

Petitioner has filed a motion for appointment of counsel (docket #6) asserting that the issues
in his case are complex and that he is unable to adequately represent himself. There is no
constitutional right to appointed counsel for a federal habeas corpus proceeding. <i>Pennsylvania v.</i>
Finley, 481 U.S. 551, 555 (1987); Bonin v. Vasquez, 999 F.2d 425, 428 (9th Cir. 1993). The
decision to appoint counsel is generally discretionary. Chaney v. Lewis, 801 F.2d 1191, 1196 (9th
Cir. 1986), cert. denied, 481 U.S. 1023 (1987); Bashor v. Risley, 730 F.2d 1228, 1234 (9th Cir.),
cert. denied, 469 U.S. 838 (1984). However, counsel must be appointed if the complexities of the
case are such that denial of counsel would amount to a denial of due process, and where the
petitioner is a person of such limited education as to be incapable of fairly presenting his claims. See
Chaney, 801 F.2d at 1196; see also Hawkins v. Bennett, 423 F.2d 948 (8th Cir. 1970).
The petition on file in this action is well-written and sufficiently clear in presenting the issues
that petitioner wishes to bring. The issues in this case are not complex. It does not appear that
counsel is justified in this instance. The motion shall be denied.
The petition shall now be filed and served on respondents. A petition for federal habeas
corpus should include all claims for relief of which petitioner is aware. If petitioner fails to include
such a claim in his petition, he may be forever barred from seeking federal habeas relief upon that
claim. See 28 U.S.C. §2254(b) (successive petitions). If petitioner is aware of any claim not
included in his petition, he should notify the Court of that as soon as possible, perhaps by means of a
motion to amend his petition to add the claim.
IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the Clerk shall reopen this case.
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that petitioner's motion for appointment of counsel is
DENIED. (Docket #6.)
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that petitioner's motion for reconsideration is GRANTED.
(Docket #7.)
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this case shall go forward on petitioner's first amended
petition, filed August 13, 2010. (Docket #8.)
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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk shall ELECTRONICALLY SERVE the first
 amended petition (Docket #8) upon respondents.

- 3 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that respondents shall have forty-five (45) days from entry of 4 this order within which to answer, or otherwise respond to, the petition. In their answer or other 5 response, respondents shall address any claims presented by petitioner in his petition as well as any 6 claims presented by petitioner in any Statement of Additional Claims. Respondents shall raise all 7 potential affirmative defenses in the initial responsive pleading, including lack of exhaustion and 8 procedural default. Successive motions to dismiss will not be entertained. If an answer is filed, 9 respondents shall comply with the requirements of Rule 5 of the Rules Governing Proceedings in the 10 United States District Courts under 28 U.S.C. §2254. If an answer is filed, petitioner shall have forty-five (45) days from the date of service of the answer to file a reply. 11
- IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, henceforth, petitioner shall serve upon the Attorney
  General of the State of Nevada a copy of every pleading, motion, or other document he submits for
  consideration by the court. Petitioner shall include with the original paper submitted for filing a
  certificate stating the date that a true and correct copy of the document was mailed to the Attorney
  General. The court may disregard any paper that does not include a certificate of service. After
  respondents appear in this action, petitioner shall make such service upon the particular Deputy
  Attorney General assigned to the case.
- 19 DATED: November 3, 2010.

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE