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 6 DEL MONTE FOODS COMPANY

7
 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 9 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

10 MARGARET PICUS, an individual; on behalf of
 11 herself, and on behalf of others similarly situated,

12 Plaintiff,

13 vs.

14 WAL-MART STORES, INC.; MENU FOODS INC.;
 15 DEL MONTE FOODS COMPANY; SUNSHINE
 MILLS, INC.; CHEMNUTRA, INC.; and DOES 1
 16 through 100, inclusive,

17 Defendants.

) Case No.: 2:07-cv-00682

)
) **DEL MONTE FOODS COMPANY'S**
) **REPLY MEMORANDUM IN**
) **SUPPORT OF ITS MOTION TO STAY**
) **PROCEEDINGS**

)
) Date:
) Time:
) Place:
) Judge:

18 COMES NOW Defendant, DEL MONTE FOODS COMPANY ("Del Monte"), and files
 19 this Reply Memorandum in support of its Motion for an Order Staying all Proceedings in this
 20 Action pending a decision by the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation pursuant to 28 U.S.C.
 21 § 1407, and staying discovery until this Court decides the pending F.R.Civ.P. Rule 12(b)(6)
 22 motions seeking to dismiss the Plaintiff's Complaint, should this matter remain before this Court.

23 In support thereof, Del Monte sets forth the following:

24
 25 **I. A Stay is Warranted and an Emergency Exists Because Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 (f)**
Obligations Are Due.

26 Plaintiff fails to recognize that neither a conditional transfer order by the Judicial Panel on
 27 Multidistrict Litigation ("JPML"), nor the filing of a Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (b) (6) motion alleviates
 28 the parties from their obligations pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26. *See Rule 1.5 of the Rules of the*

1 *Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation*; See also, *Gray v. First Winthrop Corp.*, 133 F.R.D. 39,
2 40 (N.D. Cal. 1990). Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 (f), the parties must confer at least 21 days
3 before a scheduling order is due under Rule 16 (b). A scheduling order is due pursuant to Rule 16
4 (b) within 90 days after the appearance of a defendant and within 120 days after service of the
5 complaint. Fed. R. Civ. P. 16 (b).

6 In this case, according to Plaintiff's Affidavit of Service, the Complaint was served on Del
7 Monte Foods Company on May 7, 2007. A true and complete copy of said Affidavit of Service is
8 attached hereto as **Exhibit "A."** Del Monte filed its Motion to Dismiss on June 21, 2007.
9 Therefore, prior to filing this motion, it was foreseeable that the parties' Rule 26 obligations would
10 arise by September 13, 2007, the day these Reply Papers are due. Plaintiff's argument that the
11 instant motion is an unnecessary burden because there is no outstanding discovery is plainly
12 incorrect.

13 Likewise, Plaintiff's argument that this motion is moot because the JPML will decide the
14 fate of this lawsuit on the 27th of September is misleading. A hearing will be held on this date, but
15 it is not known how long after this hearing a decision will be made.

16 Despite Plaintiff's bold assertions, the instant motion seeking a stay is necessary because
17 discovery pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is due, and the JPML will not decide
18 where this lawsuit will be venued until sometime after September 27, 2007.

19 **II. The JPML's Decision is Uncertain, Therefore a Stay is Required.**

20 Plaintiff advances only two arguments against a stay pending a decision by the JPML.
21 First, Plaintiff asserts that a stay is not needed given the JPML's upcoming "decision" on the 27th
22 of September. Second, Plaintiff argues that the parties are united in their belief that this case
23 should not be consolidated pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1407 and therefore there is little risk of transfer
24 and duplicative discovery.

25 As explained above, the JPML will not issue a decision on the 27th. In fact, it is not known
26 when the JPML will issue its decision.

27 Further, the fact that the parties are united in their opposition to a transfer pursuant to 28
28 U.S.C. § 1407 is irrelevant. The parties' arguments do not bind the JPML. Similarly, the strength

1 of the parties' opposition to the consolidation does not ensure that the JPML will not consolidate
2 this lawsuit. The fact remains, the JPML may consolidate this case and transfer it to another
3 district. It is this uncertainty that urges a stay of discovery.

4 The Plaintiff does not distinguish the many cases cited in Del Monte's motion wherein a
5 stay was granted pending the JPML's decision. Whether the parties are aligned in their positions
6 concerning transfer or not, the uncertainty inherent in the pending JPML decision - especially in
7 light of 28 U.S.C. § 1407's function and intent, efficiency and equity - requires that a stay be
8 issued in this case.

9 Tellingly, Plaintiff has not offered a single reason why a stay would be prejudicial to her
10 interests in any way. The stay would be relatively brief, likely no more than two months, and
11 would alleviate all risk of inconsistent and duplicative discovery requests and rulings. To this
12 point, Plaintiff has not argued to the contrary.

13 **III. Plaintiff's Citation of *Kennedy v. Natural Balance* is Misplaced and Misapplied**
14 **and Should not be Considered By This Court.**

15 *Kennedy v. Natural Balance*, 2007 U.S. Dist. Lexis 57766 (S.D. Cal August 8, 2007), is
16 irrelevant to Del Monte's Motion to Stay. This case is concerned with another, factually dissimilar
17 Rule 12 (b) (6) motion filed in California. The reason it was not cited in the instant motion is
18 because it is irrelevant to this Court's determination of whether this case should be stayed.
19 Unfortunately, Plaintiff took this opportunity to include further opposition to the underlying Rule
20 12 (b) (6) motion. To wit, Plaintiff urges in her opposition papers that "[t]he result should be no
21 different here. In light of this decision, Del Monte's argument that Plaintiff could not state a claim
22 for relief is untenable." This argument was not raised in Del Monte's motion seeking a stay. This
23 behavior should be admonished by this Court and all references to this decision should not be
24 considered for purposes of this motion or the underlying Rule 12 (b) (6) motion.

25 **IV. Del Monte Need Not Convince This Court that Plaintiff will be Unable to State**
26 **a Claim for Relief as a Prerequisite to a Stay**

27 It is Del Monte's position that this Court need not be convinced that the Plaintiff will be
28 unable to state a claim for relief. As advanced in Del Monte's initial moving papers, *White v.*
American Tobacco Co., 125 F.R.D. 508, 510 (D. Nev. 1989), holds that a court may stay discovery

1 pending a motion to dismiss pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (b) (6) when “there are no factual issues
2 raised by the motion to dismiss...and discovery is not required to address the issues raised by
3 Defendant’s motion to dismiss.”

4 Del Monte’s Rule 12 (b) (6) motion does not raise any factual issues that require discovery.
5 The only purported factual issue raised in Plaintiff’s opposition to the instant motion is that the
6 underlying Rule 12 (b) (6) motion requires determination of the scope of a product recall.
7 However, the size of the recall does not require discovery since, as Plaintiff admits, it was limited
8 to “specified contaminated lots.”

9 Del Monte respectfully submits that the underlying Rule 12 (b) (6) motion is devoid of any
10 issue of fact that warrants discovery prior to its determination. The arguments advanced in Del
11 Monte’s Rule 12 (b) (6) motion assert that Plaintiff has failed to sufficiently plead the causes of
12 action therein. These arguments can be decided as a matter of law on the face of the Complaint.

13 Contrary to Plaintiff’s opposition, Rule 12 (b) (6) motions alleging vague or insufficiently
14 pled causes of action do not require fact discovery for their resolution, and stays have been
15 ordered during the pendency of such motions. These cases are cited within Del Monte’s initial
16 moving papers. Specifically, in *Rae v. Union Bank*, 725 F.2d 478 (9th Cir. 1987), the Court
17 upheld a stay granted by the lower court wherein the underlying Rule 12 (b) (6) motion sought
18 dismissal for vague and insufficiently pled allegations.

19 It is important to note that the Plaintiff has not offered one reason why a brief stay would
20 be prejudicial in this case. In addition to the reasons advanced herein regarding the JPML’s
21 decision, a stay should be ordered in this case because the commencement of discovery is
22 unnecessary until the Rule 12 (b) (6) motions are decided.

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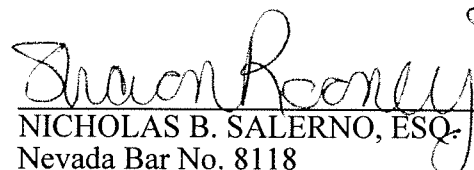
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CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated above and in Del Monte's initial Memorandum of Points and Authorities, a stay of proceedings must be ordered pending a determination by the JPML and this Court's decision on the pending Fed. R. Civ. P. Rule 12 (b) (6) motion.

DATED: September 13, 2007.

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Exhibit "A"

ORIGINAL

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FILED

JUN 4 4 16 PM '07

[Signature]
CLERK OF THE COURT

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Attorneys for Plaintiffs

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

17 MARGARET PICUS, an individual; on behalf)
 18 of herself, and on behalf of all other similarly)
 19 situated,)

CASE NO: A540315
 DEPT NO: XXIII

Plaintiffs,)

vs.)

21 WAL-MART STORES, INC.; MENU FOODS)
 22 INC.; DEL MONTE FOODS COMPANY;)
 23 SUNSHINE MILLS, INC.; CHEMNUTRA)
 24 INC.; and DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive,)

Defendants.)

AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE

SEE ATTACHED.

RECEIVED
 JUN 4 2007
 CLERK OF THE COURT

**PARCELS, INC.
230 N. MARKET ST
WILMINGTON, DE 19801**

**DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

**MARGARET PICUS, an individual; on behalf of herself,
and on behalf of all others similarly situated,**

Plaintiffs,

CASE NO.: A540315

Vs

**WAL MART STORES, INC.; MENU FOODS INC.; DEL
MONTE FOODS COMPANY; SUNSHINE MILLS, INC.;;
CHEMNUTRA INC., and DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive,**

Defendants,

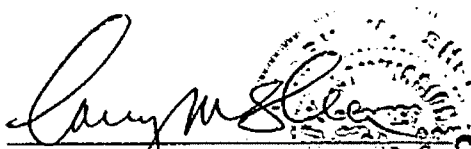
At the time of service I was a citizen of the United States, over the age of eighteen,
and not a party to this action; I served copies of the:

- 1) Summons
- 2) Complaint

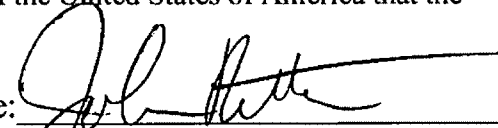
In the within action by personally delivering true copies thereof to the person served as follows:

Served : DEL MONTE FOODS COMPANY
 By serving : Scott LaScala-Section Head of Service of Process
 Description : White male, 35 years old, 5'10", 160lbs, brown hair
 Address : Corporation Trust Company
 1209 Orange Street
 Wilmington, DE 19801
 Date of Service : May 7, 2007
 Time of Service : 3:26 pm


I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing information is true and correct.



 Notary Public

Signature: 

 John Ritter


**CAREY M. SHEA
 NOTARY PUBLIC
 STATE OF DELAWARE**
 My commission expires: ~~5~~ My commission expires May 24, 2011