

FILED  
BILLINGS DIV.

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**

**FOR THE DISTRICT OF MONTANA**

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**BUTTE DIVISION**

PATRICK E. DUFFY, CLERK  
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<b>DICK ANDERSON CONSTRUCTION,</b>	)	
	)	<b>Cause No. CV-10-35-BU-RFC-CSO</b>
	)	
<b>Plaintiff,</b>	)	
	)	
<b>v.</b>	)	<b>ORDER ADOPTING FINDINGS</b>
	)	<b>AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF</b>
<b>NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD,</b>	)	<b>U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE</b>
	)	
<b>Defendant.</b>	)	
_____	)	

United States Magistrate Judge Carolyn Ostby has entered Findings and Recommendation (*Doc. 32*) with respect to the parties’ cross-motions for summary judgment. Because Judge Ostby concludes that the sewage lift station at issue in this lawsuit is not a “waste facility” as defined in the CGL policy issued by Defendant, the “waste facility” exclusion to the “Limited Pollution Coverage–Work Sites” endorsement does not apply. Judge Ostby therefore recommends Plaintiff’s motion (*Doc. 26*) be granted and Defendant’s motion (*Doc. 21*) be denied.

Since Defendant filed timely objections to the Findings and

Recommendation, the Court must make a *de novo* determination of those portions of the Findings and Recommendations to which objection is made. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). For the following reasons, Defendant's objections are overruled.

Defendant objects to Judge Ostby's conclusion that the sewage lift station at issue qualifies as "waste facility" triggering the exclusion from the Limited Pollution Coverage–Work Sites endorsement. In support of this argument, Defendant essentially restates arguments already rejected by Judge Ostby. Under Montana law, exclusions from coverage must be "strictly construed" against the insurer. *Leibrand v National Farmers Union Prop. & Cas. Co.*, 898 P.2d 1220, 1221 (Mont. 1995). The EPA definition of wastewater lift stations, which both parties cited in their respective arguments, make clear the lift stations are "designed to move wastewater from lower to higher elevation through pipes." Accordingly, Judge Ostby properly concluded the purpose of a lift station is to transport wastewater. Further, the policy defines "waste facility" as a site to which "waste is delivered for storage, disposal, processing or treatment." Strictly construing the exclusion against Defendants, Judge Ostby correctly concluded that transportation is distinct from "storage, disposal, processing or treatment."

Although not technically an objection to the Findings and Recommendations, Defendant argues that the only issue that has been decided is

the duty to defend and that whether or not it has a duty to indemnify remains for decision. The parties, however, filed cross-motions for summary judgment—not partial summary judgment—seeking judgment as a matter of law as to whether Defendant has a duty to defend and indemnify. *Doc. 21, p. 2; Doc. 26, p. 2.* Presented with that question, Judge Ostby expressly determined that the Limited Pollution Coverage—Work Site endorsement provides coverage for the claims asserted and Defendant “has a duty to defend and indemnify.” *Doc. 32, p. 15.*

Similarly, Defendant notes that Plaintiff did not argue, and the magistrate judge did not find, that any pollution incident commenced during the policy period as required by the policy. But Defendant did not raise this issue either, despite being presented with a cross-motion for summary judgment expressly seeking judgment as a matter of law that it had a duty to defend and indemnify. In response to the cross-motion, Defendant argued the applicability of the pollution exclusion and that the Limited Pollution Coverage endorsement did not apply because the lift station was “waste facility,” but no mention was ever made of there being no coverage because there was no pollution incident during the policy period. If Defendant had other arguments in opposition to Plaintiff’s motion, it should have made them.

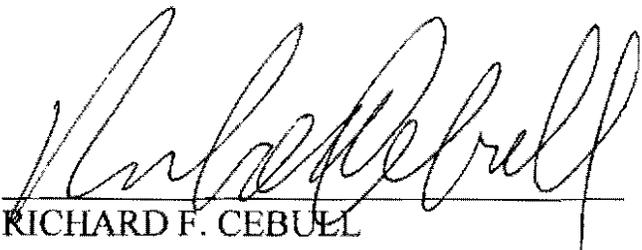
After a de novo review, the Court determines the Findings and

Recommendation of Magistrate Judge Ostby are well grounded in law and fact and adopts them in their entirety.

Accordingly, **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** that Defendant's motion for summary judgment (*Doc. 21*) is **DENIED** and Plaintiff's motion for summary judgment (*Doc. 26*) is **GRANTED**: Defendant has a duty to defend and indemnify Plaintiff because the "Limited Pollution Coverage-Work Sites" endorsement provides coverage for the claims asserted.

The Clerk of Court shall notify the parties of the entry of this Order and enter Judgment accordingly.

DATED this 27 day of March, 2011.

  
RICHARD F. CEBULL  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE