

environmental irritants and conditions—including, but not limited to, the ones listed by the ALJ—and did so without any explanation or support from the record.

On remand, the ALJ must reevaluate the medical source opinion of Dr. Maltby with respect to the claimant's need to avoid environmental irritants and conditions. If the ALJ rejects any environmental restriction listed by Dr. Maltby, the ALJ must state good cause supported by substantial evidence in the record. Additionally, if necessary, the ALJ must obtain supplemental vocational expert evidence on the issue of whether there are any jobs the claimant can perform, considering all her limitations. Ultimately, the ALJ will issue a new decision but may conduct any additional proceedings not inconsistent with this decision.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that this case is REVERSED and REMANDED for further proceedings.

This, the 8th day of January, 2020.

/s/ Jane M. Virden
U. S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE