Defendants filed a Second Motion to Dismiss (#22) which was granted in part and denied in part in the Court's August 10, 2011 Order (#30). However, on August 9, 2011, the day before the Court issued its order on the Second Motion to Dismiss, Plaintiff filed the instant Motion for Summary Judgment. On August 10, 2011, Defendants filed their Answer (#31) and on August 25, 2011 the Court issued a Scheduling Order (#32) setting November 23, 2011 as the discovery cut-off, and December 23, 2011 as the deadline for motions for summary judgment.

Defendants were delayed in their efforts to depose Plaintiff, who is incarcerated, and the Court issued an order (#39) extending the discovery deadline in the Scheduling Order to December 23, 2011. Defendants' counsel, Ms. Krause, took Plaintiff's deposition on December 19, 2011. Through no fault of her own, Ms. Krause was unable to obtain a copy of the transcript before the deadline to file dispositive motions. Based on this delay, Defendants request that the deadline for filing motions for summary judgment be moved to March 9, 2012.

II. Discussion

Fed. R. of Civ. P 56(d) permits a nonmovant to show by affidavit or declaration that it cannot present facts essential to justify its opposition. When this occurs, the Court may, *inter alia*, deny the motion for summary judgment or issue any other appropriate order. When a Motion for Summary Judgment is filed "before a party has had any realistic opportunity to pursue discovery relating to its theory of the case, district courts should grant any [Rule 56(d)] motion fairly freely." <u>Burlington Northern Santa Fe R. Co. v. Assiniboine and Sioux Tribes of Fort Peck Reservation</u>, 323 F.3d 767, 774 (9th Cir. 2003)

Defendants argue that Plaintiff's motion was premature since it was filed prior to a decision on the Motion to Dismiss, prior to answering the complaint, and prior to any discovery in this case. Defendants' attorney has provided an affidavit stating that Defendants were unable to effectively respond to Plaintiff's motion without the benefit of further discovery, including Plaintiff's deposition. Additionally, Defendants argue that Plaintiff's motion failed to comply with Local Rule

56-1 which requires a concise statement setting forth each fact that the movant claims is not at issue and the evidence supporting that contention.

Based on the procedural history of this case and an examination of Plaintiff's Motion, the Court finds that good cause exists to deny Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment pursuant to Rule 56(d). Now that discovery is complete, Defendants will be afforded an opportunity to effectively oppose any motion filed by the Plaintiff. Accordingly, Plaintiff may re-file a motion for summary judgment that complies in every respect with both Federal and Local Rules.

III. Conclusion

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment (#29) is **DENIED** pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(d).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT Defendants' Motion to Extend the Deadline for Filing Motions for Summary Judgment (#40) is **GRANTED**.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT the parties shall file any summary judgment motions no later than March 9, 2012.

DATED this 30th day of January 2012.

Kent J. Dawson

United States District Judge