Saint John's Abbey, a Benedictine monastery in Collegeville, MN.

96. Father Richard Eckroth (Fr. Eckroth) was ordained in 1952.

97. From approximately 1971 through 1972, Fr. Eckroth abused John Doe 10A on two occasions. The sexual abuse occurred at a cabin located in northern Minnesota, which, on information and belief, was owned and operated by St. John's. Following the sexual abuse, Fr. Eckroth threatened and coerced John Doe 10A into secrecy by telling John Doe 10A that he would kill him if anyone ever found out about the sexual contact.

98. On information and belief, in approximately 1972 through 1976, Fr. Eckroth abused John Doe on two occasions.

99. In 1973, Fr. Eckroth abused John Doe 10B on two occasions. The first instance of sexual abuse occurred at a cabin located in northern Minnesota, which, on information and belief, was owned and operated by St. John's.

100. The second instance of sexual abuse occurred at the St. Augustine's rectory. Fr. Eckroth threatened and coerced John Doe 10B into secrecy by telling him words to the effect of "Don't tell. If you do, you'll be dead."

Father Brennan Maiers

101. In 1957, Brennan Maiers became a monk and became a member of the monastic community at Saint John's Abbey, a Benedictine monastery in Collegeville, MN.

102. Father Brennan Maiers (hereinafter "Fr. Maiers") was ordained in 1963.

103. In 1966, Fr. Maiers sexually abused John A Doe.

104. During his tenure with St. John's, Fr. Maiers acted out sexually. In the 1970's, Fr. Maiers engaged in adult consensual homosexual activity. In the 1970's, Fr. Maiers also sought counseling regarding his sexuality. Then, in the early 1980s, Fr. Maiers was also cited, but not charged, for soliciting an adult male police officer.

Abbot John Eidenschenk

105. In 1935, John Eidenschenk became a monk and became a member of the monastic community at Saint John's Abbey, a Benedictine monastery in Collegeville, MN.

106. Father John Eidenschenk (hereinafter "Fr. Eidenschenk") was ordained in 1941.

107. From approximately 1962 through 1963, Fr. Eidenschenk abused John Doe 13A during weekly counseling meetings. During these counseling sessions Fr. Eidenschenk would lead John Doe 13A to Fr. Eidenschenk's bedroom and proceed to fondle him.

108. Following the first incident of abuse, John Doe 13A went to the Rector of the seminary, and asked him if Fr. Eidenschenk should be requesting that John Doe 13A remove his clothes and then proceed to fondle him. In response, the Rector became very angry and ordered John Doe 13A to leave his office.

109. In 1971, Fr. Eidenschenk became Abbot of St. John's.

Father Cosmos Dahlheimer

110. In 1930, Cosmos Dahlheimer became a monk and became a member of the

monastic community at Saint John's Abbey, a Benedictine monastery in Collegeville, MN.

111. Father Cosmos Dahlheimer ("Fr. Dahlheimer") was ordained in 1936.

112. In 1963, Fr. Dahlheimer received shock treatment for psychological problems he was suffering. In letters written to the Abbot, Fr. Dahlheimer indicated that he worried he was a man of weak faith and that he had been told that he may not be able to return to the priesthood. Nevertheless, Fr. Dahlheimer was sent back to serve and work in local parishes.

113. In approximately 1970, while serving at St. Augustine's parish, Fr. Dahlheimer abused John J. Doe.

114. In approximately 1975, while serving at St. Bernard's parish, Fr. Dahlheimer abused John Doe 19A.

115. In approximately 1977, while serving at St. Bernard's parish, Fr. Dahlheimer abused C.T.

116. In approximately 1978, while serving at St. Bernard's parish, Fr. Dahlheimer abused Jon Roe.

117. In approximately 1987, St. John's was made aware of two incidents of sexual abuse by Fr. Dahlheimer. Documents show that initially St. John's did not make Fr. Dahlheimer aware of the first incident and allegation of abuse.

Father Francis Hoefgen

118. In 1973, Francis Hoefgen became a monk and became a member of the monastic community at Saint John's Abbey, a Benedictine monastery in Collegeville, MN.

119. Father Hoefgen (hereinafter "Fr. Hoefgen") was ordained in 1979.

120. Fr. Hoefgen served as associate pastor at St. Boniface Church, in Cold Spring, in 1983.

121. On or about 1983, John KKK Doe was staying at St. Cloud hospital. Fr. Hoefgen would visit John KKK Doe often. After his stay at St. Cloud hospital, John KKK Doe went to stay at St. Boniface Parish House. While staying there, Fr. Hoefgen abused John KKK Doe on at least two occasions.

122. In 1984, Fr. Hoefgen's abuse of John KKK Doe was reported to law enforcement authorities. Fr. Hoefgen's statement was taken and he admitted to two acts of sexual abuse with John KKK Doe.

123. In 1984, St. John's sent Fr. Hoefgen to St. Luke Institute for evaluation. Thereafter, St. John's allowed John KKK Doe to maintain his position at St. Boniface—which later merged into St. Elizabeth in 1987--until 1992. Thereafter, he was a guestmaster and personnel coordinator at St. John's.

Father Thomas Gillespie

124. In 1958, Thomas Gillespie became a monk and became a member of the monastic community at Saint John's Abbey, a Benedictine monastery in Collegeville, MN.

125. Father Thomas Gillespie ("Fr. Gillespie") was ordained in 1964.

126. During approximately 1977 through 1978, Fr. Gillespie abused John Doe 19A on St. John's property.

127. In addition to these named perpetrators who were known to St. John's, the following St. John's clergy members have been credibly accused of sexually abusing children and students:

Brother Andre Bennett (became monk 1954)

Brother Steve Lilly (became monk 1983)

Brother Jim Phillips (became monk 1970)

Brother Isaac Connolly (became monk 1975)

Fr. James Kelly (became monk 1936, ordained as priest 1942)

Fr. Robert Blumeyer (became monk 1950, ordained as priest 1956)

Br. Paschal Brisson (became monk 1948)

Fr. Pirmin Wendt (became monk 1919, ordained as priest 1924)

Fr. Peregrine Berres (became monk 1951, ordained as priest 1957).

128. Ultimately, several of the victims described above brought lawsuits against St. John's in the early 2000's. In 2002, as a result of these allegations and in an attempt to improve public relations and placate victims, prospective students, current students, their families, alumni, parishioners, the public and/or law enforcement authorities and maintain donations and contributions, St. John's appointed a commission to create a system in which allegations of abuse could be addressed.

129. In 2003, the commission created the External Review Board (hereinafter "ERB"). ERB was presented as St. John's attempt at providing a mechanism to handle and address allegations of abuse. However, on information and belief, when allegations of sexual abuse were brought to ERB, it failed to take prompt or remedial measures to address the allegations.

130. By these acts, St. John's, misrepresented and/or failed to represent facts of known sexual misconduct of Defendant's priests and brothers to victims, prospective students, current students, their families, alumni, parishioners, the public and/or law enforcement authorities and failed to investigate the allegations and/or make a pastoral outreach. Defendant's actions resulted in the sexual abuse of other children and the exacerbation of injury to victims, including Plaintiff.

131. St. John's systematic fraudulent concealment of sexually abusive monks and

priests described herein, prevented the Plaintiff from discovering the negligence committed by St. John's, therefore, all statutes of limitations for Plaintiff's negligence claims were tolled until 2011, when Plaintiff discovered his cause of action for negligence against the Defendant.

132. Upon information and belief, St. John's, by and through its agents, persons controlling and/or directing St. John's, misrepresented and/or failed to present the facts of known sexual misconduct to victims, prospective students, current students, their families, alumni, parishioners, the public and/or law enforcement authorities for the economic purpose of maintaining or increasing charitable contributions and tuition payments.

COUNT I: NEGLIGENCE

133. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth under this count.

134. St. John's assumed a duty to protect the minor Plaintiff by holding Abbot Kelly out to the public, including Plaintiff, as a competent and trustworthy priest who was safe around children.

135. By accepting custody of the minor Plaintiff, Defendant St. John had a duty to protect and care for the minor Plaintiff when Plaintiff was at St. Anselm's Church.

136. Defendant St. John's breached these duties by failing to protect and care for the minor Plaintiff when he was performing his duties as an altar boy and while Plaintiff was with Abbot Kelly.

137. Defendant St. John's also breached these duties by exposing Plaintiff to Abbot Kelly, an unfit agent with dangerous and exploitive propensities.

138. Based upon the prominence of sexually abusive clergy at St. John's, it was foreseeable that Abbot Kelly would sexually abuse altar boys and other children at St. Anselm

Church if the children and Abbot Kelly were not properly supervised.

139. As a result of St. John's negligence, the Plaintiff was sexually abused by Abbot Kelly.

140. As a result of St. John's systemic fraudulent concealment of sexually abusive monks and priests described herein from the Plaintiff, the statute of limitations is tolled on this negligence claim against St. John's until 2011, when Plaintiff discovered the fraudulent concealment.

141. The Plaintiff could not have discovered St. John's fraudulent concealment of sexually abusive monks and priests sooner than 2011.

142. As a direct result of Defendant St. John's negligent conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and damages described herein.

COUNT II: NEGLIGENT SUPERVISION

143. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth under this count.

144. At all times material, Abbot Kelly was employed by Defendant St. John's and was under Defendant's direct supervision, employ and control when he committed the wrongful acts alleged herein. Abbot Kelly engaged in the wrongful conduct while acting in the course and scope of his employment with Defendant St. John's and/or accomplished the sexual abuse by virtue of his job-created authority. St. John's had a duty to supervise Abbot Kelly in order to prevent Abbot Kelly from injuring students. Defendant St. John's failed to exercise ordinary care in supervising Abbot Kelly in his assignment and failed to prevent the foreseeable misconduct of Abbot Kelly from causing harm to others.

145. Based upon the prominence of sexually abusive clergy at St. John's, it was

foreseeable that Abbot Kelly would sexually abuse altar boys and other children at St. Anselm Church if the children and Abbot Kelly were not properly supervised.

146. As a result of St. John's negligence, the Plaintiff was sexually abused by Abbot Kelly.

147. As a result of St. John's systemic fraudulent concealment of sexually abusive monks and priests described herein from the Plaintiff, the statute of limitations is tolled on this negligence claim against St. John's until 2011, when Plaintiff discovered the fraudulent concealment.

148. As a direct result of Defendant's negligent conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and damages described herein.

149. Plaintiff demands a trial by jury.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant in an amount in excess of \$75,000 plus costs, disbursements, reasonable attorneys fees, interest, and whatever other relief the Court deems just and equitable.

Respectfully Submitted,



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Attorneys for Plaintiff

Dated: June 7, 2011.