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Federal Defendants filed motions to dismiss challenging Plaintiff's claims against the Federal Defendants in both their individual and official capacities. Docket Nos. 156, 193. Those motions to dismiss are pending.

II. ANALYSIS

The Court has broad discretion in managing its docket. *See, e.g., Landis v. N. American Co.*, 299 U.S. 248, 254 (1936) (court has inherent power to "control the disposition of the causes on its docket with economy of time and effort for itself, for counsel, and for litigants"). In exercising that discretion, the Court is guided by the goals of securing the just, speedy and inexpensive resolution of actions. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 1.

Defendants seek entry of a stay of Plaintiff's cross motion for summary judgment. As noted above, there are several pending motions to dismiss that have not yet been resolved. These motions address threshold issues, such as the sufficiency of Plaintiff's allegations to state a claim for relief, personal jurisdiction, service, and qualified immunity. *See* Docket Nos. 156, 193. For the same reasons articulated in Docket No. 209, the Court finds that the pending motions to dismiss should be decided before Plaintiff's cross motion for summary judgment. To that end, the motion to stay the response deadline is hereby **GRANTED**.

III. CONCLUSION

For the reasons discussed above, the Federal Defendants' motion to stay is **GRANTED**. In particular, the Court hereby rules as follows:

• The motion to stay (Docket No. 213) is **GRANTED** with respect to Plaintiff's cross motion for summary judgment (Docket No. 203). As a result, the Court has consulted with United States District Judge Mahan and Plaintiff's cross motion for summary judgment (Docket No. 203) is hereby **DENIED** without prejudice.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: October 4, 2013

NANCY J. KOPPE

United States Magistrate Judge